

CROSSVILLE CHRONICLE.

THE TENNESSEE TIMES
CROSSVILLE CHRONICLE

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CROSSVILLE, TENNESSEE, WEDNESDAY, MAY 29, 1918.

NO. 22

MAY HAVE ANOTHER BANK.

Capital Stock \$30,000; Plan to Be In Operation In 30 to 60 Days.

A. H. McIntire, Bristol, Va., has been here for some days trying to interest Crossville and Cumberland county people in the establishment of a State Bank with a capitalization of \$30,000. It is his purpose to have the bank doing business within 30 to 60 days.

We are not informed as to the amounts subscribed but it seems to be sufficient to justify the feeling that the project is very likely to become a reality within a short time.

The propose bank will be known as the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank, and it will make a special effort to interest those two classes along with the ordinary citizen and business man. Just where the bank will be located in the event it is established, is not known as yet there are several places available.

It seems the idea of the promoters that small blocks of stock in the hands of many persons is much more desirable than large blocks of stocks in the hands of a few. It has been stated that the holdings of a single individual will be limited to \$1,000.

The First National Bank here has been doing a nice business since its establishment some 18 years ago and now some persons feel that the field is sufficiently large to sustain two banks, which, if it be true, will undoubtedly prove of great benefit to our people as a whole and will bring or develop much more business than now exists here.

Development in this section, especially along the lines of farming and stock raising, is moving rapidly and along the proper lines to render the growth stable and profitable. Considerable mining and timber development is now in progress both of which should expand along profitable lines.

This is not the only business enterprise that Mr. McIntire and his associates expect to promote here. Manufacturing plants of several kinds are to be encouraged and promoted by them.

Mr. McIntire assisted in organizing a \$100,000 banking institution at Sweetwater, Tennessee, and has assisted in organizing many others in Eastern Tennessee, Virginia, Kentucky and North Carolina. He is field representative of the Unaka Development Corporation of Bristol, Va. and Greenville, Tenn. He has purchased for his company in this section 1,000 acres of timber, mineral and farming land and it is hoped the activities of Mr. McIntire and his company will not be confined to that one investment in this section.

RED CROSS SPEAKINGS

Numerous Places Will Be Visited Sunday by Local Speakers.

Pomona, Rev. Butler, and Rev. Martin 2:30 p.m.
Pleasant Hill Rev. Butler and Rev. Martin 8:00 p.m.
Linaria Rev. Frank March 2:30 p.m.
Biglick, C. P. Burnett 2:30 p.m.
Burke, E. G. Tollett 2:30 p.m.
Hales Chapel, J. R. Mitchell, 2:30 p.m.
Winesap J. L. Burnett, 2:30 p.m.
Burgess School house C. E. Keyes, 2:30 p.m.
Erasmus, J. V. Wright 2:30 p.m.
Woody Schoolhouse Rev. N. S. Jackson 2:30 p.m.
Isoline, Judge C. E. Snodgrass, 2:30 p.m.
Greens Chapel J. D. McClary, 2:30 p.m.
Pine Grove School house, Near Watson, S. C. Bishop 2:30 p.m.
Peavine, Forrest Hill, S. C. Bishop 8:00 p.m.
Genesis, Shioah church, Herman Hedley 2:30 p.m.
W. C. Martin, Chm. Speakers Committee.

MUST REGISTER JUNE 5.

All young men who have come 21 years of age since June 5, 1917, must register the fifth day of June, next month. In this case all who are liable to register must come to Crossville and go before the Local Draft Board and be registered by them.

"GOLDEN HOOF" OR JOWLER, WHICH?

"SHEEP ON EVERY FARM" IS NOW THE SLOGAN.

The Call Has Been Sounded by Uncle Sam for More Wool to Clothe Our Soldier Boys and We Must Not Prove Slackers.

There will be a Mass Meeting of sheep growers and all persons intending to raise sheep and all persons who will help promote the growing of more sheep in Cumberland County, at the Court House, at 12 o'clock, Monday, June 3rd.

There is a great wool shortage facing the American people, more wool must be produced in order that our soldiers may be clothed. There is only enough wool this year to properly clothe what soldiers will be called this year, practically no wool will be made into clothing for our civilian population. Next to a food shortage a clothing shortage is the most serious proposition that faces our people.

There are only two great fibers that practically all clothing materials are made from—Cotton and Wool. The cotton production has fallen off greatly in the last few years on account of the boll weevil and also that much of the land in the cotton country has become impoverished by constant cropping, so this staple cannot be grown like it once was. Cotton is now selling 3 times as high as a few years ago.

The Government is calling on you and me to raise more sheep, and to get about at once, not only as a business proposition, but a patriotic duty.

There is no country naturally better adapted to sheep growing than is Cumberland county. We know that there is no kind of live stock that pays such a handsome profit as sheep. We have our troubles in raising them, but let us get together and organize so that in unity we may have strength to overcome our troubles. The idle, useless, roaming dog is the sheep growers greatest enemy, just as the idle, lazy slacker is the greatest enemy to society.

Something must be done. Our Uncle Sam says we must raise more wool, or our soldiers cannot be clothed. The call has come. Are we going to be slackers? No! We are going to get together on the first Monday in June and have such a sheep meeting as will make the old ewes, hiding in the red brush with a little lamb, away from bloodthirsty hounds and curs, bleat with joy to know that her friends have at last arrived.

The government has asked me to promote the growing of more sheep in this county and I am going to do my level best to do it and I want every man, woman and child in Cumberland county to help me, for without your cooperation I could not do anything. I want especially to invite the women to take an interest and come to this meeting and I am going to tell you how to make money raising sheep. I want every business man in the county to take this matter under consideration and help us, I also want to organize boy's and girl's Sheep clubs. What we want to do is to put some sheep on every farm in the county. It is planned to have Mr. R. M. Murphy from Knoxville, head of live stock extension, with us to give an address.

Now let us all come together and put sheep on every farm in the county and where Drum and Jowler now rule supreme, let's put the "Golden Hoof" in his place. Let's put the crown on old Nanny's head and make her queen of the Cumberlands.

Harry Martin, Sheep Chm. for Cumb. Co.

For Sale—One Walrus soda fountain; will sell cheap. W. B. Bandy. If 4 17

\$4.00 to \$7.00

Per Day

You can make the above wages daily loading Machine-mined Coal at Wilder. Experience in coal mining not necessary. Mines operated six days a week. Splendid roof, thick coal, good boarding house with reasonable rates. Have a few houses available for men with families. Don't delay. Apply at once in person or phone or write to

THE FENTRESS COAL COMPANY,
U. K. CUSTRED, Supt.
Wilder, - - Tennessee.

ELECTRIC LIGHT PLANT.

City May Purchase An Outfit That Will Accomodate the Town.

W. S. Boyd, Sparta and Chas. Anderson, Cookeville, were here last week with a Deleo Light plant that they say will furnish 240 lights for four hours, which would give the necessary light for the night. The plant will carry 120 lights continuously and in case of an emergency will furnish 360 lights for two hours. They displayed its working at the court house several nights last week and the lights it furnished, while only a few, were steady and very brilliant.

The plant is so arranged that when it is running at night it has several storage batteries that will furnish power for manufacturing purposes during the day.

Their plan is to sell the plant to the city. It is to cost \$1,375 complete, but that does not include either wire or bulbs for homes. They estimate the cost of putting lights into stores and residences at \$2.50 a light, which cost would have to be borne by the individual or firm.

Crossville is badly in need of an electric light plant and from what these gentlemen have said and shown it would seem that they have such a plant as would meet the requirements of our town at a figure that is within the financial ability of the city.

COMMENCEMENT.

The Commencement of the County High School taxed the seating capacity of the Baptist church to the utmost Wednesday night. The exercises were carried out without a hitch and the orations splendid and well delivered. The address by Dr. Lee was of a high order and elicited much praise.

The Minstrel, of the Glee Club, at the court house Friday night packed the room to more than its comfortable capacity and brought gross receipts of close to \$85, which was turned over to the Red Cross after deducting actual expenses.

The musical Recital by members of Miss Woodie Sehon's class Saturday night proved a strong drawing card. The renditions were of a very creditable character and reflected most favorably for Miss Sehon.

If your watch or piece of jewelry needs repairing bring it to the Chronicle office and we will send it away and have it set right. You can pay for it when returned.

WORK OR FIGHT AFTER JULY 1

New Law to That Effect to Be Rigidly Enforced, Says Maj. Smith.

Those able bodied men who have become proficient in the art of dodging work will have an opportunity to employ their skill in dodging bullets.

On July 1 the War Department's "work or fight" order is to go into effect and it will really go into effect.

Maj. Rutledge Smith announces that when the day arrives to apply this order, Tennessee will be ready to enforce its every detail. Maj. Smith said: "This is one of the most important rulings that has emanated from the War Department, and will have a far reaching effect.

Every citizen between the ages of 21 and 31 years who is not assiduously engaged in a useful occupation on July 1 will be put in the army. It matters not what the classification of the registrant may be, his time from the first of July to the close of the war belongs to his country, and he will literally have to work or fight.

We intend to make a close inspection of every non-essential.

Under the selective service law, it is the duty of every Federal, state and county and municipal official to assist in the execution of the law and see that its mandates are obeyed and every official mentioned must report promptly to the nearest local exemption board any failure to obey the war department's "work or fight" order.

After July 1 the crop gamblers and street corner huns will have been materially decreased and the American fighting force will be more extended in numbers at least. Every man who is unable to show that he is engaged in useful work—work that is of actual assistance to the government—will be snatched up and placed in the service as a soldier. There are many of this class, and Maj. Smith has long awaited the opportunity to gather them in and place them in the service. He now has authority to do so and it is needless to say that he will make a clean sweep throughout the territory over which he has jurisdiction.

More than 2,000,000 soldiers and sailors are insured by the government. The maximum amount is \$10,000. More than 11,000 applications are being made a day. Application must be made within 120 days after enlistment.

Over 800,000 checks are required each month to pay the interest alone on the public debt. Previous to the war it only required 150,000 a year.

WOOL PRICES FIXED.

Entire Crop for This Year to Be Taken Over by the Government.

For some time it has been talked that the government would likely purchase the entire wool crop for this year. That has now become an established fact and the price for wool from the different sections of the country have been fixed.

Prices as fixed range from \$1.85 in Ohio, New England states, New York, Pennsylvania, West Va., Kentucky, Virginia, Michigan, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland, down to \$1.07.

In Missouri, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Kansas, Nebraska and Aarkansas the range is from \$1.80 down to \$1.07. For Georgia and Lake wools and other southern wools the price is \$1.25 to \$1.20. For "territory" wool the range is from \$1.80 down to \$1.03. For Texas \$1.75 is the maximum and \$1.40 the minimum.

For California the price ranges from \$1.70 down to \$1.40.

While it is not known positively, the feeling prevails with those best informed that the above prices are for wool that is washed, and prepared for the loom and delivered at the designated weaving plants and that the shrinkage and freights will allpractic consume the difference between the prices above given and what is now being paid to the farmers—around 65 cents a pound.

The government has carefully guarded against profiteering by fixing the profits of the dealer at two cents a pound. The price to be paid by the government will be as of 1917 for the several grades, delivered at Atlantic seaboard points. Dealers in approved centers and in the country must have license for purchasing wool, but the government permits them to begin business at once while making application for license.

When it is remembered that it takes 65 pounds of wool to outfit a soldier for a year it will readily become clear what a tremendous amount of it our soldiers will require. As much as 420 million pounds is expected to be imported from Australia for this year.

WAR DEBTS.

Following is the estimated war debt of the several warring nations in the nearest number of billions of dollars:

France 22 billions
Great Britain 28 billions
Italy only 676 millions
Germany 25 billions
Austria 13 billions
Hungary 6 billions
United States 8 billions
The public debt of Russia, Rumania, Turkey, Serbia and Montenegro not known.

RAILROAD RATES INCREASED.

Director-General McAdoo has ordered an increase of freight rates by 25 percent and raised passenger rates from two to three cents per mile. The government lost 700 million dollars the first three months the government operated the roads and since that time an increase of labor prices went into effect January 1 of this year. The increased wages of the employees is given as the reason for the increased rates.

T. C. IMPROVEMENT FUND.

Secretary McAdoo has given out the list of railroads with the amounts that will be allowed for improvements. The Tennessee Central is only allowed a little less than \$81,000. If improvements of such consequence can be made with small amount we hope they will be soon. The L. & N. gets over 12 million while the N. C. & St. L. gets over 3 millions.

ALL PRESENT.

The 29 men whose names were published last week were all present and entrained yesterday for Camp Pike. Of the number 27 were for this month and two were to complete the quota for last month. Business houses closed to attend the meeting at the Court house in honor of the boys.