# AMARILLO DAILY NEWS

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## PRESIDENT COMPLETES DEFINITE SETTLEMENT PLAN FOR RAILROADER

WHETHER BOTH SIDES WILL GIVE IN TO PROPOSITION CREATES CHIEF DANGER OF THE NEW PLAN.

## EIGHT HOUR CONCESSION PART OF PLAN

**Contemplates Agreement on Eight-Hour Day and Its Observance by Railways and Submission to New Commission to Be Appointed By Wilson or Created By Congressional Act.**

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—President Wilson today completed a definite plan for the settlement of the threatened nation-wide railroad strike, and will submit it to both sides tomorrow. The proposition contemplates that the railways shall concede the eight-hour day with the agreement that it shall be observed. Later it will probably be submitted to the proposed Federal Commission appointed by the President or created by an act of Congress.

The chief obstacle to this plan lies in the fact that the railways insist upon arbitration and their resistance to the eight-hour day and time and a half for overtime. Whether both sides will give in on these points constitutes the chief danger tonight.

The general committee of 640 men representing the employes arrived here tonight, with plenary powers. President Wilson will meet the entire general committee at 5 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at the White House and lay his plan before them. He will also meet the railway managers tomorrow and make the same proposition. The President will also try to get both sides together tomorrow on the commission proposition. All day petitions from unorganized labor, protesting against the strike, poured into the White House. Congress is keeping in close touch with the situation.

## ENGLISH COTTON OUTLOOK SERIOUS

LANCASHIRE MILLS ARE NOT GETTING ENOUGH TO KEEP GOING.

MANCHESTER, England, Aug. 16.—The outlook in regard to future supply of raw cotton for the great Lancashire mills is serious, according to Chaisman Hutton of the Council of British Cotton Growing Associations. Mr. Hutton says:

"The demands of the world for cotton are going to increase, and particularly in America which country, thanks to the war, is now getting a very strong hold on the export trade. This means that every year when supplies are short there is going to be a scramble for cotton and we can be sure that America will not go short, and that Great Britain as the next largest consumer will be the greatest sufferer. The situation is one to cause the gravest concern. I do not think one can exaggerate its seriousness. Unless we can build up new supplies in other parts of the world I can see most serious troubles facing the Lancashire cotton trade, and it may be that Lancashire will permanently lose a very large proportion of our export trade. If that should happen many of our mills will have to close and a large proportion of the population will suffer.

"The Lancashire cotton industry is mainly dependent on the export trade, primarily to the extent of four-fifths of the machinery employed. It has to meet the competition of the whole world and in the past this has been done by producing articles cheaper and superior in quality than our competitors can produce. For this we must have ample supplies of the longer fiber and better qualities of cotton.

"Lancashire is dependent on America for 81.7 per cent of the cotton produced for the mills, which have increased to six millions and looms to 800,000, and as America consumes more every year it means short time and other difficulties for Lancashire mills besides a shortage in exports of cotton goods.

Great Britain, according to Mr. Hutton, is not obtaining the same proportion of the American crop as formerly. In the period 1909-1913 Great Britain took 24.5 per cent of the American crop, but in the period 1910-1915 it was only 12.4 per cent. This is accounted for by the great increased consumption on the part of America and if the cotton trade of the world is to be in a position to meet the natural increase in the demand, an increased production every year of at least 500,000 bales is necessary.

## WILSON EXPLAINS DELAY TO MEXICO

TELLS CARRANZA HE HAD RATHER WAIT TO GET CAPABLE MEN FOR JOB.

By Associated Press.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 16.—The Foreign Office today received advices from the State Department in Washington explaining the delay in the appointment of the American commission to consider the Mexican situation. The communication says that several men of high standing whom it was desired to appoint were unable to serve because of other engagements. It concluded that it deems it wise to wait and obtain the services of men of undoubted fitness rather than to rush matters.

**Washington Announces Note.**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Secretary Lansing now has been sent to Carranza regarding the selection of the American commissioners, it understood to have been prompted by intimations that Mexican officials misunderstood the delay. The commission is expected to have a recess until after which President Wilson is making careful selections. At the present time all of the President's efforts are being directed to avert the threatened railroad strike.

## RUSKY IS AGAIN HEAD OF ARMIES

RUSSIAN GENERAL RETIRED BY ILLNESS HEALTH AGAIN IN COMMAND.

By Associated Press.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 16.—General Nicholas Rusky has been appointed commander in chief of the Northern armies of Russia. He commanded the same forces at the outbreak of the war and rendered the brilliant operations that culminated in the capture of Lemberg. Later he was compelled to retire on account of ill health, and has not now recovered.

**HERBERT COLLIER GOES TO SHERMAN DISTRICT**

Herbert Collier, well known in banking circles in Amarillo, having been connected with the First National Bank as assistant cashier, he has resignation and acceptance of a place as bank examiner, has now been called from the Amarillo to the Sherman district, and will remove to Sherman from here within a short time.

## SENATOR OWEN IS TROUBLE STARTER

CALLS UP CORRUPT PRACTICES BILL NOT ON DEMOCRATIC PROGRAM.

## REPUBLICAN LEADERS BALK

Republicans Demand Bill Be Kept Down This Session Before Promising To Let Other Bills Through.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 16.—The Republican senate leaders and Senator Owen, of Oklahoma, tied the legislative situation in the senate into a hard knot today, threatening the plans of the administration leaders to expedite the Shipping, Workman's Compensation, and Revenue bills and the assurance of an early adjournment of Congress. The obstacle interposed was the Corrupt Practices bill to limit and regulate political campaign contributions, which the Democrats did not include in the legislative program.

Owen wants the bill passed and the Republicans desire definite assurance that it will be delayed until December. When the Democrats proposed a vote on the Shipping bill today, the Republicans demanded the return promise that the bill would not be pressed at this session. Most of the Democrats were willing to give this promise inasmuch as the bill is not conservative. Senator Owen however [illegible] to call his bill up before the adjournment and demand a vote, thus breaking the [illegible] vote on other propositions. [illegible] night with a hard [illegible] shipping bill. It is stated that if the Republicans kill Owen remains obstinate, Congress will probably remain in session indefinitely.

## LANSING BEFORE RELATIONS BODY

COMMITTEE BELIEVES PRICE FOR DANISH WEST INDIES A BIT TOO HIGH.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 16.—Secretary Lansing today was asked to appear Friday before the Senate Foreign Relations committee to answer questions relating to the purchase of the Danish West Indies. While the committee favors purchasing the islands, it is believed that $25,000,000 is too much. The islands were offered to the United States in 1902 for $5,000,000.

**St. Croix Island Favors Sale.**

SAINT THOMAS, D. W. I., Aug. 16.—St. Croix Island with a population of 16,000, yesterday unofficially balloted 1,000 to 11 in favor of the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States.

**French Preachers Honored.**

PARIS, Aug. 16.—French preachers who have been decorated and cited in the orders of the day of the army for valiant conduct on the field of battle now number 564. Ten of these also by the Germans. Three died from illness and during the war, thirty four were taken as hostages to Germany and four of these have died in captivity. The number of killed and wounded are not known, but the publication of citations in recent days show they are considerable.

## Abe Martin

The June bride business was slim, usually light this year, owin' t' th' good times, we guess. What's become o' th' feller who used t' wear shoulder straps?

## Submarine Mine Layer Caught by the British

This submarine is about seven feet in [illegible] as shown. The guns were taken off the Germans so that they could be placed on the upper deck of the vessel to have shown their importance in sinking British [illegible] ships. This vessel was caught by British [illegible] in trying to reach the English Channel. The [illegible] vessel was 150 feet long.

## TROPICAL STORM MOVING TOWARD TEXAS

HURRICANES ARE EXPECTED IN YUCATAN CHANNEL AS RESULT OF STORM.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 16.—A tropical storm of marked intensity will probably pass into the Gulf of Mexico Thursday or Friday, moving in a westerly direction, the Weather Bureau announced tonight. It is approaching the eastern shores of Yucatan, where it will be felt.

## NOTED AMERICAN HORSEMAN DEAD

MAJOR WILLIAM TROTTER KILLED WHILE FIGHTING FOR ALLIED NATIONS.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 16.—Major William Trotter, the famous horseman, a well known breeder of the Virginia horses, was killed in action with the British cavalry in France, according to a cable received here.

## Panhandle Farmers' Congress

Amarillo has earned to herself the honor of entertaining the Panhandle Farmers' Congress August 24th to 26th, inclusive. This is a meeting calling together some of the ablest exponents of scientific agriculture, horticulture, agronomy, animal husbandry and all allied topics, inclusive of a corps of workers in the interest of rural home life embracing domestic science and art.

Thus it will been that something of exceptional value will be offered both men and women, in this extraordinary good Congress. Will the interest inhere alone for the people resident in rural communities, but will extend to the dwellers in urban places as well. Those who have been working on this attraction declare that there will be a large number of ladies and girls as well as men and boys in attendance, and for this reason there is expressed that the ladies of this city take an interest in the enterprise and join with the business and professional men in attending the sessions and showing a concern in the visitors.

The encampment meeting will be a determining factor in the attitude of the people of the Panhandle Country of Texas, towards Amarillo. These visitors will reciprocate according to the showing concern in their welfare during the Farmers' Congress. This being true, the fate of Amarillo with reference to these visitors is in the hands of the citizenry: Will we be awake to possibilities of this occasion, or shall we unknowingly allow a splendid occasion to be turned against rather than to help?

From all seas of the Panhandle and Plains of Texas these visitors are coming, and they will return to the points from whence they came. Will they go back home with words of praise for Amarillo, or sneers of derision? This question is susceptible of an answer in either the affirmative or the negative, which will it be?

This is not a mere matter, for the attitude of the people with reference to visitors within the gates, determines the reputation of the city. Amarillo covets a good name with her neighbors, and the occasion is none too early to begin a real predication of the righteous fame among the communities surrounding us. Amarillo is potentially a city and as such she is dependent in a real measure upon the good words and actions of the people surrounding her. From this viewpoint, which is largely commercial, no opportunity should be overlooked to court people who come here.

What will Amarillo do about it?

## BRITISH AND FRENCH MOVE FORWARD AGAIN ON WESTERN THEATRE

ALLIES ADVANCE FROM THREE HUNDRED TO FIVE HUNDRED YARDS ON SIX AND THREE QUARTER MILES.

## RUSSIANS AND ITALIANS QUIET DAY

**Austrians and Italians Pass First Day in Many Weeks Without an Important Engagement—Germans Are Reported to Be Helping the Austrians Against the Italians for the First Time.**

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The French and British, striking with terrific force in three directions on the Somme front, today stormed nearly three miles of German trenches, driving forward at points to a depth of from 400 to 500 yards. The most important gains made by the British and French were where the allied lines meet. Maurepas and Fleury, important German positions, were flanked on both sides and the road was reached between Maurepas and Guillemont.

This advance, it maintained, will bring the Allies directly in front of the large railroad town of Combles. South of the Somme the French stormed the German trenches on a three and a quarter mile front driving forward southward from Belloy-en-Santerre, taking a considerable number of prisoners.

For the first time in many days no important action was reported from the Russian front and the same dearth of news prevailed regarding the Italian operations. The most interesting news regarding the Italian advance on Triest was contained in news dispatches saying that Germans had been employed in defense of this big Austrian port. It corroborated this means that Italy and Germany will at last enter into a stage of active warfare. The Germans again report fighting at Doiran, on the Saloniki front, but Paris and London continue their silence in this respect.

**BULLETIN.**

**Paris Announces Saloniki Fighting.**

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The Allies on the Saloniki front captured the railroad station at Doiran and four other villages, it was officially announced late tonight. The report covers the fighting from August 4 to the present.

**Germans Announce Submarine Victims.**

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—Seventy four Allied merchantmen with a total tonnage of over 100,000 tons, were sunk during July by the Austro-German submarines, it was officially announced.

## DANE GOVERNMENT PROBABLY RESIGN

LANDSTHING MEET AS COMMITTEE OF WHOLE ON ISLAND PURCHASE TREATY.

[illegible]

## GUARDSMAN SHOT BY ARMY REGULAR

CORPORAL CLEMENT KILLED AND MEXICAN GIRL SHOT BY BUNCHES.

BROWNSVILLE, Aug. 16.—Corporal James Clement, second Virginia regiment, was [illegible] killed, and Maria Valdez, a Mexican girl, was [illegible] here today. Corporal Clement [illegible] bunches, of the regular army, surrendered and is being held on a charge of murder and assault on a minor. The Mexican girl [illegible] Villa resented [illegible] Clement came across [illegible] and the shooting followed.

## NEW YORK STRIKE SITUATION ACUTE

CHARGES AND COUNTER CHARGES MADE BY COMPANIES AND EMPLOYES.

[illegible]

## SENATE APPROVES PHILIPPINE BILL

FILIPINOS WILL BE GIVEN INDEPENDENCE WHEN ABLE TO GOVERN SELVES.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 16.—The Philippine bill promising freedom when ever the Filipinos have demonstrated the ability to govern themselves, was finally approved by the Senate today, 47 to 22. The [illegible] providing for their independence within four years was eliminated. The House is expected to approve the measure within a few days.

## THE WEATHER

[illegible] Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

Local forecast: Thursday, partly cloudy.

Yesterday's temperatures:

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| 7 a. m. | 69 | At 7 p. m. | 74 |
| Maximum | 94 | Minimum | 68 |
| 1915 Max. | 82 | 1915 Min. | 60 |