

FREDERICKS IS HELD IN SCORN BY WOODWINE

Good Government Candidate Addresses Large Audience in Pasadena

MEETING SMASHES RECORD Voters of Crown City Hear Earnest and Stirring Appeal with Eagerness

BRANDS OPPONENT S. P. TOOL Shows Servility of District Attorney to Walter Parker and Bossism

"It is not a question of whether the individual, Thomas Lee Woodwine, is elected, but you are afforded to re-elect John D. Fredericks?"

When Mr. Woodwine, himself, Good Government candidate for the office of district attorney of Los Angeles county, asked that question last night in Woodman hall, Pasadena, before the largest and most enthusiastic political meeting ever held in that city...

"I am here as a man more than as a member of any political party," he continued, "if you believe in me and what I shall tell you, vote for me. If you do not, bury me so deep in the oblivion of adverse ballots that I never shall be able to crawl out."

"Many charges have been made against me. My enemies have said that I am too young for the office. Well, I am a young man, 36 years old, and I wish I were younger, but they want you to believe that I am a school-boy—well, I've dug up a heap of trouble for a schoolboy!"

"They charge that I did not serve four years in the United States attorney's office here. But I did. I went in under a Democrat and I was kept there by a Republican."

"They say I've never been a city attorney of Los Angeles, fired me for incompetency. In a letter to me he says I was neither asked nor compelled to resign, and as to my enemies, he says I never myself a vigilant and competent official."

"I dislike to talk too much about myself. My mother taught me that self-praise is half scandal, but I must answer the charges against me."

INDEX OF HERALD'S NEWS TODAY

FORECAST For Los Angeles and vicinity: Fair Thursday; light north wind, changing to south. Maximum temperature yesterday, 79 degrees; minimum temperature, 57 degrees.

LOS ANGELES Executive of Baldwin estate denies claim of Beatrice Anita Turnbull Baldwin. PAGE 3 Hold preliminary hearing of Julia La Fayette Roberts, charged with forgery. PAGE 3 Citizens aid Mrs. Dolores Vidal to save home. PAGE 4 Women and children plead for life of bear in market, and he is donated to park zoo. PAGE 4 Judge Church lectures husband seeking divorce on the evils of jealousy. PAGE 8 City permits two employees to lay off for one year. PAGE 8 Johnson refutes rumors of his independence. PAGE 9 Four-track system of Pacific Electric company to Pasadena will shorten time if run. PAGE 10 Women help boy to kill rat in First street. PAGE 10 Annual Methodist conference opens with chicken supper. PAGE 9 Big steel plant planned for San Pedro. PAGE 2 Hearing of Phyllis Roberts on forgery charge held. PAGE 2 Earl Rogers and Chief Seymour clash over serving of subpoenas in San Francisco. PAGE 2 Theaters. PAGE 4 Society and clubs. PAGE 4 Mining and oil fields. PAGE 4 Building permits. PAGE 4 Signage. PAGE 4 Citrus fruit report. PAGE 7 Markets and financial. PAGE 7 News of the courts. PAGE 8 Municipal affairs. PAGE 8 Editorial and letter box. PAGE 10 Politics. PAGE 11 City brevities. PAGE 11 Sports. PAGE 12 Marriage licenses. PAGE 14 Classified advertising. PAGE 14-15

SOUTH CALIFORNIA Redlands woman charges brother-in-law with battery, but fails to appear in court. PAGE 13 Members of Pasadena Tournament of Roses committee begin campaign. PAGE 13 Contract is let for 500-foot wharf at Ocean Park, to cost \$150,000. PAGE 13 Boreas combine files on 8000 acres near San Bernardino. PAGE 13 Harbor official inspects concession of Pacific Wharf and Storage company. PAGE 13 Hiram Johnson delivers address at Pomona. PAGE 13 Speakers at Alhambra board of trade meeting oppose annexation of Pasadena to Los Angeles. Pasadena and Alhambra to Los Angeles. PAGE 6

COAST Steamship Umatilla arrives from Nome with \$250,000 in bullion. PAGE 16 New Mexico constitutional convention safeguards enforcement of corporation law. PAGE 6

EASTERN Ordnance bureau works on system to arm and equip field army during war. PAGE 3 Columbia university establishes course in artistic costume. PAGE 3 British steamer Kalsonga arrives at Boston after encountering monsoon. PAGE 3 One of big events at Belmont park is Auburn's flight of ten miles in seven minutes. PAGE 3 Census director hears protests of Tacoma committee. PAGE 16 United States consul at Quebec reports new prohibition on crusade does not affect woodpulp supply for paper making. PAGE 6 Report Chicago facing serious famine. PAGE 2 Judge Alton B. Parker in speech at Oswego criticizes Colonel Roosevelt. PAGE 3

FOREIGN Aeronauts of balloon America II reported safe. PAGE 7 Post and Hawley break all world's balloon records for distance. PAGE 7

FOUNDRY EXPLOSION SHROUDED IN MYSTERY

PASADENA, Oct. 27.—An explosion in the cupola of the furnace in the Pasadena foundry at 10:30 last night put the plant out of commission for several days, and twenty-five men will be idle until repairs are made. The cause of the explosion is a mystery and an investigation is being made. The proprietor of the foundry, J. V. Wishart, says it could not have been a gas explosion.

SAN FRANCISCO MAIL SACK LOST EN ROUTE FROM EAST

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., Oct. 26.—It was learned today that a registered mail pouch destined to San Francisco, was lost on Burlington train No. 15, which left Chicago Monday. The loss was discovered when the mail transfer was being made here from a west-bound train, but the fact was not made public at the time.

CONNIE MACK TO WED

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.—A marriage license has been issued here for Connie Mack, manager of the world's champions, and Miss Katherine Hallowan, a West Philadelphia girl. The marriage will take place within two weeks.

SIGMA XI'S ADMIT WOMEN

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.—The University of Pennsylvania chapter of the Sigma Xi, the honorary scientific fraternity, today decided that hereafter women would be eligible to membership.

POST AND HAWLEY SAFE; NEW WORLD RECORD IS MADE

Aeronauts of Balloon America II Travel Approximately 1350 Miles

LAND IN CANADA WILDERNESS

Out-Distance Count de la Vaulx' Flight in 1900 from France to Siberia

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—Alan R. Hawley and Augustus Post, the aeronauts of the balloon America II, for whom search had been prosecuted in the Canadian wilderness, have established a new world's record for sustained flight.

RECEIVE MESSAGES The message to Mr. Hawley read: "Landed in wilderness week ago, fifty miles north of Chicoutimi. Both well. ALAN."

The Perkins message ran: "Landed Paribonka river, north Lake Chlopana, 19th. All well. Returning. HAWLEY AND POST."

With receipt of the news there ended a search which had come to be regarded by many as almost hopeless, and in which the governments of this country and Canada were participating.

BREAK WORLD'S RECORD

"Indications are that you have broken the world's record for sustained flight in a balloon. Please accept my sincerest congratulations on your skill. You are the only ones who would be glad to see you outside myself. I know from my own experiences what you must have risked to make such a trip."

CAPTAIN OF DISABLED SHIP STICKS TO CRAFT

GALVESTON, Texas, Oct. 26.—Dis-mantled, water-logged and with eight feet of water in her hold, the four-masted schooner Hollis Wood of New Orleans was towed into port late today by the British steamer Parkwood, herself eight days overdue from Trinidad.

Captain Walls of the disabled hulk is still aboard his craft, after a harrowing experience, refusing to land unless so ordered by the schooner's owners. The other seven men of the crew were taken off by a New York-bound steamer several days ago, but Walls, refused to go. The schooner then was believed to be sinking.

PHILIPPINE OFFICIALS DEPART FOR WASHINGTON

MANILA, Oct. 26.—E. L. Worcester, a member of the Philippine commission; Frank W. Carpenter, executive secretary of the Philippines; and Charles H. Sleeper, director of the bureau of lands, will leave here for Washington November 16. They will take with them all the records bearing on the controversy over the friar lands in the Philippines.

HIRE NON-UNION MECHANICS

SEDALIA, Mo., Oct. 26.—Fifty non-union mechanics went to work in the Missouri Pacific shops here today. The men were brought in from other cities.

The Relations of District Attorney Fredericks and the Harper Administration

Showing How Fredericks Failed to Enforce the State Law and Close Dives Protected by the Southern Pacific Machine Government. Also How He Has Failed to Prosecute Two Offenders Indicted by the Grand Jury in Connection with the Red Light District Scandal.

BECAUSE of the transcendent importance of the contest which involves the selection of an honest, fearless man to discharge the important duties of district attorney for this county, we desire once more to call our readers' attention to the relations of District Attorney Fredericks and the late corrupt Harper administration in this city.

In the first place, it was shown by the admissions of Mayor Harper that he was elected as the candidate of the Southern Pacific machine. This was also shown by the fact that when the matter of Harper's resigning or being prosecuted for receiving money from the red light district came up he consulted Walter Parker, the boss of that machine, and acted upon his advice.

Mr. Harper took office in the first part of January, 1907. He appointed a board of police commissioners, one member of which was the notorious gambler and saloon habitue, Sam Schenck. This appointment at once threw his administration under suspicion of alliance with all the most evil elements of the city, and the suspicion was soon verified. A red light district, presided over by Nick Oswald, was established in the city and run in a more open and brazenly defiant manner than ever before.

First—That of more than thirty saloonkeepers who had purchased stock in corporations in which Mayor Harper and some of his police commissioners were interested all but one were flagrantly and openly violating the laws governing the sale of liquor in this city.

Second—That one of these men, Goings, was maintaining a dive of the lowest order at Seventh and San Pedro streets in the city, where the Herald detective saw a girl in short skirts led to her ruin after being plied with liquor in the cafe.

Third—That the disreputable Bisbee Inn was run by another of these men as a place for the destruction of girls; one instance being shown where two girls who had been inveigled into the place had been compelled to appeal to the desk clerk for protection against the men who took them there.

Be it also remembered that the maintaining of the red light district involved not only moral degradation of the worst sort but the violation by numerous places of the liquor laws by selling without licenses.

In the grand jury report made on February 10, 1909, which was so favorable to the Harper administration that it became known as the whitewashing report, this language is used: "Section 13 of the Penal Code, which has been a law of this state since 1872, forbids houses of prostitution, making their existence and the renting of property for that purpose a misdemeanor. We found in regard to the so-called red light district as follows: "When this grand jury was called there were about 100 houses of prostitution in the city of Los Angeles and about 330 known inmates."

The maintenance of these houses being a violation of the law of the state, whose enforcement was intrusted to the district attorney of the county of Los Angeles, IT BECAME THE BUSINESS OF MR. FREDERICKS' OFFICE TO HAVE THEM ABOLISHED AND STOP THIS VIOLATION OF LAW. But it will be remembered that it was shown to a subsequent grand jury that these houses were being protected by the city administration because the city officials were receiving from them a monthly contribution to their pockets.

During all the time of the existence of this frightful evil in the city of Los Angeles the district attorney's office could have stopped it by an effort to enforce the state law, but that effort was never made. During this time Captain Fredericks, the district attorney of the county of Los Angeles, charged with the enforcement of the state laws against places of this character, had at his disposal the county treasury and a force of from six to a dozen detectives. The violations of the law, however, were so open and notorious that they did not require the expenditure of any money or the employment of detectives to discover them.

They had become a public scandal, known of all men, reported in the newspapers and freely commented upon, yet all this public knowledge and complaint produced no action on the part of the district attorney's office toward the enforcement of the state law forbidding these places cited by the grand jury's report. During this time the district attorney with his great force of detectives and unlimited money at his disposal did close a number of "blind pigs" throughout the county, whose proprietors had no particular influence. BUT DURING THIS TIME HE DID NOT RAISE HIS HAND FOR THE PURPOSE OF REDEEMING THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES FROM THE MOST SCANDALOUS ORGIES OF LAW-DEFYING IMMORALITY THAT EVER CURSED THE CITY. HAD HE ENFORCED THE LAW AS HE SHOULD HAVE DONE, THE INCOME OF \$500 PER MONTH BEING PAID THE CHIEF OF POLICE, MR. SCHENCK AND MAYOR HARPER FROM THESE SINKS OF INIQUITY WOULD HAVE BEEN STOPPED. In other words, had the district attorney done his duty the city government which the Southern Pacific machine had inflicted upon the city of Los Angeles would have been interfered with, and he would have been going contrary to the sentiments of the officials constituting that government.

We would commend these facts to the careful attention of Dr. Chapman and the members of the Anti-Saloon league, who sometime ago passed a resolution indorsing Mr. Fredericks' candidacy. Do they think that the suppression of a few "blind pigs" throughout the county is sufficient to have wiped from Mr. Fredericks' record the stain of permitting a hundred places of the kind described in the grand jury's report to exist in the city of Los Angeles? Places where the evil committed was a dozen times greater and more fatal to the morals of the community than any evils arising from the "blind pigs" which Captain Fredericks very properly closed out?

Furthermore, when indictments were returned against some of the men responsible for this frightful condition they were permitted to escape without prosecution by District Attorney Fredericks. The grand jury succeeding the one whose report we have quoted from indicted Broadhead, Schenck and Oswald. The former was indicted for receiving money for permitting houses of prostitution to remain open while he was acting as captain of the police of this city. Schenck was the man, as shown by the evidence before the grand jury, through whose negotiations the proprietors of the red light district had been brought in touch with the members of the city government. Oswald was the man who owned and developed the red light district and received the money from its inmates which was paid to the city officials.

Broadhead was tried and promptly acquitted, but notwithstanding the fact that indictments against Schenck and Oswald had been standing for something like eighteen months, NOTHING HAS BEEN DONE TO BRING EITHER ONE OF THESE CASES TO TRIAL. On the contrary, the records of the court show that they have both been removed from the docket and no attempt has been made to do anything with them. Yet District Attorney Fredericks, having in his charge the prosecution of these men and having it in his power to impose punishment upon them, is recommended by Dr. Chapman and the members of the Anti-Saloon league as a fit man to be charged with the enforcement of the laws of the state against vice and immorality.

Furthermore, the grand jury that indicted Broadhead said in its report: "It is the unanimous belief of this grand jury that large sums of money were paid for the protection of prostitution in the so-called red light district to certain officials of this city under investigation other than those indicted. However, owing to the lack of sufficient corroborating evidence, we are of the opinion it would be impossible to convict such officials if indicted. Finally, it is the opinion of this grand jury that the investigations into official misconduct can best be carried on secretly by the district attorney without the aid of a grand jury."

Thus we see that the grand jury submitted these matters to the district attorney in the confident belief that he would carry on the investigations and institute other prosecutions. HE HAS NOT ONLY DONE NOTHING OF THE KIND BUT HE HAS NOT EVEN PUSHED TO A TRIAL TWO OUT OF THREE INDICTMENTS WHICH THE GRAND JURY FOUND AGAINST MEN RESPONSIBLE FOR THESE EVIL CONDITIONS IN THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES.

Do Dr. Chapman and the gentlemen of the Anti-Saloon league who indorsed Mr. Fredericks want to keep in office a man who deliberately refused to enforce the state law and by so doing permitted the existence of a hundred deadfalls in this city for the destruction of humanity?

Do the people of the city of Los Angeles feel that Mr. Fredericks, who failed to enforce a plain law of the state and thereby suppress an evil which had become so flagrant and shameful that it was daily commented on by the newspapers of the city, is a fit person to be again entrusted with the enforcement of the law in this county for the next four years?

If Mr. Fredericks failed to enforce the law, and thereby destroy the hundred places of prostitution existing in this city by the grace of the Harper-Southern Pacific machine city government, because certain members of that government were receiving \$500 a month from these places, is it not possible that he might find it to his advantage to permit other criminal laws of the state to be violated during the four-year term for which he is now a candidate?

Good citizens must answer these questions to themselves when they go to the polls to vote on the 8th day of November.

BELL STRIKES AGAIN BLOWS AT S. P. WIPER

Crowds Turned Away from Great Chutes Park Democratic Meeting

STATE LEADER HITS BOLDLY Says Special Privilege Will Rot Nation at Core if Not Halted

CHEERS DROWN STRONG TALK Impressive Address of Candidate for Governor Thrills the Vast Audience

BELL'S ITINERARY TODAY

10 a. m.—Guest of Dr. Malaby at Pasadena until noon. 12:15 p. m.—Open air meeting at Pasadena, leaving there at 2 p. m. 7:15 p. m.—Speech at Redona Beach. 8:30 p. m.—Speech at Venice.

Theodore A. Bell, Democratic nominee for governor; Timothy Spellacy, Democratic nominee for lieutenant governor, and a corps of newspaper correspondents representing several of the big daily newspapers of the north, arrived in Los Angeles at 8 o'clock yesterday morning and were met on their arrival by a large number of Democrats and Republicans, with several of whom the two state standard-bearers immediately advised concerning the local political situation.

Mr. Spellacy went immediately to his offices in the Citizens National Bank building where he passed the afternoon besieged by visitors and endeavoring to wade through a vast amount of personal business and correspondence that had accumulated during his three weeks' absence. Mr. Spellacy appeared to be in the most optimistic mood.

"This election is going to be the biggest surprise that California has ever witnessed," he said. "Bell will come to the Teahachapi with 40,000 plurality, if not more. San Bernardino, Riverside and San Diego counties are absolutely safe. You know more about Los Angeles county perhaps than I do, because I have been away for a few weeks but if conditions are even one-half so favorable as they are reported, Mr. Johnson's plurality will not exceed 2000 votes. If, indeed, Mr. Bell does not carry it."

"People may think that I am overly enthusiastic or hypnotized, but having traveled up and down the state, meeting thousands and thousands of people, I want to say to you the election of Mr. Bell is absolutely assured. The campaign of abuse, misrepresentation, and vilification which has been indulged in by Hiram Johnson has made many thousands of votes for Mr. Bell."

ADDRESSES STUDENTS Mr. Bell's speech before the 2000 students of the Polytechnic high school at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, was not in the nature of a political, or partisan address, but was a talk, in plain, simple, and direct language, with the present educational system, its urgent needs and benefits. He also spoke on the advantages of a thorough and well-rounded education, and on the advantages that a college education would afford him, so that he might go out into the world and more successfully combat with it.

"But I had never looked into a college door," he said, "even up to the time that I was elected district attorney of Napa county."

"An education is almost invaluable, but greater than education, and more to be desired than fame, power or riches, is character. That is the one firm corner stone on which the successful structure must be built. Honor, integrity, loyalty to ideals, a living conscience, the fearlessness to dare and to do which we know is right and just, even though we meet with immeasurable opposition."

Mr. Bell's speech was loudly applauded by the students of Polytechnic, who gave him unusually profound attention, and seemed to listen eagerly to every word of it.

Mr. Bell was given a most enthusiastic reception at South Pasadena, where he spoke for about a half an hour last night. He made it quite clear that he had given his opponent credit.

"You may rest assured," he said, "that there will be no William F. Herrin or political bureau of the Southern Pacific or any other corporation in the government of California if I am elected governor. I have my record to back up my promise. I ask you, has my record?"

REFERENCES TO HERRIN "There will be no William F. Herrin to tap legislators and governor on the shoulder and place his men in judicial positions," he said. "Honor, integrity, loyalty to ideals, a living conscience, the fearlessness to dare and to do which we know is right and just, even though we meet with immeasurable opposition."

"If I cannot win the governorship in a manly, decent manner, I don't want the job. I ask you to remember that four years ago I went out as a volunteer and spent my own money fighting Huef and Schuchert and all their gangs. I received no fee. My patriotism was not measured by the size of a fee.

"At midnight, on September 18, just before I started out on this terrific campaign, I called around me at headquarters in San Francisco all the men (Continued on Page Five)