

AMARILLO DAILY NEWS

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AMARILLO, TEXAS, THURSDAY, JUNE 13, 1912.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

LOCAL VOTERS HEAR RANDELL

Sherman Candidate for Senate Addresses Crowd of Hundred and Fifty

DISCUSSES GRAFT BILL

PAYS COMPLIMENTS TO BOTH SHEPPARD AND WOLTERS, NAMING THEM BAILEY SHOE-WEARERS.

Col. C. B. Randell of Sherman, spoke in the district court room in Amarillo last night in support of his candidacy for the United States senate, following introduction by former State Senator Veale, in the presence of a mixed audience approximating one hundred and fifty persons.

Col. Randell gave the opening section of his speech to lauding Amarillo and the Panhandle country, and gave special attention to the location of the Seventh Supreme Judicial district in this city. He also spoke in terms of marked friendship for Chief Justice Graham of the appellate court, mentioning a friendship that has existed a number of years. Note was made in the speech of the fact that Amarillo has also a Federal court and then Col. Randell declared: "In fact Amarillo is after some of every good thing that is going, and is successful in this laudable ambition." He stated that a Federal district is not impossible for this portion of the country within a short time.

Following this complimentary introductory, the speaker referred intimately to his accomplishments for the constituency of his district. This included public buildings of which he claimed six within six years and the establishment of a number of rural free delivery mail routes.

Col. Randell then stated that under proper conditions farm life is the most pleasant and profitable, and then followed with an analytical explanation of the importance of the farm and its wealth producing possibilities. He declared organized labor to be a necessity to offset organized capital, and that he has stood for all proper labor legislation. Rising to his full height, Col. Randell declared: "The cause of Labor is the cause of Humanity," following with a modification of the same thought in the statement: "Labor is life, while inactivity is death," suggestive of the physical act as labor, without reference to the cause as seen by the masses.

Separation of the church and state, religion and moral issues, and politics and religion and politics and morals, was declared by the speaker to be imperative. The error and impossibility of attempting to blend any of this group matter, was gone into, and described as fraught with greatest danger.

Then Col. Randell gave attention to the hurtfulness of gifts when viewed in connection with public officials, declaring that however honest, good or manly a congressman might be, he is subject to temptation by the lavishing of rich offerings upon him by the special interests. For this reason he had introduced his bill prohibiting the employment of a member of congress by any corporation, trust or special interest.

It was stated by Col. Randell that the assertions that he had at various points spent two hours bemoaning Senator Bailey, are falsehoods in every detail, as are similar expressions with reference to Wolters and Sheppard. He said that he had mentioned the names of individuals only when in his judgment such action becomes necessary, and that personally he is friendly with each of the senatorial candidates.

"The two men out against me," declared Congressman Randell, "are not in the race against each other, but understand each other. They represent the same policies as are represented by Senator Bailey, and the election of either of them will mean a continuation of the same in Texas. Sheppard occupies the pro-shoe, and Wolters the anti shoe of Senator Bailey, for he has them."

It was a declaration of the speaker that the Bailey policies are those of the stand-pat Republicans. In this connection Mr. Randell said that every corporate and special interest and every unholy combination is at this time against him.

Following the close of the speech which was interspersed with a showing of appreciative applause, Col. Randell spent several minutes shaking hands and getting acquainted with the people.

Col. Randell leaves today for Tulsa where he will speak in the afternoon.

WESTPOINTERS ARE AWARDED DIPLOMAS.

West Point, June 12.—Members of the class of 1912 of the United States Military Academy received their diplomas from the hands of Major General Thomas H. Barry, superintendent of the Academy, this morning. On the platform were seated Secretary of War Stimson and other notables.

CLOUDBURST IN WYOMING FATAL

Two Known Deaths Result and Many Others are Reported Drowned

Cheyenne, Wyo., June 12.—Cloudbursts in Wyoming last night caused two known deaths, and many others are reported drowned and two hundred rendered homeless.

Property damage was heavy and will reach \$500,000.

Rodney Childs was drowned in Sheridan county, after rescuing his sister, while attempting to save his sister's three-year-old baby, which was swept away in the arms of the man and drowned with him.

Every store and house in the town of Buffalo was damaged, and many were swept entirely away by the waters.

RAIN-MAKERS EFFORT WINS AT SAN ANGELO.

San Angelo, Tex., June 12.—Following the rain making experiment which started yesterday evening rain commenced falling here this afternoon at 2 o'clock and is falling now at a good rate this city is rejoicing at the result of the experiment.

The rain-makers have contract to furnish ten inches of rain over an area of forty miles within ninety days.

ROOSEVELT ROUSED TO FIGHTING MOOD.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., June 12.—"They are bolting from the Republican party this moment," said Roosevelt tonight of the Taft men on the National Committee.

Roosevelt was roused to fighting mood by news from Chicago, and denounced the committee's action in deciding the contests today.

"What do you think the twenty-four Roosevelt delegates, already seated from California, will do if the convention declines to admit the other two?" Roosevelt was asked.

"I am not making any prophecies," he replied.

ROOSEVELT FOR WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., June 12.—Theodore Roosevelt announced today through Judge Lindsey of Denver that he was in favor of woman's suffrage in this country, and that the platform which he would submit to the Chicago convention would contain an unequivocal declaration to that effect.

The WEATHER

Local Forecast.
Probably showers Thursday
Yesterday's Temperature.
At 7 a. m. 59 At 7 p. m. 76
Maximum 78 Minimum 58
1911 Max. 90 1911 Min. 62
Precipitation 1.25 inches.

Texas Weather.
Texas: Western Texas, generally clear and warm with exceptions at Hamlin, Stamford, Quanah and San Angelo, light rain. North and Northwest—Partly cloudy and pleasant with light rain at Childress, East and Northeast—Generally clear, warm, part cloudy vicinity Longview and Marshall; light rain at Marshall, also at Nacogdoches; South—Part cloudy warm and light rain at Galveston.
Oklahoma: Generally clear and hot.
Louisiana: Shreveport, clear and hot.

Washington Forecast.
Washington, D. C., June 12.—For West Texas—Generally fair Thursday and Friday.

NEW HOPE FOR REBEL FORCES

Reported Partial Demoralization of Federal Army Inspires Enemy

OROZCO MORE CONFIDENT

BELIEVES ASSURANCE OF MONEY AND AMMUNITION WILL ENABLE HIM TO DEFEAT GOVERNMENT ARMY.

Chihuahua, Mexico, June 12.—Reports of partial demoralization in the Federal ranks, due to General Huerta's determination to resign command, have inspired the rebels with confidence.

With money and ammunition Orozco believes he will be able to whip the government army.

To hold Chihuahua against the Federal's Orozco has sent west and north large forces.

The rebels insist that their supply of ammunition is being augmented, in spite of the difficulties placed in their way at the international boundary.

Orozco is directing the campaign from this point.

EMBARGO ON NEWS.

El Paso, Tex., June 12.—A strict embargo was imposed today upon correspondents with the rebel army at Bachimba and Chihuahua, two hundred miles south of here, forbidding publicity to troop movements.

General Orozco announced that he had ordered General Campa to move eastward to Ojinaga, where the Federal forces are gathered.

The general impression here is that Campa, one of the most dashing officers of the rebel army, has actually been detailed in the opposite direction to harass the Federal column, recruited in Sonora.

WANTS INFECTED DEALER BARRED

Commissioner Abbott Favors Amendment to Pure Food Laws

Austin, Tex., June 12.—Commissioner Abbott of the State Pure Food and Drug Department, announced today his intention of asking the next legislature to amend the state food law so as to prevent persons with contagious or infectious diseases from handling food or drinks sold to the public from restaurants, cold drink stands or fruit stands. His decision in this respect was inspired by the finding of a tubercular patient conducting a fruit stand in a town west of Austin.

At present the law provides that no person afflicted with a contagious disease shall be permitted to handle dairy products for the public, but it does not apply to other commodities.

WINGFIELD NAMED TO SUCCEED NIXON.

Reno, Nev., June 12.—Governor Oddie of Nevada today appointed George Wingfield of Reno, a friend and business associate of the late United States Senator Nixon, to serve the state as senator until a meeting of the Nevada legislature in January, 1912.

At that time the legislature will elect a successor to complete the unexpired term, extending until March, 1917.

Club Women Off for Convention.

New York, June 12.—Carrying with them a good-sized presidential boom for Mrs. Philip Carpenter of this city, the several hundred New York delegates to the biennial convention of the General Federation of Women's Clubs departed this afternoon for San Francisco, where the convention is to meet June 25. The delegates will make the trip in a luxuriously equipped special train of twenty-five cars. The westward journey will be made over the New York Central and Santa Fe route. The return trip will be by way of Seattle, Portland, British Columbia and Winnipeg.

TAFT FRIEND TO COMMERCE COURT

Believed He Will Veto Appropriation Bill, Abolishing That Tribunal

WOULD PROVE UNUSUAL

MIGHT RESULT IN PASSAGE OF SECOND BILL WITH OBJECTIONABLE PROVISION ELIMINATED.

Washington, D. C., June 12.—President Taft is said to believe so strongly in the need for a Commerce Court that his friends predicted tonight he would veto the legislative executive and judicial appropriation bill, which abolishes that court.

The bill provides salaries for the president, federal judges, court officials, members of Congress, their messengers, members of the president's cabinet, and employees of the government departments. In view of this fact a veto would be unusual, but probably would mean only a second consideration of the bill and possibly the passage of a second bill, abolishing the court.

The bill must be passed before Congress adjourns, and unless the two-thirds majority is necessary to put it through each House over Taft's veto is secured, the bill probably will be sent again to the White House, without the provision objectionable to Taft.

Anglo-Canadian Wedding.

London, June 12.—Many prominent Canadians resident in London attended the wedding today of Miss Gladys Howland and Lieut. Col. Percival E. Thacker, formerly of Ottawa. The bride is the daughter of the late W. H. Howland and niece of Lady Tilley of Fredericton, N. B. The wedding took place at All Saints Church, Emsayre Gardens, and was followed by a large reception at the Hyde Park Hotel.

CLEARING AIR REVEALS RUIN

Devastation Wrought by Volcanic Eruption in Alaska Was Great

Cordova, Alaska, June 12.—No word was received today from settlements on the mainland at the foot of the Katmai volcano, where greatest suffering exists, if any people of that section survived the eruption.

Captain Perry of the ship Manning reported by wireless that no more eruptions had occurred and that the air is slowly clearing of smoke and ashes, the returning light, revealing the real horrors of the general devastation wrought by the outburst from the fiery mountain.

Refugees aboard the Manning regained some confidence with the return to normal air conditions and are leaving the ship in an endeavor to reach their former homes, which lie in ruins.

Ashes in some places are from twenty to thirty feet deep and nearly all the houses are destroyed.

The problem of feeding the destitute is a serious one. The only drinking water to those on the island was supplied by the Manning.

Some of the natives believe that an evil spirit was sent to destroy them.

LUTHERAN CHURCH IS DEDICATED.

Plainview, Tex., June 12.—The Lutheran church in the German settlement northeast of town was dedicated Sunday. Rev. Romberg of Austin, president of the Texas Church Senate, presided, and Rev. C. Statler was installed as pastor. Henry Ralschen and F. Meyer, trustees; F. Lindemann, H. Sannmann and E. Robloff, elders. There are many large German settlements in the Plainview country.

New Jersey G. A. R.

Asbury Park, N. J., June 12.—Asbury Park has put on patriotic dress in honor of the Grand Army veterans of New Jersey, whose forty-fifth annual state encampment will assemble here tomorrow morning for a two days' session.

ROUSSEAU'S MEMORY HONORED IN FRANCE.

Paris, June 12.—Paris today began a celebration of the 200th anniversary of the birth of Jean Jacques Rousseau, the famous writer and philosopher. The anniversary is to be observed also in Genoa, where Rousseau was born, and in other places associated with his memory.

CHARITY FORCES IN CONFERENCE

Most Notable Gathering of Kind in American History at Cleveland

Cleveland, O., June 12.—The most notable gathering of its kind ever held in America is the designation applied to the annual meeting of the National Conference of Charities and Correction, which assembled today in Cleveland for a week's session. In addition to the conference proper, meetings are to be held simultaneously by the American National Red Cross Society, the Federated Boys Clubs of America, the National Federation of Remedial Loan Associations, the National Association of Public Relief Officials and the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People.

The several gatherings have attracted to this city a mighty host of prison reformers, settlement workers, practical philanthropists, charitable visitors, officials of public institutions, heads of juvenile republics and other men and women who have made their life's work the scientific study of the best means of caring for or reforming the defective and incorrigibles, feeding the hungry, clothing the naked, educating the ignorant and reforming the transgressor.

The national conference will devote most attention this year to problems relating to the improvement of the condition of the working classes. Under this general head many men and women who are well qualified to deal with the subject will discuss the problems of congestion of population, the economic and physical effects of the eight-hour day, the hazard of labor in coal mining and other dangerous occupations, the high cost of living as affected by industry and a growing poverty, the relations of employees and employers and numerous kindred subjects.

The conclusions of the Federal Immigration Commission as published in its recent report were called into question by Cyrus I. Sulzberger of New York in an address on "Immigration" before the conference this evening. Mr. Sulzberger insisted that the commission's conclusions which favor a restriction of foreign immigration based upon a test of the immigrant's ability to read and write were "unwarranted because they utterly failed to tally with the evidence which has been presented in the forty odd volumes published and to be published as the result of the commission's investigations. That they do so fail is shown not alone in the summary of the volumes which have been published by the commission, but in the book that has been issued by one of its members, Prof. Jeremiah W. Jenks in conjunction with Mr. W. J. J. Lusk, expert in charge of the industrial investigations of that commission.

The only accurate generalization made by the restrictionists on the subject of immigration," said Mr. Sulzberger, "is that the nationality of the immigrants has changed that whereas in former years the bulk of the immigrants came from northwestern Europe, it has lately been coming from south and eastern Europe. This is obviously true, but it is not true as is so often asserted, that while the so-called older immigration was desirable the newer is undesirable." Mr. Sulzberger proceeded to apply many statistical tests to the statements made by the immigration commission to show the invalidity of the commission's conclusions.

Commencement at Mt. Holyoke.

South Hadley, Mass., June 12.—The seventy-fifth annual commencement was held today at Mt. Holyoke College. Rev. Charles R. Brown, of Oakland, Cal., delivered the address before the graduating class, after which the 170 members of the class received their diplomas from President Woolley.

MANAGERS HURL BITTER CHARGE OF CORRUPTION

Bribery, Theft and Other Allegations Made by Republican Leaders

STATEMENT BY MCKINLEY

SAYS ROOSEVELT CHAMPIONS ARE MAKING EFFORTS TO INFLUENCE TAFT'S DELEGATES WITH MONEY

LIE, DECLARES DIXON

Possibilities of Convention Bolt and Organization of New Party Opposed Discussed in Hotel Lobby and Party Headquarters.

Chicago, Ill., June 12.—Charges of bribery, theft and other accusations, tonight threatened to precipitate decisive developments before the opening of the Republican convention next Tuesday.

Charges of corruption were made through the press tonight by Director McKinley of the Taft bureau, accusing Roosevelt managers of an effort to capture the convention by force.

Two sensational possibilities were discussed in the conference rooms of the hotel corridors and party headquarters today. The first was a bolt by Roosevelt forces and the organization of a progressive party if Taft is re-nominated. The bolt talk rose to a point in the Roosevelt meeting today, where William Filan was presiding, that he refused to let the talk go further.

The second possibility was a compromise candidate. Leaders declared beyond question that they expect Taft and Roosevelt leaders to abide by the nomination of either candidate.

Roosevelt men insisted that they could sweep nothing at the hands of the ruling Taft majority in the committee, and criticized the work of that body with increasing bitterness.

Director McKinley issued a statement tonight, saying in part: "That an effort to corrupt Taft delegates has been under way for several weeks is common knowledge. Seven weeks ago money was sent to Taft-instructed delegates in a certain southern state by a well-known Roosevelt leader now in Chicago. That there is a well-defined effort on foot to buy the presidential nomination for Roosevelt is beyond question."

"A plain campaign lie," was Senator Dixon's report to the McKinley statement on behalf of the Roosevelt forces.

Last night the Roosevelt committee complained bitterly on the action of the national committee today.

FORTY MORE VOTES ARE GAINED BY TAFT.

Chicago, Ill., June 12.—President Taft gained forty more votes in the Republican convention today through settlement of contests at the National Committee.

In the California, Arizona and Michigan contests Roosevelt forces voted their full strength against Taft delegates.

The contests settled today in Taft's favor were as follows:
Arizona, delegates-at-large, 4.
California, fourth district, 2.
Louisiana, delegates-at-large, 5; also 2 delegates from each of the seven districts.
Michigan, delegates-at-large, 5.
Mississippi, delegates-at-large, 4; first district, 2.
Previously credited to Taft, 191.
Previously credited to Roosevelt, 1.
Governor Osborn of Michigan and his Roosevelt delegates-at-large were re-named.

The National committee still has before it 120 contested seats.

The remaining Mississippi contests and those of Missouri, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina and Tennessee, it is thought, will be disposed of tomorrow.

Commencement at Iowa University.

Iowa City, Ia., June 12.—The class of 1912 at the State University of Iowa received diplomas today at the annual commencement exercises. The address to the graduates was delivered by Dr. John H. Finley of the College of the City of New York.