

CLOSER RELATIONS JAPAN AND U. S.

PROF. MATHEWS INSTRUMENTAL IN BRINGING FRIENDLY FEELING IN JAPAN.

Special to The News.

TOKIO, March 19.—The freeston with which views have been exchanged as to the relations between the United States and Japan has been a notable feature of the past few weeks. This has been due directly to the visit of Prof. Shailer Mathews of the University of Chicago, part of whose speeches here in the interests of friendlier relations have been cabled. Prof. Shailer bore instructions from the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, which organization sent him here, to present American views, as he interpreted them, with entire frankness. In the same spirit, Baron Kato, the minister of foreign affairs, replied, after hearing Prof. Mathews speak before the Congress Association.

In elaboration of the summary of these views, which was cabled, there follow some of the more interesting portions of the two addresses, which the American colony here believes will do much toward strengthening the cordiality between the two people.

Prof. Mathews said the great body of Christians in the United States was ready in its service to Japan. It is a common desire. As to the American attitude toward Japan, he said he thought some Americans failed to understand Japanese foreign policy, and suspected the Japanese of deliberately endeavoring to be in the East what Germany was in Europe.

"I have been reading literature on that subject sufficiently to see how that is," he said. "There are expressions in Japanese publications which give the impression similar to the remarks of General Bernhardt, relative to German culture. This feeling, again, I do not want to have emphasized in your minds as a dominant one, or in any sense active or general, but there is no question that it is in the minds of some American citizens, and, at the risk of appearing discursive, I want to mention one or two things in this connection.

"I know you will not understand me as saying what I think, but simply reporting what I have found in America. There is a feeling on the part of certain Americans that the agitation over the California incident is all out of proportion to the importance of the incident, and that the real point that lies back of it all is a suspicion that Japan fears that America will in some way mix up with China. The argument is to the effect that the treatment of Japanese by New Zealand, Australia, Canada and other sections of the British Empire is entirely as unjust as that in the case of America, attention is centered there as a diversion from drawing attention to the Chinese people."

American feeling about China was two-fold, Prof. Mathews thought. There was first, the commercial desire expressed in the so-called policy of the open-door. There was also a sort of romantic feeling for China and the integrity of that country. It was the latter sort of feeling that America had sixty years ago for Japan. It was not a military feeling. It could not imagine that the United States would ever think of going to war over the matter, but into a great many other things, all of which tended to lead up in the minds of some Americans in that word "Japanese imperialism" and the control of the Pacific.

Prof. Mathews left the United States when the Tsangmu situation was very much in discussion. The people of America got an impression that the Japanese Government promised to give back Formosa to China, he said. This came a dispatch in which it was stated that such promises had been given. He thought he would understand the situation. He himself did not think that any such promise was given except in terms of the ultimatum, which was a very different thing from what the American people thought. Some believed that Japan was holding the greatest opportunity, not even gains to a nation, in its failure to get people to understand and to get in accordance with what Americans thought was going to be done.

Accuses Charity Organizations



Theodore Roosevelt.

Judge E. H. Gary.

Colonel Roosevelt, with Judge E. H. Gary, chairman of the board of the steel trust and head of the committee on monopolies at New York, (L. R.) made a tour the other night of the stadium where some time has been put to work and in the course of a talk observed that some charity organizations give of every dollar they collect when only ten cents and five cents are needed.

Charles (the money) they want to be given cents to those who need the seven cents," he said. "Do you mean anything in particular?" he was asked. "Yes," he exclaimed. "I mean something but I'm not going to say it. In this kind of work every cent given by the public goes to the poor and reaches them to help the poor who are even worse off than they are. In these things the original charges are only five cents."

MEMPHIS JOTTINGS

Special to The News.

MEMPHIS, Tex., March 19.—J. A. Wadley received a message yesterday that her father, Capt. J. T. Wadley, died at 10:20 P. M. after a short illness. The patient was about 84 years old, a typical southern gentleman of the old school. He was a native of Tennessee and a captain in the southern army.

John M. Clark, a prominent lawyer of Memphis, formerly of this city, has this week on business. W. B. Hester, an Amarillo, is making after business for the week. All our best wishes.

Men Pay Homage to Mother's Friend



"I am not surprised to observe the number of men who come into the store to purchase Mother's Friend, a household remedy." The speaker, who is also heard of in the papers, is a man of about 40 years of age, and is a native of Memphis. He is a man of a very high character, and is a native of Memphis. He is a man of a very high character, and is a native of Memphis. He is a man of a very high character, and is a native of Memphis.

BRIDGE BLOWER FIGHTS HIS CASE

GERMAN DYNAMITER FACES A CHARGE OF TRANSPORTING EXPLOSIVES.

Special to The News.

BANGOR, Maine, March 19.—At 10:30 p. m. for Werner Horn, the daring young German who dynamited the international bridge between the United States and Canada, at Bangor, Maine, began yesterday their fight to prevent his being taken to Boston, to answer to indictments found by a federal grand jury, charging him with transporting dynamite from one state to another. Horn will be arraigned before United States Commissioner Reid today, and a hearing long and bitter is expected. U. S. District Attorney Anderson of Boston will be represented at the hearing, and will ask that Horn be sent to Boston to face the government charges.

Horn has already served a month in jail at Bangor for changing property by the explosion at the bridge. He was arrested on completion of his term by U. S. marshals, who brought him to Bangor. He was arraigned on March 8 and held in \$10,000 bail and committed to the Penobscot county jail.

Three secret indictments were returned in Boston against Horn for the illegal carrying of explosives across state lines. In the second of which he was arrested, charged him with two counts, one for carrying dynamite from New York to Boston and the other from Boston to Bangor.

Horn's sensational career has caused much anxiety at the State Department at Washington. The act of dynamiting the bridge was effected by Horn in the act of war. That Horn is a native of Germany and defied the authorities to touch him, the grand jury could not find himself face to face with the stern law of Maine in regard to breaking windows and other acts endangering the property of its inhabitants. Temporarily he was freed of the law, but he would be extradited to Canada, where he would be held until he could be sent to Boston to face the government charges.

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Railroad Fare	\$48.30
Pullman Fare	17.50
Meals enroute, 10 days at \$2.50	25.00
Hotel at Exposition, 5 days at \$4.00	20.00
Entrance to Exposition, 5 tickets	2.50
Tour of San Francisco	1.00
Tour of Los Angeles	1.00
Tour of Salt Lake City	1.00
Tour of Denver or Colorado Springs	1.00

TOTAL \$117.30

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Amarillo, Tex.

PLANTS WHICH MAY SUPPLANT TREES

SPECIALISTS OF GOVT. MAKING SUGGESTIONS FOR REAFFIRMING.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Mar. 19.—A big "no-chose" annual plant, which is now being planted in the fields of the government, is being planted in the fields of the government, is being planted in the fields of the government.

The specialists of the government are making suggestions for reaffirming the fields of the government. They are making suggestions for reaffirming the fields of the government. They are making suggestions for reaffirming the fields of the government.

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Dollar Day---Bargain Day

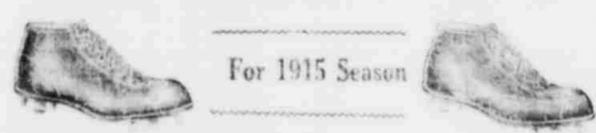
March 24

What? The Daily News, with the assistance of many Amarillo Merchants and Business Men will hold a dollar day bargain day. March 24th is the date that has been selected for this big event and when we say big, we mean just what we say.

Practically every merchant in the city will participate. Each one will look over his stock of goods and select especially for this occasion bargains that will be well worth your waiting for and best of all every one of them goes for just One Dollar and no more.

Wait for The Daily News Dollar Day—Read the advertisements which will appear in The Daily News on March 24—DOLLAR DAY.

New Baseball Shoes



Our stock of Baseball Shoes has just been opened. We will have three grades of shoes this season — \$3.75, \$5.00 and \$6.50. No matter which ones you buy you will get the best value for your money that was ever offered in a Baseball Shoe. Every pair is fully guaranteed in every way. Every ball player in Amarillo knows that our guarantee means something. Come in and be fitted while we have your size.

Nunn Electric Co.

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