

ALMANAC FOR 1863.

THE Friends of HENRY S. CASON, respectfully announce him a candidate for reelection for Tax Collector of Abbeville District, at the next election. Nov. 14, '63, 49, if

Notice.

Office Greenville & Columbia R. R., Columbia, April 8, 1863. THE Agents of this company are instructed not to receive for any Cotton unless ordered to be shipped, and not to receive for it, unless it is in good order and plainly marked. The Company has never acknowledged itself liable for Cotton until it is ordered to be shipped, and is received for. Cotton thrown upon the Railroad platform and along the line, and not received for, is at the owner's risk. It is greatly exposed to fire, to be stolen, and loss and damage from other causes. Much confusion must arise from its not being plainly marked. Persons interested are requested to keep their Cotton at home until it is to be shipped over the Road.

By order of THE PRESIDENT. GREENVILLE AND COLUMBIA R. R. COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

Table with columns for months (JANUARY to DECEMBER) and days, listing train departure and arrival times for Greenville and Columbia R.R. Company.

NOTICE.

HAVING bought the Interest of Dr. I. BRANCH, in the Book and Drug Store,

I will, as far as the limited means will allow, owing to the war, keep such Stock as has always been kept. All orders must be addressed to me.

CASH. Being the System all over the Confederacy, it must attend Orders, as I do not intend to have a book of Credit.

EDWIN PARKER. Feb 13, 1863. 411

THE SOUTH CAROLINIAN.

BY R. W. GIBBS. Daily Paper, per annum \$10. Tri-weekly, per annum \$6. Columbia Edition, (Weekly), per annum \$4. Having adopted strictly the Cash System, no paper will be mailed unless paid in advance.

COLUMBIA GUARDIAN.

BY CHARLES P. PHILAM. For the Daily Guardian \$10.00 a year. For any less time \$2.00 for a month. Tri-weekly Guardian, \$4 for 6 months. Weekly Guardian, \$4 a year. No subscription for less time.

COLUMBIA S. C.

For the Daily Guardian \$10.00 a year. For any less time \$2.00 for a month. Tri-weekly Guardian, \$4 for 6 months. Weekly Guardian, \$4 a year. No subscription for less time.

CHRONICLE & SENTINEL.

Published Daily and Weekly. TERMS: DAILY PUBLISHED MORNING AND EVENING. ONE YEAR \$20.00. SIX MONTHS \$10.00. THREE MONTHS \$6.00. TRI-WEEKLY: ONE YEAR \$12.00. THREE MONTHS \$8.00. WEEKLY A. MAMMOTH SHEET: ONE YEAR \$4.00. ALWAYS IN ADVANCE. ALL PAPERS STOPPED AT THE END OF THE TIME PAID FOR NOT PREVIOUSLY RECEIVED.

THE RICHMOND EXAMINER.

Published Daily, Semi-Weekly and Weekly. TERMS: THE DAILY RICHMOND EXAMINER is mailed for \$15 per year, or \$3 for six months, \$5 for three months, and \$2 for one month, invariably in advance. THE SEMI-WEEKLY EXAMINER is issued every Tuesday and Friday at \$8 in advance. The Semi-Weekly will not be mailed for a less term than six months, which is \$5. THE WEEKLY EXAMINER is issued every Friday, and mailed to subscribers at \$5 per annum in advance. The Weekly will not be mailed for less than twelve months. THE EXAMINER is published on the cash system, and will not depart from it under any circumstances. Persons who desire to get the paper, please accompany their orders with the cash. Persons sending subscriptions must do it at their own risk. Advertisements will be inserted in the Daily, Semi-Weekly and Weekly at one dollar per square per week insertion. Advertisers must pay in advance for their advertisements. Fifty words or less constitute a square. We will under no circumstances return uncollected ad rejected communications.

NEGROES WANTED.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES. Will be paid for NEGROES. Address, ALLEN VANCE, Greenwood, S. C. Feb 27 48

MEDICAL CARD.

The undersigned having located at his Father's, J. T. Baker's two miles north of Lowndesville, offers his Professional Services in all of the branches to the citizens of that vicinity. All patients attended to with care will be faithfully attended to. JAS. E. BAKER.

BOTTLES AND VIALS.

BEING much wanted, I will buy any that may be brought to me. They must be CLEAN. EDWIN PARKER. Feb 13, 1863. 411

DEBTORS AND CREDITORS.

Estate of David Keller, dec'd. ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of David Keller, deceased, now due, by Note or Account, are solicited to pay the same to Mr. Wm. H. Wilson, at the Press Office, and those having demands against the Estate will present them to the same, properly attested. NANCY KELLER, Admrx. Jan 30, 1863. 39 3m

50,000 POUNDS OF

Washed and unwashed Wool wanted, for which the Highest Cash Price will be paid. Also, on hand a large lot of excellent Factory Yarn, both coarse and fine Numbers. Apply to JNO. McBRIDE, Agt. Abbeville C. H. P. O. Abbeville C. H., June 19, 1863, 7-1/2

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Creditors of the Estate of G. E. Farrington, dec'd, are hereby notified that in three months from this date, a final settlement of said Estate will be made in the Ordinary Office—all demands not then presented for settlement will be barred. WM. H. PARKER, C. E. A. D. and Adm'r. July 7, 1863, 10, if

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

For eleven consecutive hours the bombardment raged with more or less violence. About dusk the fire, which during the afternoon had been incessant (probably with the design of demoralizing our men and unfitting them for the expected night's work), began to slacken considerably, and at dark ceased almost entirely. The results, thus far, had been of a character to give us good cause for encouragement and gratulation. The damage to our Battery was significant and of a kind easily and speedily repairable. The bomb-proof had afforded efficient protection to a large portion of the garrison, and our casualties at seven o'clock, p. m., were four killed and fourteen wounded. Of the enemy's losses from our fire, if any, we have, of course, no trustworthy account. Post Sumner, which bore a part in the action, sent several shells into the Craig Hill Batteries, and also into the camp of the enemy about three and a half miles distant, it is believed, with good effect.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

COLUMBIA, July 2, 1863. WHEREAS, information has been received at this department that WILLIAM T. MOSS, who was in the jail of Richland District under sentence of death for the murder of James Phillips, did, on the night of the 27th of June, make his escape from the said jail. Now therefore, I, M. L. BONHAM, Governor of the State of South Carolina, do hereby offer a reward of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said William T. Moss and his delivery into any jail in this State.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

In Equity. James M. Hopkins and Wife vs. William Crowder and Wife. Bill for Partition of Real Estate.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

By virtue of the decree of the Court in this case I will sell, at public auction, on the first Monday in August next, the REAL ESTATE of Dr. Frank Clinckscale, deceased, situated in Hogskin creek, consisting of four tracts: Tract No. 1 known as the "Home Tract," containing 261 3/4 acres. Tract No. 2 known as the "Hogskin Mount Ground Tract," containing 15 1/2 acres. Tract No. 3 known as the "Hill Tract," containing 22 1/2 acres. And Tract No. 4 known as the "Lawkins Tract," containing 99 acres.

SALE OF LAND IN ABBEVILLE.

REUBEN CLINKSCALE vs. J. F. CLINKSCALE. Bill for Partition.

By virtue of the decree of the Court in this case I will sell, at public auction, on the first Monday in August next, the REAL ESTATE of Dr. Frank Clinckscale, deceased, situated in Hogskin creek, consisting of four tracts: Tract No. 1 known as the "Home Tract," containing 261 3/4 acres. Tract No. 2 known as the "Hogskin Mount Ground Tract," containing 15 1/2 acres. Tract No. 3 known as the "Hill Tract," containing 22 1/2 acres. And Tract No. 4 known as the "Lawkins Tract," containing 99 acres.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

Abbeville District—Citation. By WILLIAM HILL, Esq., Ordinary of Abbeville District.

WHEREAS, Robert C. Harkness has applied to me for Letters of Administration, of all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits of Robert H. Harkness, late of the District aforesaid dec'd.

These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and creditors of the said deceased to be and appear before me, at our next Ordinary's Court, for the said District, to be held at Abbeville Court House, on the 25th day of July next, to show cause, if any why the said administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand and seal, this 14th day of July one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and in the 87th year of the Independence of the State of South Carolina. WILLIAM HILL, O. A. D.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

Abbeville District—Citation. By WILLIAM HILL, Esq., Ordinary of Abbeville District.

WHEREAS, James D. Chalmers has applied to me for Letters of Administration of all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits of Richard L. Chalmers, late of the District aforesaid dec'd.

These are therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and creditors of the said deceased to be and appear before me, at our next Ordinary's Court, for the said District, to be held at Abbeville Court House, on the 25th day of July next, to show cause, if any why the said administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand and seal, this 14th day of July one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and in the 87th year of the Independence of the State of South Carolina. WILLIAM HILL, O. A. D.

THE STRUGGLE FOR MORRIS ISLAND.

About 8 o'clock, the desultory cannonade with which the experience of a week and made our community familiar was again heard. For nearly three hours the boom of the guns was maintained with the usual deliberation; but about eleven o'clock it was noticed that the reports came in far more rapid succession. By noon it became well understood that the foe was resolved to subject our position to an ordeal much more severe than any which, up to that time, it had encountered. At that hour, as we learn by accounts from Morris Island, the converging fire of the enemy against the battery had become truly fearful. Five monitors, the frigate Ironsides, seven wooden gunboats, with the land batteries which the Yankees had thrown up on the lower portion of the island, kept up constant fire of shot and shell into our works. No less than sixty-five heavy guns and eight mortars are known to have been in play against us. At one time, so rapid was the fire that it reports averaged twenty seven per minute. One of the monitors lay north-north-east of Battery Wagner and two to the southeast, while the others, with the Ironsides, kept a position nearly opposite the sea face of the battery. The wooden gunboats maneuvered at some distance outside the line of "targeted monitors," relying chiefly upon their long range, rifled siege guns. There were two Yankee batteries on Morris Island—one, consisting of two guns and a mortar, was located at Craig's Hill, within eight hundred yards of our battery; the other was beyond Grant's House, and had an armament of eight rifled shell guns. It is estimated that during the day, no less than nine thousand shells were fired at the battery.

THE MOVEMENTS NEAR THE CITY.

The surprise of the enemy's force upon James' Island last Thursday morning was, in some respects, a more important achievement than the first actions had led us to believe. Not only were the Yankee gunboats driven down the stream, but the Yankee land forces were cleared off the Island. We understand that they crossed over the causeway which connects James' Island with Battery Island, at which latter place they now are.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

GETTYSBURG FIGHT IN RELIABLE SHAPE.

The following, though not of a very late date, we consider so reliable: GETTYSBURG, July 5, via Winchester and Staunton.—The most desperate battle of the war has been fought here. It commenced on the evening of July 1st, between portions of Lee's and Hill's command, and heavy Federal forces under Gen. Reynolds. We drove the enemy back the first day and killed, G. S. Reynolds, and captured three thousand prisoners. The Baltimore papers admit a loss in this preliminary battle of ten thousand killed, wounded and prisoners. On the 31st of July both armies concentrated at four o'clock, McLaw and Hood, of Long-treat's corps, led the right attack and drove the enemy a mile and a half. Our success on the left and center was not equal to that on the right wing. The enemy occupied a range of hills stronger than Malvern Hills. McLaw's and Hood's division took 1,900 prisoners and several guns and flags, inflicted a terrible loss on the foe, and suffered heavily themselves. On the 31st the battle was resumed. In the afternoon the enemy was driven from several positions, but not dislodged entirely from his strong position when night came. All was quiet on the 4th. We could not provide an attack from the enemy. During the night the enemy retreated towards Washington. No pursuit was made. The loss was heavy on both sides. The following is a list of Confederate casualties: Killed: Generals Garnett and Kemper, Col. Colburn, Parkman and Williams, of Virginia; Gen. Barkdale, Colonel Carter, and Captain Stump, nephew of President Davis, of Miss.; Col. D. S. Samsure, of Col.; Colonel Jack Jones, Gilson, Harris, Will and Warden; Lieutenant Col. Casswell, Jans and Moulter, Major Embarck, Lieut. Wood, and Captains Haak and Redding, of Georgia. The following were wounded: Maj. Gens. Hood, Trimble, Pickett and Pender; Brig. Generals Hampton, Semmes, Anderson, Armistead, Robinson, Jenkins and Jones; Colonel Griffin, Holter, Fiske and Sayers, of Miss.; Col. Keedy and Major McCleod and Miller, of S. C.; Col. Forney, Imke and Slaughter, Major Fletcher and Captain King and Smith, of Ala.; Colonel Jack Brown, Towers, Little, Anthony; Major Davidson, Jones and Reed; Captains Frisbie, Canton, Bather and Lusk, of Georgia. The following are reported as missing: L. Col. Harris, Major Ross, Capt. George S. Jones, Lieut. Able Cummings, Captain R. Campbell, A. A. Freeman, of Georgia. Our total loss, twelve thousand—that of the enemy, twenty-five thousand, including six thousand prisoners. On the 5th of July Gen. Lee moved towards Hagerstown, as the enemy had retired. This movement was made to re-open his communications and for other reasons not proper to be mentioned, though satisfactory. P. W. A.

THE MOVEMENTS NEAR THE CITY.

The surprise of the enemy's force upon James' Island last Thursday morning was, in some respects, a more important achievement than the first actions had led us to believe. Not only were the Yankee gunboats driven down the stream, but the Yankee land forces were cleared off the Island. We understand that they crossed over the causeway which connects James' Island with Battery Island, at which latter place they now are.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she has been known to lend a helping hand with the musket at several battles in which she participated.—Richmond Examiner.

THE FEMALE LIEUTENANT.

"Lieut. Byford," the female Lieutenant from the South, arrested in this city and sent to Castle Thunder, has been released by Gen. Winder. The charge of being a Yankee spy was never alleged against her, and she is indignant that such a thing was ever insinuated. She persists in sporting her military costume, and it was this that got her in trouble with the Richmond authorities. Her real name is Mrs. S. T. Williams, and her husband is a 1st Lieutenant in company E, 18th Connecticut regiment, under Banks, in Louisiana. Her father is Maj. J. B. Roche, of Mississippi, but she was born in the West Indies. Her people were wealthy, and her annual income before the war was \$20,000, most of which she spent in getting medicines for the Confederate Government. Her penchant was to follow the army in a private ambulance with medicines, bandages and so forth, and apply herself to the relief of the wounded, though she