

PRODUCED BY DR. MEDIC; BABE WILL LIVE

Remarkable Case in New York

Physician Works Two Hours Over Infant and Finally Restores it Alive to its Mother

Special to The Herald. NEW YORK, April 4.—Baby Lena Gerst, walling in pain in her mother's arms, stiffened over her chubby body, gasped, then ceased to breathe. Her eyes glazed and became fixed. Her face took on a bluish tinge, which gradually turned to a deathly pallor. The fluttering pulse stopped and the heart action ceased. A highly polished mirror held over the mouth and nostrils showed not the slightest sign of moisture.

It was a most remarkable case of suspended animation, in which there was not the slightest evidence of cataplexy. Dr. R. Lowenthal of No. 402 Fifth street had never seen anything even remotely similar in his own experience, nor was he able to discover anything like it, either in adult or infant, in the records of apparent or simulated death. There have been hundreds of instances of cataleptic seizure, in which all the outward signs of death were present with the exception of a faint but visible respiration, but the Gerst baby's lungs ceased absolutely to perform the functions of breathing, and the most careful listening with the stethoscope failed to give the slightest sound.

The Gerst baby, at No. 410 Fifth street, on the third floor of a tenement, was born on the morning of April 1, 1907. Her father, Henry Gerst, is a machinist. He is big and brawny. The mother is sturdy. The baby was born seven months ago and is the only child. She is plump and pretty, and has wonderfully wise eyes.

Baby Developed Pneumonia. The baby was in perfect health up to two weeks ago, when she developed pneumonia. This was followed by colitis—inflammation of the inner coat of the large intestine. Dr. Lowenthal made this diagnosis.

Dr. Lowenthal last Monday morning found the baby breathing with difficulty. Her temperature was 101 degrees, but her skin was damp. Dr. Lowenthal was listening with his ear pressed closely to the baby's chest, when with two long sighs her breathing ceased.

"I am afraid it is all over," said Dr. Lowenthal. The little body in front of him was limp and motionless. He felt for a pulse and found none. He listened with the stethoscope, but the heart was still. He detected a pulsation. Then he used the stethoscope, and that delicate recorder of the throbs of the heart gave no sound.

Convinced Baby Was Dead. "I was then convinced," said Dr. Lowenthal, "that the child was dead. My hearing is keen, and I think I could have detected the heart's action without any artificial aid, but to make sure I used the stethoscope over the cardiac region. There was no sound. Respiration had ceased absolutely, and the bluish color in the face and limbs deepened. Working more to relieve the grief of the parents than with any hope of restoring the patient from what I believed positively was death, I injected, hypodermically, one-twentieth of a grain of strychnine, with the syringe cylinder filled with whiskey. It was a heroic dose for such a baby. I had all the windows thrown open. I could not get oxygen at that early hour.

"Without the slightest confidence in the result I massaged the baby's legs to stimulate circulation and then I tried to induce artificial respiration. From time to time I made tests with the stethoscope, but the heart was still. I kept this treatment up for two hours, and then, to my intense surprise I must admit, the child began to breathe. The heart resumed its beating with a clear, steady rhythm, the eyes moved in their sockets and the bluish color of the skin faded away. Soon the child was in a normal condition—with the exception, of course, of the pneumonia and colitis—and now I have hope of its ultimate recovery."

LANDSLIDE KNOCKS ENGINE FROM TRACK. By Associated Press. BAKERSFIELD, April 4.—While running slowly down the mountainside this morning the engine of the Coast Line Limited, running to San Francisco over the valley division, was hit by a landslide and knocked from the tracks. Engineer Ed Curl was slightly injured about the ankle. Fireman Andy Nolan was badly cut on the forehead and has a wrenched leg. No passengers were hurt and no cars left the track. Traffic was delayed six hours.

The other small wrecks occurred last night. A freight train on the Porterville branch left the rails near Famosa. Two cars left the track at Cable and the wrecker was derailed on route to the Famosa wreck.

CONSTANTINE, ALLEGED MURDERER, ARRESTED. By Associated Press. NEW YORK, April 4.—The man arrested in Brooklyn yesterday on suspicion that he was the murderer of Mrs. A. W. Gentry of Chicago, admitted today that he is Constantine.

He said that he did not kill Mrs. Gentry, but that she committed suicide in his presence. He said he was expecting to return to Chicago and explain the matter.

REPORTS OF FIRE ARE GREATLY EXAGGERATED. By Associated Press. SAN FRANCISCO, April 4.—It now appears that only one person was killed in the fire at the Potrero last night. He was an Italian, name unknown.

Sixteen injured were taken to the Potrero hospital. The woman and children who were reported as missing have been found.

"Grover Cleveland is doing a great work in his reproof of bochers," said "That's right," answered Mr. Meekton, "the married man oughtn't to get all the lecturing."—Washington Star.

JOE GANS MATCHED WITH HARRY LEWIS

By Associated Press. CHICAGO, April 4.—Joe Gans, the lightweight champion, and Harry Lewis of Philadelphia have been matched to fight at 135 pounds, weigh in at the ringside, stripped. The representatives of both men met here today and agreed on all the details of the match. The articles signed call for a fight within the next three months for the best purse obtainable. Forfeits of \$5000 each were posted and no purse less than \$20,000 is to be considered. Neither man will be permitted to engage in a championship fight during the life of the articles.

Battling Nelson, who was present when the match was made, was given the preference by Gans, but the Chicago man declined, stating that he had money enough to retire.

AS STOCK ARRIVES GUNS WILL ROAR

ROYALTY TO WELCOME THE NEW HEIR. Elaborate Preparations Being Made to Receive the Future Prince or Princess of the Spanish Throne

By Associated Press. MADRID, April 4.—The royal decrees just issued, with the details of the ceremony of the presentation of the heir to the Spanish throne at the moment of his birth, prescribes that the court officials shall be present, also the ministers, the presidents of the two chambers, the Knights of the Golden Fleece, the captain general, the commission of the Asturias and representatives of civil and military corporations. Members of the diplomatic corps will also be invited to attend the ceremony.

If the child is a boy the Spanish flag will be hoisted on the palace and a salute of twenty-one guns will be fired. If it is a girl a white flag will be run up and a salute of fifteen guns will be fired.

If the event occurs at night an electric light in the national colors will be displayed on the palace for a boy, and of white light for a girl. All of the customary decrees ordering a general amnesty, the release of prisoners condemned for minor offenses and the bestowal of recompenses and decorations upon various persons have been prepared.

How Guests Will Dress. The decree directs attention to the remarkable publicity given in accordance with the etiquette of the Spanish court to the intimate affairs of the royal family. As soon as evident signs of approaching confinement are noticed those invited to attend the ceremony must hasten to the palace, the men attired in uniform and the women in court dress.

They must wait in the ante chamber until the infant is presented. With the least possible delay the baby is dressed and placed in a basket standing on a golden salver.

The king takes the basket, holding the child in his hands and followed by members of the royal family enters the salon where the presentation ceremony is held. Raising the veil over the infant's face, the king says:

"I present to you my beloved son or daughter, the successor to the throne of Spain, the prince or princess, of the Asturias, to whom my dear spouse has just given birth."

Then the minister of justice as the principal notary of the realm approaches and views the face of the child and all invited file past. As soon as the presentation is ended solemn Te Deum is sung in the royal chapel.

LABOR TROUBLES AID TO RHYOLITE

Stocks Advancing Rapidly—Mayflower Finds Nine Feet of High Grade Milling Ore 180 Feet Deep. Special to The Herald.

RHYOLITE, Nev., April 4.—Within the past week the Rhyolite stocks have been steadily advancing. For the labor troubles in Goldfield and the consequent rumors have caused a falling off in Goldfield trades and a subsequent added interest in Bullfrog.

Added to the general increase reports from the various mines are extremely favorable. From the Mayflower Consolidated comes the report of the discovery of nine feet of high grade milling ore at the bottom of a 180-foot shaft.

The ore will run better than \$20 across the entire bottom of the shaft, while a pay chute that has \$100 values promises shipping ore at once, with a promise of increased values as the vein is followed.

Superintendent Smith has three shafts on the property and has done a great deal of drifting, cross-cutting and tunneling, and at present the Mayflower is considered to be one of the best properties in the Bullfrog district.

On the Gold Bar south extension a new shaft has been sunk, and at the bottom of the 25-foot working the men are in there that, while it has not yet been assayed, promises returns for the investment.

There is no stock of this company at present on the market, for the company has a strong treasury. Patents have been applied for by J. Ross Clark for the Commodore and by Taylor & Griffiths for the Alliance while the survey for the Gold Bar south extension patents have been made.

HARRIMAN CASE ARGUMENTS MADE

ATTORNEYS DISCUSS ALLEGED COMBINATION. Theory Advanced That the Exchanging of Stock Between Railroads Is Within the Letter of the Law

By Associated Press. WASHINGTON, April 4.—Arguments in the Harriman case, which was heard by the interstate commerce commission a few weeks ago in New York, were begun before the commission today.

The proceedings are not in the nature of a hearing but merely an argument involving the question whether the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific railroads are competing lines.

In his testimony before the commission in New York Mr. Harriman insisted that the two lines were not competing lines. In the arguments today Mr. Harriman declared that the case was presented by John G. Milburn and R. S. Lovett, so far as the Southern Pacific is concerned, and by Paul D. Cravath, who, it is reported, will explain the deal respecting the Chicago & Alton railroad which was brought out at the New York hearing.

The interstate commerce commission will be represented by its special attorneys, F. B. Kellogg and C. A. Severance.

On the results of the argument may depend whether Mr. Harriman and his associates are to be prosecuted as a combination in restraint of trade under the provisions of the Sherman anti-trust law. What is certainly in New York Mr. Harriman declined by advice of counsel to answer certain inquiries put to him by the commission concerning the transfer of certain Union Pacific stock.

It was not determined yet whether the Harriman will endeavor to force Mr. Harriman through proceedings in the United States court to answer this question or not.

It was stated by members of the commission that the question not only had not been decided, but it had not even been considered to any considerable extent. It is not likely that any decision in this matter will be reached for some time, certainly not until the commission has obtained through the arguments begun today and from other sources all the light that may be thrown upon the matter.

Harriman's Contentions. Mr. Harriman's contention was that the transactions about which he was questioned had no relation to interstate commerce and that the commission therefore had no jurisdiction to inquire into the information which it asked.

It is probable that the commission, after it has gone thoroughly into the matter, will announce what action, if any, it proposes to take affecting Mr. Harriman's refusal to answer its questions.

Commissioners Clements, Lane, Harlan and Clark were upon the bench to hear the arguments. Judge Lovett, president of the interstate commerce commission, presented a few papers and directed attention to certain parts of the hearing held in New York.

Paul D. Cravath, representing the Harriman interests, stated that a comprehensive bill of the interstate commerce commission in the public mind as to the Alton transactions and as to the purposes of the recapitalization of the line.

Mr. Cravath said that the time had come for much stricter regulation of the issue of stocks and bonds of semi-public corporations.

"The liberal laws that have existed in this regard," said he, "have materially aided in the development and growth of the country. The watering of stock in my opinion has been helpful in the past. The time has come, however, in the development of the country, in the balancing of advantages and evils, for a much stricter issuance of the stocks and bonds."

Methods Well Understood. Mr. Cravath asserted that in the Chicago & Alton deal the officials were pursuing a well-understood method of distributing money to the stockholders, and that all these transactions were well understood by the financial interests of the country. He asserted that no secret was made of these transactions and that they were presented fairly to the public by all the financial agencies.

That no court had ever held that a bona fide purchase by one company of the stock of another is in violation of the anti-trust act, Mr. Lovett asserted with emphasis.

He admitted that there had been some combinations between the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific, but declared that the volume of business had been much larger and that he had no bearing upon the purchase of one road by the owners of the other, as that purchase was in itself a legitimate business transaction of such a character that the courts will not interfere with it.

"There could be no curtailment of the right to buy property under the anti-trust act.

Clements Seeks Information. "Suppose the motive of the purchase was to get rid of competition," asked Commissioner Clements.

"I believe the purchaser would still have the right to buy."

"Do you apply that doctrine to public utility corporations?" asked Commissioner Clark.

"Assuming that they have the power under their charters, I should say yes."

then owned by the Southern Pacific, or built a line to the ocean. "Naturally they had chosen the former course. The Union Pacific must either secure the Central Pacific or see it absorbed by a rival, which it could not consent to even though the Southern Pacific company owned the Southern Pacific 'Sunset' line as well as the Central Pacific. Hence, he argued, the transaction should be considered as the purchase of a connecting rather than a competing line.

Replying to Mr. Clements, Mr. Lovett said the Union Pacific had bought into the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe as an investment. He declared that the legality of this transaction, and when reminded that his position was at variance with that of Mr. Harriman said one might easily differ from that gentleman on a legal question, but Commissioner Clark said such a line of reasoning would lead to the conclusion that one man with sufficient money might control all the railroads of the country, and Mr. Lovett said he did not believe that the commission would interfere with such a right by any man.

Purpose of the Law. Mr. Lovett contended that the anti-trust law does not deal with the question of the acquisition of the stock of one company by another, but its sole purpose is to prevent the beginning of competition in restraint of trade. No such result, he declared, had followed the Union Pacific purchase of the Southern Pacific securities.

Speaking of Senator Clark's line from Salt Lake to Los Angeles, which the senator had built in conjunction with the Union Pacific stockholders, Mr. Lovett contended for their right to enter upon this enterprise. While he was willing to admit that the law might prohibit the acquisition by one company of a parallel road, he argued that this prohibition does not extend to the construction of a parallel line.

In reply to Mr. Lane, he said there had been no change in the ownership of the Clark road since the beginning of the hearing. Attorney John G. Milburn expressed the opinion that if the Southern Pacific-Union Pacific system is illegal every railroad system in the United States is illegal.

He considered the question involved is the most important that could possibly be raised in connection with the railroads. He said he was sure other systems would have more difficulty than he and his fellow counsel in sustaining their contentions. Purchase of the Union Pacific stock, he declared, was legal under the anti-trust law. "If you make illegal every purchase of competing railroad property you stop the business of the world," he said, and then declared the wheels could not revolve for twenty-four hours under such a restriction.

Makes Comparison. In support of the assertion that the great mass of business in the acquisition of property interferes with competition, he referred to the general tendency toward consolidation of business interests.

All these combinations rest upon right of purchase, he said, and he contended that such a right is recognized regardless of its effect upon competition.

Mr. Milburn will continue tomorrow.

VALUABLE LANDS TO BE RESTORED

Harriman Corporations Brought to Time by Efforts of Interstate Commerce Commission—Government Wins Point

By Associated Press. CHICAGO, April 4.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Washington says:

It was learned last night that the Harriman corporations, whose ramifications extend to coal lands and other vast interests in the far west, are offering to restore to the government properties they have heretofore claimed as theirs by good and ample title. They prefer to do this rather than be prosecuted.

Coal lands worth in the aggregate millions of dollars are to be restored to the public domain as a result of recent activity of the interstate commerce commission. The commission several months ago set about to investigate the land frauds in Wyoming, Colorado and Utah.

As a result of its investigations the department of justice was given transcripts of testimony taken at Omaha, state Commerce Commissioners Prouty and Clark and was directed by the attorney general to prosecute in any cases at the anti-trust act, Mr. Lovett asserted with emphasis.

At the first suggestion of prosecution, however, the Union Pacific Coal company has capitulated. It has made a proposition to the government that it will return a large area of Wyoming lands to which it admits its title was worthless. The government law officers are considering this proposition and while final action has not been taken, it was learned yesterday from the authority of men who are conducting the investigation that it will probably be accepted and the lands returned to the public domain.

It is understood on high government authority that the officers of the department of justice will give the Utah Fuel company and the Colorado Fuel and Iron company a chance to return the lands in the same manner and that if they refuse prosecutions will be commenced at once.

BISHOP FITZGERALD DIES AT HONGKONG

By Associated Press. NEW YORK, April 4.—News of the death in Hong Kong of Bishop James N. Fitzgerald of the Methodist Episcopal church was received today by the Methodist Book Concern in this city. Pleurisy was the cause of death. The bishop's home was in St. Louis.

A cable message from one of the Methodist Book Concern's agents in Hong Kong reads as follows: "Bishop J. N. Fitzgerald of the Methodist Episcopal church died of pleurisy at Hong Kong this morning. He remains, accompanied by his widow and daughter, will be brought upon the Pacific Mail steamer to China, leaving Hong Kong April 5."

Bishop Fitzgerald was one of the general superintendents of the Methodist Episcopal church. At the time of his death he was making one of his quadrennial visits when the bishops are required to make to the mission stations.

DEATHS OF THE DAY

A. D. Daunes. SAN JOSE, April 4.—A. D. Daunes, a pioneer of '49, and for years a prominent coal merchant of this city, died suddenly this morning, aged 73 years. He leaves his wife, a daughter and three grandchildren.

WAS IN FEBRUARY FOUR YEARS

HUNDREDS OF HOUSES FALL AT BITLIS. Fully 4000 Buildings More or Less Damaged, and the Inhabitants Thrown Into a Panic

By Associated Press. CONSTANTINOPLE, April 4.—The following dispatch was received here today from the Rev. Roy T. Lee, head of the American mission at Bitlis: "At 10 o'clock in the forenoon of March 29 there burst upon us unannounced the worst earthquake witnessed in forty years in these or the Erzeroum volcanic regions.

"Such was its force that our city seemed to be in the jaws of some monster, who would shake us into shreds as some mastiff does his game.

"Down came the plastering and the furniture was overturned. Cracks were opened in strong walls, roofs were shattered and rafters fell in.

"During the first day there were fourteen shocks, and they still continue. There have been altogether twenty-eight shocks.

"Of the 4000 houses here, over 300 have fallen and the remainder have been seriously damaged, about \$50 to \$500 being needed to repair each house.

"The official report shows that eight persons were killed by falling walls, but they are all unknown in Bitlis, many persons were wounded, and many churches and government buildings were damaged. The surrounding villages sustained heavy shocks, but it was in the daytime, so that there was no great loss of life.

"The Russian consul at Bitlis is the Russian consul, Charlotte E. Ely, Mary A. Cecely, Royal M. Cole and Miss Nellie A. Cole.

"Famine prices prevail and there is great poverty and extreme suffering."

THAW NOW SANE, SAYS COMMISSION

(Continued from Page One) pelate division. Mr. Jerome protested that the time would not suffice, but Justice Fitzgerald cut him short with the announcement that the trial must be concluded forthwith.

Trial May Proceed Monday. Unless Mr. Jerome should secure a writ of prohibition in the meantime, Justice Fitzgerald is expected to announce Monday morning that he has confirmed the report of the commission and order that the trial proceed.

The district attorney and counsel for the defense will be heard in argument as to the confirmation of the report at Monday's session if they so desire. After adjournment Mr. Jerome issued a statement saying he could not tell until after a thorough examination of authorities whether or not he ought to take further action in the way of application to the appellate division.

Should he reach the conclusion after examining the law that Justice Fitzgerald has not committed legal error in refusing him access to the commission's minutes, he would, of course, take no further action.

Mr. Jerome declared that if he made application to the higher court it would be because of the precedent set by Justice Fitzgerald and not particularly because of the effect in this case.

Mrs. Thaw Hears Verdict. Thaw was not in court to hear the decision. The jury was also excluded, and both prisoners and jurors were out of range of the district attorney's discussion. All the members of the Thaw family, including the mother and wife of the defendant, were present, however, and their keen delight over the announcement of the favorable report was turned into alarm at the unexpected attitude of the district attorney, whose threat to take the matter before the appellate division if the court seemed to involve another serious delay in the long drawn out trial.

The news of the verdict was carried to Thaw. He expressed satisfaction but not surprise. There has never been a trial before the appellate division, and he pointed out that the defendant was not expectant of a favorable decision. He said today he felt lucky because it was the second anniversary of his marriage.

Justice Fitzgerald had a long consultation with the three commissioners prior to the morning session and then announced that there would be no decision before 2 o'clock.

Meanwhile Dr. Putzell withdrew from the conference and gave color to the report that he was at odds with his fellow members.

The unanimous report therefore came as a complete surprise. In handing it down Justice Fitzgerald gave no inkling whatever as to the findings, and the result was not read in court few of those in the crowded room knew what the verdict had been made. Mr. Jerome made his plea without perusing the report. He evidently had divined its contents, however, although he carefully avoided the phrase "If the report should be unfavorable to my contention," to all of his remarks.

Receives Report. Before the storm of the district attorney's protest broke Justice Fitzgerald had handed to him and to Mr. Hartridge, of counsel for the defense, carbon copies of the commission's full report. It was from the defendant's counsel table that the nature of the decision first became known. Mr. Hartridge rushed over and whispered to Mrs. William Thaw and to Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, and then sent a messenger hurriedly to the defendant with the tidings.

When the report finally fell into the possession of the newspaper men it was seen to be a sweeping victory for Thaw. It confirmed the report of the excellent showing he had made before the commission in both his mental and physical tests, and also indicated that the only expert testimony which the commission had taken into consideration was that of the physicians who had had an opportunity to examine Thaw and talk with him almost daily during the trial.

AMUSEMENTS

BELASCO THEATER. BELASCO, MAYER & CO. Props. TONIGHT—MATINEE TOMORROW. By long odds the funniest play that has ever been given on the stage of the Belasco is this week's uproariously funny performance of William Gillette's famous farcial success.

Because She Loved Him So. Next Week's Remarkable Attraction. The Belasco company will give the first performance by a stock company anywhere of George Bernard Shaw's world famous play.

CANDIDA. The seats for this great play are now on sale and they're going like hot cakes. Get your seats today.

MASON OPERA HOUSE. H. C. WYATT, Lessee and Manager. Tonight—An American Citizen. Presented by NAT C. GOODWIN and his company, including EDNA GOODRICH.

Tomorrow matinee, "WHEN WE WERE TWENTY-ONE." Saturday night, MR. GOODWIN will appear in one act of "THE GENIE," "A GILDED FOOL," "WHEN WE WERE TWENTY-ONE," and the trial scene from "THE MERCHANT OF VENICE." Prices: 50c to \$2.00.

ALL NEXT WEEK STARTING MONDAY, APRIL 8, MATINEE SATURDAY ONLY, HENRY V. SAVAGE OFFERS RAYMOND HITCHCOCK IN A NEW COMIC OPERA IN THREE ACTS, A YANKEE TOURIST. A great cast, and an array of dainty dancing chorus divinites without an equal. Best show of the season. Seat sale opens this morning. Prices: 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50; no higher.

ORPHEUM THEATER. Spring st., bet. 2d and 3d, Both Phones 1447. MODERN VAUDEVILLE. The Unescans—Howard & Bland—Finlay & Burke—Sharp Bros.—The Olivettes—Bert Levy—Johnny Johns—Orpheum Motion Pictures—May Tully & Co. Matinees Daily Except Monday.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE. Main st., bet. 1st and 2d. Main 1967—PHONES—Home A5137. The Family Theater. W. J. Elleford Presents "The Plunger" "Love and Romance" in Wall Street." Matinees Sunday, Tuesday and Saturday. Next week, "PECK'S BAD BOY."

LA FIESTA PARK. Twelfth street and Grand avenue. It was just the candy last night. Shrine Society Circus. HIPPODROME—MENAGERIE—SIDE SHOWS AND CONCERT. You must go to this if you desire to be happy and hold your job.

Three More Great Performances and Then a Few GENERAL ADMISSION \$1.00. RESERVE SEATS 50c EXTRA. THE AUDITORIUM. SPARKS M. BERRY, Fifth and Olive Streets. "THEATER BEAUTIFUL" Tonight, balance of the week with Saturday matinee.

RICHARD WAGNER'S PARSIFAL. MISS STONE as Kundry, supported by the Ferris stock company, 100 people, augmented orchestra. Next week "FEDORA." Monday and Tuesday nights souvenir nights, to each lady holding a reserve seat coupon a beautiful picture of Miss Stone will be presented. Seats now selling. Prices: 10c, 25c, 35c and 50c. Phones: 2367, Main 5186.

SIMPSON AUDITORIUM. L. E. BEHYMER, Manager. TONIGHT, APRIL 5, 8:15 O'CLOCK THE CROWNING MUSICAL EVENT OF THE SEASON. CARROLL McCOMAS, Whistling Soloist. ASSISTING ARTISTS: HARRY CLIFFORD LOTT, Bartolome LUDVIG OPID, Flutist; ARCHIBALD SESSON, Flautist; WYLLIAM MEAD, Flautist; Seats now on sale at Birkel's Music Store, 345 South Spring street. Prices: 50c, \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00.

MOROSCO'S BURBANK THEATER. Sixth and Main. Phones 1270. Biggest show in town at any price. Only five more performances "Under the Bear Flag" By Dr. C. W. Bachman. Next week's greatest stock offering: "THE TWO ORPHANS." 100 people on the stage.

COMING—THE BIG SELLS-FLOTO SHOWS. CIRCUS, MUSEUM, MENAGERIE AND HIPPODROME. April 8-9-10 2 PERFORMANCES DAILY AT PRAEGER PARK. GENERAL ADMISSION—ADULTS 50c, CHILDREN 25c.

VENICE OF AMERICA. Grand concert in the great auditorium every evening except Monday. Finest dancing pavilion in the world, open every evening except Monday, Tuesday and Thursday. Delightful open air concerts afternoons on the lawn. Japanese Commissioner. Grand opportunity to secure superb art works.

A JOURNEY INTO CLOUD LAND. The MT. LOWE TRIP. Don't miss it these glorious Spring days. Five through cars daily from Sixth and Main. Round trip fare \$2.50.

The Pacific Electric Railway Company. HARNESS S. C. FOY SADDLERY 315 N. Los Angeles Street.

summing up speech, which the district attorney declared were evidences of insanity and were so regarded by experts, the report says: "Many of these suggestions were deemed valuable and were adopted by the jury referred to showed that generally the suggestions contained in them were material, sensible and apparently the product of a sane mind."

As to Dr. Putzell's action in leaving the conference today, it was stated he did not feel it was necessary for him to remain while Messrs. McClure and Olney, both of whom are lawyers, were going over the legal phases of the mass of testimony adduced before the commission.

Justice Fitzgerald himself said the delay had been occasioned by his examination of the testimony. Upon all of the facts it is our opinion that at the time of our examination, the said Harry K. Thaw was sane and sane and was not and is not in a state of idiocy, imbecility, lunacy or insanity, so as to be incapable of rightly understanding his own condition, the nature of the charges against him and of conducting his defense in a rational manner.

"The minutes of the proceedings before us and the documents received in evidence are herewith submitted. (Signed) "DAVID MCCLURE, "PETER OLNEY, "LEOPOLD PUTZEL.

"Why don't you go to work and save your money?" "It's dangerous," said Plodding Pete, with his accustomed plausibility. "If I kep' puttin' money in de bank I might git enough to live on de interest, an' den de dust 't'ing I know I might git tempted to be a mollycodder."—Washington Star.

Everything you want you will find in the classified pages. One cent a word.