

FRENCH COURT GRANTS DIVORCE COUNTESS DE CASTELLANE NOW IS FREE

Tribunal of First Instance of the Seine Also Gives Custody of the Children to Their Mother

By Associated Press. PARIS, Nov. 14.—The tribunal of First Instance of the Seine, Judge Ditte presiding, at noon today granted a divorce to the Countess de Castellane (formerly Anna Gould of New York), and gave her the custody of her two children, who, however, will not be allowed to be taken from France without the consent of their father, Count Boni de Castellane.

The end of the famous case came suddenly. The court brushed aside the demand of the count's lawyers for the examination of witnesses and as anticipated, the public prosecutor did not even ask to be heard. As soon as court assembled Judge Ditte handed down the judgment, which is a sweeping victory for the countess. In granting her petition for divorce the court gave the countess the custody of her children, the count being allowed only the usual rights to see them and share in the control of their education, which was not contested.

The count is given the right to see the children at stated periods at the home of their grandmother and keep them a month annually during the holidays. The count's demand for an alimony allowance of \$50,000 annually was pronounced by the court to be without foundation in law and was rejected.

The only point decided in the count's favor was the imposition of the inhibition on the countess not to take the children out of France without their father's consent.

Count Pays Costs The judgment was given with costs against the count. The decree, the reading of which hardly consumed five minutes, was delivered by the judge in a voice so low as to be practically inaudible to the eager crowd filling the court room. Many women climbed the chairs in vain efforts to hear the decision and when they were aware that a divorce was granted they seemed actually to resent the loss of a public trial at which people in high society would be compelled to testify.

Stripped of textual verbiage, the form counts upon which the attorneys of the Countess de Castellane asked for a divorce were as follows: 1. Soon after his marriage Count de Castellane began the purchase of furniture at ridiculously exorbitant prices and immediately resold it. When the plaintiff protested the count abused her in the presence of servants.

Entertains Many Women During June, 1905, a lady entered the Count de Castellane's automobile, dined with him at Villa d'Av-

ray, and both later went to the pavilion of St. James, where they spent two hours. During the same year, 1905, Count de Castellane was intimate with a woman living in a furnished rooming house in the Rue Castiglione.

8. In 1905 the Count de Castellane was intimate with Mme. de Castellane and "Mme. C." were found an hour after alone in the garden, and the count was compelled to summon aid for the opening of the gate. The servants who responded recognized "Mme. C." who left the mansion hurriedly, leaving "Mme. C." in the absence of her husband, and notably in the course of a journey of "M. C." "Mme. C." received Count de Castellane every day at her residence, and upon his arrival gave orders to the servants to turn away any other visitors. The Countess de Castellane going one day to the residence of "Mme. C." was told by the servants that "Mme. C." was not at home, although at that time the count was on the premises.

9 B. While M. C. was at Paris two maids of "Madame C." who were mounting guard to permit Count de Castellane to emerge by the back staircase in case of the arrival of the husband, did in reality see him so descend.

Servant Carries Letters 9 C. The servants of "Madame C." were not ignorant that their mistress met Count de Castellane, and one of them frequently, sometimes three times a day, carried her letters to the count. There were frequent scenes between "M. C." and "Madame C." on the subject of Count de Castellane.

10. While the Countess de Castellane was absent in America, Count de Castellane was intimate with "Madame D." He dined with her in a private room at the Cafe Anglais and ordered orchids for the decoration of the table.

11. On May 11, 1904, while Countess de Castellane was absent Count de Castellane took "Madame D." to the Bois de Boulogne, where he passed the afternoon with her.

12. For several years Count de Castellane rented in Paris a number of places for his rendezvous, in particular 26 Rue La Rochefoucauld, where he was known under the name of "Madame E." He was intimate with "Madame E." at the Cafe Anglais and ordered orchids for the decoration of the table.

Annual Allowance Denied The count's demand for an "alimentary allowance of \$50,000 annually," was denied on the ground that the guilty party in divorce all the advantages accorded either by a marriage contract or the course of married life, and consequently the count refused to allow not only the count's original claim for \$50,000 per annum but the \$30,000 which the countess offered and which it now seems the count claimed to have accepted October 25.

The court also took a precaution against any unreasonable attitude of the count toward allowing his wife to take her children out of France by providing that in case of his refusal judicial authorization could be granted. The decree orders the countess to send the children on Thursdays and Sundays to their grandmother, the Marquis de Castellane, and their surrender to their father for a week at New Year's and Easter and for a month in the summer.

Anna Gould, the youngest daughter of the late Jay Gould, was married to Count Boni de Castellane, the eldest son of the Marquis de Castellane, at the New York home of her brother, George

UNIFORM DIVORCE BILL IS ADOPTED

By Associated Press. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 14.—The National congress on uniform divorce laws ended its work here today, after having adopted, with few changes, the entire uniform divorce bill as originally drafted by the committee appointed at the meetings held in Washington last year.

The meeting was closed by Bishop Doane of Albany, who said the congress should be set aright before the public because the people might get the idea that all causes approved by the congress should exist in every state. He explained that the congress merely drafted a law containing the principal causes recognized in a majority of states. These causes he hoped to see decreased.

The most radical action which the congress was asked to take, but which was defeated, was the incorporation of a provision requiring judges to turn over evidence in suits to the prosecuting attorney for action against the party to the divorce for the crime or offense in which the decree was granted.

The committee which drafted the original bill will remain in existence and use its efforts to have the bill passed by the various state law makers.

J. Gould, March 4, 1895, the late Archbishop Corrigan officiating.

Miss Gould's dowry was understood to have been \$18,000,000, and it was further stated that her income was \$500,000 a year. Immediately after the marriage the couple left the United States for France, where the extravagant manner in which they lived attracted considerable attention. About five years after the marriage the Count and Countess de Castellane were reported to be financially embarrassed, it being alleged that the count had already spent about \$7,000,000 of his wife's money. An adjustment of the affairs of the count and countess became necessary, and considerable litigation followed with the result that the Gould family intervened and the income of the countess was cut down to \$200,000.

On February 5 of the present year the Countess de Castellane entered a plea for divorce, the hearing of which began before Judge Ditte, Maitre Cruppi appearing for the countess and E. Bonnet for the count. Evidence in the shape of correspondence between the count and women was presented, and the case was adjourned to November 7, when the final pleas were made and the suit adjourned until November 14.

On the following day, November 8, the case of the count's creditors was presented to the court and adjourned for two weeks.

The three children of the Castellanes are George, Boni and Jay, the youngest being the namesake of his mother's father, the late Jay Gould.

Madame Gould, as the former Countess de Castellane will hereafter be known, her title having ceased with the granting of the divorce, expressed the greatest satisfaction when she received the news at her residence on Avenue Malakoff. Miss Helen Gould, who will remain here until after Christmas, was with her at the time. Madame Gould has no intention of leaving Paris.

Although the court denied the count's application for an annuity there is the best ground for the statement that Madame Gould will make a liberal allowance to the father of her children. Further, it is again stated that so far as the creditors are concerned, the countess will settle all the legitimate bills for household expenses, but she will continue to resist to the utmost the payment of money owed to usurers, who were indebted to her on purpose and without her consent.

Some of these amounts, which aggregate a large sum, were mailed to the care of Mayor Schmitz. F. J. Heney, Detective Burns and over 100 government agents have been making an investigation. President Roosevelt is the moving spirit behind the inquiry and he declares that no man guilty of diverting the relief funds shall escape justice.

The cases come within the jurisdiction of the federal authorities because of the interstate character of the postal service which, it is alleged, was criminally tampered with. A considerable sum of money was also sent through the express companies and Wells-Fargo & Co. is now investigating the disappearance of \$1085 sent in one package from the citizens of Searchlight, Nev., which the relief committee say they never received and which the company says was delivered to the representative of the committee to whom it was addressed.

The crime of forgery is said to be included in the offense of the raiders of the relief contributions. It is stated that in the aggregate the stealings from this source will amount to \$1,000,000.

MURDERER IS GIVEN AN INDETERMINATE SENTENCE By Associated Press. PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 14.—A special dispatch to the Evening Telegram from Tillamook, Ore., says that A. J. Henree, who was found guilty of the murder of his 17-year-old daughter was sentenced by Judge Bennett today to an indeterminate term if imprisonment in the state penitentiary.

Henree killed his daughter on the night of December 28, 1905, and was suspected of having also killed his wife, both bodies being practically consumed in the fire which destroyed the house. A base crime against his daughter was alleged as the reason for his desire for her death.

"LIFE" PRISONERS MAKE A DARING ESCAPE By Associated Press. CHONSTADT, Russia, Nov. 14.—Twenty-five sailors who were sentenced to hard labor in the mines for life after having been convicted of participation in the August mutiny, escaped last evening while awaiting deportation.

USES REBATES TO FAT EMPLOYEES

WITNESS TELLS WHERE THE MONEY WENT

New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company Representatives Make Damaging Admissions

By Associated Press. NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The second trial of the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad company, charged with violations of the Elkins anti-trust law, was begun in the United States circuit court today.

During the examination of several important witnesses immediately after the close of the prosecution's opening address, it developed that the defense had admitted in a signed stipulation that the company had paid \$25,000 to the sugar company in the form of demurrage charges.

This is practically an admission on the part of the defense of all the charges except that the \$25,000 was paid as rebates. Lowell M. Palmer, traffic manager for the sugar company, appeared as a witness for the prosecution.

It came out that the witness had kept a separate account in the Market and Fison National banks and the traffic department, and that out of the sums on deposit there the salaries of his various assistants and office force were paid.

It is said that the federal authorities expect to show by the trial is over that the money deposited on his account came entirely from rebates and that the sugar company practically paid the expenses of its great traffic department out of the rebates it received.

It is said at the federal building that the legal force of the American Sugar Refining company, which is to be placed on trial for the acceptance of rebates at the conclusion of the present trial, is headed by Alton B. Parker. The taking of evidence ended late today. It developed that the defense will call no witnesses but base its argument upon the plea that the overt acts alleged in the indictment do not come within the meaning of the Elkins law, and that this plea would likewise be raised in defense of the American Sugar Refining company, which is charged with accepting the rebates specifically cited in the case.

It also developed that Joseph Choate, former ambassador to Great Britain, has been retained by the sugar company especially to argue this point, which he will do tomorrow.

RELIEF FUNDS GO TO GRAFTERS

SAN FRANCISCO SHARKS ARE ACCUSED

Mayor Schmitz Said to Have Received Large Sums Which Never Reached the Proper Committees

By Associated Press. SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 14.—The Chronicle says today: A new investigation is progressing in the course of developments in the local graft scandal. It now appears that many sums of money, both large and small, that were sent from different states to San Francisco for the relief of the sufferers from the April calamity never reached the relief committee.

Some of these amounts, which aggregate a large sum, were mailed to the care of Mayor Schmitz. F. J. Heney, Detective Burns and over 100 government agents have been making an investigation. President Roosevelt is the moving spirit behind the inquiry and he declares that no man guilty of diverting the relief funds shall escape justice.

The cases come within the jurisdiction of the federal authorities because of the interstate character of the postal service which, it is alleged, was criminally tampered with. A considerable sum of money was also sent through the express companies and Wells-Fargo & Co. is now investigating the disappearance of \$1085 sent in one package from the citizens of Searchlight, Nev., which the relief committee say they never received and which the company says was delivered to the representative of the committee to whom it was addressed.

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FRENCHMAN WANTS SON'S MARRIAGE ANNULLED

By Associated Press. PARIS, Nov. 14.—Prince Amede de Broglie, father of the Paris court's demand for the annulment of his son's marriage to Miss Estelle Alexander of California.

Miss Alexander was married to Prince Robert de Broglie August 14 in Chicago and it was claimed at the time that according to the laws of France the marriage was not valid because the prince's divorce from a former wife had not been approved, and because a second marriage had not been recorded according to the French laws.

Prince Robert on the other hand claimed that his marriage was legal under the laws of Illinois, and in Paris recently showed a letter from the French vice consul in Chicago stating that the marriage had been recorded with his government and was legal under the French laws.

The prince added that he had instructed his lawyer in Paris to bring suit against his family to compel them to recognize the marriage and also to recover interest to which he was entitled.

APPROVE PLAN OF ITS LEADERS

GREAT EXPOSITION MEETS HEARTY APPROVAL

The Outlook for 1915 World's Fair and Peace Commemoration in Los Angeles Is Declared Bright

(Continued from Page One) favor of holding the exposition, but he does not want to make the fight for the appropriation without the solid backing of the people of Los Angeles.

Support is Pledged Asked by F. Q. Story, member of the board of directors, if the signers of the articles of incorporation would back the project financially to the best of their ability. Mr. Finlayson said that he could give that assurance.

"I would like very much to make that point a little stronger. For my part, I shall subscribe liberally to the stock, and I will ask an expression from each of those here who have signed the articles."

Mr. Parsons then called by name each of those present who have attached their signatures to the articles of incorporation, and without exception the signers declared their intention of liberally backing financially the venture.

"It Means Success" "That is business, and it means success," declared Mr. Story in an emphatic manner. "This is the greatest project that has ever been brought before the chamber of commerce," said Wm. D. Stephens, one of the members of the board of directors of the chamber, "and if carried to a successful conclusion it will mean a great deal to Los Angeles and the entire state of California. By reason of the fact, however, that it is a project of great magnitude, it is well that the chamber of commerce give it careful consideration before this body places upon it its seal of approval. We have a committee on expositions, to which, I think, the subject should be referred and which will give it careful consideration, and I move that this be done."

The motion was carried and the hearing terminated. Afterward the signers of the articles of incorporation, practically all of whom are members of the chamber of commerce, expressed themselves as gratified with the progress which has been made and confident of the ultimate success of the undertaking.

Continue to Sign the Articles Mr. Parsons said last night that several voluntary signatures were received yesterday and that the sentiment in favor of the exposition was growing stronger each day. Mr. Parsons continued:

"Each passing hour widens the scope of the world's fair, and even I, who have been studying the matter for months, discover something new to add to the wonderful, gigantic proposition. For instance, there is San Pedro harbor where the war and water craft of the world could be displayed; where naval battles of history could be reproduced, and where the down-to-date maneuvers could be explained in this great amphitheater of the Pacific coast."

"San Pedro may, and probably will, be a part of a Greater Los Angeles by 1915, and with the climate we enjoy here there is nothing to prevent the world's fair from being conducted from May to May. This would enable the workingmen of the world to lay their plans to devote a week or a month at the fair where all the world, in all its development, would be at their feet. Los Angeles is a city in a trinity in its attractions. First, there is the sea, next the mountains, either to be reached in a few minutes' ride, and last of all there is the metropolitan city of Los Angeles, which in many ways is more cosmopolitan than most of the cities of the world."

"Then we have the gates of the great orient at our door sill. I find it impossible to give utterance to the scope of this fair. The more one talks and thinks the greater it becomes. I am inclined to agree with the editorial published in yesterday's issue of the Evening News suggesting that the name of the company be changed. How would The Universal Peace and Commercial Waterways Exposition do?"

DISCOVERS A NEW COUNTERFEIT BILL

By Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—The United States secret service announces the discovery of a new counterfeit \$10 "Buffalo" note.

This counterfeit is apparently a photo-lithographic production printed on two pieces of paper with silk fiber distributed between them.

The face of the note is grayish black. The numbering, seal and large X are of good color and workmanship. The check letter and plate number do not appear in the lower right hand corner. The back of the note is a dark bluish green.

By Associated Press. PAGO DIVERTMENT GUARANTEED TO cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

AMUSEMENTS

ORPHEUM THEATER Spring St. bet. 2d and 3d. Both Phones 1447. MODERN VAUDEVILLE Special Engagement RICE & CADDY One Week Only. Collins & Hart, "Two Strong Men"; Augusta Glose, Musical Monolog; Max Hillman, Violinist; Frances D'Arcy, Soprano; Burton & Brookes, in a new act; Hansen & Nelson, the Mirthful Maids; Motion Pictures; the Glasserettes, Acrobats. Matinees daily except Monday. Evenings 10c, 25c, 50c, 75c.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE Main St. bet. 1st and 2d. Phone: Main 1907; Home A5137. THE FAMILY THEATER. TILLY OLSON Matinees Sunday, Tuesday and Saturday 10c and 25c. Evenings, 10c, 25c, 50c. Next Week—"UNCLE JOSH TERRINS."

BELASCO THEATER Belasco, Mayer & Co., Props. Phone: Main 3350, Home 287. Tonight—Matinee Today The Belasco Theater Stock Company presents the stirring romantic play, a sequel to "The Prisoner of Zenda."

RUPERT OF HENTZAU Next Week's Monster Offering The Belasco company will give for the first time by any stock company Wilton Lackaye's great success,

THE PIT SEATS FOR "THE PIT" NOW ON SALE. REGULAR PRICES. THE AUDITORIUM "Spurk Beautiful." Theater M. Berry, Manager. Best opera production ever given in Los Angeles.

Lambardi Grand Opera Co. Tonight and Saturday Matinee La Boheme Friday night AFRICANA Saturday night RIGOLETTO

CARMEN ... FAUST ... IL TROVATORE Seats now selling. Prices—50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00. "The Auditorium is absolutely fireproof."

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Afternoon Admission Free Evening Admission 10c Saturday and Holiday Mornings Admission Free Skates at All Sessions 20c. No Higher

MOROSCO'S BURBANK THEATER Sixth and Main. Phone 1270. AGAIN WE HAVE THE BIGGEST, BRIGHTEST AND MOST ENJOYABLE SHOW IN TOWN. THE CROWDS PROVE IT. TONIGHT—ONLY FOUR MORE PERFORMANCES—MISS MARY VAN BUREN, supported by the complete strength of the Burbank Theater Stock Co., in Alexander Salvini's success,

The Three Musketeers Next week's great comedy offering, "NANCY & CO.", Augustin Daly's biggest triumph. Seats ready.

MASON OPERA HOUSE H. C. WYATT, Lessee and Manager. Tonight and Remainder of Week with a Saturday Matinee. LOUIS JAMES NELLIE McHENRY, NORMAN HACKETT, Apple James and an exceptionally capable company of players, presenting Shakespeare's delightful comedy, "THE MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR." Production complete to the minutest details—scenery—costumes—accessories—music—chorus. PRICES—50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50. MATINEE PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00. NO HIGHER.

MASON OPERA HOUSE H. C. WYATT, Lessee and Mgr. WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, NOV. 19 ARTHUR DEACON in Geo. Ade's Musical Satire, PEGGY FROM PARIS Same Great Laughing Show. Seat sale opens today. Prices 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50.

HOTCHKISS THEATER Spring St., Near Fourth. Either phone 525. C. F. Hamilton, manager. WONDERFUL—But you can't stop the crowds that are now rushing to see THE FATAL SCAR ALL THIS WEEK.

CHUTES PARK Lehigh Investment Company. Admission 10c. Over 14,000 People Visited Chutes Park Sunday, Nov. 11th 523 S. Main St.

PEOPLE'S THEATER COMMENCING SUNDAY EVENING, NOV. 18, Conlon-Hallett Musical Comedy Co., "FINNIGAN'S JAMBOREE." Program changed weekly. Admission 10c, 15c, 25c. Matinees 10c and 15c.

SKATE AT DREAMLAND Twelfth and Main Streets. POPULAR PRICES, morning and afternoon admission Free, evening admission 10c, 15c, 25c, except Thursday evening (society night) admission 25c. Skates at all sessions 20c. Open Sunday afternoon and evening. League Polo Games Monday and Friday nights. No extra charge.

ANGELUS SKATING RINK Most popular rink in the city. LOWEST PRICES. ADMISSION FREE mornings and afternoons. Evenings only 10c. Skates 20c. HARE TIME CARNIVAL AND MASQUERADE THIS EVENING. Children's matinee Saturday afternoon. OPEN SUNDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

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The Pacific Electric Railway Company

TREASURER STEALS COLONIAL FUNDS By Associated Press. PAPEETE, Tahiti, Nov. 2, via San Francisco, Nov. 14.—M. Goran, treasurer of the French colony of Tahiti, was placed under arrest yesterday on a charge of embezzling colonial funds. No details of the affair have been given out.

Following the arrival of the steamer Mariposa from San Francisco on October 29 there was a serious brawl participated in by 250 Tahitians and the harbor of Papeete. The skeleton of a horse was found in the stomach of one recently killed.

FRIDAY NIGHT 8 o'Clock

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to which you and your friends are invited. No charge for admission. The wonderful VICTOR VICTROLA will be used and records by Caruso, Melba and other artists will be played. By request the Miserere from "Il Trovatore" will be rendered also.

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Our mail order department will give prompt attention to orders from out of town

CITY OF SEATTLE NOW AN ISLAND

(Continued from Page One) in many places. This completely tied up transportation facilities between Seattle and Tacoma.

The Northern Pacific railroad has given up attempting to run any trains except those to Portland. It is able to maintain this latter service, but for how long this will continue is not known, as one or two short messages from the southwest state that the waters have broken telephone and telegraphic communication southwest of Olympia.

Advices from the office of the chief dispatcher of the Northern Pacific state that the water in Green canyon is two feet higher than during the floods of 1903, when the railroad was tied up for two weeks. Innumerable washouts are reported from all parts of the country and as far as can be ascertained at least four bridges have gone low—one at Buckley, one at Hot Springs, another at Lester and the fourth across the Stuck river near Auburn.

Despite all efforts to get into communication, what has occurred east of Auburn and west of the slopes of the Cascades can only be conjectured. That great damage has been done is plainly evident from the fact that the streams are bringing down lumber, piling, houses, live stock and household goods, which wire between Hot Springs and Auburn are down and what damage the flood has done in that section of the country will not be known for a couple of days.

Every railroad in the northwest is tied up and though a few trains are being run no attempt is being made at a schedule. Tracks of the Milwaukee, Northern Pacific and Great Northern have been washed away in places, but it is hoped to have the damage repaired in a few days.

At midnight rain is still falling heavily in this city.

Everything you want you will find in the classified page—a modern encyclopedia. One cent a word.