

MRS. THAW WILL NOW BE EXCUSED

Jerome Reaches End of Question List

Fair Witness Gains Two Points in Favor of Husband

Secretary of American Embassy Alleged to Have Insulted Mrs. Holman and Daughter in London

By Associated Press. NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Except for one brief moment, Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw had a decidedly easy day today during the continuation of her cross-examination by District Attorney Jerome.

Mrs. Thaw will be temporarily excused tomorrow morning to enable Mr. Jerome to introduce Abraham Hummel to identify a photographic copy of the affidavit Evelyn Nesbit is alleged to have signed and which charges Thaw with many cruelties during their 1903 trip to Europe.

The district attorney got the contents of the affidavit before the jury this afternoon by reading certain of its statements in the form of questions and asking Mrs. Thaw if she told such things to Mr. Hummel.

In each instance she declared she had not. She denied having ever signed such an affidavit, admitting that she had, however, signed some papers for White in the Madison Square garden tower, the nature of which she was not aware of.

During the morning session Mr. Jerome played his strongest card of the day. Mrs. Thaw had denied most positively that she had ever been to see a doctor, Carleton Flint, with Jack Barrymore.

Calls Dr. Flint "Call Dr. Flint," commanded Mr. Jerome.

The doctor entered from the witness room and was escorted to within a few feet of the witness chair. "Did you ever see that man before?" Mr. Jerome asked Mrs. Thaw.

The witness seemed a bit startled, looked quickly and intently at the physician, then turned to Mr. Jerome and shook her head.

"Never," she declared. "Thaw was intensely interested and when the incident was over he turned to the newspapermen sitting near him and whispered:

"That man made a mistake in coming here. He stood there a liar. Do you ever see that man before?" Mr. Jerome asked Mrs. Thaw.

Mrs. Thaw was in much better spirits when she took the stand today and looked decidedly better physically than she did last week. She had all her wits about her and did not fare at all badly at the hands of the district attorney, who was more gentle in handling the witness.

Makes Decided Gains Instead of further hurting the cause of her husband, Mrs. Thaw managed to make two decided gains. When court adjourned last Thursday it appeared from her own statements that she had written a letter of credit from Stanford White while touring in Europe and had turned the letter over to Thaw.

She explained today that Thaw took the letter of credit from her, saying the money was "poisonous" and neither she nor her mother should touch it, and that he would provide them with funds.

Whatever had been spent of the money, she declared, was for her mother. The second point Mrs. Thaw made was concerning the cablegrams which Thaw is said to have sent to Stanford White while in London. It appeared Thursday that these cablegrams were requests of White to use his influence in keeping Mrs. Nesbit from "draining a row" and interfering with Evelyn continuing in company with Thaw.

Mr. Jerome took up the subject again today, but his questions elicited the information that the letters did not concern Mrs. Thaw at all but related to a man—a secretary of the American embassy—in London, whom Mrs. Thaw said had "sneaked up to mamma's bedroom and insulted her."

Insulted Daughter Also She said the man had also insulted her and that Thaw had gone in search of him, but failed to find him. The proceedings today drizzled a great deal and it was evident long before he announced the fact that Mr. Jerome was nearing the end of his cross-examination.

The proceedings tomorrow with Mr. Hummel on the stand should be more interesting. The defense on cross-examination will attempt to discredit the witness, who is under indictment. It may be late in the afternoon before Mrs. Thaw will again take the stand for Mr. Jerome's final questions, which will have to do with the affidavit. Should the defense decide to proceed with the redirect examination of Mrs. Thaw and Mr. Jerome should take up the cross-examination, Mrs. Thaw may be kept on the stand all of Wednesday and Thursday.

SENATE PASSES THREE BIG BILLS

MEASURES REPRESENT OUTLAY OF \$365,000,000

Beveridge Obtains an Amendment Requiring Packers to Put Date of Canning and Inspection on All Parcels

By Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The senate today passed the agricultural appropriation bill, carrying nearly \$10,000,000; the postoffice appropriation bill, carrying \$20,000,000; the pension appropriation bill, carrying \$145,000,000, and the bill authorizing the establishment of an agricultural bank in the Philippines.

The principal fight today over the agricultural appropriation bill took place on the Beveridge amendment requiring the packers to pay the cost of administering the meat inspection law. This amendment was defeated on a point of order. Mr. Beveridge secured the adoption of an amendment which requires the date of canning and inspection to appear on the label of the can containing meat products.

The postoffice bill was passed in an hour and fifteen minutes. Amendments adding \$1,388,559 for the extension of the pneumatic mail service and requiring postal cars to be lighted with electricity were adopted.

Mr. Lodge secured the passage of the Philippine agricultural bank bill. An amendment offered by Senator Culberson declaring the intention of the United States to abandon the islands as soon as a stable, independent government should be established was adopted. The senate also passed a bill granting a service pension to army nurses. Those who are disqualified to earn a livelihood and have reached the age of 62 years are to receive \$12 a month, at 70 years \$15 and at 75 \$20.

EMPLOYEES LOOT U. S. TREASURY

By Associated Press. CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—One of the largest, if not the largest, thefts from the United States treasury has been unearthed in Chicago.

Somewhere between \$175,000 and \$200,000 was stolen from the local treasury last week. The money has disappeared as completely as if it had vanished from the face of the earth.

The authorities here and in Washington have been working night and day on the robbery since it was discovered. Chief Wilkie from the United States secret service has been keeping informed by telephone and telegraph of every development, and according to telegraphic advices he will leave Washington today to take personal charge of the investigation. When interviewed today in regard to the robbery Sub-treasurer Boldenwick admitted that a theft of \$175,000 had been perpetrated. He declared that it had been definitely determined just where the shortage occurred, but he declined to say where it had been traced. He declared, however, that the robber had never reached the vaults.

He said that the only reason for believing the money stolen had been in bills of large denomination was that it would be impossible for anybody to have taken \$175,000 from the office in small bills and escaped detection, but that a package of \$175,000 in one thousand dollar bills could have been carried by one person easily without exciting suspicion.

The lower house passed Eshleman's bill empowering municipalities to build their own water works. The bill limiting the employment of men engaged in railroad service to sixteen consecutive hours a day. No railroad shall require or permit an employe to work longer than eight hours in any one day. The measure is in the interest of the safety of the traveling public.

Stanton of Los Angeles introduced a bill permitting suburban and street railroads to carry freight. Strohl introduced a bill appropriating \$250,000 for the reconstruction and repair of wharves, piers and docks on the water front in San Francisco.

Kohlman's bill making libel a felony, punishable by a fine of \$1000 to \$5000, or imprisonment of one to five years, was passed by the assembly. Assemblyman Walsh opposed the bill, declared it ridiculous and said that no conviction could be had under it.

retary man continued to hold that official position until 1905. He had lived in Webster Groves ever since coming west, being one of the incorporators of the village. He is a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason, and is something of a club man himself, being a member of the Algonquin, Algonquin, Golf and Office Men's clubs.

In his fight upon Pierce, the oil magnate, and Bailey, the senator, Gruet has been vindictive and bitter. For more than a year past he has done little but pursue Pierce and Bailey with all of the skill and energy he possesses. Pierce testified in Gruet's suit against him that his former secretary was practically in charge of the business of the Waters-Pierce Oil company for years, and that he was an exceedingly capable man—when he attended to business.

The attorneys for Pierce and Bailey have left nothing undone to impeach Gruet with a view of discrediting his testimony, which, thus far, backed up as it has been by documents from the offices of the Waters-Pierce Oil company, has been little less than disastrous.

AMALGAMATED MINES MAY CLOSE MONDAY

By Associated Press. BUTTE, Mont., Feb. 25.—Returns to the constitution of the Butte Miners' union, increasing the wage scale to \$4 a day, will carry by a vote of 3 to 1. A total vote of 3600 was cast. If the ultimatum John D. Ryan, managing director of the amalgamated Copper company, which carried into effect, in case of a demand for an increase, there will be no Amalgamated mine in operation Tuesday.

This will be the first time in the history of the miners' union that it has fallen.

RUSH OF BILLS IN BOTH HOUSES

LEGISLATORS GET BUSY AT ELEVENTH HOUR

Senator McCartney Would Have Negroes Protected by a More Stringent Enforcement of Civil Rights

By Associated Press. SACRAMENTO, Feb. 25.—Today being the last for the introduction of bills at this session of the legislature, there was a rush of new measures in both houses, and the regular proceedings were frequently interrupted by the introduction of bills out of order.

About eighty bills were introduced in the two houses. After today measures can only be presented by unanimous consent. Two new bills of importance to newspapers were introduced in the senate, while a bill making criminal libel a felony was passed in the assembly by the narrow margin of one vote.

Senator Kelly introduced a measure in the upper house compelling news gathering associations and agencies engaged in furnishing news to serve all newspapers that apply for the service. The bill, it is said, was drawn up at the instance of labor unions in San Francisco, who desire to start a daily paper. Senator Keane introduced a bill which provides that any newspaper which refuses its press to subscribers shall pay carriers who own newspaper delivery routes all loss or damage which they may sustain by such reduction in price or by the taking away from the carrier of any part or all of his route. The payment of future profits shall not be a condition, but the period of ten years from the time the loss or injury begins. Any stipulation to the contrary is void.

Board of Pardons Senator Anderson introduced a bill and a proposed constitutional amendment which provide that the governor and the chief justice of the supreme court and the attorney general shall constitute a board of pardons, with power to pardon and relieve convicted persons and to commute sentences. Persons convicted of crimes shall not be relieved until the next legislature meets, which body shall direct the execution of the sentence, or take such action as it may see fit.

Senator Willis asked for an appropriation of \$5000 for the cutting of five tracts and the fire trails on the Bernardino forest reserve, and Senator Savage asked for \$5000 for experimental work at the forestry station in Santa Monica.

Senator Lukens introduced a bill appropriating \$50,000 to increase the salaries of the teachers at the University of California.

Eight-Hour Day Frattessa presented a proposed constitutional amendment submitting to the people the question of a general eight-hour day in any and all kinds of work and employment.

Senator McCartney introduced a bill calling for more stringent application of civil rights for negroes, who have complained that they are barred out of certain restaurants and discriminated against in theaters.

The bill provides that all persons shall be entitled to full and equal enjoyment of the accommodations, facilities and privileges of restaurants, hotels, soda fountains, saloons, barber shops, theaters, bathhouses, concert halls, railroads, street cars and all other public places of accommodation and amusement. McCartney also introduced a bill making the overdrawing of accounts at banks punishable by imprisonment for one to four years.

In a bill introduced by Belshaw \$20,000 is asked with which to complete the capitol building. An attempt was made in the assembly to defeat the mile limit law, which prohibits the sale of liquor near state institutions. The attempt failed.

Johnson's Bill Passes The lower house passed Eshleman's bill empowering municipalities to build their own water works. The bill limiting the employment of men engaged in railroad service to sixteen consecutive hours a day. No railroad shall require or permit an employe to work longer than eight hours in any one day. The measure is in the interest of the safety of the traveling public.

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DISTRICT ATTORNEY MUST FIND SCHMITZ

By Associated Press. SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 25.—Judge Dunne this morning set next Tuesday, March 5, as the day for the commencement of the trial of Abraham Ruiz, who was charged with the extortion of Mayor Schmitz, who was arrested last Thursday after Judge Dunne had directed the district attorney to ascertain where Mayor Schmitz is at the present time and when he is likely to return to this city from the east.

He stated that if the mayor had not returned by next Thursday proceedings should be taken to compel his return. The trial of Supervisor Nicholas, indicted by the grand jury for extortion in connection with a deal for furnishing the temporary city hall, will be commenced next Monday before Judge Lawlor.

HARRIMAN CLOSES UP LIKE A CLAM

(Continued from Page One) extended explanation and defense of the transactions, which, he contended, were fully justified by the conditions and circumstances of the time and had been conducted entirely in the open.

Harriman's examination lasted for five hours and was unmarked by acrimony. The witness declined to be led into an attempt to explain the details of the Alton operation, and constantly referred his questioner to the records of the Alton company.

Mr. Harriman's testimony began with a recital of one hundred million of convertible bonds by the Union Pacific for the purpose primarily of paying for the Southern Pacific in 1901, and then led through the purchase in connection with the Oregon Short line of the Northern Pacific stock.

Mr. Harriman identified a statement showing that since the first day of last July the Union Pacific and Oregon Short line have purchased stocks at a cost of \$100,000,000 and Mr. Kellogg, the government's attorney, sought to show that, figured by prices in the market today, there had been a loss of \$11,000,000 on the investment.

Harriman Explains Mr. Harriman said that this was possibly true and when further questioned asked permission to explain. The witness said if Northern Pacific were to maintain their present prices the profit in the Northern Pacific investment would amount to about \$61,000,000. The witness was taken over the total investments and sales made by the Union Pacific and Oregon Short line and in the end declared that they had been made for speculative purposes.

The witness then related the story of the purchase of \$45,000,000 of the stock of the Baltimore & Ohio, payment for most of which he said he had made in March and September next. He had discussed the purchase with the late President Cassatt of the Pennsylvania railroad but nothing had been said as to the amount of stock the witness had held in the Alton. The witness explained the sale.

Examination as to the purchase of Alton stock by the Union Pacific commenced before adjournment. The witness said the first purchase of Alton by the syndicate was made without any reference to the Union Pacific and when Mr. Kellogg produced a circular issued in 1898, stating the advantages of the Union Pacific connection to the purchase of Alton, the witness denied knowledge of its issuance.

Mr. Harriman will continue his testimony tomorrow.

SENATE VOTES IN FAVOR OF BAILEY

Investigating Committee Which Has Been Looking Into Charges Against the Senator Is Dismissed

By Associated Press. AUSTIN, Tex., Feb. 25.—By a vote of 15 to 11 the Texas senate today discharged the investigating committee which has been in session several weeks looking into charges against Joseph W. Bailey.

At 11 o'clock the anti-Bailey following offered a resolution instructing the committee not to bring in a report at that time, but to send a sub-committee to St. Louis to secure the testimony of H. Clay Pierce and to embody such evidence in its final report.

Adherents of Senator Bailey promptly offered a substitute resolution that the investigating committee be discharged at once and that Senator Bailey be fully indorsed.

After a heated debate the substitute resolution was passed. The most sensational feature of the debate was when Senator Seney said he would introduce a resolution demanding the disbarment of J. D. Johnson of St. Louis, attorney for the Waters-Pierce and Standard Oil companies, from practicing in the courts of the state. Judge Johnson, he declared, had admitted that he was in a conspiracy to make a false affidavit.

His resolution, Mr. Seney declared, would include a provision for ousting the Waters-Pierce Oil company from the state.

Her house bill will come up in the house tomorrow.

Treaty Ratified By Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—By a vote of 43 to 19 the senate tonight ratified the Santo Domingo treaty. This was one more vote in the affirmative than was required.

Pension Calendar Cleared By Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—At tonight's session the senate passed 300 private pension bills, clearing the calendar of such measures.

HUNDREDS MEET DEATH IN THE PHILIPPINES By Associated Press. MADRID, Feb. 25.—A telegram from Manila announces that the southern Philippines have been ravaged by a cyclone, that 200 people were killed and thousands rendered homeless.

CHEER DIVISION OF STATE IDEA

ONLY ONE DISSENTING VOICE IS HEARD

California Advertisers Eat Dinner Provided by Loomis Brothers and Talk of Welfare of the State

(Continued from Page One) Robert M. Yost, Gen. M. C. Wentworth, J. T. Wilson, G. S. Wright and C. J. Walker.

Sing Patriotic Airs During the progress of the dinner the orchestra played a number of patriotic tunes, and the diners rose and sang "America" and "The Star Spangled Banner" and afterward heartily cheered "Dixie."

Every one present was in great good humor, but if merriment was needed it was supplied by Gen. M. C. Wentworth and Seward A. Simons of Pasadena, who sat together and led in the vocal numbers.

At the head of the table sat T. M. Gibbon, while on his right were Rev. Baker P. Lee and Col. W. L. Green, and on his left Dr. L. A. Perce and Lee C. Gates.

Toastmaster Gibbon was cheered when he arose to make his introductory remarks. He proposed a toast to the president, which was drunk standing, after which the banqueters sang "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow."

Mr. Gibbon said a few words in behalf of the work of the Development Society of California, and then the unexpected happened.

"We must work for Southern California until Southern California becomes an independent state, which it will in time; but until that time comes we must co-ordinate and work for the entire state," declared Mr. Gibbon.

Strikes Pópuhar Chord The effect of the remarks was electrical, and it is safe to say that during the ensuing sixty seconds or more there was never a greater demonstration among a body of similar size, and the statement was frequently made afterward that if a popular vote were taken now in Southern California it would show practically a unanimous sentiment in favor of breaking away from the north of California, whose hatred for the southern section apparently is constantly growing.

Col. W. L. Green of Pasadena, who was announced for a speech on "Good Roads and What They Mean to Us," was greeted by the yell, "Rah, rah, rah; Green, Pasadena," for which compliment he expressed his thanks.

Col. Green demonstrated by his remarks that he is an enthusiast on the subject of good roads, and he argued that the condition of good roads was desirable from every point of view, including pleasure and profit, and which he said means the same, as the pleasure which good roads would insure would bring profit through the attraction of wealthy tourists who would come to Southern California in preference to going to Europe.

Want Young Men John Willis Beer, president of Occidental college, called slight issue of the preceding speakers who had urged the importance of an increase in the inflow of tourists and capitalists into California.

"I do not after wealthy men only," said Mr. Beer. "We want young men to come here, and do their life work. There is no place in the world where a young man can get more for his work and energy and capital than in Southern California. The state needs publicily, but not of the yellow kind. There is one example of the yellow press with its headquarters in this vicinity, and it ought to be gagged. There is a man in California who would sell his state in infinite amount of hard-earned money to the mayor of that city. When the president invites him to eat with him, it seems much more questionable than other invitations which he has given for which he has been criticised.

Handicapped by the North "The necessity for separation may come. I am beginning to think we are being handicapped by our neighbors on the north," said Judge Frank Short of Fresno, who spoken of. His remarks were called of Southern California," made a strong argument against the talk of secession and declared that it should not even be spoken of. His remarks were called forth by those of Dr. Beer.

"I always take care to speak of California, and not Southern California," he said. "When the preceding speakers alluded to a possible separation, I said, 'if ever it comes,' I echoed, 'may it never come.' California is none too large. There has been but one separation of a state in the history of the United States and that was accomplished in the white heat of civil war. We have a great state and a great people and we must not think of lessening its greatness. We must maintain the strength of a state which has honor and power and a voice in the nation. California is the vanguard of the Anglo-Saxon civilization, with the ocean behind it and the orient before it, and we must show an unbroken front to the world. We are a state now and forever, for better or worse, one and inseparable." Judge Short dwelt upon the necessity of caution in making concessions to immigrants and deplored what he called the "self-offering tendency of the white race." There has not been a worthy achievement of the white race which has not sprung from the brain of the white man," he said, "and we cannot afford to endanger our institutions by allowing them to be contaminated by the people of other races."

Rev. Baker P. Lee closed the race question with that of the south, his former home, and took the same position with regard to its settlement as he holds with regard to the negro problem.

Discusses Race Question "The people who are competent to discuss these things intelligently," he said, "are the ones who live with the people of these races and are most directly concerned. They know more about it and it should be left to them."

Lee C. Gates uttered a warning against the exclusion of any immigration of possible benefit. "We ought not to close our doors against a meritorious civilization of any kind," he said.

Dr. L. A. Perce of Long Beach spoke on "Our Sea Coast Cities." He prophesied a strong co-operation of the beach towns for the good of the state.

Says Story is False By Associated Press. NAPLES, Feb. 25.—A statement is published from Professor Matteucci of the Vesuvius observatory to the effect that the opinion credited to him by the Italian press regarding the possible destruction of the world by a comet is a pure invention.

AMUSEMENTS

BELASCO THEATER

A ROUSING BIG ROMANTIC PLAY

NOTHING MORE STIRRING, NOTHING QUITE SO SENSATIONAL NOR PLEASING HAS EVER OCCUPIED THE LOCAL STAGE THAN THE BELASCO STOCK COMPANY'S PRODUCTION OF STANLEY WEYMAN'S FASCINATING ROMANTIC PLAY.

Under the Red Robe

A crowded house last night voted it simply immense—a great big romantic success, and declared the production one of exceptional splendor—just another of those Belasco hits of mammoth proportions.

UNDER THE RED ROBE is a play that charms everybody, young as well as old; occasional theater-goer and captious critics alike.

GET IN LINE EARLY THIS MORNING AND BE SURE OF GOOD SEATS FOR THE REMAINING PERFORMANCES OF THIS GREAT SUCCESS AT THE BELASCO THEATER.

Next week—David Belasco and Henry C. DeMille's famous American play, "MEN AND WOMEN." All the Belasco favorites in the cast, including HOBART BOSWORTH. Seats now on sale.

MOROSCO'S BURBANK THEATER

Packed houses prove that we've again got the best in town.

THE EXAMINER

Thoroughly enjoyable. Company never excelled the meritorious work they do this week.

THE HERALD

Big Burbank hit. General excellence was positively startling. Wholly a delight.

FOR GOOD, WHOLESOME FUN, HEARTY LAUGHTER AND SOLID ENJOYMENT JUST YOU SEE "A TEMPERANCE TOWN." IT'S GREAT. IT'S IT. ASK ANYBODY.

See the court in full session. See the raid on the country saloon. See John Burton drive his old country hackboard. See the snow storm. Hear Henry Stockbridge and Fay Bainter sing "He's a Cousin of Mine" and "Skidoo." Hear the popular Marquis Ellis quartet sing their dozen winners. See this matchless company in a matchless comedy.

ORPHEUM THEATER

Laskey-Rolfe Quintette—Nellie Beaumont & Co.—Eleanor Falke—S. Bedouin Arabs—Hickey & Nelson—Happy Jack Gardner—Little Hip—Orpheum Motion Pictures—Patrice & Mattinee Daily Except Monday.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

E. J. Carpenter Presents The Great Western Drama, The Epic of the Mining Camps. Matinees Tuesday and Saturday. Regular Grand Opera House prices.

MASON OPERA HOUSE

TONIGHT AND ALL WEEK MATINEE SATURDAY THE VIRGINIAN

THE AUDITORIUM

TONIGHT, TOMORROW, MATINEE AND NIGHT, THE FERRIS STOCK COMPANY and Miss Florence Stone in Sardou's masterpiece Magnificent scenery. A great cast. Seats now selling. Evening prices: 10c, 25c, 35c, 50c. Matinee prices: 10c, 25c. Phone: Main 5186, 2367.

ANGELUS PALM GARDEN

THE SAN CARLO OPERA COMPANY Tues. eve. La Gioconda Fri. eve. ... Sat. eve. ... Carmen Wed. eve. ... Rigoletto ... Barber of Seville Sun. eve. ... Lucia Thurs. eve. ... Traviata Sat. Mat. ... Faust

MISSION THEATER

TONIGHT BIG HIT A Yankee in London

Souvenir Matinee Tomorrow. Matinee prices: 10c and 20c. Night prices: 10c, 20c and 30c.

SCOT PARK

Races! Races! Races! The Fourth Season Six Good Races Every Week Day Stakes Every Saturday

The best class of horses that ever visited the coast. A high-class sport for high-class people. Admission \$1.00. First race at 1:40.

YE ALPINE TAVERN

For years the Resort of Discriminating people who love the High Sierras and Enjoy Good Fare. Special rates by the week and the best of service.

The Pacific Electric Ry.

ELLIOTT REFUSES TO LIFT EMBARGO

By Associated Press. BELLINGHAM, Wash., Feb. 25.—In response to a demand made by the lumber shippers of northwest Washington through the Bellingham chamber of commerce that the embargo on forest products be raised, Howard Elliott, president of the Northern Pacific, wired

from St. Paul today refusing to lift the embargo. President Elliott declares in his telegram that owing to weather conditions the road had been unable to handle the traffic offered and that there are now 5000 loads of freight west of the Cascade mountains consigned to eastern points which must be moved before further offerings are accepted.

Under favorable conditions this accumulation should be moved and the company able to accept lumber shipments in about four weeks, though no definite date can be fixed.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative -romo Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E.W. Grove's signature is on each box. 26c.

Cluett SHIRTS. In fabrics, workmanship, fit and comfort. Cluett SHIRTS. Excel all others. Many styles, white and numberless exclusive designs in fancy fabrics. Cluett, Peabody & Co., Makers of Arrow Collars.