

**Constipation, Headache, Biliousness, Heartburn, Indigestion, Dizziness,**

Indicate that your liver is out of order. The best medicine to rouse the liver and cure all these ills, is found in

**Hood's Pills**  
25 cents. Sold by all medicine dealers.

**A GRUESOME PROCEEDING.**

**Rival Coroners Settle a Dispute Over Jurisdiction by an Act of Decapitation.**

A Crookston telegram says: A peculiar proceeding has come to light in connection with the violent death of ex-Deputy George Bates, which occurred at St. Vincent, and is ascribed to John Smith, a saloonkeeper of that place. After the trouble, which occurred near Smith's saloon in St. Vincent, a liveryman took Bates to his home at Pembina, and dumped him into the house without notifying the family. The following morning he was found dead by his wife. The matter was reported at St. Vincent, and Coroner Lockwood of Kittson county was notified. He proceeded to Pembina, which is across the Red river in North Dakota, to secure the remains and bring them to Minnesota to conduct the inquest.

On arrival at Pembina, he found Dr. Erskine, the coroner on that side of the river, in charge, and about to hold an inquest. The latter held that as the man had been found dead in his balliwick he was clearly his corpse.

The Minnesota officer argued that as the death blow had been delivered in Minnesota, it was clearly his duty to investigate the case on this side of the river where the accused, Smith, would have to be tried.

The argument waxed warm for a time, but a compromise was finally effected. They concluded to divide the corpse and the responsibility. North Dakota should keep the body, and Minnesota have the man's head.

Accordingly that member was severed from the body in a neat and workman-like manner, both coroners being surgeons. Wrapping it up in a newspaper, Dr. Lockwood gravely sealed the knot on the string with red sealing wax, giving it quite an official look, and proceeded to St. Vincent, where, after the legal formalities were gone through with, the last chapter in this serio-comic drama was enacted.

This consisted in securing a kettle sufficiently large, into which the head was placed, together with a quantity of caustic soda and water, and the boiling process employed to remove the flesh from the skull, which is to be used as an exhibit in the evidence at the trial. The gruesome news of this act failed to impress the coroner as forcibly as it did some others, who, it is said, declined the proffered invitation to witness the act, although urged to do so.

Later the skull was taken to Hallock where it was exhibited before the grand jury. Judge Wells adjourned the district court until the 29th to try the case. Smith, the accused, furnished \$3,000 bonds and is now at liberty.

**CASTORIA.**

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Platten*

**The Tale of the Canned Roast Beef.**

Clear the track. I am a can of Roast beef—the clear stuff—right from Cuba, and subpoenaed to appear before the Army commission and tell what I am, which is The what of the whole matter. Oh, I am a tough Customer, I am, full of pulverized horn and boiled Hoofs, and Cuban bacteria and if I should bust open, it would stampede the Whole United States health department. I'm a regular General Egan, and if I could hit Aguinaldo in the pit of the stomach from The inside I'd bust up the Philippine Insurrection quicker than Dewey licked the Spanish. I went through the whole Santiago Campaign untouched. I was with Shafter in the Hammock before El Caney, and when the Spaniards Saw me, the whole army surrendered. If Sampson Had shot his big guns with a few like me and Fired 'em at Morro, the odor would have driven the Whole Spanish army into the sea and raised the Merrimac out of the mud. Ask Miles about Me, or Alger, or any of the big guns. I have Made more disturbance than the blowing up of the Maine. When they open me up, they want to Set me off on a hollow stump about three Miles and pull my top off with a cork-screw on The end of a telegraph pole, and hold the Inquest through a telescope. I was bred in Texas, raised in Montana, boiled in Chicago, and Canned there, and I have been roasted through The press of the whole country and I Tell you I am tough, so Clear the track.

**Elevator Tax Case.**

The cases of the St. Anthony and Dakota Elevator company against the treasurer of Bottineau county, recently decided in favor of the plaintiff, involved a somewhat curious point. It appears that certain Bottineau county farmers stored in the elevators of the company quantities of wheat, which wheat was listed by the assessor among their effects subject to taxation. When the county board of equalization met a resolution was passed instructing the county auditor to transfer the grain from the property list of the owners to

that of the elevator company. The company objected, but finally paid the tax under protest, and subsequently brought suit to recover. The point sought to be established was that the equalization board and the county auditor had exceeded their authority when they undertook to perform the functions of an assessor and to assess as the property of firm grain which did not belong to it. The court took this view of the case, and judgment was rendered for the amount of taxes paid, with damages.

**Good Item for Immigrants.**

Dickinson Press: There are many examples of real thrift in Stark county. Take William Hummel of Gladstone, for instance, who came to this state from South Dakota in 1894 a poor man. After landing his family in Dickinson he had only 23 cents in his pocket. He is now worth \$4,000 or \$5,000. To get a start here he worked for 15 cents an hour at anything he could get to do; the second season in the county he got a chance to work on a ranch and so got acquainted with the stock business, and now has a good bunch of his own.

**HAS FITS NO MORE.**

**One of the Most Remarkable Cures of the Age.**

**Miss Hesson of Sweetland, Iowa, Had Falling Spells Nearly Every Day, But Her Trouble is Over.**

Sweetland, Ia., March 20.—The talk of the town is the remarkable cure of Miss Hesson, who for years was subject to falling fits. Her mother, Mrs. Ed. Hesson, speaking of the case, says: "My daughter had a falling spell nearly every day. Dodd's Kidney Pills were recommended and we got some for her. After she commenced taking them she had only one falling spell. She is now cured, and we do not anticipate any more trouble in that direction. I cannot say too much in regard to the good the pills did her. My daughter shrank from the publicity that a testimonial printed in the papers would give her, but after further consideration she has decided that she owes it to all those who are suffering as she did to speak out and let them know that there is a sure cure for the awful falling fits. I will be pleased to give all the information I can concerning my daughter case to mothers whose children are similarly afflicted, if they write to me." Dodd's Kidney Pills are a positive and permanent cure for all forms of kidney disease. They are sold by druggists at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50. Sent by mail on receipt of price by Dodds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

**A Racy Divorce Suit.**

The Fargo Call publishes the following regarding a divorce suit, the principals in which resided for a time in the city: The Sterling divorce case is to be given an airing at the coming Fargo term of the supreme court, on an appeal from an order of the district court setting aside the decree of divorce granted several years ago. Both the principals in the case are now here, Sterling arriving from San Francisco yesterday morning.

Sterling came to Fargo a number of years ago, and after acquiring a residence, secured a decree of divorce. Mrs. Sterling afterwards appeared on the scene and had the case re-opened on the ground of fraud, which resulted in the decree of divorce being set aside, from which order Sterling appealed. The Sterling case is said to be one of the most racy ever tried in North Dakota, and some of the letters submitted in evidence in behalf of Mrs. Sterling are certainly warm numbers. Sterling is said to have been intimate with a married woman living in San Francisco, and was so indiscreet as to put his burning love on paper, using expressions that should not have been addressed to another man's wife. The San Francisco woman was drowned while enjoying an ocean pleasure trip, and after her death these letters of Sterling came into the possession of the wronged husband.

And he didn't do a thing but take the first train for North Dakota, and on his arrival here he lodged a complaint against Sterling for sending obscene matter through the mails, which cost the gentleman a cool \$500. The letters afterwards came into the hands of Mrs. Sterling and are being used by her in fighting her husband's divorce proceedings. The case will furnish some spicy reading when it is heard.

Hood's pills cure nausea, sick headache, biliousness and all liver ills. Price 25 cents.

**Terms of District Court.**

Terms of the district court for this district have been fixed as follows, subject to change: Dickinson, April 4; Mandan, April 18; Medora, April 24; Washburn, May 2; Bismarck, May 16; Stanton, May 23; Bentley, May 24; Linton, June 5; Steele, June 20.

Learn to say "no" when a dealer offers you something "just as good" in place of Hood's Sarsaparilla. There can be no substitute for America's greatest medicine.

**The Methodist Conference.**

The Methodist conference meets in this city on the 19th of April. Over eighty ministers are expected to be in attendance, besides prominent divines outside of the state. Rev. J. R. Hamilton, D. D., of New York, will deliver an address on educational work in the south. Rev. Hard, D. D., of Philadelphia, will speak on church extension work. Rev. E. S. Dunham of East Ohio conference will conduct Pentecostal services every day during conference session at 4 p. m. Printed programs will be out in a few days giving full particulars. There will be meetings in progress, mornings, afternoons and evenings of each day.

**JUSTICE IN ETHIOPIA.**

**THE SORcery BY WHICH AN ASSASSIN WAS TRACKED.**

**His Trial Before King Menelek's Criminal Court—The Abyssinian Method of Procedure—The Sentence and the Execution.**

In order to get clues in difficult cases the Abyssinians resort to extraordinary methods. In detecting criminals they employ a young boy, whom they put into a certain condition of somnambulism. They call him the liebacha.

The liebacha is made to sleep at the scene of the crime. Early in the morning the seance begins. During the night he is supposed to have become thoroughly impregnated with the fluids which the criminal left in the astral atmosphere. Consequently he has a clew which he follows as one might follow footprints upon the sand. But before he starts out he must drink, fasting, the "magic draft." This beverage, like those employed by the sorcerers of the middle ages, is composed of vegetable and animal ingredients. It is said that at daybreak they add three drops of the blood of a male child.

When the liebacha has taken this strange morning cocktail, he becomes extraordinarily lucid. He sets out on his journey, followed by an anxious crowd watching all his movements. Some time ago your correspondent had the privilege of seeing a liebacha started on the scent of an assassin who had murdered the Abyssinian carrier of the French mails. The young somnambulist at first ran to the camp of the merchants. There he entered a hut and rested. The crowd understood that the criminal had stopped there, and, as a matter of fact, the woman of the house, on being interrogated, replied that a man the day before took shelter there, but left at sunrise, forgetting his gun. The gun was examined and recognized as the one that belonged to the carrier. Evidently the scent was good.

The liebacha rose, ran along rapidly and soon entered another house, where they found that the assassin had asked for a drink and had just left. The liebacha set out in pursuit, but the horsemen, anxious to seize the assassin and get the prize offered by Menelek, dashed at a gallop along the road and soon brought back the fugitive.

A few days afterward the members of the French colony of Addis-Abeba were invited by Menelek to be present at the trial. It was a spectacle never to be forgotten. It is in the open air that Menelek holds his criminal court, under the perpetually blue sky of Abyssinia. On the steps of an immense banquet hall the emperor was seated, oriental fashion. At his left was the French colony, at his right, seated on steps covered with carpets, was the aff-negus or "mouth of the king," as he is called, the chief justice of the empire. Below him were the judges with their white turbans, and all around, forming a semicircle on each side of the tribunal, were the spectators. The original was brought forward. According to the Abyssinian custom he was chained to two ironmen. This is a precaution against any chance of escape or suicide. It is also hoped that his two guards by chatting with him may induce him to confess his crime.

The prisoner was a little, lame man. He advanced into the vacant spot in front of the negus. He knew the fate that awaited him, but he appeared to be perfectly calm and looked placidly into the face of him who was about to judge him. "Heaven save you!" cried an Abyssinian.

"Keep your prayer for yourself," replied the prisoner. "I don't want it." "You have committed a murder," said the emperor. "Why did you do it?" "To rob," was the reply. "Did your crime have any other motive in view?"

"No; I am a beggar. The courier had thalers and I wanted them." "Well, you shall be punished," said the emperor. "Have you anything to say?"

"Your clemency would give you immortal renown," pleaded the murderer. "If you pardon me you will be like the good God."

Then the emperor turned toward the crowd and consulted the notabilities. An old man advanced and declared that during his long life he never heard of such a dreadful crime and that the criminal deserved to be hanged.

Another said that he should be burned. A third spoke loud and for a long time, making furious gesticulations and concluding that if the assassin had ten lives he should be executed ten times. All were unanimous in pronouncing the crime abominable. Each one endeavored to be as eloquent as possible, so as to attract the attention of the negus. They were not lawyers, and, by the way, it is not safe to call a man a lawyer in Abyssinia, because "lawyer" in that country means "vender of words." They were ordinary subjects who had come to the trial, the jury in all its purity. They were graceful in their movements of sincerity and indignation; but, like all orientals, they were too emphatic and extravagant.

The aff-negus came down from the steps, and turning toward the emperor delivered his address in a loud voice. "One might say," said he, "to Djibouti, to Massawa and even to the White Nile without encountering any trouble. Even a woman can travel from the land of the Kaffa to Gondar without being molested, and yet this little, sickly and lame man" (at these words the assassin rose up and looked at the judge with an air of defiance) "killed this courier while he was calmly sleeping. The crime was great; the punishment must be terrible. Let it be applied."

Another judge brought the book of the law, the "Fetha-Negest," from which he read as follows: "He who commits a murder and who by his crime brings scandal upon the city shall be burned alive."

But the king of kings of Ethiopia would not permit the sentence to be carried out according to the ancient law. "Let him be hanged!" said he.

They took away the prisoner, and in a corner they removed his chains. Then he was plighted. The executioner, a big fellow with a brutal face, was fully a head taller than the prisoner. The crowd followed him. On the way the women came out of their little huts and uttered lugubrious cries. The prisoner chatted with his guards all the way to the market place, where he was hanged. At 20 minutes to 10 o'clock in the morning the sentence was pronounced, and at 5 minutes past 10 the law was vindicated—Figaro.

It is strange to notice how many old classical expressions still survive in Tuscany. The people still swear "By Bacchus!" and "By Diana!" just as we do "By Jove!" but when they talk of "Tom, Dick and Harry" they say "Titus, Caius and Semproulus."

**DR. C. A. BALLARD**

...OFFICE... IN DAKOTA BLOCK. HOURS: 11 TO 12 A. M. 2 TO 4 P. M.

**Prompt Attention to Country Calls**

**Notice for Publication.**

[First Publication Feb. 10, 1899.] Land Office at Bismarck, N. D., February 6, 1899. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Bismarck, N. D., on March 24, 1899, viz: EDWARD RASMUSSEN, for the ne 1/4 section 26, township 142, n range 79, w 3d P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Oscar Johnson, John Maline, August Swenson and John Fricklund, all of Croft, N. D. E. A. LAMB, Register.

**Notice of Homestead Final Proof.**

[First publication March 17, 1899.] Land Office at Bismarck, N. D., March 13, 1899. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Bismarck, N. D., on April 29, 1899, viz: PETER HARVEY, for the s 1/2 ne 1/4 and ne 1/4 sec. 20, twp. 140 north, range 90 west of 3d principal meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Hiram Joy, Owen Flanagan, Mark Sebery and Frank Paris, all of Bismarck, N. D. E. A. LAMB, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**

[First publication Feb. 24, 1899.] Land Office at Bismarck, N. D., February 18, 1899. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Bismarck, N. D., on April 6th, 1899, viz: Mekkel Olson Sather, for the e 1/2 ne 1/4 and ne 1/4 of sw 1/4 and lot 1 sec. 18 twp. 140 range 80.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: W. S. Triplett, Glennce, N. D.; Joseph Chalfin, McKenzie, N. D.; Alven Hoover, Glennce, N. D.; Walter D. Briscoe, Sterling, N. D. E. A. LAMB, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**

[First Publication Mar. 10, 1899.] Land Office at Bismarck, N. D., March 7th, 1899. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Bismarck, N. D., on April 15th, 1899, viz: WARREN J. TAYLOR, for the se 1/4 section 22, township 137 n, range 77 w.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: W. S. Triplett, Glennce, N. D.; Joseph Chalfin, McKenzie, N. D.; Alven Hoover, Glennce, N. D.; Walter D. Briscoe, Sterling, N. D. E. A. LAMB, Register.

**Notice of Contest.**

[First publication March 10, 1899.] DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, United States land office, Bismarck, N. D., March 4, 1899.

A sufficient contest having been filed in this case by James L. Sebery, contestant, against homestead entry No. 5077, made May 11, 1891, for sw 1/4, section 24, township 141, range 80, by W. S. Triplett, Glencoe, N. D.; Joseph Chalfin, McKenzie, N. D.; Alven Hoover, Glennce, N. D.; Walter D. Briscoe, Sterling, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Sebery, set forth facts which entitle him to the land, and that the said entryman, James L. Sebery, is not the owner of said land, and that he is not entitled to the same; that parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations on or before May 20, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Bismarck, N. D. The said contesting parties are 10 or more than three years ago; that there has been no portion of said tract of land embraced in said entry cultivated in any manner during the last year or any part thereof; that the said contestant, James L. Se