

# SECURITY SAVINGS BANK

Security Building, Fifth and Spring Sts.  
ESTABLISHED 1889

**Oldest and Largest in Southwest**  
Capital and Reserve Over \$1,300,000.00  
Resources Over \$20,000,000.00

## The Story of a Bank

In the history of banking there are few records which equal that of this institution. Since its establishment, in 1889, its deposits have steadily grown until the total resources exceed Twenty Million Dollars.

The following comparative statement shows the steady increase in depositors and the corresponding growth of interest paid during the past twenty years:

YEAR	NUMBER OF DEPOSITORS	INTEREST PAID TO DEPOSITORS
1889	359	7 24 3 2
1890	1 053	6 4 7 7 0 1
1891	7 081	3 0 9 0 3 8 9
1892	2 297	2 8 7 7 4 3 7
1893	2 447	3 7 8 7 6 8 3
1894	1 880	2 1 7 6 1 7 9
1895	2 135	2 5 4 6 7 2 0
1896	2 551	3 1 0 1 4 7 7
1897	3 007	4 1 2 9 7 3 3
1898	3 435	4 7 9 7 8 3 1
1899	4 079	6 0 1 0 7 1 9
1900	5 214	7 1 5 9 6 5 4
1901	5 868	9 3 8 2 4 2 6
1902	8 919	1 2 7 1 7 9 6 2
1903	11 510	1 6 6 7 6 1 1 7
1904	13 668	2 3 5 8 9 7 5 3
1905	20 744	3 7 9 0 0 4 1
1906	23 801	4 6 5 6 2 7 8 7
1907	48 644	5 8 6 9 3 8 2 6
1908	48 007	6 1 3 2 8 8 0 4
TOTAL	30 614 86 6 1	

**4% Interest on Savings Accounts**  
And on Six Months' Certificates of Deposit

**3% On "Special Ordinary" Accounts**  
Which accounts MAY BE CHECKED AGAINST without presentation of pass book. Interest is paid monthly on the minimum monthly balances.

### ROOSEVELT'S FAMILY TO SOJOURN IN ITALY

WILL REMAIN AT ROME WHILE FATHER HUNTS

Former Executive's Household, Excepting Two Members, to Visit Miss Carew and Tour Provinces

OSTYER BAY, March 9.—According to the present expectations of former President Roosevelt, his entire family, with the exception of Mrs. Longworth and Theodore, Jr., will spend most of the time in Italy while Mr. Roosevelt is away. They will be the guests of Mrs. Roosevelt's sister, Miss Carew, at her villa near Rome.

Mrs. Roosevelt will remain at Sagamore about three months after her husband and son Kermit sail for Africa. Miss Ethel will remain with her mother at home.

Quentin and Archibald, who are away at school, will complete their studies and arrive home early in June. Mrs. Roosevelt and her three children will leave by a Mediterranean steamer port Naples about the latter part of June.

**Grand Jury Discharged**  
NEW YORK, March 9.—The federal grand jury which investigated the Panama canal case and found indictments against the Press Publishing company, which publishes the New York World, and against Caleb Van Ham, one of the World editors, finished its duties today and was discharged. It was understood that no additional indictments in the Panama case were found.

**Vladivostok Port Closed**  
WASHINGTON, March 9.—Vladivostok, Siberia, heretofore an open port, will be closed. This action by the Russian government, information of which was received at the state department today, will result in the application of the tariff duties to imports and exports, such as apply to other ports of entry in Russia.

## TAFT SIDESTEPS FIRST PROBLEM

### DIPLOMATICALLY DODGES AN IMPORTANT POINT

INSURGENTS ENDEAVOR VAINLY TO SECURE AID

New President Declared by Gardner of Massachusetts to Favor Change in Rules of Lower House

[By Associated Press.]  
WASHINGTON, March 9.—President Taft was given an opportunity today to declare himself on the "insurgent" movement to revise the house rules.

Diplomatically he sidestepped announcing how he stood, but in doing so he made a decision and about half of the concert of Mrs. Taft and her guests. Representatives of the New York, chairman of the committee on ways and means, sought the support of Mr. Taft for the existing order of things and the insurgent case was negotiated by Representatives Gardner of Massachusetts, Madison of Kansas and Nelson of Wisconsin.

The visit of the "insurgent" delegation consumed most of the afternoon. The three insurgents heard it charged that Mr. Taft intended to join hands with the house organization in the history of getting the tariff bill through quickly. Greatly disturbed, they hurried to the White House to urge Mr. Taft to take a neutral position and leave the fighting to the executive offices. Mr. Gardner declared with an exhibition of confidence that the "insurgents" no longer in a compromising mood.

**Taft Not Opposed to Change**  
"We are firmly impressed that Mr. Taft is not opposed to a change of the rules," said Mr. Gardner, "but is a little fearful that a contest now would interfere with the passage of the tariff bill."

Mr. Madison tried to show the president that there was no such danger in the fight over the tariff. He said he had told Mr. Taft that he and his colleagues were not disposed to interfere with the continuance of the present ways and means committee and that he thought he could promise that no objection would be made to the continuance of the old committees on any subject which the president inclined to ask for legislation at the present session.

The "insurgents" also promised they would not filibuster against legislation if they made their fight and lost. By these conciliatory promises Mr. Madison said he did not mean that the fight would be abandoned if lost now. He said the insurgents would wait until the proper time to renew it.

Mr. Payne was with the president only a few minutes. When he left he said he had told Mr. Taft that the bill would be ready to report on the first day of the session, but he could not prophesy what would happen if the bill should be introduced in the house were to continue.

Several times during the conference Mrs. Taft sent word that she was ready to sit for the insurgents and she was finally compelled to leave without Mr. Taft.

No announcement was made at the White House about the conference, and nothing was said about the first meeting of the cabinet today.

**New Census Bill**  
The passage of a new census bill during the special session to take the place of the measure vetoed by President Roosevelt is confidently predicted by its friends in congress.

Representative Crumpacker of Indiana, chairman of the census committee of the last house and author of the bill, has been reported to have secured the approval of congress nor will it receive the signature of President Taft.

The plan for the selection of clerks' non-competitive examinations as provided for in the vetoed bill has been abandoned. Judge Crumpacker has sought to apply the merit system of selection, modified to meet the exigencies of the census work.

The new bill provides for "special tests" prescribed by the civil service commission. The selection would differ from the ordinary selection under the civil service in that the director of the census is to decide whether or not that body shall receive candidates to abide by the platforms adopted at the last previous conventions, but that, also, was beaten.

### ANGELENO GIVES BIG SUM TO UNIVERSITY

JACKSON GRAVES PRESENTS \$20,000 TO U. OF C.

Money Is to Be Applied Toward Payment of Mortgage on Los Angeles Medical Department

SAN FRANCISCO, March 9.—A \$20,000 gift to the University of California by Jackson A. Graves of Los Angeles was announced at the meeting of the regents today.

The gift is to be applied in paying off the mortgage on the Los Angeles Medical department, of which all property is now ready for transfer to the university free of incumbrance.

The regents declared the name of the dispensary of the Los Angeles department the Selwyn Emmet Graves memorial, in honor of Graves' son, who was a student in medicine there last year.

The regents adopted a resolution thanking C. E. Cox, assistant in mechanics at the university, for his courageous behavior in saving the life of Howard Gould, an employee, who was injured by a live wire while trying to save the building from fire, and was rescued by the firemen.

An illuminated copy of the resolution will be sent to Cox.

**Meat to Be Cheaper**  
ATLANTA, Ga., March 9.—"Meat will be cheaper this summer," said J. Ogden Armour, who passed through Atlanta in his private car en route from Palm Beach to Chicago yesterday. "Meat is too high at present," he continued, "but this is because of the increased cost of feeding stock just now. It follows that when corn is high, meat is high. This summer we expect the price of corn to go down and meat will be cheaper."

If you want to go east, C. Haydock, Agent Illinois Central R. R., 119 W. Sixth street.

# THE NEW YORK CLOAK & SUIT HOUSE

LARGEST DEALERS IN WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES.

## Wonderful Values in New Waists Wednesday

Our Waist Department now occupies much more spacious quarters than heretofore. The expansion of this section in connection with the extensive remodeling which has been going on all over the store, together with the immense shipments of new spring models arriving almost daily, make this one of the most interesting of the many charming style displays now attracting the attention of women who appreciate what is most beautiful in correct attire.

**Daintiest of Lingerie Waists for Spring**

It would be asking too much of the English language to furnish words to adequately describe these exquisite productions, fashioned from mull, with the aid of countless dainty trills, insertions, edges and bands of the finest and most beautiful Valenciennes, cluny and baby Irish lace and medallions. By far the most attractive waists ever offered at \$2.75 to \$10.75.

**Stylish New Tailored Waists— Hundreds Just Received to Sell for . . . \$1**

These clever new tailored models for the spring of 1909 set an entirely new standard of perfection in their class of lute lacy cut and finish. Only the highest class of manufacturers have succeeded in producing this indescribably chic effect where-in lies the chief charm of these smart waists. The beautiful hand cut details, the fronts, with a touch of color, are particularly pleasing. Prices all the way from \$3.25 to \$6.75.

Chic and Effective Tailored Waists

Every one of these is a new style; smart plaited models, long sleeves with launccred cuffs, handsomely embroidered launccred collars, open front; in plain white and very attractive white barred effects. You will be delighted with these pretty waists at . . .

ALSO 300 PERFECT NEW MODELS IN Linen-Finished Tailored Waists, With Embroidered Cuffs and Collars

## PRIMARY BILL COMPROMISED

(Continued from Page One)

States senator shall have their names placed on the official primary election ballots of the respective parties in the manner provided for state officers; provided, however, that the vote for candidates for United States senator shall be an advisory vote for the purpose of ascertaining the sentiment of the voters in the respective senatorial and assembly districts in the respective parties.

This aroused a storm of opposition from many quarters. Assemblyman Young was the mouthpiece of the minority faction in the controversy.

He declared that if senators were elected in that manner, they would not be truly representative of the people of the entire state.

A legislator who represented a sparsely populated district would have as much voice in the selection of California's representatives in the upper branch of congress as would one elected by a district with ten times as many voters.

**Fraud Made Easy**  
He charged that under this system colonization might eventually be resorted to and fraud could be perpetrated with ease.

In reply the proponents of the amendment declared that under the present system of state government the voters from small districts are not given as much weight in the making of laws as those from the densely settled city districts, and that a primary law without the legislative commission provision would be unconstitutional.

The amendment was adopted by the following vote:

Ayes—Bardoll, Beatty, Behan, Black, Butler, Coglian, Hanlon, Hans, Hawk, Johnson of Sacramento, Johnson of San Diego, Johnston of Contra Costa, Leeds, Lightner, MacAuley, Mc Clellan, McManus, Melrose, Mott, Nelson, O'Neill, Perine, Pugh, Pulicifer, Rech, Rutherford, Schmitt, Transue, Wagner, Wheelan, Speaker Stanton

Nays—Beardslee, Bohnett, Callan, Cattell, Cogswell, Costar, Dean, Drew, Flint, Gerdes, Gibbons, Gillis, Griffiths, Hayes, Hewitt, Hinckle, Holmquist, Irwin, Johnson of Placer, Julliard, Kehoe, Maher, Mendenhall, Moore, Odum, Otis, Polesky, Preston, Seibert, Silver, Stuckenberg, Telfer, Whitney, Wilson, Wyllie, Young—38.

**Amendment Defeated**  
John W. Preston, Democrat, of Ukiah, led the fight that resulted in the defeat of an amendment offered by the majority of the committee pledging legislators to "abide by and contribute to the support of his wife."

The platforms to be adopted by the state and county conventions of the party to be held this year.

It was defeated by a vote of 26 to 42, those opposed by the speaker and his committee being Messrs. Bardoll, Beatty, Black, Cullen, Feeley, Greer, Hawk, Johnson of Sacramento, Johnson of San Diego, Johnston, McClellan, McManus, Melrose, Mott, Nelson, O'Neill, Perine, Pugh, Rech, Rutherford, Silver, Transue, Wagner, Wheelan, Stanton, Grove. Johnson then offered an amendment pledging legislative candidates to abide by the platforms adopted at the last previous conventions, but that, also, was beaten.

**Final Fight in Senate**  
The bill as amended will go to the senate for concurrence and the final fight will take place there unless the senate declines to indorse the amendments, in which case the bill will be referred to the committee to decide whether or not that body shall recede from its position.

A majority of the members of the senate entered by the floor speaker today on a motion by Senator Leroy A. Wright of San Diego, to take up for passage his maximum freight rate bill instead of the measure drawn by John W. Stetson of Oakland, providing a railroad commission may fix absolute freight rates.

The latter had the indorsement of the committee on corporations and judiciary.

The debate was devoted principally to a question of the constitutionality of the two measures. Wright and Stetson each claiming that his opponent's bill would not hold water in the courts.

The Stetson bill gives the commission power to fix the maximum rate for the transportation of various commodities, while the Wright measure permits it to decide only the maximum rate.

**Wright Faction Triumphant**  
E. O. Miller of Visalia, who secured passage of his car demurrage bill a few days ago, was in favor of passing the absolute rate bill and allowing the courts to decide its constitutionality, but the Wright faction triumphed after a discussion lasting for several hours.

The senate lined up as follows on roll call:

For the Stetson absolute rate—Bell, Birdsall, Black, Boynton, Caminetti, Campbell, Cartwright, Curtin, Cutler, Lewis, Miller, Sanford, Stetson, Stronbridge, Thompson 16.

For the Wright maximum rate—Anthony, Bates, Billis, Burnett, Estudillo, Finn, Hare, Hartman, Hurd, Kennedy, Leavitt, Martindale, McCartney, Price, Reilly, Savage, Walker, Weed, Welch, Willis, Wolfe, Wright—22.

## DAUGHTER OF NOTED COMMONER DIVORCED



MRS. RUTH BRYAN LEAVITT

## BRYAN'S DAUGHTER GRANTED DIVORCE

MRS. RUTH LEAVITT ALLEGES NON-SUPPORT

Husband Fails to Contest Action and Wife Secures Decree—Is Given Custody of Two Children

LINCOLN, Neb., March 9.—Ruth Bryan Leavitt, eldest daughter of William Jennings Bryan, was granted a divorce from W. H. Leavitt this afternoon.

Mrs. Leavitt and her mother appeared in the court of Justice Cornish and both alleged that Leavitt had not contributed to the support of his wife. There was no defense. Mrs. Leavitt was granted the custody of the two children.

Mrs. Leavitt testified that her husband, though able-bodied and capable in his profession as a painter, had failed to provide sufficiently to maintain herself and her children.

She testified that it became necessary soon after her marriage, in October, 1903, for her parents to contribute to her support, and that on one occasion her father gave her \$500, the enjoyment of which was shared by her husband.

"My parents even helped us to furnish the home that we established in Denver four years ago," Mrs. Leavitt asserted on the stand. "Mr. Leavitt has been in Paris a year and a half and sent me nothing toward the support of myself and my children. The burden has fallen on my parents. But for their aid I should have been in want."

**Brothers Inherit \$85,000**  
POTALUMA, March 9.—Arthur and Clarence Kimball, brothers, who conduct a barber shop here, learned today that they had been named as joint heirs to an estate valued at \$85,000, left by a relative who died recently in the east.

## MAN IS AWAKENED TO FIND BOTH HIS LEGS NEARLY BURNED OFF

SAN FRANCISCO, March 9.—A special from San Jose states that when George Campbell of Sunnyvale was roused by awakened by the members of the fire department of that place he discovered that both of his wooden legs were merely blazing.

Campbell was sleeping in the American hotel, when a fire broke out. His life was probably saved by the daughter of the proprietor, who discovered the blaze and ran in her night clothes to warn the fire department.

The blaze was practically confined to Campbell's room, and he slept blissfully with his wooden extremities provided for a lively bonfire.

The chief damage was done to the legs.

## TELEGRAPH NEWS IN BRIEF

**Oppose Football**—A bill prohibiting football at all state institutions has passed the house of representatives in Salt Lake City, but it has small chance of passing the senate.

**Farmer Murdered**—While Lon L. Chappell, a farmer, was seated at the supper table with his wife at their home near Memphis late Monday night an unidentified person fired a charge of buckshot through a window, inflicting wounds from which the man died within a few moments.

**Call for Meeting**—The executive committee of the Georgia Textile association yesterday issued a call for a meeting of all textile interests of the south at Atlanta on March 15. The purpose of the meeting will be to consider the tariff and other important questions relative to the textile industry.

**Consul Honored**—Charles Herrold, consul general in Chicago for Turkey for many years, has received recognition of an unusual kind from the new Turkish government. It is the order of the Commandery of the Ottoman Empire. He has for some time possessed the order of the Commandery of Mejdide.

**Pioneer Dead**—Mrs. Margaret Ellen Liscomb, the first white child born in Chicago after its incorporation as a city, is dead in Bloomington, Ill. She was born on March 3, 1836, and was surrounded by her family by squaws. Her first bath was taken in a tub made from a hollow log. She was rocked to sleep in a cradle of bark.

**Accused of Fraud**—Henry S. Hudspeth, former president of the New Orleans Typographical union, was arrested there late last night charged with fraudulently obtaining money from the union. He was a candidate for the presidency of the International Typographical union in Chicago. M. Wagner, at the last convention of the organization.

**Accused of Libel**—Todoro Kalaw, editor of El Renacimiento, the organ of the radical element of the Philippines at Manila, has been convicted of libeling Dean C. Worcester, a member of the Philippine commission, and sentenced to serve nine months in the military prison of Bilibid and to pay a fine of 3000 pesos. Kalaw will take an appeal from the sentence.

**Hero Killed**—John Vant, a truck driver of New York, is dead after having sacrificed his life in a fire. A 6-year-old boy who darted in front of the horses in East Twenty-second street. In an endeavor to turn the team aside the horse fell on his back, and was crushed. He died two hours later in Bellevue hospital.

**Find Ancient Duck**—The complete skeleton of a prehistoric duck, estimated by Dr. H. C. Bumps of the American Museum of Natural History to be 3,000,000 years old, has just been acquired by the museum in New York. The specimen is a well preserved that the greater part of the skin of the head, legs and body may be seen. It was found near Lance creek, Wyoming.

**Arrested by Girls**—Herman Hossmeister is under arrest on suspicion of attempting to pass a worthless check in Oak Park, Chicago. He was captured by five girls and two boys at a school party after an exciting chase. The suspect attempted to escape by crawling upon the approach of a toboggan slide, but was dragged out by the youngsters and eventually landed in a cell.

**Discusses Women**—No woman need remain a mental lightweight in this age of progress. She can cure herself of her intellectual inferiority by getting a job, forgetting romance and costly raiment, mixing in politics and freeing herself from "incarceration in the home," according to statements made by Prof. W. I. Thomas of the University of Chicago, whose views concerning the "adventitious character" of woman have been widely disseminated.

**To Adopt Old Styles**—The annual convention of the dressmakers' convention, which will begin in Chicago today, will be signaled by important edicts dooming the direttore gown and kindred styles and indorsing costumes of the tenth, eleventh, twelfth and fifteenth centuries. The "waist line," it is announced, will be near the knees, which means there will be no such thing as a waist line.

**Fatal Duck Hunt**—While duck hunting in a boat on the Calumet river at Black Oak, ten miles east of Hammond, Ind., Joseph Welsh of East Chicago accidentally shot and killed himself. In falling his body overturned the boat, throwing L. Miller, the other occupant, into the water. The latter was unconscious when rescued and is expected to die. A similar fate is predicted for Welsh's wife as a result of the shock caused by the news.

**Victim of Mistake**—Rose Cohen, an 8-year-old girl, is convalescing in the Harrisburg hospital after having been operated on Sunday for appendicitis by mistake. The child and her 11-year-old brother were sent to the hospital because the enlarger incident with the appendix was given an anesthetic and her appendix was taken out. The surgeons say the appendix was somewhat inflamed, but they did not discover their mistake until the parents called.

**To Adjust Feud**—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, may go to Chicago next week to adjust a long standing difference between the carpenters and woodworkers' unions, which for several years has caused much annoyance to builders throughout the country. Recently the carpenters' work on a Chicago building "walked out" because members of the woodworkers' union were employed to do work on floors and ceilings. The "strike" tied up the work for more than a week.

**Zion City Excited**—Zion City and the Christian Catholic Apostolic church, of which Wilbur Glenn Voliva is general organizer, have been thrown into a turmoil over the expulsion of John Taylor, one of the presiding elders, who is a member of a circulating literature hostile to the Voliva regime. For a long time the thirty different factions into which Zion City's population is divided have been in comparative peace, each following its own plans and purposes, but these anonymous dodgers have opened a new avenue for trouble. An effort is being made to bring about peace.

**Criminal Ends Life**—A man who, the police say, was Thomas Murphy, one of the cleverest of the old time pickpockets, committed suicide in New York by shooting himself through the heart. He fired the shot while sitting on a bench at a party in Harlem. Two policemen, attracted by the noise, arrived in time to see his body roll off to the sidewalk. Murphy had made preparations for death, having recently gone to an undertaker and left instructions for the cremation of his body. A peculiar statement was found on his person, telling of his experience with the police and how he was "hounded" by the police. He was 60 years old and formerly a bookmaker.

**Invade Park Row, N. Y.**—True to their promise, a band of suffragettes invaded the downtown newspaper district at 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning in the hope of a party in the streets of and conveying to the cause of woman's suffrage the night working employees of the newspapers along Park row. The women were halted in front of the Tribune building, and the speechmaking began at 3 o'clock. Although there were few persons on the street at the time, a crowd soon collected and listened to the talks. Among the well known women who were seen in the wagon were Mrs. Boorman Wells and Dr. Maude Glasgow.

**IMPERSONATE DEAD MEN AND ATTEND CONVENTION**  
Bankers Learn That Many Delegates in Denver Wore Impersonators

**KNOX OBJECTS TO TITLE, BUT PROVES EARLY RISER**  
New Secretary of State Arrives at His Desk at 9 o'clock in the Morning

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Secretary of State Philander C. Knox is one cabinet officer who, it is understood, does not appreciate the title of "Mr. Secretary." He much prefers being called "Mr. Knox."

Among other democratic tendencies of the new premier is his habit of early rising. Six o'clock is rather a late time for him to get up, so that before the usual office hours he has performed a large amount of work.

Since assuming the state portfolio he has arrived at his desk at 9 o'clock or earlier. In the hope of attaining his practice of taking papers home with him to be studied and acted on in the early morning before he goes to his office.

Eat at the Angelus grill.

School girls and boys may win cash prizes for the best letter on "My Ambition." Write to Aunt Lauris, care this paper.