



ANOTHER WEEK

Has Rolled On With Its Haps and Mishaps and the Tribune Chronicles Them.

Philadelphia Turns Out to Do Honor to the Republican Nominee For President.

A Well-Planned Bank Robbery Frustrated by Wary Officials in New Mexico.

A Fire and Explosion at Eau Claire Destroys a Building and Ends a Life.

A British Gunboat Wrecked Off the Coast of Ireland and Fifty-two Lives Lost.

Blaine Among the Quakers.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 23.—Blaine held a public reception this afternoon at the rooms of the Union League club, after which he repaired to the Continental hotel for dinner. Crowds of people thronged the streets. Senator Don Cameron called while Blaine was still at dinner, to bid him good bye. As soon as it was known in the hotel that Blaine had arrived from the Union League, guests began to gather in groups in the corridor leading to his rooms, and just as the dinner ended, some ladies gently pushed the door open far enough to see the distinguished candidate, and stood there gazing at him. When Blaine's attention was called to this, he turned to the gentleman with whom he was talking and shook hands with the ladies. At about 7:30 Blaine made his way through the usual crowd to his carriage and was driven to the private entrance of the club house, where again the police had to hold the people in check. When he made his way to the building Blaine was escorted to the platform erected in front of the building, where he reviewed the parade. As the head of the procession, led by General Hartranft, as chief marshal, passed the stand and was enthusiastically applauded from the Union League club house, one could see about a mile and a half down Broad street. The procession filled the whole of this space, and during the whole time Blaine remained on the stand, the torches appearing in the distance were a mile of a solid mass of moving fire. Each club as it passed the stand gave three cheers for James G. Blaine, or "James G. Blaine, our next president," and Mr. Blaine in response, removed his hat and bowed. There were more than 30,000 men marching, and the mayor said he believed that half of the population of Philadelphia were out, looking at them. At 9:15, while the procession was in full view, Blaine bowed repeatedly and left the stand, and upon entering the club house took some refreshments, after which he passed out amid the most enthusiastic cheering, entered his carriage and was driven rapidly to the depot and left for New York at 9:35 on a special train.

Attempted Bank Robbery.

DENVER, COLO. Sept. 23.—Yesterday morning the cashier of the first national bank of Los Vegas, New Mexico, became convinced that robbers were tunneling from an adjoining building to the vault of the bank. Guards were immediately placed in and around the bank and those inside observed the masonry of the vault gradually sinking. The robbers beneath worked on, ignorant of their danger and at 1 o'clock a Mexican volunteer to go down into the cellar and investigate. He had taken but a few steps on the stairs when he saw some one coming up; the Mexican fired without a word and the man fell dead. James Pearson, the dead robber, was well known and respected and leaves considerable property. He died before divulging his confederates. A close inspection of the tunnel late this evening by the police, failed to find any other robbers, and the supposition is that they were outside. The officers claim to have possession of a clue and hope to apprehend the remainder of the gang. A trip through the tunnel shows long and patient work on the part of the robbers. The tunnel is sixty feet in length and constructed on scientific principles, containing provisions, water and a full outfit of mining tools and must have been three months in construction.

Fatal Explosion.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Sept. 23.—This evening a fire broke out in a small brick building in the rear of Cass & Tracy's drug store, in this city, used as a storing place for powder, gasoline and other explosives. While Andrew Tracy, junior proprietor of the store, and Charles L. Sullivan, a young attorney just admitted to the bar this afternoon, were trying to close the door of the magazine from the outside, hoping to confine the fire to the building, an explosion occurred inside throwing the walls outward. Sullivan was killed instantly and Tracy was covered to the chest and when extracted his right leg was broken below the knee, two ribs broken and he suffered dangerous internal in-

juries. Charles Spaulding, John Beoney and Edward Bartlett were burned about the hands and face. The fire did no further damage.

British Gunboat Wrecked.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—The British gunboat Wasp was wrecked off the coast of Ireland, and sixty persons were drowned. The Wasp had a registered tonnage of 565 tons, and carried four guns. LATER—Advices say that fifty two of the men on board the Wasp were drowned, and among this number all the officers are included. Only six persons were saved, as on the rocky coast where the disaster occurred, it was impossible in small boats to attempt to rescue the ship's crew.

Miraculous Escape.

TORONTO, Sept. 25.—Three Pullman cars and the private car of Chief Engineer Hannaford, of the Grand Trunk express for Montreal and Boston, left the track near Pickering Station last night, owing to a broken frog, and went over an embankment twenty-five feet high. At the time of the accident it was very dark, and the rain was pouring in torrents. The crash of the falling cars, the shrieks of women and groans of the wounded, combined with the darkness, made the scene horrible, and the horror multiplied when Engineer Hannaford's coach took fire. The flames burned fiercely, despite the pouring rain, and was quickly communicated to the Pullman coach that came next, though the flames were here stayed. A large number of town-people quickly gathered and assisted in rescuing passengers from the burning Pullman as quickly as possible. The passengers collected together and the roll was called, when it was found that about a dozen were injured, but none seriously. How all escaped is a mystery as one of the coaches was smashed into kindling wood and all were whirled over and over several times; yet many escaped absolutely unhurt, while most of the wounds are of a slight character. The injured were taken to Whitby and medical aid secured. The damage to the track and rolling stock is estimated at \$160,000.

She Muled Him.

FARGO, Dak., Sept. 23.—In the district court today the case of Lottie Belleville vs. Treadwell Twichell, was concluded. The jury was out four hours and gave a verdict for the plaintiff for \$3,500. This was a bastardy case; plaintiff was a domestic in the family of the defendant, a young farmer at Mapleton, and violence was alleged. She had offered at first to settle for \$200. The defendant has means and large expectations, and is now a resident of St. Paul. An appeal or new trial will be had.

His Body Found.

CHEYENNE, Sept. 23.—Leader special from Fort McKinney, Wyo.: The mangled and lifeless body of Gillie Leigh, a member of the British parliament, was found at the base of a precipitous cliff in the Big Horn mountains. Leigh was out here with a small English pleasure party, and left camp on the 14th inst., for a stroll and was not heard of afterwards till eight days' search revealed his body. The remains will be shipped to England.

Death of an Editor.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Sept. 23.—A telegram from Davenport, Iowa, announces the death there at 2 o'clock this morning, from paralysis of the brain, of Frederick S. Nicholas, editor in chief of the Memphis Avalanche. The deceased, accompanied by his wife and daughter left Memphis on the 15th inst for a brief visit to his former home at Davenport in apparently good health. He was 54 years old.

He Should Have Visited Burlington.

FARGO, Sept. 23.—L. H. Bowmaster, who has been investigating in Dakota for two months, on behalf of a colony of seventy-five families from Ohio, informs the Argus tonight that he has decided to settle in La Moure county and will advise the rest to do the same. He has purchased a section of land and secured five more and his friends will go into general farming and will be here early in the spring.

Brewery Burned.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Sept. 23.—An upright boiler in Witter's brewery exploded this evening, and fragments were thrown through the roof and 300 feet from the building. The brewery immediately took fire and was totally consumed. E. W. Bauer's grocery store, adjoining, was also destroyed with stock. Loss, \$25,000; insurance, \$10,000. Two men are reported killed.

Want to Test It.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 23.—The supreme court reconvened today, all judges present. Several additional suits to test the Scott liquor law have been brought, and a motion to take them up out of the regular order will be argued Thursday.

He Cut His Throat.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—Isaac Newton, chief engineer of the Croton water department, committed suicide by cutting his throat. It is said he had been drinking heavily of late.

They Took Tools.

HELENA, M. T., Sept. 24.—Joseph K. Toole was nominated by the democratic congressional convention at Deer Lodge today.

TELEGRAPH TICKS.

Which the Brass Pounders Translate From the Key and Sounder For Tribune Readers.

General Butler's People's Party Holds Its First Convention in the Old Bay State,

And is Called to Order by a Colonel With a Suggestive Prohibition Name.

Fergus Falls, Minnesota, Infested With a Bold Gang of Burglars And Safe Blowers.

The First North Dakota Episcopal Convocation in Session at Fargo.

Butler's Party.

WORCESTER, Mass., Sept. 24.—The convention of the People's Party was called to order by Col. A. C. Drinkwater, who welcomed the delegates to the first convention of the People's Party and the true democratic party of the country. At the conclusion of Drinkwater's address, it having been announced that Butler would reach Worcester at noon, it was moved that the convention adjourn in time to proceed to the depot in a body and escort the candidate to the hall. At noon the convention adjourned until 2 p. m. and 1,500 delegates marched to the depot and escorted General Butler to the Bay State house amid great enthusiasm. On re-assembling Judge McCaffery was unanimously nominated for governor.

Minnesota Burglars.

FARGO FALLS, MINN., Sept. 24.—Burglars attempted to blow open the safe in the drug store of George C. Miles, tonight. The clerk happened to go to the store about 11:30, and on entering heard the burglars rush out the back door. They had bored part of the way into the safe and in half an hour more would have secured their booty. They left all of their tools which are now in possession of the police. There have been several robberies within the past few days, but this attempt is the boldest, as it was not more than thirty feet from the telegraph office where a number of men were at work.

The Marquis's Company.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 24.—The Northern Pacific Refrigerator Company reorganized and increased the capital stock from \$200,000 to a million and a half. Marquis de Mores and Louis Von Hoffman, of New York, are the incorporators. The company's refrigerating houses at Helena, Duluth and Medora will at once be enlarged to meet demand, and a new one erected at Minnesota transfer. Sales average \$6,000 per day and the prospects are they will be increased.

North Dakota Churchmen.

FARGO, DAK., Sept. 24.—The Episcopal convocation of the North Dakota diocese assembled at Fargo today. About twenty-five clergymen were present, Bishop Walker presiding. This is the first session of the body, and the bishop's address outlined the fact that a school for girls would soon be started in the diocese, probably in this city. With the Bishop Whipple school at Moorhead, for boys, he did not believe it best to start another for that sex in the territory at present.

A Suicide.

STOCKBRIDGE, MASS., Sept. 24.—A sudden gloom was cast over this community by the death by his own hand of Herbert C. Mason, of Boston, who has for some years made this his summer home. Mason served in the late war and carried away with him the marks of his wounds. A few months since his father died which, with other griefs, produced depression of mind terminating in insanity and led to this most painful result.

Young Viragos.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 24.—A story comes from Ottawa, Kansas, that on Monday last Carrie and Bessie Waterman, aged 12 and 14 years, daughters of Jas. Waterman, farmer, tied a rope around the neck of a half brother, six years old and dragged him about and beat him with sticks till dead. The girls stated that the coroner's inquest that they hated the child and wanted him dead. They were held for murder.

A Rich Man's Estate.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 24.—The will of Charles W. West gave the Old Men's home \$5,000, and to the Widows home, Children's home, Protestant Orphan asylum and Catholic Orphan home at Cumminsville, \$10,000 each; Sisters of the Good Shepherd, Little Sisters of the Poor, \$5,000 each. The bulk of the estate is divided among the children of his brothers and sisters.

A Godsend.

DAYTON, O., Sept. 24.—A heavy rain relieved the longest drouth for years in the Miami valley, and was welcomed by the farmers and gardeners as a Godsend, though too late to benefit vegetables, which have been dried out. Corn has suffered much and other crops are injured. This is the first rain throughout the valley since August 3.

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An Ex-Senator Insane.

PORTLAND, OGN., Sept. 24.—Ex-United States Senator Nesmith has become insane and will be placed in an asylum.

Sentenced For Life.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 24.—At Fort Atkinson today, Mrs. Stagg, on trial for infanticide, confessed to having purchased poison and administered a dose to her child, from the effects of which the child died. Mrs. Stagg was promptly sentenced to the penitentiary for life.

Might have Ended it Quicker.

SHELBYVILLE, KY., Sept. 24.—Obs. Miller a tramp, attempted to rape a five year old daughter of P. O'Conner, shoe merchant. The child's screams brought assistance and Miller was arrested, tried before court and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary, all within six hours.

Almost Gone.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 24.—A Dispatch from Deer Park, Md., at 1:15 this morning, states that John W. Garrett is sinking rapidly, and that death is expected any moment. He is passing away quietly, without suffering, surrounded by the members of his family.

Gresham Gets It.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—The Republican tomorrow will say that Gresham has resigned from the postoffice department and will become secretary of the treasury. First Assistant Postmaster General Hatton will act as postmaster general until Gresham's successor is appointed.

The Verdict of the Jury.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 24.—The coroner's jury in the Henry Oley killing returned an open verdict this afternoon, saying that Oley came to his death from being shot by Andrew Wampler.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Judge W. O. Gresham, postmaster general, received a telegram from President Arthur at 11 o'clock last night, informing him of his appointment to the secretaryship of the treasury. He immediately qualified and sent the president his resignation as postmaster general. At 10 o'clock this morning Gresham went to the treasury with Secretary Chandler, and the two assistant secretaries of the treasury, French and Coon, who were present tendered their congratulations. The new secretary will leave here this afternoon to consult with the president. Under the law, First Assistant Postmaster General Hatton, becomes acting postmaster general for ten days. The president designated Assistant Secretary Coon to act as secretary of the treasury during the absence or sickness at any time of Secretary Gresham. Assistant Secretary French has always heretofore acted in this capacity. All bureau and division officers of the department called on the new secretary about noon and were presented by Mr. Coon. Judge Gresham accepted the position as an accommodation to the president, and his intimate friends say it is only a temporary appointment. The duration of the appointment is commonly fixed till about October 1, when it is believed Gresham will resign, and perhaps accept the judgeship of the Illinois circuit. It is believed that either McCulloch or Boutwell will take the secretaryship upon Judge Gresham's retirement. Acting Postmaster General Hatton will most likely be placed at the head of the postoffice department permanently. Mr. Neal, solicitor of the treasury, has been called to Boston by the serious illness of his wife. The secretary of the interior has declined to approve the action of the Utah Northern Railroad company in building their line through the Fort Hall reservation, Idaho, until the question of compensation to the Indians for land taken, right of way and construction has been settled. It is stated the Indians were willing to accept 500 head of stock in payment for the right of way, but the railroad company refused to compensate them in any way. Secretaries Gresham and Teller left this afternoon for a visit to the president at Baritan, New Jersey. It is contemplated to erect a statue at New Orleans to the late Captain Sam C. Beid, who commanded the big General Armstrong, to commemorate his battle with a British squadron at Fayal, September 26 and 27, 1814.

Afflicted Indians.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 25.—A dispatch received this forenoon says Blaine will visit Indianapolis, Thursday, October 2, coming from Cincinnati. Butler and St. John have already arranged to come here on that date and will speak from the same platform at night.

Wife Murder.

BUTLER, Pa., Sept. 25.—This forenoon a German named Ullman, aged 75, living near Whitertown, this county, fatally shot his wife, aged 65. The two quarreled over some domestic affair and the old man in anger picked up a gun and fired the fatal shot.

BLAINE BOOMING.

The "Plumed Knight's" Triumphal March Through the Empire State.

A Continued Ovation Greeted Him Along the Entire Line of His Route.

The Population of Cities, Towns and Villages Turn Out to Do Him Honor.

The President Appoints Postmaster General Gresham Secretary of the Treasury.

A Railroad Accident and Miraculous Escape of a Train Full of Passengers.

Blaine in the Empire State.

AT SYRACUSE. SYRACUSE, Sept. 22.—At 9:30 Mr. Blaine left Syracuse on a special train to attend the fair of the Oswego Falls Agricultural society. A committee from the fair association came up in an early train to escort Blaine and party to the grounds, where as usual, he was tendered a reception. He was escorted to a carriage and driven around the grounds, so all the people might see him. When he got upon the stand he was loudly cheered and there were shouts of "clear the stand." The other occupants of the stand sat down, leaving Blaine the one conspicuous figure. This seemed to please the crowd greatly, for they cheered again and again. Mr. Merriam, president of the fair association, introduced Blaine as one of America's most eminent and most honored citizens. Blaine waited for the cheering to subside and then said: There is no year in the history of the United States in which, through all its borders, the agriculturist has rejoiced as he does this year. There are no politics in agriculture; the crop for the democrat and for the republican is alike good or alike bad; the need of the product is alike to democrat and to republican. We meet, therefore, at this agricultural fair ground, if nowhere else, on the broad plane of American citizenship, which is a much higher title than democrat and republican. It is in that capacity I stand before you this morning, and it is in that capacity I extend to you my congratulations and my very hearty thanks for your generous reception. Short speeches were made by Chauncy M. Dewey, Martin I. Townsend, Theodore M. Pomeroy, of Auburn and Senator Osgoodwell, and all in the party started on the return to Syracuse after a stop of a few minutes at Baldwinsville, where Blaine was introduced to almost 1,000 people, to whom he merely addressed courteous words of acknowledgement.

AT SENECA FALLS. At Seneca Falls there was a large gathering. General Murray introduced Blaine, who as usual, was received with cheers. He said: I thank you, gentlemen, for this cordial reception. I have almost exhausted my power to give thanks to the numerous assemblages that have greeted me on my present journey through the state of New York, but I wish to express to you my gratitude for the compliment you pay me, and to say to you that those of you who have not traveled—if there be now any Americans who have not—you have little idea of the country you live in and you should thank God daily, since as the Plumes, that you are not an other men are, for certainly there is not within the limits of the United States, a land that seems to smile with greater plenty, or with greater beauty, than does this western section of New York. Senator Coggshall also made a short speech.

AT AUBURN. The preparations at Auburn were quite elaborate and as the train entered the depot it exploded torpedoes on the track and there was a salute with cannon. A platform had been erected outside the depot, to which Blaine was escorted, bringing his face to face with 10,000 people. His appearance was the signal for a great outburst of cheering and when it had subsided [John S. Fowler, chairman of the Cayuga county republican committee, announced that Hon. D. M. Osborn had been chosen to preside. Osborn made a brief introductory speech, when Blaine spoke as follows: I thank you, citizens of Cayuga county for this reception. I confess that I am glad to be here; I'm glad to visit the home of William H. Seward (great cheering). If there be among the statesmen of the past one who more deserves the admiration and gratitude of the American people than your great citizen, I do not know him. If there be higher statesmanship in the annals of America than was shown by Seward from 1849 to the close of the civil war I know not where it is recorded, and we may all learn great lessons from recalling his history, and may well profit by his example. If we are republicans, we shall be quickened in our zeal, and if Democrats, we shall learn toleration; if simply American citizens, we shall be warmed and stimulated in our patriotism. It is as the humble representative of the great principles which Seward vindicated throughout his illustrious life, that I am before you today, but I am not here to make a political speech, I am here only to acknowledge with gratitude and thankfulness, the great cordiality of your reception, and to wish you abundant prosperity and happiness.

AT WATERLOO. The next stay was at Waterloo, where Blaine left the train to visit the Seneca County Agricultural fair. He was escorted to the grounds by the Plumed Knights of Waterloo and by a great crowd. The Agricultural association had arranged to charge twenty-five cents a head for admission, but after Blaine's carriage entered the grounds, the people followed in a great body, and forced their way in regardless of the efforts of the gate-keepers. Many ladies were in the assemblage. Blaine's presence aroused great enthusiasm, and when called on for a speech, Blaine stood up in the carriage and said joyously, that he did not feel qualified to make a suitable speech at an agricultural fair, but had the good fortune to travel with a practical farmer, M. I. Townsend, whom he would introduce instead. Townsend having spoken, the Plumed Knights escorted Blaine back to the train, where repeated calls for Blaine were made, but he responded only by bowing, and at 3:10 the train arrived.

AT ONENEA. I could not in justice to my feelings pass through your beautiful town without paying a tribute of respect to the late eminent citizen whom you have lost. It was my fortune to know Judge Folger personally and officially; to know him well; and I feel bound to bear testimony that he was one among the public men of the United States who shortened his life by an unselfish devotion to public duty. I am sure in bearing this testimony I am sustained by you who knew him so well, and for so many years enjoyed his friendship. AT ROCHESTER. It is impossible to do justice by description to the grand ovation which Blaine received in Rochester. Its magnitude and enthusiasm seemed to astonish even gentlemen who had taken part in the preparations for it. Uniformed clubs, some mounted, but most of them on foot, extended in a line for about three-quarters of a mile from the depot along the way to the stand erected on the court house steps. The clubs saluted Blaine as he passed along and he returned the salutation. The streets were filled with a dense mass of men and women and every door and window in houses along the route were occupied. The old Osborne house, a five story building, formerly the leading hotel of Rochester, but now a business building, was crowded with people looking upon the procession and saluting as it passed. So, too, was the famous Powers block, and so was every building along the route. Fortunately arrangements had been made for Blaine and his friends to reach the stand via the rear of the court house, for it would have been almost impossible to make a passage way through the dense crowd in front. As soon as Blaine had got upon the stand, the colored jubilee singers of the State University of Tennessee, sang with great effect one of their stirring songs, which was loudly applauded. Mr. Barrett, chairman of the Monroe county central committee, introduced Blaine, who was received with tremendous cheering. When order was restored, Blaine, speaking slowly and impressively, so that his voice reached nearly every member of the great audience, said: I'm sure that no desire to offer a personal compliment to any living man could have brought this vast audience together, and I have not the vanity to accept it as offered to myself, individually. It is rather the expression by this great assemblage of the people of western New York, of their confidence in those principles which have brought prosperity to our country, and have built your own beautiful city as one of the examples and illustrations of that prosperity. The republican party embodies in its creed four distinct and important doctrines: First, peace with the whole world; second, commercial expansion in every practicable direction; third, encouragement of every form of American industry; fourth, protection to every citizen, native or naturalized, at home and abroad. Under these policies the republican party strives to conduct the government; under these principles the republican party submits itself to the judgment of the American people; on these principles we conquer, or on these we are conquered. I thank you, gentlemen, I thank you from the bottom of my heart, for whatever in this splendid ovation is personal to myself, but I ask your attention with especial emphasis to the importance of the whole world; second, commercial expansion in every practicable direction; third, encouragement of every form of American industry; fourth, protection to every citizen, native or naturalized, at home and abroad. 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