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ROOT REFUSES EXTRADITION TO CZAR OF RUSSIA

CHRISTIAN RUDOWICZ NOT TO BE RETURNED PRISONER WANTED BECAUSE OF POLITICAL ACTIVITIES

Charge of Murder and Arson, Trumped Up to Get Possession of Revolutionary, Declared Unproved

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Christian Rudowicz, whose extradition on charges of murder, arson and other crimes was demanded by the Russian government, and involving counter charges that the offenses were in furtherance of a political movement, will not be extradited.

This decision was announced by Secretary of State Root today. In effect the extradition was refused because the offenses charged under the general prohibition against extradition in the treaty with Russia which declares that if it be made to appear that extradition is sought with the view to try or punish for an offense of a political prisoner surrender shall not take place.

The testimony given in the case by United States Commissioner Foote at Chicago, it was held, upholds the views taken by the department, though the commissioner upheld the Russian government's demand.

Mr. Root declined to comment on the decision at this time, pending formal notification to the Russian authorities of the department's decision.

The case aroused widespread interest, particularly in Chicago among the anti-Russian element, where a fund was raised in defense of the man.

Establishes No Precedent The action by the secretary, it is said, does not establish any precedent, as the question was regarded at the department as simply whether or not the case was one calling for extradition for an offense against the law or whether it was one of political character.

Rudowicz was an acknowledged member of the Socialist Democratic Labor party, a Russian revolutionary organization with branches in all parts of the world, whose purpose was the improvement of political conditions in the empire.

He is charged with having murdered or participated in the murder of a man, his wife and a married daughter in one of the Baltic provinces in 1906.

The next year he came to the United States and went to work in a large manufacturing establishment. At the hearing in Chicago testimony was offered both by Rudowicz and his witnesses that the order for killing these persons was issued on the ground that they were spies and that they traveled around the country in this capacity, but whose purpose was to take part in revolutionary movements directed against the government.

There was some discrepancy in the evidence as to whether the order to murder had been given by a county or state "group" which directed the operations of the various branches of the revolutionary party.

ACCUSES SENATOR OF GIVING BRIBES

SCANDAL SPRUNG ON EVE OF RE-ELECTION

Stevenson of Wisconsin Declared by State Legislator to Have Politically Corrupt

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 26.—Late in the afternoon of today the United States senator stood: Stephenson, Republican, 120; Brown, Democrat, 4; Rummel, Social-Democrat, present but not voting. If Stephenson carries today's strength tomorrow in both houses a total of 72 votes, he will be elected United States senator in joint assembly, as but 67 votes are required to elect. Senator Blaine filed charges today alleging that United States Senator Isaac Stephenson, as a candidate for re-election, gave the Republican state chairman, E. A. Edmunds of Appleton, a sum of money in excess of \$106,000 and approximately \$250,000 in relation to the primary election held on September 10 last, and by such acts violated a Wisconsin statute; that the money was given to Edmunds to pay to other electors prior to the primary in sums ranging from \$5 per day to \$100 in bulk as a consideration for some act to be done in relation to the primary by electors for Mr. Stephenson.

Other charges allege that the money was paid to United States Senator Kelly, Sauk county; one Hambrington of Racine; Roy Morse of Fond du Lac and other persons paid various sums as a consideration for acts to be done corruptly and unlawfully.

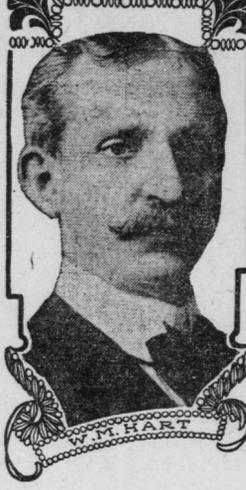
A motion in the assembly to recall the investigation resolution from committee was lost—30 to 58.

Fleet Plans to Return NICE, Jan. 26.—The entire American fleet of sixteen battleships will be plowing the Mediterranean westward Thursday, headed for Tatum bay on the north coast of Morocco, where it will reassemble January 31 to coal and provision for the homeward journey.

Report Three Are Indicted MUSKOGEE, Okla., Jan. 26.—Semi-official reports from the federal jury tonight are that three persons have been indicted on town lot fraud charges and that from ten to fifty separate indictments have been found against each.

Fatal Wreck in Wyoming CHEYENNE, Wyo., Jan. 26.—Union Pacific train No. 5, known as the Oregon express, westbound, struck a broken rail near Dana this afternoon and was wrecked. Five coaches are in the ditch. One person was killed and nine injured.

JUDGE PRESIDING AT TRIAL OF COOPERS



WORK OF SECURING JURY FOR TRIAL OF COOPERS DRAGS ON

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 26.—Efforts to secure a jury in the case of Col. D. B. Cooper, Robin Cooper and John D. Sharpe, charged with the murder of former Senator Carmack, were resumed today with some 400 talemans present in court.

Col. Cooper sat between his two young daughters, Mrs. Lucius Burch and Mrs. Beverly Wilson, today. Robin Cooper changed his seat to be close to his sister, Mrs. Burch. The latter is an important witness for the state, but she makes ceaseless efforts to cheer and console her father and brother.

G. W. Kiebler, one of the talemans, when summoned said: "Tell the judge to go to the devil. I am too busy to serve as a juror." The officer who served him reported the matter today. Kiebler was brought into court.

"Shy over there," said Judge Hart. "I won't send you to the devil right away, but I'll send you some place else after a while." The officer who served him reported the matter today. Kiebler was brought into court.

THE NEWS SUMMARY

FORECAST For Los Angeles and vicinity: Rain Wednesday; fresh south wind. Maximum temperature yesterday, 62 degrees; minimum, 47 degrees.

LOCAL Recall petitions being filed rapidly. Dr. Bradford, by trustees as new head of Pomona college. Booked as "drunk" is found in possession of a gun. Sea captain at Seattle who is in charge of Club women wait on city council in behalf of garbage legislation. Councilman Healy boldly voices his opinion of colleague. James A. Craig appointed license inspector. Humane Animal league asks for poundmaster's resignation. Victim shot in Monday's holdup thought to be anti-race track gambling legislation. Carlson's offer to furnish bond denied by court; must produce cash. Today will be pink tie day at automobile show. Mrs. Thorpe, in divorce case, accuses husband of infidelity. Idaho man mysteriously disappears during trip to Chinatown. Police Commissioner Lewis ordered to make reply in libel case. Citizens declare themselves in favor of charter amendments. Important addresses delivered at stock raisers' national convention. City council late at delay in trial of alleged Mexican revolutionists.

COAST Three Harvey hoaxes swept into ocean by floor, and terrific rain storm again swells Northern California's rivers. Secretary Root refuses to extradite Christian Rudowicz, noted political prisoner demanded by Russia. Suit to dissolve Harriman's \$500,000,000 buyout merger against postponed in Pittsburg. Senator Rainey of Illinois bitterly denounces prominent men who negotiated deal for Panama canal, and also accuses president of Panama of corruption. Willett's recent expulsion from congressional records. Work of securing jury to try Col. Cooper and son at Nashville continues with little result. Agents of steamer Florida which rammed and sank White Star liner Republic, causing it to sink off Nantucket, issue statement regarding accident.

EASTERN Big brick plant wrecked by explosion at Bradford, Pa. Notorious train robber found guilty and sentenced to prison for life at Helena, Mont. Secretary Root refuses to extradite Christian Rudowicz, noted political prisoner demanded by Russia. Suit to dissolve Harriman's \$500,000,000 buyout merger against postponed in Pittsburg. Senator Rainey of Illinois bitterly denounces prominent men who negotiated deal for Panama canal, and also accuses president of Panama of corruption. Willett's recent expulsion from congressional records. Work of securing jury to try Col. Cooper and son at Nashville continues with little result. Agents of steamer Florida which rammed and sank White Star liner Republic, causing it to sink off Nantucket, issue statement regarding accident.

PINCHOT SENDS REGRETS At the afternoon session President Jastro read a telegram from Head Forester Gifford Pinchot, expressing deep regret at not being able to attend. This is the first mention at which he has not been present. Former Senator Joseph M. Carey of Cheyenne, Wyo., author of the Carey land act and a noted authority on public lands, delivered an extemporaneous address on "Land Laws—Their Administration and Effect." Mr. Carey is the idol of the stock raisers of the northwest. Besides being prominent in the construction of western railroads he has secured the passage of much valuable land legislation. He is spoken of by many of the delegates present as a candidate for second vice president of the National Stock Raisers' association. Mr. Carey said in part: "Whatever values lands have in the United States today were given to them by the people. It is only by use that lands acquire value. Daniel Webster placed no value on the lands of California, because he said the country would never be inhabited to any considerable extent. "We should use the lands of this

FOREIGN Cold weather intensifies sufferings at Messina. Public decapitation in France calls out large crowd, and scenes at guillotine are such that criminals in future may be headed privately. British steamer Venture burned to water's edge in far north.

STOCK RAISERS DELIBERATE ON GRAVE ISSUES

NATIONAL CONVENTION OPENS ITS SESSIONS

RAILROADS COME IN FOR MUCH SEVERE CRITICISM

Author of Carey Land Act Advocates System of Leasing Ranges, Which at Present Are Being Exhausted

MEMBERS of the American National Live Stock association from every state and territory in the west and middle west assembled at the Delasco theater yesterday morning at 10 and again at 2 p. m. for the twelfth annual convention. The meetings were called to order by President H. A. Jastro of Bakersfield. Among the delegates present were many veterans of the plains cowboy on the range, statesmen from Washington and representatives of the packing house industries.

Although only numbering a few hundred the members present represent, directly and indirectly, more than 20,000 stock raisers throughout the country, owning perhaps upward of 50,000,000 head of live stock. During the past twelve years their organization has fought the great railway interests of the country on behalf of American shippers and has done more than any other organization to force congress to create the interstate commerce commission. It is now fighting to have the powers of that commission increased.

Speeches and addresses which will be landmarks in the annals of the stock raisers of this country were delivered at both sessions. The lower part of the house was reserved for the delegates, while the balcony was reserved for visitors. The balcony was reserved for visitors. In a brief address George H. Stewart of the chamber of commerce extended a hearty welcome. He confessed sorrowfully that he did not own a single cow.

H. E. Crowley of Fort Worth, Tex., responded to the address of welcome in the place of John W. Springer of Denver who has been delayed by washouts. President Delivers Address President H. A. Jastro then delivered his annual address, saying, in part: "Years of experience, much of it full of misfortune, have impressed upon stockmen the growing evils of uncontrolled and overstocked ranges. When the question of federal control of the open range was first considered by this association eight or ten years ago there was a marked difference of opinion as to the wisdom of such a measure. In the past few years there appears to be a steadily increasing majority that favors government control by a lease or otherwise. The sentiment of the almost unanimous sentiment of our members was crystallized in a proposed bill which we desired passed by congress. By the provision of that bill the federal government was authorized to establish grazing districts in the semi-arid sections of the west and to appoint officers necessary for the administration and protection of such grazing districts; to issue permits to graze live stock thereon for periods of not more than ten years, with the right to fence, give water, and remove stockstealers and to present occupants of the range. Under this bill the government of the United States exercises the least possible control commensurate with the ownership of the lands. In fact, it is a distinctly home rule measure."

"The failure of congress to act on the Cullerton-Simons bill, a bill designed to prevent unreasonable delays in furnishing cars for live stock and other perishable stock and to compel a reasonable and adequate service, is deplored. Decided by Railroads "When this association secured the extension of the twenty-eight-hour law to thirty-six hours," continued Mr. Jastro, "it was confidently expected that an extra time would prevent many unnecessary unloadings and enable us to get our live stock to destination in much better condition and with much less hardship and suffering to the stock. Owing to the fact that almost as many unloadings are necessary today as under the old law. "We pay the railroads for good service, and they should be compelled to furnish it. "Our bill prohibiting advances in freight rates, except after approval of the interstate commerce commission, has through our efforts received endorsement of many organizations throughout the country, and I believe that it has a fair chance for passage. This association should reaffirm its former action on this exceedingly important subject."

Hon. W. A. Harris, from Lawrence, Kas., delivered an address on "Our Foreign Markets," in which he spoke of the necessity for tariff reform and the education of foreign peoples to the use of American meat products. Pinchot Sends Regrets At the afternoon session President Jastro read a telegram from Head Forester Gifford Pinchot, expressing deep regret at not being able to attend. This is the first mention at which he has not been present. Former Senator Joseph M. Carey of Cheyenne, Wyo., author of the Carey land act and a noted authority on public lands, delivered an extemporaneous address on "Land Laws—Their Administration and Effect." Mr. Carey is the idol of the stock raisers of the northwest. Besides being prominent in the construction of western railroads he has secured the passage of much valuable land legislation. He is spoken of by many of the delegates present as a candidate for second vice president of the National Stock Raisers' association. Mr. Carey said in part: "Whatever values lands have in the United States today were given to them by the people. It is only by use that lands acquire value. Daniel Webster placed no value on the lands of California, because he said the country would never be inhabited to any considerable extent. "We should use the lands of this

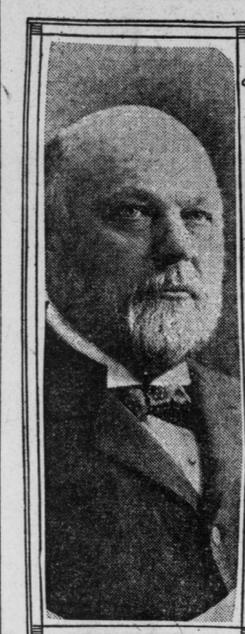
WILLET'S APPEAL IGNORED A letter written to the committee by Representative Willett urging that his speech should remain on record accompanied the report. The report declared that it would seem that "the peculiar constitutional duties of the house in relation to the power of impeaching the president do not include a clear line of distinction between that criticism of acts and conduct necessary for performance of the constitutional duties of the house and criticism merely personal and irritating."

It also claims that it is especially the duty of the house itself to protect the president from the personal abuse, innuendo or ridicule tending to excite disorder in the house itself and to create a personal antagonism on the part of the president toward the house, and which is not related to the power of the house under the constitution to examine into the acts and conduct of the president."

In his letter to the committee Mr. Willett claims that he did not transcribe the rules of the house. The resolution recommended by the special committee for adoption by the house reads: "Resolved, That the speech of Mr. Willett printed in the Daily Congressional Record of January 18, 1909, contains language improper, and in violation of the privileges of debate, and that the same be stricken from the permanent record."

One Bill Favored Claiming that the enactment of the bill "is both wise and necessary," the house committee on public lands has reported favorably a bill introduced by Mr. Mondell (Wyoming) authorizing the secretary of the interior to have surveys or retracements of public lands made whenever he may deem it essential after investigation of the survey, and the work was often carelessly done. Because of the inability to define boundaries the government finds it difficult to dispose of some of its public lands without a survey. Under the present law one must resort to a private bill before congress to have a certain piece of land traced, and it is the purpose of the bill to put the matter of survey at the discretion of the secretary of the interior. It is provided that no survey may be executed which would impair the bona fide rights of any claimant affected by such survey.

Prominent Stockmen Who Are Here for Their Twelfth Annual Convention



HON. JOSEPH M. CAREY, Ex-U. S. Senator from Wyoming, Member Executive Committee American National Live Stock Association

RAINNEY ACCUSES PROMINENT MEN

BITTER ATTACK IN SENATE ON W. N. CROMWELL

Willett's Arraignment of President Roosevelt is Expunged from the Record Under Protest of New Yorker

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—A bitter attack on William Nelson Cromwell, President Obaldia of Panama and others by Mr. Rainey of Illinois was made in the house today.

The postoffice appropriation bill was under consideration, but Mr. Rainey spoke under license of general debate, and was unopposed in his charges of corruption against the persons named. A speech by Senator Davis of Arkansas favoring legislation to prevent such dealings by exchanges in "futures" in products of the soil and a maiden speech by Senator Cummins of Iowa against the passage of the postoffice savings bank bill, as reported by the senate by the committee on postoffices and post roads, were the features in the senate today.

Mr. Cummins spoke in favor of the deposit of postal savings in state and territorial banks. Recommending that the speech delivered by the president in the senate be expunged from the Congressional Record, Mr. Rainey, who was appointed to consider the speech, submitted its report to the house today.

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SEA CAPTAIN EXONERATED FROM BLAME FOR WRECK Charges of Cowardice and Neglect in Star of Bengal Disaster, Costing 111 Lives, Were Unfounded

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 26.—Capt. Erwin Farrer of Seattle received notice yesterday that he and Capt. Patrick Hamilton had been exonerated of charges of cowardice and neglect in connection with the wreck of the canyery bark Star of Bengal and the loss of 111 lives on Coronation island, Alaska, September 20 last.

The decision was rendered by United States Inspectors Whitney and Newhall at Juneau. Capt. Farrer was master of the tug which was towing the Bengal, but was compelled to cut the hawser and seek safety. Capt. N. Wagner of the Star of Bengal preferred the charges against the tug boats, but the inspectors exonerated Farrer and Hamilton, vindicating their actions.

Senator Newlands Re-elected CARSON, Nev., Jan. 26.—United States Senator Francis G. Newlands, Democrat, who had been chosen by popular vote to succeed himself, was today elected by both houses of the legislature voting separately. In the senate he received 17 votes, two members not casting their ballots. The assembly gave him its full vote of 48. The Republicans stood by their agreement to abide by the popular vote and placed no candidate in nomination.



J. T. PRYOR, President Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas

YOUTH VANISHES IN CHINATOWN

SUDDENLY DISAPPEARS IN A MYSTERIOUS MANNER

Goos Sightseeing with Two Girls and Leaves Them to Make Inquiry—Is Not Seen Again

Rolland Poston of Boise, Idaho, aged 21 years, son of a prominent contractor, and who came here from Kansas two weeks ago to make his home in this city with his mother, Mrs. Ella Poston, dropped from sight in Chinatown Sunday night last in a most mysterious manner, and to date the police have been unable to find any trace of him.

Young Poston and his mother are the owners of property at 532 Benton way, Los Angeles, and came here to take possession of the property and to make their home here. Sunday night last, in company with Miss Cleve McKennon of 2323 Bellevue avenue and Miss Lena Hancock of 721 Solano avenue, he went to Chinatown to witness the ceremonies of the opening of Chinese New Year.

After the young people had wandered around Chinatown for a short time Poston left the young women in the curio store of the Huey company on Marchessault street and asked them to wait for him for a few minutes until he inquired as to where they could go to see some of the most mysterious in the Chinese quarter. He stepped out of the place and was swallowed up in the crowd which was moving in the direction of the Chinese quarter. The young women waited in the store until 10 o'clock for him to return, and at that hour concluded to go home.

Girls Much Alarmed Miss McKennon and Hancock were very much alarmed at the unexpected absence of their escort and finally secured the services of a young Chinese, who escorted them to a street car, from which they transferred to a Temple street car and got home. They at once reported the disappearance of young Poston, and while no inquiry was transferred to the police day his mother attempted to find trace of him.

Neither Mrs. Poston nor the police have found any trace of the young man from the time he left the curio store. Mrs. Poston stated last night that her son carried only a little money with him, and she could conceive of no reason why he should go away. She is fearful that he has been enticed into some place and either made prisoner or done away with, but for what motive she does not venture to guess. The police were informed of the absence of the young man last night, and Sergeant Charles Sebastian of the Chinatown squad had the Chinese quarter combed for trace of him.

Although the search was a most thorough one, no news of the young man from which time he left the curio store, a clew to his whereabouts will be found today.

CAUSE OF COLLISION WITH LINER REPUBLIC REVEALED

Agents of Ship Which Rammed Patrial Steamer, Causing Her to Sink, Issue Statement

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—A statement as to the cause of the Nantucket collision between the White Star liner Republic and the Italian liner Florida was issued today by C. B. Richards & Co., agents of the Florida. The statement says: "The Florida was proceeding slowly when the fog whistles of another steamer, which afterward proved to be the Republic, were heard by the officers and lookouts off the starboard bow of the Italian steamer. "The engines on the Florida were reversed and two signals of the whistles were blown, indicating that the engines were going astern. The collision nevertheless took place, the bow of the Florida striking the port side of the Republic somewhat aft of amidships, causing serious damage to both steamers. "When the Republic became visible through the fog she was crossing the bow of the Florida from starboard to port and running at high speed. The helm of the Florida was promptly put to starboard, hoping to swing the bow of the Florida to starboard and to assist in averting the danger of a collision. The other steamer, however, was running so fast that the vessels collided. "The published statements that there was a misunderstanding of orders on the bridge of the Florida are not true. The orders given by the captain were promptly and properly executed."

Local Option Bill Passed BOISE, Idaho, Jan. 26.—The local option bill passed the house today. It is expected the bill will pass the senate.



DWIGHT B. HEARD, President Arizona Cattle Growers' Association

COUNCIL IRATE AT LAW'S DELAY

VOICES ITS SENTIMENTS ON MEXICAN CASE

Communication from Nevada Miners' Union Elicits Strong Expressions as to Treatment of Alleged Revolutionists

"It's a shame!" said President Pease. "Simply outrageous!" exclaimed Councilman Clamptt, his voice trembling with indignation. Councilman Drongold, "we have no jurisdiction in the matter and all we can do is to express our feelings."

This was the spirit in which the city council received today a communication from the Bonanza miners' union No. 235 of Rhyolite, Nev., asking it to use its influence in securing a speedy trial for the alleged Mexican revolutionists, Ricardo Flores Magon, Antonio Villareal and Liberado Rivera, who have been held in jail some fifteen months. The communication was signed by the president, financial secretary and recording secretary of the organization.

The letter stated that the three Mexicans were political refugees from Mexico and that the only crime with which they had been charged was that "they had taken an active stand against an oppressive and despotic form of government." It went on to say that in doing so they had only followed the precepts taught every free-born American citizen at his mother's knee.

Members of the council showed themselves entirely familiar with the case and all were outspoken in their denunciation of such a travesty on justice. President Pease and Councilman Clamptt being specially emphatic. But the council has no jurisdiction over federal cases, and finally decided on referring the communication to the Mexican consul. It considered such action would show to some extent its sentiments, and that as it was powerless in the matter, such a course was better than a mere filing of the letter.

League Exercises Care In strong contrast to the disreputable methods of the workers for the "recall" is the care exercised by the canvassers who have been sent out by the Municipal League. This was commented upon frequently by men who were asked to sign it yesterday. Every man is first asked if he is a qualified elector and whether he is in favor of the recall. If competent to sign the petition and willing to do so he is requested to sign the petition if he has not already signed another. The canvassers are strictly instructed on these points, and every petition goes a concise but thorough record for securing names in compliance with the charter provision on the recall.

Men continued to come to the league headquarters at 402 Equitable bank building yesterday to place their signatures to petitions. Others inquired regarding the regulations concerning registration. Men who have business interests in Los Angeles but live outside the city limits frequently express their regret at their inability to sign petitions and vote to recall Mayor Harper.

PETITIONS FOR RECALL RAPIDLY BEING FILED

LEAGUE HAS LARGE FORCE OF CANVASSERS OUT

PRO-HARPER DOCUMENTS ARE SHOWN TO UNWARY Mayor's Friends Endeavor to Make Showing by Circulating Lists in Drinking Resorts and Obtaining Worthless Signatures

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE workers in charge of the recall campaign feel greater encouragement each day as they see the outcroppings of signs for the recall movement. As one result of the strong public desire to see Mayor Harper recalled so many volunteers to circulate petitions came forward that the committee in charge of headquarters was able to send out nearly twice as many men as had been anticipated. Forty-five experienced canvassers received petitions and went after signatures yesterday, and others were instructed and told to report this morning. The canvassers who will be paid by the league were sent out for day business district, while volunteers were given streets in residence precincts, usually near their homes. In addition to the canvassers sent out for day work another force will be set at work in the evenings to catch the voters who may not have an opportunity to sign petitions during the day. If necessary toward the close of the work men will be placed with tables at prominent street corners to obtain signatures. This line was objection to the charter amendment petitions and was found to work admirably.

Work of Checking Begun The work of checking has already been started. As soon as a petition is filed and sworn to it is checked over and entered on the city and county great register for comparison. Every name is recorded in a blank book for a comparison which will give a knowledge of any duplication. The canvassers must sign a receipt on which a complete record of his progress is kept. With this and other records it is possible for the campaign to maintain a daily balance sheet of the status of the campaign. The laughing stock of the campaign is the petition against the "recall." It is ungrammatical enough to be humorous, aside from the fact that it is written in a language which is not ordinarily used to secure many signatures to substantiate a claim that thousands are for Harper, thus scaring timid voters.

To accomplish this all sorts of subterfuges have been resorted to. One circulator was seen to write several names on his "fake" petition. Another secured the signatures of four teamsters who were in a Main street saloon in a state of intoxication. They had come in from the country and none was a voter. Another man with a "fake" came into a place where workmen congregated and started a discussion regarding the recall. He found some feeling in favor of the "recall" and he kept his "petition" in his pocket and made no effort to obtain any signatures. Canvassers with "fake" petitions yesterday representing it to be a petition in favor of the recall when talking with men whom they thought might thereby be induced to sign. Another method is not often used, as most of the canvassing for the "fake" has been in the saloons and dives, but if the canvasser with a "fake" in his signature he does not hesitate to resort to the deception. League Exercises Care In strong contrast to the disreputable methods of the workers for the "recall" is the care exercised by the canvassers who have been sent out by the Municipal League. This was commented upon frequently by men who were asked to sign it yesterday. Every man is first asked if he is a qualified elector and whether he is in favor of the recall. If competent to sign the petition and willing to do so he is requested to sign the petition if he has not already signed another. The canvassers are strictly instructed on these points, and every petition goes a concise but thorough record for securing names in compliance with the charter provision on the recall. Men continued to come to the league headquarters at 402 Equitable bank building yesterday to place their signatures to petitions. Others inquired regarding the regulations concerning registration. Men who have business interests in Los Angeles but live outside the city limits frequently express their regret at their inability to sign petitions and vote to recall Mayor Harper. The public interest in the recall question continues unabated, and it is the chief topic of conversation in all avenues, second if at all only to the coming charter amendment election. In all sections of the city it seems to be conceded that the answer has been definite to the question, "Is vice protected in Los Angeles?" The ability of the Municipal League to obtain enough signatures to bring about submission of the recall is everywhere taken for granted.

EIGHT JURORS ACCEPTED FOR TRIAL OF HARPER Good Progress Made Yesterday in Paneling Men to Decide Fate of Alleged Bribe Giver SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 26.—Eight jurors had been temporarily passed—try Patrick Galhoun upon an indictment charging bribery when today's session of the trial came to an end. Three citizens were accepted today from among the sixteen who faced the interrogating attorneys at the opening of the day, and the progress made established a record as far as the case is concerned. With the acceptance of the third juror today, the third panel of talemans was exhausted, and Judge Lawlor late in the afternoon undertook the preliminary examination of the sixty-five men comprising the fourth panel.