Hancock Jeffersonian.

S. A. SPEAR, ... Editor

FINDLAY, OHIO:

FRIDAY MORNING, Oct. 23d, 1857.

VICTORY! VICTORY!! VICTORY!!!

Gov. Chase and all the Republican candidates on the State Ticket, except Blickensderfer, are elected, by over two thousand majority. The Dred Scott party, like the British in the Revolutionary War, finding themselves unable to defeat the Republicans, hired 25,000 Hessians, (Know Nothings,) to help them; but the Republicans have met them in a pitched battle, and completely routed them and their mercenaries too, and have only lost one man. This victory is worth rejoicing over. The Democratic-Know-Nothing-Fusion, has been totally discomfitted. The Republicans have triumphed over the combined powers of darkness, including the dark spirit of Slavery and the "dark lantern" dynasty.

More Republican Victories.

Iowa has most probably gone Republican, by from 3000 to 5000 majority. Both branches of the Legislature, Republican. Minnesota is reported Republican. In Indiana the Republicans have done well.—In the Fort Wayne District, they have elected their candidate for Congress, being a gain, and in several other sections they have succeeded by a largely increased vote over last year.

More News from Kansas.

The latest news from Kansas, up to the time of going to press, is, that Parrott, the Free State Candidate to Congress is elected by some 10,000 majority, and that both branches of the Legislature are decidedly Republican. If the Free State men owe their success to the Buchanan Administration, is it not a wonder that they did not manifest their appreciation of their kindness, by electing the Buchanan ticket. The Free State men had been on the ground from the first, and were in every respect competent to judge, as to which party favored most the interests of freedom.

Hamilton County.--Cuyahoga County.

Hamilton county gave Medill 7710 of a majority over Chase. This fall it gave Payne 3145 of a majority, and this too with the aid of several thousand Know Nothing votes.—Trimble received 6533 votes in Hamilton county in 1855, and Van Trump has received only about 2000. The fusion formed by the Locofocos and Know Nothings, some time before the election, carried over the balance to Payne. On the other hand, the Republicans received the support of nearly the entire German vote, increasing Chase's vote from some 4000 in 1855, to over 8000.—In Cuyahoga county, the home of Payne, Gov. Chase's majority is increased nearly 200. In Hamilton county, Lucas county, Cuyahoga county, Erie county, and in most other German communities, the Republican Ticket received most of the German vote.

Kansas Election.

The complete victory of the Republicans in Kansas, is confirmed. Parrott, Free State candidate for Congress, is elected by at least 5,000 majority, and both branches of the Legislature are decidedly Republican. Every effort was made by the Democracy to carry the Territory. The six months residence test was made use of to the best advantage wherever it would effect the Free State vote. The apportionment was made so as to give the pro-slavery Democracy a very decided advantage; and while election precincts were multiplied, beyond any necessity, along the Missouri border, the Free State men in other sections, were virtually disfranchised by having allotted them no election precincts, or if any, at such a distance as to make it very inconvenient to attend the polls.

Great injustice was done the Free State men in taking the census, as numbers were not registered, and of course could not vote. This, Gov. Walker himself acknowledged.—But in the face of all these difficulties, the Free State men have come off victorious.

Gov. Walker, who all along professed to be an arbiter of justice in the Territory, when he found that his pro-slavery friends were likely to be defeated, descended from his position as Governor into the political arena, and partisan like, took an active part in the campaign, and not only voted himself, though not yet six months in the Territory, but used his influence to have the United States soldiers vote, notwithstanding the organic act prohibiting all soldiers or marines from voting or holding office in the Territory.

Now that it seems inevitable that Kansas will be a free State, the Democracy have the effrontery to take the credit to themselves. They have left no device nor expedient untried for the purpose of securing slave institutions to Kansas. The repeal of the Missouri Compromise, they hoped, would accomplish this. They next tried the importation of votes from Missouri, and actually secured a usurped government of the most despotic character. Through this bogus government they undertook to banish the opponents of slavery from the Territory, and therefore commenced a work of bloodshed and slaughter excelling in savage barbarity that of even the American savage. Towns were pillaged and burned—the inhabitants were murdered without distinction of sex, and nothing prevented the banishment or total extermination of every Free State man but the strong tide of emigration, directed to the Territory by the indignant freemen of the North.—But in despite of a desperate pro-slavery faction, headed by government officials, and sustained by U. States troops, the Free State men gathered strength and obtained important advantages over their antagonists, and finally when they had so far out-grown them as to feel that they could spare the large number deprived of the privilege of voting, and yet succeed at the ballot box, they meet them on their own chosen ground, and defeat them. Yes, defeat the invincible Democracy, Gov. Walker, United States troops and all! But the fun of it is, that these Democrats after being badly whipped in every engagement—after having their last fortress stormed, their citidel taken, and themselves suing for mercy, are ready to shout victory! victory!

Result of the Election.—Gov. Chase Elected.

It has at length been ascertained that all the Republican State Ticket except Blickensderfer, has been elected by about 2100 majority.

This we think the most marked and decisive victory ever gained by the Republicans in Ohio. The Republican party based itself on purely Republican principles, from the very outstart in this campaign, and refused all alliance or fusion with any other party. The consequence is, it has freed itself from the encumbrance of those who sought its aid either to elevate them to office or to effect ends foreign to the purpose of the Republican organization. All such have gone over to the Dred Scott Party, and formed a fusion with them. The Know Nothing party, that kept up a separate organization for several years, with the hope of securing some advantage from one or other of the dominant parties, after being spurned by the Republican party, as anti-American and proscriptive, has gone over in a body to the locofocos. Not less than FIFTEEN or TWENTY THOUSAND of the votes cast for Trimble and Fillmore heretofore, were cast for Payne at the late election. Van Trump did not receive more than four or five thousand votes in the whole State. With this odds against the Republican party, in connection with the clamor raised about the defalcation, Bank failures, and Bank suspensions, it is a wonder that they succeeded at all. In 1855 Gov. Chase lacked about 1,100 of having a majority of the whole vote cast: this time, he will fall very little if any short of a majority vote. Had the Know Nothings adhered to their separate organization, he would have been elected by at least 20,000 majority.

That the Republicans have triumphed over the pro-slavery odds and ends, represented in this Democratic Know Nothing fusion, is glory enough for one campaign.

Mr. Jacob Reinhard, Democratic Candidate for Secretary of State.

As an illustration of the fruits of of the late fusion of the Dred Scott party with the "dark lantern cutthroats," as the Democrats used to style them, we need only instance the fact that Mr. Reinhard, the German candidate on the locofoco ticket, has as a general thing, run behind his ticket, wherever the Know Nothing party has had any strength. In voting for Payne they scratched his name. For instance in Muskingum county he fell behind his ticket, some 200 votes, in Franklin county about 100, in Cuyahoga county about 100 and in Hamilton county several hundred, and so through the State. Unless he has gained enough to offset this in sections in which the Know Nothing opposition did not amount to anything, he will run behind his ticket several thousand in the State.

What has come of the bitter denunciations, hurled against this proscriptive order by the Democracy in times past! Their silence is the price of the former's support of Payne.

☞ The Official Abstract will be forthcoming next week.

Suspension of Banks in Pennsylvania.

In consequence of the run upon the Pennsylvania Banks, a special session of the Legislature was called to devise ways for the protection of the Banks. The Legislature met accordingly and passed an act, authorizing the suspension of the Banks till the second Monday of April next.

Just think of it, the Democracy at the late election, used the suspension of the Banks as a means to defeat the Republican party, and here we have a "Democratic" Legislature legalizing the suspension of the Banks in this Democratic strong-hold! and the result of the late election shows that they have been sustained by an overwhelming majority! Certainly this so called Democracy is a piebald affair!

Our State Senator.

It is altogether probable that Mr. J. N. Westcott is elected to the Senate by a small majority. Gen. Hill run ahead of his ticket in Lucas county, about 200 votes, and in Wood county, Westcott's own county, he ran ahead of his ticket some forty or fifty votes. This speaks well for his popularity, where he is best known. We regret much that he has been defeated, as he is a gentleman in every respect calculated to do an honor to our District in the Legislature.

"Americans Rule America."

This faction with whom the Democracy of Ohio have so generally fused have been "ruling America" in Baltimore, with a vengeance. At the election last week, the old game of blood and murder, was played off in that city. Guns, pistols, and all kinds of deadly weapons were used to establish their inherent and inalienable right to "rule America." Very many were killed and not a few seriously wounded, and the consequence was that these bloody Know Nothings were left to do nearly all the voting, very few votes being cast against them.

This is certainly a new feature in American politics, and manifests in a very peculiar way, the competency of Americans to rule America. In Baltimore these Know Nothings succeed by cutting the throats of their opponents; in Ohio they try to succeed by fusing with these same locofocos.

Financial Matters.

The derangement in the money matters in New York, seems to have arrived at a crisis, and the prospect is, confidence will be restored and the Banks be able to relieve business men from their embarrassment.—The heavy run on the Banks for specie, prevented them from discounting paper, hence many business men failed who were really solvent from not having time to meet their liabilities. The West has not felt the effect of this crash much yet, but the probability is it will extend itself to every section of the country.

Fire in Chicago.

A most disastrous fire occurred in Chicago, on Monday night last.—Not only was a large amount of property destroyed, but between 20 and 30 persons lost their lives, by the falling of the buildings. At latest date, 19 bodies had been taken from the ruins, and still a number was missing.

The Legislature—Amendments to the Constitution, &c.

We have received nothing very definite in regard to the Legislature, but it is probable that it has gone for the Payne-ful party. The most of the Amendments to the Constitution have carried. Bank Charter probably defeated.

Gain in Toledo.

The Republicans made a gain in Toledo over the Presidential vote of last fall, of 330. This was owing in the main to the defection of the Germans in that city, who refused to cooperate in the Democratic Know Nothing fusion.

News Matters.

THE ELECTION.—The official returns come in slowly. Since our issue of yesterday we have heard from Putnam, 282 for Payne; Mercer, 448 for Payne; Union, 259 for Chase, and Wood 258 for Chase. These corrections make majorities for Chase foot up 25,351—majorities for Payne 23,457. Majority for Chase 1,891.

LATER.—The Cincinnati *Enqr.* of this morning gives Perry county, official, 330 for Payne. This makes Payne 120 less than we gave him. His column now foots up 23,337, and makes Chase ahead 2,014.

LATER AND BETTER.—We have just learned the official majorities in Defiance, 148 for Payne, and Williams, 135 for Chase. These corrections make the majorities for Chase foot up 25,336, Payne 23,285—making Chase 2,051 ahead.—*State Journal of the 20th inst.*

LATER YET.—We have the official majorities for Governor in about 70 counties, which we give in another column. They show a majority for Mr. CHASE of 2,082.—*State Journal.*

Escape and Recapture of Cole.

Officer Williams, of Chargin Falls, has been indefatigable as well as successful in the pursuit of Hiram Cole, charged with the murder of his wife in Geauga county, on the 8th of September last. When he escaped from Rich and Pomeroy, in Chicago, the prisoner secreted himself for some hours in a barn in the outskirts of the city, freed himself from his wrist shackles, and took the evening train for the Junction for St. Louis. The Chicago Press says:

Officer Williams, who has traveled over three thousand miles in search of Cole, reached St. Louis early in last week, and was confident that he should there find his man. Aware that Cole is a wire worker by trade, he resolved to make the tour of the establishments in that branch of business, and in the second place visited, he was so fortunate as to discover Cole, who had already made himself quite at home, and seemed much overcome at finding himself again a prisoner.

Cole is a young man of good appearance and address, and about twenty-seven years of age. He conversed freely with and other visitors, and says that his wife came to her death by taking a mixture of arsenic which had been prepared for another purpose. He seemed calm and confident that he should be cleared on his trial.

Cole arrived in Cleveland on Monday morning, and was taken immediately to Chardon for examination.

Outrage in Utah.

Washington, Oct. 15.

A letter has been received in this city from W. P. Lambin, one of the clerks whom the late Surveyor General, Barr, left in charge of the office, when he, for his own safety left the territory of Utah last spring. He was, on the 18th Sept., in Placerville California. In giving an account of his escape from Salt Lake City, he says that while engaged in conversation with a party of emigrants, he was assaulted by a gang of Mormons, lead on by a fellow named Dick Pettit and a ruffian associate, who without cause, severely beat him with stones and clubs. He was scarcely able to reach home in consequence of his wounds. The same afternoon they attacked the Deputy Surveyor, Mogo, with stones.—Landon was driven from his home at night, leaving his wife and child at Salt Lake City. After adroitly eluding his armed persuers, he reached Placerville in the most distressing condition.

He says he met on the road the Indian Peter, who used to frequent the Surveyor General's office. Peter informed him that Brigham Young had sent him out to get horses and carbines. The Indian saved his life because he had on several occasions given him red paint. He had not long parted from him before the Indian shot a man with four bullets. The man escaped, tho' much injured. Another clerk in the Surveyor General's office, (Mr. Wilson) was also attacked by the Mormons. They roughly seized him, tearing him away from his family. They commanded him to go along with them and make no fuss or they would "damned soon show him what they were going to do with him."

Mr. Landon's letter gives the particulars of these occurrences. He concludes by saying, that the Mormons have left Placerville and Carson Valley, for the purpose of defending Seton.

The greatest preservative of beauty known to modern science, is Professor Wood's Hair Restorative and Cosmetic. Among the most important features of female beauty, are a luxuriant head of hair and a fine complexion; both of which should be guarded as sacred treasures, for either may be lost by neglect, or preserved by the use of the above named article; delay is dangerous. We seldom undertake, editorially, to endorse what are called "Hair Restoratives," as knowing full well that the great majority of such preparations are entirely worthless.—Exceptions there are, nevertheless, and among these we have never hesitated to express our conviction that the article known as "Wood's Hair Restorative" is entitled to a proud pre-eminence. This article has told its own story in numberless instances of prematurely gray and bald heads, and the certificates in regard to its amazing efficacy have been alike numerous, unsolicited, and emphatic.

When Senators of the United States and other (of the highest standing socially and politically) openly declare that "Wood's Hair Restorative" is all, and more than all, it pretends to be, we cannot do otherwise than believe them. The article can be had at all our Druggists. See notice elsewhere—*Railway Republican.* Sold by all good Druggists.

Terrible Accident on the New York Central Railroad.

SYRACUSE, Oct. 16.

The accident on the road last evening was the most disastrous that has happened on the Central route for many years. Cars were under full headway, and as they approached Nine Mile Creek, between Warner's Station and Syracuse, the engine suddenly plunged off the track, darted down into the creek some 15 or 20 feet. Couplings apparently broke instantly, as the first baggage car plunged right over on the top of the engine. This was followed by the mail car and three passenger cars, all of which took the leap, one after another. Cars were all well filled with passengers, and the catastrophe was so sudden that only one shriek was heard above the noise of the wheels before all were heaped together in common ruin at the bottom of the gulf. The last car only remained on the track, and those fortunate enough to be on board that, instantly leaped out and went to the rescue of the other passengers. The scene presented was most awful.—The mail car was turned bottom side up, and was found to be on fire, having taken from a hot stove. The first passenger car was turned on one side; with the front part buried in the water of the creek, which had risen high in consequence of heavy rains. In this car Miss Brown, daughter of Mr. Brown, late of the Toronto Globe, was riding. After most of the passengers were got out of the ruins, one of the passengers, searching, found a shawl which he pulled out. He then discovered a human being, and with the aid of three others, dragged forth the body of Miss Brown. She had been drowned in about three feet of water, and from a concussion on the head, had evidently been stunned in the colission.

The second car turned broadside to the train, and the third ran right through it about the middle, nearly cutttng it in two. The third car through this was smashed up about one third of the distance of the car, seats and passengers being crushed together in one mass. Here Mr. Brown, of New Britian, Ct., sat, and his bowels were torn open by the splinters of his seat. Some slivers of mahogany were extracted from his intestines by surgeons to-day.—His entrails were literally cut into mince meat, and though he still lives, his recovery is impossible. He is a man of strong build and strong constitution. He crawled out of the ruins on to the track, literally holding in his bowels with his hands.—Had it cut through a little lower down, several more would have been killed.

From the nature of the accident, and complete destruction of the cars, it is miraculous that, out of 60 or 70 passengers, so few were fatally injured.

There were several narrow escapes; one passenger, Mr. Ogeburg, of Jefferson, was in the second car, and the whole wood-work not one foot above his head was splintered to atoms.—D. L. Levein, of the Albany Statesman, was in the back car, having, not five minutes before the accident, left a seat in the back car and walked back.

India.

No later advices from India have been received, but passengers arrived in England by the last mail steamer, report that Nena Sahib is resolved not to be taken alive by the British troops.

He has a body guard, who have strict orders to kill him in case he is in danger of being captured. There are said to be 30,000 mutineers between Cawnpore and Lucknow.

At last accounts only 3,000 British troops had arrived at Calcutta since the outbreak,

It is feared that the garrison at Lucknow will fall before assistance can possibly arrive.

It is considered doubtful whether General Outram can ascend the river Goiva, as it is lined with forts all manned by mutineers.

China.

Letters from China, received at Paris, say that the Viceroy Yeh has issued a proclamation, attributing the departure of the English troops for India, to the fear created by his military preparations.

Africa.

Two slavers have been captured on the West coast of Africa. One of them was an American built brigantine called the Sarah Jane.

Who are the Bank Men!

We are in receipt of a copy of the "Journal of the Bank Investigating Committee of the Senate of Indiana"—thanks to Selon Turman, Esq., clerk to said committee. As one of the anti-bank fits which semi-occasionally afflicts the democrats is about to overcome that party, this is a useful book, showing as it does how the leaders affirmed, two years ago, to the most liberal bank views; how they assisted in engineering the bank charters through the Legislature over the vetoes of Gov. Wright, and how they made money in the operation of *taking stock.* With the evidence contained in this journal of the committee against them, the democrats will ere long be talking of "gold dollars shining through the interstices of Silk purses," of gold in trade and truth in politics." The first they have, by their banks, driven from the circulation; the latter is utterly unknown among them. It is fairly set out in the evidence taken before the committee, how the leaders affirmed their belief in the utility of and the necessity for banks—every one of them.

The U. S. Marshal Robinson is down for a few shares of stock in the Rushville branch; G. N. Fich, bogus U. S. Senator, in the Logansport branch for 230 shares and for 830 as trustee—$53,000 of bank stock held by this anti-bank democrat! The amount of premiums on the sales of the stock of the bank of the State, made by the democrats who obtained the charter, is estimated at $170,000 to $200,000. Mr. Bright held originally $230,000; he admitted that he disposed of this stock at a premium of from 5 to 14 per cent., and said, "My regret is that I did not get more." If the Bank of the State should be forced to suspend it could buy from the democratic leaders a legalization of the suspension by the Legislature. Gov. Willard, in his testimony before the committee, said, under oath, "I believe that it was essential to the welfare of the State that a State Bank should be chartered, and the Bank was put through *according.*

Disease Expelled from the Blood! The Hopeless cured.

During the year five hundred and nine persons, who had been given over by regular physicians, have been radically cured by Dr. Roback's Scandinavian Remedies. The list, as taken from Dr. Roback's book of cases, is as follows: 40 cases of dyspepsia, 8 of scrofula, 30 of incipient consumption, 19 of rheumatism, 5 of general debility, 3 of nervous disorders, and 4 of sexual weakness.—Upwards of 1,500 less serious cases have also been treated by Dr. Roback with entire success. His Blood Purifier and Blood Pills cure all inorganic maladies by cleansing the blood from the impurities which cause and sustain disease. See Advertisement.

The Siamese Twins—Cheng and Eng.

These wonderful prodigies arrived in our town on Sunday last, and left on Monday, with the intention, as we understand, of proceeding South as far as Cuba, for the purpose of exhibiting themselves. They had six children with them, and upon a gentleman expressing surprise at the number, he was coolly informed by one of the twins that there were a *heap* more at home, and upon inquiry it was ascertained that they had fourteen in all. They are above 45 years old, seem to be in the enjoyment of good health, and certainly had no lack of appetite.—*Wythevile Telegraph.*

A bernathy was sent for by an innkeeper, who had a quarrel with his wife, who had scored his face with her fingers. Mr. Abernathy admonishing the offender, said: "Madam, are you not ashamed of yourself, to treat your husband thus—the husband, who is the hand of all, your head, madam, in fact?"—'Well, Doctor,' fiercely returned the virago, "and may I not scratch my own head?"

KANSAS CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION. A despatch from Washington states that information has been received from an official sourse, to the effect that the constitutional convention of Kansas will submit the constitution for adoption or rejection to the legal voters of the territory. The convention re-assembled on Monday last, pursuant to adjournment. *Cin. Gazette.*

List of Premiums

Awarded at the Agricultural Fair of Hancock County, for the year 1857.

STALLION—1st CLASS.

Jacob Engle, 1st premium	$5,00
David R. Beason, 2d "	2,50

2nd CLASS.

Edson Gott, 1st premium	3,00
Josiah Shafer, 2d "	1,50

3rd CLASS.

R. H. Bennett 1st premium	2,00
Paul Matthias 2d "	1,00

4th CLASS.

S. R. Gray 1st premium	1,00
Wm. King 2d "	50

BROOD MARES.

W. C. Cox 1st premium	3,00
John Eckel 2d "	2,50

DRAFT HORSES AND RIDING.

R. S. Mungen 1st premium	2,00
W. B. Patterson 2d "	1,00

BUGGY HORSES.

Eli Beach 1st premium	2,00
Emanuel Mogle 2d "	1,00

BEST PAIR HORSES.

Eli Beach 1st premium	3,00
" " 2d " not reported	

HORSES 3 YEARS OLD.

George Stough 1st premium	2,00
George Mitchel 2d "	1,00

BEST 2 YEAR OLD COLT.

George Mitchell 1st premium	2,00
J. C. Rickets 2d "	1,00

BEST 1 YEAR OLD COLT.

M. B. Patterson 1st premium	1,50
John Eckels 2d "	1,00

BEST SUCKING COLT.

Wm. C. Cox 1st premium	1,00
S. R. Gray 2d "	50

BEST SADDLE HORSE.

F. Cahill 1st premium	2,00
M. B. Patterson 2d premium	1,00

BEST JACK.

Henry Jumper 1st premium	2,00
Solomon Peters 2d "	1,00

BEST JENNY.

Solomon Peters 1st premium	1,50
Wm. McKee 2d "	1,00

BEST MULE COLT.

Henry Jumper 1st premium	1,00
Aaron Baker 2d "	50

BULLS.

J. H. Wilson 1st premium	500

THREE YEAR OLD BULLS.

James Vickers 1st premium	2,00
Edson Gott 2d "	1,00

TWO YEAR OLD BULLS.

James Hartman 1st premium	2,00
R. B. Hurd 2d "	1,00

ONE YEAR OLD BULLS.

Isaac Davis 1st premium	1,00
James Vickers 2d "	50

CATTLE.

Joshua Hartman 1st premium	3,00
James Vickers 2d "	2,00

TWO YEAR OLD HEIFERS.

Alex Philips 1st premium	2,00
" " 2d "	1,00

YEARLING HEIFERS.

R. B. Hurd 1st premium	1,00
2d " not returned	

OXEN.

Ezra Kern 1st premium	2,00
J. H. Wilson 2d "	1,00

SHEEP.

Wm Martin 1st premium	2,00
John Hallowell 2d "	1,00

LOT EWES 5.

Wm. Martin 1st premium	2,00
A. Leonard 2d "	1,00

The Committee recommended a lot of Spanish and French Merino Bucks, belonging to E. & H. H. Beadly.

SWINE.

Wm. Martin 1st premiums	2,00
John Bonham 2d "	1,00

BEST SOW AND PIGS.

A. Leonard 1st premium	3,00
M. B. Patterson 2d "	2,00

BEST SOW.

Wm. Church 1st premium	2,00
Parker Shipman 2d "	1,00

BEST PIGS.

Eli Beach 1st premium	1,00
Joseph Hanna 2d "	50

FOWLS.

Wm. Martin 1st premium	1,00
A. Yerger 2d "	50

FIELD CROPS—WHEAT—BEST ACRE.

David Tussing 1st premium	3,00
A. W. Shother 2d "	2,00

CORN—BEST ACRE.

A. W. Strother 1st premium	3,00
Henry Jumper 2d "	2,00

OATS—BEST ACRE.

Jacob Stoker 1st premium	2,00
Henry Jumper 2d "	1,00

ROOT CROPS.—SWEET POTATOES.

Thomas Tayler 1st premium	1,00
Ezra Kern 2d "	50

TURNIPS.

John Povemire 1st premium	50
Ezra Karns 2d "	25

POTATOES.

George Strough 1st premium	1,00
Jacob Staker 2d "	50

BEETS.

Jessey George 1st premium	75
C. J. Eckels 3d "	37

ONIONS.

T. B. Scott 1st premium	1,00
A. W. Strother 2d "	50

GARDEN PRODUCTS—CABBAGES.

George Stough 1st premiums	50
Jacob Bern 2d "	25

BEST WINTER FRUIT.

A. W. Strother 1st premium	1,00
Ebenezer Wilson 2d "	50

BEST FALL APPLES.

Ebenezer Wilson 1st premium	1,00
2d not returned	

BEST VARIETY OF APPLES.

A. W. Strother 1st premium	1,00
2d " not returned	

DRIED FRUIT.

Jacob Stoker 1st premium	1,00
Henry Jumper 2d "	50

DAIRY—BUTTER.

John Eckels 1st premium	1,00
Jonas Hartman 2d "	50

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

Mr. Charles Beed entered 3 cultivators, on which was no competition, highly recommended. The committee also recommended Hall and Allen's Sward Plow, also St. Clairs cast Plow.

FANCY PRINTING.

Specimens of Fancy Printing, from the Jeffersonian Office, noticed by the Committee, on which was no competion.

HORSEMANSHIP.

Miss S. Radabaugh 1st premium	—
Miss Cherry 2d "	—

CARRIAGES.

Only one entered by Mr. Koons, no competition; carriage recommended.

STOVES AND TIN WARE.

Jacob Cromly 1st premium	1,00
May & Ruthroff 2d "	75

The committee recommended the cooking stoves exhibited by Messrs. May & Ruthroff & Mr Jacob Cromby, also Box Stoves.

WOODEN AND DOMESTIC ARTICLES.

Jacob Staker, on blanket, 1st premium	1,00
Ebenezer Wilson 2d premium	50
" " 1 piece flannel, no competition.	

CARPET.

Charles Oesterlin 1st premium	1,00
J. C. Rickets 2d "	50

Also 2 pieces Jeans by Jacob Stoker, no competition. Also 2 pair children's sacks, by Mrs. Oesterlin, no competition.

DOMESTIC ARTICLES OF DIFFERENT KINDS.

D. R. Cameron best quilt 1st premium	1,00
" " 2d "	50

BEST EMBROIDERY.

Mrs. E. W. Cowles 1st premium	1,00
Miss Amanda Reed 2d "	50

MAPLE SUGAR.

J. C. Rickets 1st premium	75
Henry Jumper 2d "	50

CANE MOLASSES.

Wm. Martin 1st premium	1,50
A. W. Strother 2d "	75

GREATEST DISPLAY OF ARTICLES.

A. W. Strother 1st premium	3,00
Jacob Stoker 2d "	2,00

PRESERVES.

William Martin 1st premium	75
A. W. Strother 2d "	50

It being impossible for the Board to procure Medals as heretofore advertised in the Premium List, and learning that Diplomas have not given satisfaction when distributed in other counties, they have affixed cash premiums in their stead.

WM. MARTIN, *President.*

N. E. CHILDS, *Secretary,*
Findlay, Oct. 19, 1857.

To the Hancock County Agricultural Society, assembled at Findlay, Oct. 16, 1857, your Committee on Implements and Machines for Farmers, respectfully report as follows:

The article of Corn & Cob Mills was exhibited by D. Watt, of Mansfield, Richland county, and Jesse George, of Findlay, Hancock county:

Your Committee would only say in behalf of the Mills, that we would recommend the Young America Excelsior, exhibited by D. Watt, and manufactured by Messrs. Hall & Allen, of Mansfield, Ohio, as being the best Mill: First on account of its single set screw and lever, which, while it holds the Mill securely in its position, enables the miller to change the grinding instantly and while in full motion; and second, on account of its movable grinding rings, which obviates all the liability to wear out, so much complained of in the other Mill: and third, on account of its conductor and spout delivery.

Also, your Committee examined some Plows, exhibited by D. Watt, manufactured by Messrs. Hall & Allen, of Mansfield, O.: First we examined a Barshire or Sod Plow, second, a mettel one called Sinclair Pattern: and from examination and experience we feel free in recommending the Plows to the Farmers of this County; more especially the Mettle, Sinclair's Plow, it is doubtless, superior to Long's improved or the Hizer, in use in this county.

JOHN C. RICKETS,
JOHN REED,
ADAM WAGONER,
G. TEATSORTH.

New Advertisements.

1857.—FINDLAY BOOK STORE—1858.

Offers a new stock of

BOOKS, PAPER, &C.,

WITH

STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS!

In great variety. We have

ALL THE NEW BOOKS,

And Standard old ones, from the Penny Toy Book, to the beautiful Gift Annual!!

WE CALL THE ATTENTION of

MERCHANTS

To our very extensive stock of Letter, Cap, Note, and Wrapping

PAPERS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, INKS, ETC.,

Bought expressly for the trade, and sold at prices that make it useless for you to look further. We have not forgotten the

Children!

But will be on hand for them with a large supply of

Christmas and New Years Gifts, Toys of all Kinds, Baskets, Perfumery, Beads,

Anything and everything you want or need.—Come and see, both young and old.

Findlay, Oct. 18, 1857.

Sign of the Blue Boot.

WE wish to call the attention of the public to this new and cheap

BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

IN P. D. ARDINGER'S old stand, three doors north of Ballentine and Firmin's Dry Goods Store.

Now we neither want to brag nor banter, but all we ask of the public, is just to come and see.

HOME MADE WORK

Of Every Description!

MEASURES filled and REPAIRING done on SHORT NOTICE. Dont forget the 2d door north of Ballentine and Firmins—call and see before you buy elsewhere. J. D. STUBBS.

Oct. 23, 1857.

J. D. STUBBS

VOCAL & INSTRUMENTAL

MUSIC.

Dr. J. C. AIKEN, late of Sandusky City, and formerly of Boston, has consented, at the solicitation of a number of Ladies and Gentlemen, to take a class for instruction in Vocal Music, at Findlay, as soon as a sufficient number of scholars are obtained to justify him in so doing.

He will also teach a select class on the Violin and Violoncello. Having had much experience in Teaching, he feels warranted in saying that he can give satisfaction to those who patronize him.

Tickets for the course of twenty-four lessons, three dollars: to be obtained of Hon. N. E. Childs, N. Y. Mofford, D. M. Stoughton, G. W. Galloway, W. Mungen, and T. Woodworth, Esqrs., to whom Dr. A. begs leave to refer.

FINDLAY, Oct. 22d, 1857.

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition will be presented to the Commissioners of Hancock county, at their next session, praying that body to grant a view for the purpose of locating a county road running east and west through the center of Cass and Washington townships, commencing at the south-east corner of section thirteen in Cass township, at the township line between Cass and Washington townships; thence north along said line until it comes to or near the bank of a creek; thence southwesterly until it comes to or near the east and west lane, running through L. D. Sheppy's farm; thence west until it comes to a lane running north and south; thence north until it comes to the section line between twelve and thirteen; thence west along said section line until it comes to the half quarter post between Jacob Beason and L. D. Sheppys farm; thence north between the widow Wilkins and the widow Eckles farms until it strikes a county road, and there terminate. (Oct. 23, 1857.

NOTICE is hereby given that Henry Brown Administrator of James Hales, deceased, Joseph Twining, administrator of Elias Twining, deceased; Nancy Poe, executrix of Jacob Poe, deceased; Michael Holdman, Guardian of Margaret Holdman, et. al.; Peter Karn, guardian of Adam Karn, and Archibald McKee guardian of his minor heirs have filed their accounts and vouchers in the Probate Court of Hancock county, Ohio, for settlement to be confirmed November 19th 1857.

N. E. CHILDS.
Probate Judge.

Findlay, October 31, 1857.

NOTICE! All Executors, Administrators and Guardians, knowing their time to have expired, to settle with the Probate Court, will please call and attend to it forthwith, and save costs. N. E. CHILDS.

Lydia Spade vs. William Spade.

THE said William Spade of the State of Iowa, is notified that Lindia Spade did on the 20th day of October, 1857, file her petition in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas, within and for the county of Hancock, and State of Ohio, charging the said William Spade with gross neglect of duty; and asking that she may be divorced from the said William Spade, that on the final hearing of said cause the custody of the child, named in said petition, may be decreed to said petitioner, and that while said suit is pending, the said William Spade may be enjoined from meddling with the care and custody of said child.

Said petition will be for hearing at the first term of said court succeeding the complete publication of this notice, which will be six weeks after the 23d of October, 1857.

LYNDA SPADE.
B. Caples & Ford, Att'y. for Petioner.

Sale of Real Estate by Order of Court

John C. Rickets, Adm'r. of John Teems, dec'd. vs. Lucinda Teems, and others.

On the 27th day of November, 1856, at 1 o'clock, p. m., at the door of the Court House, in Findlay, Hancock county, Ohio, will be sold to the highest bidder, the following Real Estate, as the property of John Teems, dec'd., to wit:—the south half of the south west quarter of section thirty, in township one, south of range eleven (east,) containing eighty acres of land, more or less, subject to the dower of the widow. Appraised at $1,300.

Terms:—One-third of the purchase money in hand on the day of sale, and the residue thereof in one and two years, with interest from the day of sale, to be secured by mortgage on said premises.

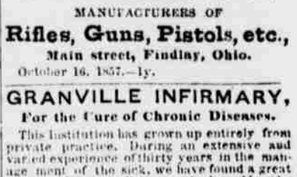
JOHN C. RICKETS, Adm'r.

October 16, 1857 5w

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Administratrix on the estate of Joseph Tucker, deceased, late of Amanda township, Hancock county, Ohio,

MARTHA TUCKER.

Dated this 10th day of October, 1857.



O. B. VANDENBURGH & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Rifles, Guns, Pistols, etc.,

Main street, Findlay, Ohio.

October 16, 1857.—1y.

GRANVILLE INFIRMARY,

For the Cure of Chronic Diseases.

This Institution has grown up entirely from private practice. During an extensive and varied experience of thirty years in the management of the sick, we have found a great number of Chronic Diseases which could not be successfully treated at home. All that science and skill could do, was done by our best Physicians, and still the patients suffered hopeless, discouraged, feeling themselves a burden to their friends, and fit subjects to be dupes to nostrum venders and charlatans.

For the relief of a few such, we consented to open our doors, and take a few sufferers under our immediate care, so that we could see that our prescriptions were fully carried out. Here we can regulate the diet, ventilation, rest, bathing, recreation, mental, moral, physical and medical treatment, and carefully adapt all, to each case under our care.

The observing Physician is aware of the salutary influence exerted, in many cases, by new associations, new plans of nursing, &c. He is also aware of the beneficial influence of Water, if the temperature and mode of application be judiciously adapted to the strength and condition of the patient. But while we use water in the various modes usually approved in establishments exclusively hydropathic, we have not lost sight of the great benefit to be derived from other remedial agents, both old and new, provided they are skilfully adapted to the wants of the patient.

During the six years that this Institution has been in operation, it has been demonstrated that all the various appliances for the cure of Disease can be much better brought into requisition in such an establishment, than is possible in home treatment, for it is important that old