

Calendar for 1869 showing months from Jan to Dec with dates and days of the week.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. Business Directory - Mrs. Julia A. Parker, W. H. & J. Wheeler.

Our correspondent, 'Precaution,' calls the attention of our people to some facts of vital interest to them.

The M. E. Fair at Wheeler's Hall. We learn that the ladies of the M. E. Church propose giving a Fair at Wheeler's Hall, Wednesday evening, January 20th.

The Latest Market Reports. We are under obligations to Messrs. W. H. & J. Wheeler for the following telegraphic market reports:

Chicago, Jan. 7, 10 o'clock. - Wheat more irregular and heavy. No. 1, 1 1/2; No. 2, 1 1/4; No. 3, 1 1/8; No. 4, 1 1/8; No. 5, 1 1/8; No. 6, 1 1/8; No. 7, 1 1/8; No. 8, 1 1/8; No. 9, 1 1/8; No. 10, 1 1/8; No. 11, 1 1/8; No. 12, 1 1/8.

Some very mortifying blunders occurred in our Williamsontown correspondence, in which Mr. DeWane and Mr. G. S. Mosher, two enterprising citizens of that place had their names badly mutilated.

Public School. The holidays past and gone, our young folks are settling down to business again. Last Monday, school commenced in District No. 9, under the supervision of Mr. Tufts, and his efficient assistants.

Remarkable longevity. Mr. V. S. Coons, of the firm of Munger, Coons & Vail, showed us a photograph of his grand mother, a resident of Canada, who will be 102 years old the 24th of next August.

Who is to blame? The public mind has been somewhat agitated over the report that the identical \$100 counterfeit bill, which our county was compelled to lose in the settlement with a late Treasurer, is again in circulation.

Who put it into circulation? Why was it not destroyed at the time the county was compelled to lose it. It is intended that this bill shall be kept in circulation by the State.

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FINDLAY HAS A HUGESSENTATION.

The "Ethnological Giant" on the Track. Is a Member of Congress Supposed to Have any Character?

If so, why so, How Much, and to What Extent, Whereas, Notwithstanding, Verily, &c.

There has been some stir and excitement over the fact that Hon. Wm. Munger, Congressman elect, has entered suit against John Markle, Esq., a well known citizen of Eagle township in this county, for slander, in the sum of \$10,000.

The petition filed by the plaintiff avers that he has heretofore borne a good character, which has been damaged by the defendant asserting on the 13th of October, in the presence and hearing of divers and sundry persons that the plaintiff (Munger) had stolen two hundred dollars from his client, and he, the defendant, (Markle) could prove it.

There is no doubt but what this question—like all such questions—has two sides, and when the defendant (Markle) comes to file his answer to the petition, it may assume an entirely different aspect. We shall await the filing of the answer and give it to our readers at once.

We have not learned whether the Hon. Wm. claims damages to his reputation as a private citizen, a lawyer, a member of Congress, or in all three capacities; but were we assessing damages to the amount of \$10,000, we should assuage his damaged reputation about as follows: As private citizen, \$9,999; as lawyer, \$99; as member of Congress, \$1.

This it seems to us is about a fair estimate, supposing that Mr. Munger has been damaged to the amount he claims—a matter which a jury of his countrymen will be called upon to decide. Perhaps the honorable gentleman may feel as if he had commenced at the wrong end of the matter to estimate damages, and that as a representative in our National Hall his reputation has suffered the severest blast. Perhaps his feelings in this regard can be best illustrated by an anecdote which crosses our memory and which runs as follows: An uncounted specimen of the genus homo, in the "rural districts" had been elevated to the important station of constable, a dignity which set rather "hefty" upon him. A free fight taking place in the neighborhood shortly after his accession to office, our newly-dressed official undertook to preserve the peace, which resulted in his being pretty roughly shaken by a former boon companion whom we will call Jake. After the excitement had cooled down, Jake felt that he had been too fat and his best hold would be to apologize to the constable for the rough handling he had given him. That worthy listened to the apology with a great deal of dignity and with a patronizing air said: "Jake, I do mind you hustle you gave me, so much, but you should bear in mind that when you shake me, you shake the Commonwealth."

Perhaps our M. C. feels that when his fair fame is attacked, the perpetuity of the Government is endangered. But it's a good thing for lawyers, if Munger gains his case.—We shall keep our readers posted.

Teachers' Institute. This body closed an unusually interesting session last Friday evening. We learn that about 120 teachers participated in the proceedings which we publish in another column. These meetings are accomplishing much for the cause of education, and we have it from good authority, that the session just closed has been more successful in that direction than any which have preceded it. Messrs. Miller and Stevenson delivered able and instructive lectures and labored diligently to advance the cause. We understand that thirty four subscribers were obtained for the Ohio Educator Monthly, and nearly as many for other periodicals, which speak well for the teachers of the county. The resolution passed with regard to the County Superintendent will meet with the approbation of every friend of our Common Schools. It is the one thing useful to make our system of Common Schools the best in the Union. We hope our Legislature will be deluged with petitions in favor of this measure until it will be compelled to make this much improvement in our school system. We would suggest the holding of the County Institute at least twice a year, and the establishment of township institutes throughout the county.

The following additional preamble and resolutions were submitted and adopted: WHEREAS, It is the well grounded opinion of teachers and educators generally, that schools in the rural districts can be greatly benefited by the supervision of a faithful and educated officer—vested with certain duties, therefore

Resolved, That the Legislature of the State of Ohio, be requested by the School Commissioner to create an office of County Superintendent.

Resolved, That the teachers of this county labor among their patrons to create a healthy sentiment on this subject.

The committee on nominations next made their report, which was received, and the nominees duly elected.

After some other business, and a cheering piece of music by Miss Dwyer, the Institute adjourned to meet at the call of the Executive Committee.

Transfers of Real Estate. Filed for record in the Recorder's Office of Hancock county for the week ending Jan. 6, 1869.

Chas. Bakeman and wife to A. K. Bachel, 1/2 acre of land in Pleasant Hill, 2000.

Leland Richardson and wife to Cyrus Shook, 1/2 acre of land in Pleasant Hill, 2000.

E. T. Education and wife to Darius Shaw, 1/2 acre of land in Pleasant Hill, 2000.

John S. Smith to Levi Galloway, 1/2 acre of land in Pleasant Hill, 2000.

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Proceedings of the Teachers' Institute.

Wednesday, Dec. 30, 1868. AFRAXOON SESSION.

The Institute met pursuant to adjournment, and spent the first half hour in discussing the question, "Is the teacher justifiable in depriving the scholar of recesses, as a punishment of offenses?"

Prof. Stevenson then resumed his lecture on Geography, explaining some difficult points, and calling the attention of teachers to the best methods of interesting scholars in the study of this branch.

After recess, Mr. Miller proceeded with his lecture on Grammar, taking the verb as his special subject, which he treated in an able and interesting manner.

Mr. R. B. Leonard then gave a report of the "Biglick" township Teachers' Association," which was favorably received by the Institute.

The Query Box was then opened, the questions read, and properly referred and answered.

After the Committee on Criticism reported, the Institute adjourned to meet in Columbia Hall at 7 o'clock, P. M.

Evening Session. The members of the Institute, together with a large number of citizens, assembled in Columbia Hall, and after being entertained with music, upon the piano, by Prof. Heinze, the teachers and others proceeded to discuss, for a short time, the following question: "What amount of knowledge and mental culture should the teacher possess to fit him for his calling?"

The audience was again entertained, with music by Miss Sallie Dwyer.

Prof. Stevenson was then introduced and proceeded to deliver an able and interesting lecture on the subject, "Liberty of Opinion and the qualifications necessary to its proper use."

After some excellent music by Prof. Heinze, the Institute adjourned until 9 o'clock Thursday morning.

Thursday, Dec. 31. MORNING SESSION. The Institute met and was called to order by the president at the precise time for business. After religious exercises, a question was chosen for discussion in the evening. Mr. Miller then resumed the subject of Grammar. He again called the attention of the Institute to analysis of sentences, and showed, by appropriate examples, how to teach this important part of grammar.

After a recess of ten minutes, Mr. Stevenson resumed his lecture on School Government. He argued that it was necessary to success and the greatest good, that teachers have a regard for the welfare of their pupils, and a sincere desire to do them good; and claimed that the order and regulations of a school should resemble those of a well regulated family.

Prof. Duell, formerly Superintendent of the Urbana Union Schools, being present, was called for by Mr. Miller, and responded in some most valuable and practical remarks, in regard to the arduous and responsible duties of the teacher.

That we tender a hearty vote of thanks to our Instructors, Messrs. Miller and Stevenson, and especially to Mr. Stevenson, for his valuable instructions on Theory and Practice of Teaching, and his interesting and practical suggestions which will be a visitor at the Institute.

That we tender our thanks to the citizens of this place for their meeting with us in our sessions, and also the Board of Education, for the use of their excellent school building during the session of the Institute.

That we tender a vote of thanks to Prof. Heinze, and the Misses Dwyer, for kindly entertaining us with music in our evening exercises at Columbia Hall.

That we tender a vote of thanks to the editors of the county papers for their liberality in publishing for us.

That the Secretary be requested to file a synopsis of these proceedings, and to present a copy to the editors of each of the county papers for publication.

The following additional preamble and resolutions were submitted and adopted: WHEREAS, It is the well grounded opinion of teachers and educators generally, that schools in the rural districts can be greatly benefited by the supervision of a faithful and educated officer—vested with certain duties, therefore

Resolved, That the Legislature of the State of Ohio, be requested by the School Commissioner to create an office of County Superintendent.

Resolved, That the teachers of this county labor among their patrons to create a healthy sentiment on this subject.

The committee on nominations next made their report, which was received, and the nominees duly elected.

After some other business, and a cheering piece of music by Miss Dwyer, the Institute adjourned to meet at the call of the Executive Committee.

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which was listened to with great interest and attention, and undoubtedly much profit to all.

After a recess of ten minutes, Mr. Miller resumed his lecture on Arithmetic, taking "Ratio" for his special subject, which he treated in a clear and ready manner.

It was then moved that this afternoon be devoted to receiving reports of committees, and in other closing business of the Institute, which was carried.

The Institute then adjourned until 11 o'clock, P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION. The Institute met in Columbia Hall, instead of the room of the High School, and was entertained with some excellent music, on the piano, by Miss Dwyer.

Remarks were then made by Prof. Duell in regard to text books for which he is agent; which was followed by Prof. Stevenson, in his closing remarks to the Institute, in which he gave the teachers some excellent advice, which, it is hoped, will not soon be forgotten.

Interesting and valuable remarks were also made by Mr. E. G. De Wolfe, Rev. Newton and others.

The Committee on Resolutions then reported the following, which was adopted: Resolved, 1. That, as a means of having our Common Schools more uniformly conducted, and of a mutual interchange of opinions, we recommend that the teachers of the county, together with the patrons and Boards of Education, meet as often and in as large numbers as possible in various portions of the county.

2. That we congratulate the teachers who have taken part in this Institute for their increased interest in better preparing and fitting themselves for their work.

3. That we ensure those who do not take interest enough in their County Institute, make an effort to be present at its sessions, and to request the Board of Examiners to take this into consideration in granting certificates.

4. That as one of the best means of raising the grade of our common schools, we request the Board of Examiners to give more thorough and careful examinations to teachers, and to gradually raise and keep up the standard of qualification.

5. That every body's business, is nobody's business, is an "old saw" that is generally true, but in this instance I hope that every one that has any interest at stake will make it his business to see that something is done in this matter.

If the people were to consider for one moment the amount of interest they have at stake, and the risks they are running every day, they would move immediately. Let them think that many of the titles they have to the lands they are living upon are only upon record in the Recorder's office, and that a few minutes may destroy them; then, the matter is brought home to them in such a manner that they will fully appreciate it.

PRÉCAUTION. Almost a Fire. On last Tuesday morning, Mr. Soothern, the confectioner, on Main street took up the ashes from his stove in a pine box, and set the box in the back room of his establishment. Early Wednesday morning, nearly twenty-four hours afterwards, Mr. Jas. Kerr, the owner of the building, who resides in the second story, was awakened by the smoke coming up from the lower story. He hurried down and found the afore-said pine box consumed, a considerable hole burned in the floor, and everything in a fair way for a general conflagration. The fire was extinguished by a few buckets of water. Too much care can not be exercised in the handling of ashes, as a little carelessness may prove expensive.

HEARTH AND HOME.—A new 10 page paper published by Pettengill, Bates & Co., 37 Park Row N. Y., the first number of which is received.—With this number commences a new story entitled "Under the Ice," by Mr. J. T. Towbridge. It is replete with excellent reading from such authors as Bayard Taylor, Harriet Beecher Stowe, J. T. Towbridge, Grace Greenwood and others. It has also a fine corps of Agricultural contributors. The young folks are not neglected.—The Youth's column is attractive and instructive. Single copies, \$1.00; Three copies for \$1.00, or five copies for \$1.50.

Local Business Notices. Union School. The Union School will open Jan. 11, 1869.

The Board of Education have secured the services of Miss Sallie Dwyer, as teacher of music. All who wish to take lessons on the piano will be charged three dollars per term. Surr.

Table Cutlery. For the very best Table Cutlery, call at RUTHBAUFF & COY'S, no. 304.

Reliable Information. We are informed upon the best authority that Mr. J. S. Patterson is closing out his stock of Dry Goods at very low prices to make room for his Spring arrivals. Our friends in the country would do well to make a note of this, and when they come to town, stop with Mr. Patterson and price his goods. His well-known character for integrity and fair dealing is a sufficient guarantee that those who deal with him will not be deceived either as to quality or quantity of goods. He is selling very low, as we stated above, in order to make room for Spring Goods. Give him a call and see for yourself.

Radical Restoration. Its good effects are permanent. It not only restores the color of the hair, but the quantity and natural glossiness. This is said by every one using Mrs. S. Allen's Improved (new style) Hair Restorer or Dressing. (See our bottle.) Every Druggist sells it. Price one dollar.

Desirable Residence for Sale.

I offer for sale my residence on East Sandusky Street, Findlay, Ohio. The property is desirably located, in good repair, with all the modern conveniences.

A \$35 Gen. Grant cook stove, No. 9, for \$20 at J. Cromley's, 281

Findlay, O., Dec. 21, 1868. We, the undersigned, take pleasure in saying that we have thoroughly tested the above Druggist, invented and patented by Mr. John Adams. We are at present heating sixteen rooms in the County Infirmary, with five stoves, by means of this invention, and it gives most perfect satisfaction, economizing fuel, thereby saving much expense.

JOHN COOPER, D. W. ENGLE, W. TAYLOR, Commissioners of Hancock Co. W. MORSEHEAD, M. KELLEY, C. KENTON, Infirmary Directors. T. GIBBERT, Superintendent Infirmary.

A good \$25 Elevated Oven cook stove for \$25 at J. Cromley's, 281

Fresh Oysters, by the can and half can at H. LAMM'S, no. 28 if.

Many of My Citizens. "DE TOWNSEND.—Dear Sir:—You give me little boy one of your valuable worm lozenges, while you were selling your medicine on the Fair Grounds at Findlay, and he has passed several worms already—they proved a dead shot, &c."

These remedies can be had at W. I. Miller & Co's Drug Store, opposite the Court House.

Cakes of all kinds baked to order at H. LAMM'S, no. 28 if.

Stoves of the Latest and Neatest Design, at J. Cromley's, 281

John Billings says, most people despise to learn only by their own experience, and I guess they are more than half right, for I don't suppose a man could get a correct idea of molasses candy merely by letting another felly taste it for him, and that is why so many persons do not buy Snyder & Co.'s Old White Corner—to do their trading; they hear their neighbors telling how cheap goods can be bought there, and all want a taste. When they get the taste, they are not satisfied, but go for a pile of goods at Old White Corner, Findlay, Ohio.

A No. 8 Fashion cooking stove, furnished for \$20, at J. Cromley's, no. 29 if.

All kinds of Groceries and Provisions at H. LAMM'S, no. 28 if.

A \$25 Morning Star cook stove No. 9, for \$20 at J. Cromley's, 281

For Rent. Two Rooms over Davis & Green's Grocery, well adapted for office. Apply soon to ISAAC DAVIS, no. 32 if.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies at all times at H. LAMM'S, no. 28 if.

For the cheapest and best Stove go to J. Cromley's, no. 28 if.

Gold Pens. John Foley's Prize Medal Gold Pens—the best in the market. For sale cheap, at W. I. MILLER & Co's Drug Store, Opposite Court-house.

A \$30 Golden Rule cook stove, No. 9, for \$20 at J. Cromley's, 281

Those Overcasts. We noticed, a few days since, the large and complete stock Overcasts at "Old White Corner." We are informed that the stock has run so low from the heavy demand made upon it that they have been compelled to recruit again. We supposed the stock would run them all winter, but the people saw the bargains and went for them. If this weather continues they will be compelled to bring on a third supply.

A Cooking stove with complete furniture for \$22 at John Adams's, Goat House Block, no. 27 if.

Food Fresh Butter may be had at the old reliable grocery of H. LAMM, no. 28 if.

A \$25 Fashion cook stove for \$25 at J. Cromley's, Main Street, 281

Secretary Seward's Purchase. Did not include the vast quantity of Furs that Barney Snyder & Co. are selling at "Old White Corner." These furs are going so cheap that almost every person we meet is rejoicing over his or her good gain. The secret of the whole thing is, they buy and sell for Cash, and are contented with small profits.

Whitney's Dyspepsia Cure—It will cure Sick and Nervous Headache—Hear what Geo. I. Vail, Esq., Produce Merchant, Norwalk O., says of it: "I have used Dr. Whitney's Dyspepsia Cure for Headache—especially nervous headache, and for derangement of the stomach proceeding from indigestion, and take pleasure in recommending it to the use of all who may be similarly affected, believing that in the majority of cases they will derive much benefit as cannot be derived from the use of any other tonic that pretends to relieve like difficulties.

Notice. THE undersigned has been appointed and qualified as a Justice of the Peace for the County of Hancock, Ohio, and will hold court on the 24th day of January, 1869.

James Small, Plaintiff. In Hancock County, Ohio, vs. James Small, Defendant. The plaintiff filed a bill of complaint in the Clerk's office of the Court of Common Pleas for said county, his petition asking for a decree and charging said defendant with legal advice for three years last past, and transferred the hearing at the April term of said Court for the year 1868.

Radical Restoration. Its good effects are permanent. It not only restores the color of the hair, but the quantity and natural glossiness. This is said by every one using Mrs. S. Allen's Improved (new style) Hair Restorer or Dressing. (See our bottle.) Every Druggist sells it. Price one dollar.

The Holiday Excitement.

Has not diminished the rush for Boots and Shoes at J. M. Neibling & Co's. The only reason we can assign for this is that they sell a No. 1 article so cheap that almost every one goes after the bargains they offer. Constant arrivals, however, fill up the shelves, and their stock is as varied as ever. Then, they employ first-class workmen, who can suit the most fastidious, both as to price and quality.

Last Call. Having engaged in business elsewhere, we must insist upon prompt settlement, and, therefore, earnestly request all persons knowing themselves indebted to us, to pay up at once and save trouble and cost of collection. The books may be seen at the JEFFERSONIAN office.

There are many reasons why the Alabama should be used instead of any other hair restorer. It will do all the proprietors claim for it; is a larger bottle, nicely put up, and can be used constantly without injuring or destroying the hair. Many preparations are sold for the purpose, but they do not actually injure, if they do not actually injure, if you would have a luxuriant head of hair, use the Alabama Seward's Cough Cure for Pulmonary Consumption.

How often do you hear the complaint from mother and father that their son or daughter has not well; that they have no appetite; that they feel languid; that their head aches; that they are growing thin and feeble; and that they have no life or energy left. That they are low-spirited, and perfectly incapable of performing in any pleasures, or perform any mental or physical duty. And when a question is often asked, what shall I do for them? Our answer is, let them try PLANTATION BITTERS, and in three times a day, and our word for it they will recover.

MAONILLA WATER—Superior to the best imported German Cologne and sold at half the price.

Consumption Can Be Cured. An eminent medical periodical gives an interesting account of the cure of Mrs. Anne Stafford, of Mansfield, Ohio, by the use of Robak's Blood Pills. Several letters and extracts from this interesting history are here published, showing the remarkable results of the use of Robak's Blood Pills. The patient was a young lady, who had been afflicted with consumption for several years, and had been advised by several eminent physicians to give up all hope of recovery. She had been confined to her bed for several years, and had lost all her strength and vitality. She had been advised to take cod liver oil, but it did her no good. She had been advised to take iron, but it did her no good. She had been advised to take quinine, but it did her no good. She had been advised to take arsenic, but it did her no good. She had been advised to take strychnine, but it did her no good. She had been advised to take digitalis, but it did her no good. She had been advised to take belladonna, but it did her no good. She had been advised to take opium, but it did her no good. She had been advised to take morphine, but it did her no good. She had been advised to take cocaine, but it did her no good. She had been advised to take strychnine, but it did her no good. She had been advised to take digitalis, but it did her no good. She had been advised to take belladonna, but it did her no good. She had been advised to take opium, but it did her no good. She had been advised to take morphine, but it did her no good. She had been advised to take cocaine, but it did her no good.

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