

TELEGRAPHERS' LATEST MESSAGE

RUSSIAN OFFICIALS CONSIDER THE STRIKE

Cabinet Council Gives Careful Attention to the Problem—Durnovo May Be Sacrificed by Witte

Message From Kaubars

The admiral announces that it has received from Gen. Kaubars, governor general of Odessa, the following telegram addressed to him by Vice Admiral Choukhnin at Sebastopol, dated November 29:

"We wished to terminate the affair on November 28 by surrounding the mutinous division with troops and issuing an ultimatum for unconditional surrender. The mutineers, however, commenced to attack on the night of November 27, seizing the torpedo boat Svirpel and three others which had drawn near the cruiser Otchakoff.

"All these vessels hoisted red flags, after which the Otchakoff flew the signal that Lieut. Schmidt was in command of the fleet. Then the lieutenant, who was on board the Svirpel, sailed along the squadron, his crews cheering, but the other vessels did not respond to these cheers.

"Lieut. Schmidt afterward proceeded to the port and released those who had been arrested under his orders.

"Armed detachments of mutineers continued to seize the small craft in the harbor which were not guarded by troops.

"Armed parties in sloops from the Otchakoff went to the Panteleimon, on which there were no arms, captured the officers and took them on board the Otchakoff.

"We were compelled to tolerate such doings inasmuch as the fleet had been disarmed in view of the dangerous attitude of the sailors.

Mutineers Seize Vessels "One after another the craft on the eastern shore of the southern bay were seized by the mutineers and red flags hoisted.

"The plan which was first proposed was abandoned and it was resolved to adopt energetic measures to prevent the situation from becoming worse.

"The officers captured by the mutineers were immediately lowered and Lieut. Schmidt informed the assembled officers that he would hang them if the troops on shore took action.

"At 3:30 o'clock on the afternoon of November 29 fire was opened by field artillery on the ships in the southern harbor flying red flags. These flags were immediately lowered and Lieut. Schmidt signalled: 'I have captured the officers.'

"The Otchakoff then opened fire to which the north shore battery and the two ships, whose breech blocks had been restored, replied. The Svirpel advanced to the attack, but was met with a strong fire from two cruisers, the captain Sacken and the Pamayt Merkurya, and the battleship Rostislav.

"The Svirpel was immediately put out of action, as were also two other torpedo boats, one of which sunk.

"The Otchakoff had fired barely six shots when she hoisted the white flag and the squadron ceased fire.

"A conflagration broke out on the Otchakoff and boats were sent to rescue the survivors and to transfer those who had been wounded.

"Lieutenant Schmidt, who was dressed as a common sailor, escaped, but was arrested later.

Mining Vessel Sunk "When the firing began a mining vessel which had on board 300 mines, fearing an explosion, was sunk by the commander.

"Captain Slavotshinsky, commanding the Seventh naval corps, started for the mining ship, but was severely wounded while on the way.

"During the firing against the Otchakoff the field battery bombarded the naval barracks, which replied.

"The number of wounded has not yet been ascertained.

"The Otchakoff is still burning, and it is impossible to extinguish the fire."

General Kaubars telegraphed later that he had just received a telegram from Captain Berget, chief of Admiral Choukhnin's staff, saying that during the night about 1500 mutineers had surrendered, with ten quick firing guns to the Brest regiment, and that the barracks were occupied by troops.

General Kaubars telegraphed later additional dispatch from Admiral Choukhnin saying that the barracks in which the mutineers had defended

themselves had been occupied by the troops.

General Kaubars' dispatch says that the mutineers who surrendered, together with those captured on the Otchakoff, number 2000, the majority of them being reservists who were sent to the barracks at the time of the mutiny.

A torpedo boat which was supposed to have been sunk was found today on the shore. It was on fire. The Otchakoff is floating, but her interior is gutted. The town is quiet.

Captain Berget telegraphed that Captain Slavotshinsky has died of his wounds.

MANY JOIN SOCIALISTS

Recognition by Zemstvo Strengthens Many Waverers

By Associated Press. BERLIN, Nov. 30.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Vossische Zeitung, who talked for five hours with representative leaders of all political and social classes outside the court circles, cables by way of Stockholm today yesterday evening's date as follows:

"The results of the interviews is the conclusion that the action of the zemstvo congress in recognizing the Socialist organization as the strongest Socialist organization wavering elements to join the Socialists, although these openly proclaim that the capitalists will be abolished as soon as the government is displaced. A rich merchant informed me that he pays \$50 weekly to the strike leaders, who give him a permanent guard of workmen.

"Confidence in Premier Witte's cabinet is disappearing in political and commercial circles, since it is growing daily more evident that Witte is with daily more evident powers from the emperor. These circles believe rightly that Gen. Count Ignatieff's influence is growing. Partisans of the reactionary interior minister, Durnovo, confirmed to me the statement that Prince Tcheratoff is organizing a loyal militia and added that Durnovo and Tcheratoff are trying to force matters to such an extreme that at a given moment they can fall upon the Liberals with this temporary militia. These circles designate Durnovo as Witte's successor. In a very few days a crisis must decide whether the autocracy will be resurrected."

AMBASSADOR MEYER ACTIVE

Confers With Foreign Secretary Lansdowne and Premier Rouvier

By Associated Press. PARIS, Nov. 30.—George V. L. Meyer, the American ambassador to Russia, who is here on his way to St. Petersburg, is giving close attention to the gravity of the Russian situation. His meeting with Foreign Secretary Lansdowne in London yesterday was followed by conferences today with the authorities here. The ambassador leaves Paris tomorrow for Berlin, where he probably will have a further opportunity to consider the situation.

Ambassador Meyer intends to proceed to St. Petersburg by rail, if communication remains open, as the water route does not seem feasible.

The conversation between Mr. Meyer and the premier lasted for about half an hour. Mr. Rouvier had received a dispatch from M. Bompard, the French ambassador at St. Petersburg, filed at 1 o'clock this afternoon saying that the Russian capital was then quiet. While no definite plan of action is being discussed it appears likely that the various nations interested will act along similar lines should any steps be taken for guarding the safety of the foreigners.

SOLDIERS REBELLIOUS

Refuse to Take the Places of Striking Telegraphers

By Associated Press. WARSAW, Nov. 30.—The deadlock in the postal and telegraph service between Warsaw and the interior of Russia is practically complete. The latest information from Moscow is that the soldiers of the telegraph battalion have refused to fill the places of the striking telegraph operators. The greatest anxiety prevails here, where it is feared that a general strike involving the whole of Russian Poland may break out at any moment. The arrests taken for political purposes and their exile without trial continues.

MANY SOLDIERS ARRESTED

Taken Into Custody for Presenting a Series of Petitions

By Associated Press. ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 30.—The most alarming indication of the spread of the disaffection in the army, extending even to regiments near the person of the emperor, was given in the arrest at Tsarsko-Selo today of a number of soldiers belonging to the Yellow cuirassiers of the guard, the Hussars of the guard and the life guard rifleman for presenting a series of petitions, including one against the use of troops for political purposes.

The regiments in question are those which have been especially selected by Gen. Treppoff to guard the emperor and

his family. They have been counted upon as being loyal to the last, ready every to be torn to pieces in defense of his majesty, like the Swiss guards of Louis XVI. The arrest, although not for open sedition, shows how the leaven of discontent is working even within the precincts of the imperial guards at Tsarsko-Selo.

The incident gave rise to most alarming rumors in St. Petersburg, including one to the effect that the emperor actually had been attacked and that a general strike had been proclaimed while defending himself, but the associated Press is assured by a member of the imperial entourage at Tsarsko-Selo that this is absolutely untrue.

CABMEN ON STRIKE

Artillerymen at Grodno Refuse to Suppress Demonstrations

By Associated Press. PARIS, Dec. 1.—Special dispatches from St. Petersburg say that the cabmen there have gone on strike. The government, the dispatches say, intends to adopt special measures to assure the dispatch of official messages.

The Warsaw correspondent of the Eclair says that at Grodno artillerymen have been arrested for their refusal to suppress popular demonstrations. At Chenstovo the dragoons mutined and fought the Cossacks, resulting in the killing of a number on both sides.

Commander Sinks Mining Ship

SEBASTOPOL, Nov. 30, via Warsaw, 11 p. m.—During the battle between the rebel and loyal ships of the Black Sea fleet, a mining ship which had 200 Whitehead torpedoes and other explosives on board, was sunk by her commander, who feared that she would be struck by a rebel torpedo. The ship with artillery had arrived here from Odessa and other places.

Workmen Locked Out

By Associated Press. ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 30.—It is estimated that 100,000 workmen are locked out in St. Petersburg. The cabinet has definitely resolved to raise the state of martial law in Poland.

Correspondent Is Hopeful

LONDON, Dec. 1.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says he is optimistic regarding the eventual outcome of the Russian situation. While the cabinet has not yet resolved to resign, he believes that also is determined to enforce respect for the law, according to the correspondent, the revolutionary party is losing ground and is complaining of lack of funds and arms, and a revolution of feeling among the moderate elements of society is becoming manifest in the resolution to rally around the government.

Strike Leader Arrested

MOSCOW, Nov. 30.—The president of the strikers' union, who is a leader of the strike movement, was arrested today. The prefect declares that it is his intention to either arrest or banish from Moscow all strike leaders.

Constitutionalists Win in Finland

By Associated Press. HELSINGFORS, Finland, Nov. 30.—The constitutionalists won another great victory today in the appointment of a new senate on constitutional lines. It is headed by Prof. Michelsen, who was banished by the late Governor General Bobrikoff, and includes representatives of all parties, except the Socialists. Baron Wrede, one of the vice presidents of the senate, and three of the new senators were also banished by General Bobrikoff.

Contributions to Jewish Fund

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Thanksgiving day contributions were \$37,587 to the Russian relief fund which is being collected by the national relief committee. The total amount raised is now \$970,130.

Odesa Inhabitants Terror-Stricken

LONDON, Nov. 30.—Private advices received in London from Odesa tell of the most interesting situation there. While there is no disturbance at Odesa, the inhabitants are in dread of the arrival of one of more of the mutinous warships from Sebastopol and are preparing to flee the city.

Panic Reigns in Warsaw

By Associated Press. ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 30.—Advices by telephone from Moscow declare that that city is in a state of panic and that the better classes are preparing to flee the city. Foreign passports are being issued at Moscow daily.

Hold Steamer for Ransom

VIENNA, Dec. 1.—The Neue Freie Presse says that the mutineers at Batoum, Transcaucasia, have seized an Austrian-Lloyd steamer and are holding it for ransom. Count Goluchowski has sent a protest to the Russian government.

Mr. Eddy's Thanksgiving Dinner

By Associated Press. ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 30.—The stars and stripes are flying from the American embassy in honor of Thanksgiving today. Mrs. Roosevelt, the charge d'affaires, gave a dinner to the American colony this evening.

PRESIDENT'S THANKSGIVING

Mr. Roosevelt, Wife and Two Children Go to Their Country Home in Virginia

By Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—The President and Mrs. Roosevelt, accompanied by two of their children, Archie and Ethel, left Washington this morning for Plain Dealing, their country home in Virginia, where they will spend Thanksgiving quietly. They will return to Washington tomorrow night.

GIBSON TO STUDY OIL

By Associated Press. NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Charles Dana Gibson, the artist, called for Europe today on the Steamer Republic. "I am going to Madrid," he said, "and may be two years before I return. My object is to study painting in oil. I will not say that I have entirely given up on ink and wash, but for such I am not in present intention, but I am going to do nothing along that line for some time."

BIG CELEBRATION HELD BY JEWS

250 YEARS SINCE THEY CAME TO AMERICA

Addresses Are Delivered by Grover Cleveland, J. H. Schiff and Others.

Messages From Roosevelt and Fairbanks

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—In celebration of the 250th anniversary of the landing of the Jews in America, a meeting was held in Carnegie hall today at which addresses were delivered by former President Grover Cleveland, Governor Frank Higgins of New York, Mayor George B. McClellan of New York, Bishop Coadjutor David Green of the New York diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church, Mayer Sulzberger and Rev. Dr. H. P. Mendez.

President Roosevelt, who was unable to attend, sent a significant letter, which was read to the great audience. Vice President Fairbanks telegraphed his regrets and an appreciation of the Jewish character.

Mr. Schiff, chairman of the executive committee, which arranged the celebration, presided, and Frank Damosch had charge of the musical program.

Addresses were in a congratulatory vein and references were made to the recent atrocities in Russia only as one of the trials which have beset the Jewish people, but which have not daunted their spirit nor stopped their march to success, where political conditions have permitted here they entered.

Mr. Schiff, after a few introductory remarks, presented Mr. Cleveland as the first speaker.

Mr. Schiff prefaced his presentation of the speakers of the day with a short address, in which he said:

"When some months ago it was decided to celebrate the settlement of Jews in the United States, and in this regard the people of Jewish faith throughout the land felt glad and proud because this beloved country of their adoption had become the great exponent of human liberties and of freedom of conscience, furnishing an example to the rest of the world, and a people can become who give equal opportunity to all, no matter what their origin or their profession of faith may be. But our gladness has received a shock, our hopes and expectations have been dashed, and our prophets have taught us to look forward to still seem a dream, the realization of which the events of this very month have once more removed to the distant future. Racial prejudice and hatred are still rampant, the Jew still remains the martyr whose life must be sacrificed so that freedom and enlightenment, for which he has ever battled, shall triumph, even in darkest Russia.

"But, when we sorrow, we feel that we should rejoice and celebrate, because America did become in centuries gone by the home of people of our race and faith and is now our home and the home of our children.

"We who are American, owe ourselves upon this momentous occasion to our fellow citizens from whatever race they may have sprung or whatever faith they may profess, that we stand ever ready to be one with them in every endeavor to further augment the good of this, our beloved common country, and the respect in which it is held throughout the world."

Mr. Cleveland Speaks

The former president was greeted with enthusiastic applause. Mr. Cleveland spoke in part as follows:

"We join today in the celebration of the 250th anniversary of the settlement of the Jews in the United States. This event created such an important epoch in our country's development, and its relationship to our nation's evolution is so clearly seen in the light of present conditions that every thoughtful American citizen must recognize the fitness and usefulness of its commemoration. What our Jewish fellow citizens have done to increase the material advancement of the United States is apparent to every hand and must stand confessed. But the best and highest Americanism is something more than materialistic. Its spirit, which should make it imperishable and immortal, exists in its patriotic aspirations and existing conditions.

"On this higher plane of our national life and in the atmosphere of ennobling sentiment we also feel the touch of Jewish relationship. If the discovery of America prophesied the coming of a nation, let us not forget that Columbus on his voyage in search of a new world was aided in a most important way by Jewish support and comradeship.

"When with true American enthusiasm and pride we hear the story of the war for your independence and rejoice in the indomitable courage and fortitude of our revolutionary heroes, we should not fail to remember how well the Jews performed their part in the struggle to free every man from the tyrannical yoke of the British crown. Nor can we overlook, if we are decently just, the valuable aid cheerfully contributed by our Jewish fellow countrymen in every national emergency that has since overtaken us. They gave convincing evidence of their assimilation with the best sentiment of American patriotism by heartily joining in popular acclaim that met the selection of Washington as the first president of our new republic.

Tolerance Well Repaid

"It is time for the unreserved acknowledgment that the toleration and equal opportunity accorded to the Jews of the United States have been abundantly repaid. In making up the accounts let us not omit to put to their credit the occasion presented to us through our concession to them of every man's right to strengthen by whose sole exercise the spirit of broad-minded justice and consideration, which, as long as we are true to ourselves, must inflexibly pronounce as the distinguishing and saving trait of our nationality.

"I know that human prejudice—especially that growing out of race or religion—is cruelly inveterate and lasting. But wherever in the world prejudice against Jews still exists, there can be no place for it among the people of the United States, unless they are heedless of good faith, recreant to the underlying principles of their free government and insensible to every pledge involved in our boasted equality of citizenship."

The letters from President Roosevelt and Vice President Fairbanks were read.

President's Letter

President Roosevelt's letter in part is as follows:

"The celebration of the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the settlement of the Jews in the United States properly emphasizes a series of historical facts of more than merely national significance. Even in our colonial period the Jews participated in the upbuilding of this country, acquired citizenship and took an active part in the development of the high and domestic commerce. During the revolutionary period they aided the cause of liberty by serving in the Continental army and by substantial contributions to the empty treasury of the republic. During the Civil War thousands served in the armies and mingled their blood with the soil for which they fought. I am glad to be able to say, in addressing you on this occasion, that while the Jews of the United States, who number more than a million, have remained loyal to their faith and their race traditions, they have become indissolubly incorporated in the great army of American citizenship, prepared to make all sacrifices for the country, and to contribute their strength for the perpetuation of good government and for the maintenance of the principles embodied in our constitution. They are honorably distinguished by their history, their fidelity to their faith and their devotion to the national welfare. They are engaged in general rivalry with their fellow-citizens and other denominations in advancing the interests of our country."

Message From Mr. Fairbanks

Mr. Fairbanks telegraphed: "I greatly regret my inability to participate with you today in celebrating the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the Jews in America. The event is one which we may all take pleasure in observing with appropriate ceremonies, for the Jewish people have contributed much to our national growth and strength. They are enamored of our institutions and are a part of that loyal, intelligent, conservative citizenship which constitutes the main support of the great republic. Our hearts are filled with gratitude in their hour of national thanksgiving that Jew and Gentile enjoy absolute political equality and weld together in a mighty good fellowship throughout the limits of the United States. Here they enter into for each other a high degree of respect and good will and rejoice in their common national intelligence. They are alike touched by the atrocities inflicted upon the Jew in Russia. They are moved by a common impulse against this master crime of modern times and send their aid and sympathy to those in sore distress. I entertain the confident hope that the Jews in America may continue to enjoy the best possible measure of prosperity and happiness and that freedom in our common country may forever continue to bless both Jew and Gentile."

Gov. Higgins expressed the pleasure of the union of the Jews and Gentiles to testify to their appreciation of the services rendered to civilization by the American Jew.

Celebration in San Francisco

By Associated Press. SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 30.—The 250th anniversary of the landing of the Jewish pioneers on American soil was fittingly celebrated today under the auspices of the American Hebrew Patriotic league, assisted by the Hebrew congregation and Jewish fraternal organizations of this city and Oakland. The celebration was of a patriotic character throughout and consisted of a musical program interspersed with addresses.

THROOP WINS CHAMPIONSHIP

Defeats Pasadena High for First Honors in Crown City by Score of 26 to 0

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD. PASADENA, Nov. 30.—The crippled eleven from Throop Polytechnic won today from the lighter Pasadena high school eleven, the final score standing 26 to 0.

CHUTES

Chiffarelli's Italian Band

Open Air Matinee Program will include selections from "MAMON LESCAUT," "AL FRESCO," "AWAKENING OF THE LION," "PUTELA," ETC.

BASE BALL—CHUTES PARK

Tacoma vs. Los Angeles

CASINO THEATER

Week Nov. 27th. Musical Comedy

When Going to Ascot

Take the big red cars starting from First and Main. The service is fast, frequent, direct.

The Pacific Electric Railway

CHICAGO WINS FROM MICHIGAN

SAFETY TOUCHDOWN DECIDES CHAMPIONSHIP

"Hurry Up" Yost's Hitherto Invincible Football Eleven is Defeated for the First Time in Five Years

Chicago 2, Michigan 0

By Associated Press. CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—The undisputed honor of the western football championship was earned by Chicago today by the close score of two points, gained on a safety touchdown in the second half by the splendid work of Captain Catlin of Chicago, but also by the poor judgment of Clark of Michigan in trying to run back a punt of Eckersall's, which barely reached the Michigan goal line.

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A Piano For Christmas

Would certainly be as substantial a present as one could make his family; the wife and daughter would consider it as an extreme evidence of the husband's and father's love and it would prove a lasting entertainer for friends as well as for your family.

THE CHICKERING

For eighty-three years the STANDARD of the world.

THE VOSE

Noted for its sympathetic tone.

Southern California Music Co.

Agents for Regina Music Boxes and Victor Talking Machines



AMUSEMENTS

ORPHEUM MODERN VAUDEVILLE

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

MOROSCO'S BURBANK THEATER

ASCOT PARK

Los Angeles Jockey Club

MAJON OPERA HOUSE

BEN HUR

BELASCO THEATER

CHUTES

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