

CROSSVILLE CHRONICLE.

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No. 45.

OPENING OF UPLANDS TO BE HELD MONDAY, NOV. 20

Presentation of Deed to Property to Be Made by Chas. T. Frey, Providence, R. I.

Uplands, the Cumberland Mountain Sanatorium, Pleasant Hill, will have its formal opening Monday, November 20, at ten o'clock a. m. All persons in the county are cordially invited to be present.

There will be several prominent speakers present. The presentation of the deed to the property will be made by Charles T. Frey, of Providence, R. I. The land consisting of twelve acres splendidly and beautifully located is the gift of the Frey heirs and Mr. Frey as one of the heirs will formally present the deed to Dr. May Wharton, the founder of the institution.

The building is now largely completed and patients have been received for several weeks. The institution has been meeting with splendid success and the community has shown a marked interest in its success. The outlook for the future now seems very bright.

There will be a meeting of the incorporators shortly before the formal opening exercises at which it is hoped all the incorporators will be present.

The splendid spirit of helpfulness that is constantly manifested by all connected with the institution, coupled with the fine attainments of Dr. May Wharton gives promise that this splendid institution will continue to grow and broaden in its field of usefulness until not only this county but many others will feel the effects of the splendid service it renders to the suffering and unfortunate.

LITTLE BROWN MAN CANNOT BECOME AMERICAN CITIZEN

The United States supreme court handed down a decision Monday that barred the Japanese from becoming naturalized citizens of this country. The decision averred that the Japanese are not of the "white race" and not being of the African race, they are barred from citizenship.

The decision was based on an old statute that fixed naturalization at white people and Africans or those of African descent. The decision will prove very gratifying to the people of California and other Pacific slope states as much trouble has threatened for several years there as the result of the increase in the Japanese population.

EARTHQUAKE IN CHILI KILLS MORE THAN THOUSAND PEOPLE

A tremendous tidal wave, which followed a severe earthquake shock in southern Chili, caused the loss of over 1,000 lives. Some towns are practically wiped out by the great tidal wave. It swept the coast of Chili for 1,200 miles and did great property damage besides the heavy loss of life.

It is thought there must have been great cracks in the bed of the Pacific ocean as the water receded and then returned in great tidal waves that engulfed all wharves, destroyed vessels and crushed the houses and swept many of them to sea a shattered mass. There is great distress for want of food as well as much suffering from injuries aside from the dead.

TURKISH MASSACRE FEARED MILLION PEOPLE MUST LEAVE

The Turkish government has ordered all Christians to leave certain provinces by the 18th of this month and it is estimated that a million people will be forced from their homes in Asia Minor along the Mediterranean and Black seas.

They are swarming in thousands and tens of thousands towards the seaports and pleading to be taken away, and massacre by the Turks is feared at any time. Many are now dying from hunger, disease and exposure and the death toll is expected to be enormous, even though the massacre should not develop. The allies are doing all possible to prevent the massacre but no one can tell how soon it may break out. The distress is most appalling and as the cold of winter comes on conditions are expected to be much worse as there is no means of caring for such a vast number of destitute people.

What was the population of the District of Columbia in 1800? 3,210.

REPUBLICANS LOST EVERYTHING IN THIS DISTRICT

It Now Seems That Representative E. C. Norvell Has Been Defeated by Few Votes.

The ballots cast Tuesday of last week were canvassed Monday by Chairman G. W. Davenport and T. F. Brown, Election Commissioner G. P. Burnett, who is in Nashville continuously, delegated his powers to Mr. Brown. L. T. Thurman was not present.

Indications last week were that E. C. Norvell for representative on the republican ticket had won by a small majority. At this time it now seems that Mr. Norvell has lost by possibly less than 20 votes to E. G. Tollett, Jr. of Bledsoe county.

There was a falling off of the entire vote of the county by 818 votes as against 1920. The total vote then being 2,084 and the recent election only shows a total vote of 1,266. Gov. Alf. A. Taylor led the republican ticket with 795 votes and Hon. Cordell Hull led the democratic ticket with 481 votes. The shrinkage in the vote fell most heavily on the republicans. Two years ago the highest vote cast for a democrat was for Hon. Cordell Hull and was 587, while his opponent Congressman Coluse, received 1,405, a clean majority of 818. The majority for Congressman Clouse this time is only 243. Roughly speaking the democratic vote shrunk 100 votes and the republican 700 votes. In 1920 the majority for Taylor was 950; this time his majority was only 385.

A justice of the peace was elected in the Fifth District to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of James Tucker. There were only two

TWO MEN BUY FARMS AND MOVE HERE SOON

John Q. Wyatt Buys the Clark 60-Acre Farm for \$3,000 and Will Move to It at Once.

Last week G. E. Harrison sold the Clark farm of 60 acres to John Q. Wyatt for \$3,000, and Mr. Wyatt plans to move to his new purchase this week. The farm has about 40 acres of cleared land, a house, barn and well on it, but has not otherwise been much developed.

It will be remembered that Mr. Wyatt sold his farm near Vandever about a year ago to W. E. Swafford of Litton. The Wyatt farm was recognized as one of the best in the county. The main motive that induced Mr. Wyatt to sell was that he might locate nearer Crossville for school advantages. He has bought the above property that joins the Frank March farm two miles north of Crossville, and at the same time he is only a mile from Cumberland Mountain School. Mr. Wyatt is one of our best farmers and every one confidently expects him to make of his new purchase a farm of much excellence with in the next few years.

Mr. Swafford will shortly move from Litton to the Wyatt farm near Vandever.

Another Sale.
It will be recalled that some weeks ago W. F. Edwards came here from Bradley county with J. A. Schulegan looking for a farm. Mr. Schulegan bought the John Jones farm and moved to it a few weeks ago. Mr. Edwards made a conditional deal with G. E. Harrison for the W. E. Reed farm laying two miles out on the Grassy Cove road. The price was \$3,500 and the acreage was 137. For some reason Mr. Edwards did not close the deal at that time, but came here last week and did close the deal with Mr. Harrison for the same price as previously agreed upon. Mr. Edwards is expected here with his family within a few days.

EDUCATION PAYS IN FARMING SAME AS IN OTHER THINGS

The Average Non-educated Farmer Earn \$1,100, While Educated as High as \$3,300 Annually

The New York State College of Agriculture recently made a study of farm management on forty-eight properties, and one of its conclusions was, education in agricultural methods pays handsomely. They found that the farmers who had no education in vocational agriculture made an average income of \$1,100 annually.

Those who had attended the short courses of the State College of Agriculture, earned an income of \$2,200, for the period studied, while those who were graduates of the state College of Agriculture made \$3,300.

In view of figures like these it would seem that many Tennessee farmers would find it profitable to take advantage of some of the free short courses offered by the College of Agriculture University of Tennessee at Knoxville. Such a course will be given at the University this winter, January 2 to 27, at a time when the farmers can be away from home without serious loss or difficulty.

After a man reaches mature life, it is difficult for him to break his usual routine, particularly to take up the work of a student at any educational institution. Also farmers often say they understand their work pretty well, and that no professor or teacher can show them much. Yet many young fellows now coming out of the agricultural schools have a better technical knowledge than their fathers have, and in a few years will farm better than their fathers did. It pays a man to make a little effort to get the best training for his business, even if he is well along into mature life. Better plan now to attend the short course.—Extension News Service, University of Tennessee.

NOVEMBER ELECTION, 1922, VOTE BY PRECINCTS

PRECINCTS	U.S. Sen.		Congre		R.R. &		Senato		Rep'r		Total		
	Newell Sanders	K. D. McKellar	A. A. Taylor	Austin Peay	W. F. Clouse	Cordell Hull	W. N. Beasley	Porter Dunlap	G. W. Poague	L. D. Hill		E. C. Norvell	E. G. Tollett
Crossville	151	123	180	119	151	146	152	114	149	132	146	124	306
Creston	30	28	34	27	36	26	30	21	29	28	26	25	63
Dorton	13	16	18	16	15	19	15	14	13	18	12	15	35
Pomona	18	15	18	17	19	21	23	6	16	18	18	19	41
Pleasant Hill	18	36	20	39	21	40	22	22	16	41	10	39	62
Clifty	4	4	8	1	6	2	5	0	5	5	5	5	10
Isoline	29	67	48	61	41	75	30	52	38	61	30	63	119
Mayland	5	34	21	23	16	35	8	28	11	32	8	24	54
Forest Hill	16	8	16	10	18	11	20	6	17	10	17	10	30
Burke	29	19	41	15	34	18	34	17	38	14	29	22	56
Grassy Cove	20	42	24	38	23	38	24	36	22	38	22	37	63
Crab Orchard	62	27	78	22	76	25	62	15	69	22	57	22	105
Linary	38	10	43	7	43	7	39	8	43	8	41	10	51
Jewett	8	1	10	1	10	1	10	1	10	1	8	1	11
Ozone	9	7	14	3	10	7	14	4	14	3	10	5	18
Daysville	13	8	22	1	16	0	16	1	19	3	15	5	23
Hebertsburg	26	3	26	5	26	6	25	3	24	4	26	3	32
Vandever	70	3	73	3	70	2	72	0	73	0	70	0	82
Burgess	92	7	101	2	93	2	93	2	93	7	90	4	105
TOTAL	651	458	795	410	724	481	692	350	690	445	640	423	1266
Majorities	193		385		243		342		254		217		

candidates, C. M. Davis and J. S. Wyatt. Mr. Wyatt has served in the county court on previous occasions, but Mr. Davis has never been a member of the court. There are only two precincts in the Fifth district. The vote stood as follows:

	Davis	Wyatt
Vandever	22	11
Burgess	17	51
Total	39	62

Two precincts failed to hold an election: Genesis and Flat Rock. The failure to hold an election at Genesis was because the tickets did not reach there in time. At the request of the Chairman G. W. Davenport, the editor of the Chronicle mailed out all the tickets in time for the mail Friday, but the Genesis tickets failed to get through as they go to Rockwood and up the C. S. Road some 40 miles and then by star route about 20 miles.

We know of no reason why an election was not held at Flat Rock. No returns were received from that precinct.

Over the State.

The entire democratic ticket was elected as stated in our issue of last week. It seems probable that Gov. Taylor has been defeated by around 40,000 or close to the vote by which he won two years ago. Austin Peay for governor seems to have won over Taylor by a total vote that is around 30,000 less than Roberts, defeated democratic candidate for governor, lost two years ago.

Senator McKellar has defeated Newell Sanders for the United States Senate by around 60,000. Former Congressman Cordell Hull has regained his old seat by around 3,000 to 4,000 majority over Congressman Clouse.

Lon Scott lost his seat for congress in the eighth district to Browning, whom he defeated two years ago. McReynolds has defeated Burnett in the third congressional district. The republicans now hold only their old battle ground the first and second congressional districts.

The Nation.
The republicans still hold both the

houses of congress by greatly reduced majorities.

In Massachusetts Senator Lodge has won by the narrow margin of less than 9,000 votes; there is to be a recount.

Miss Robinson, the republican congresswoman from Oklahoma, was defeated but a woman won for the congressional seat for the state of Illinois at large. She will serve out her father's unexpired term, which will expire March 4.

Senator Pomarene lost in Ohio to Fess, republican, but the state elected a democratic governor.

In New York Smith, the democratic candidate for governor, won by nearly half a million votes. In Pennsylvania the democrats elected three congressmen.

In New Jersey, Edwards, democrat, who said he would make the state as "wet as the Atlantic ocean" won over Freylichusen, republican on a dry platform. In Ohio the dry forces won over the wets by about 100,000 votes.

Hitchcock, democrat, was defeated by a republican in Nebraska. In Missouri the republican had hopes of defeating Jim Reed, so famous an opponent of the league of nations and who was strongly opposed by Woodrow Wilson, but Reed triumphed.

The republicans lost their only congressman in Virginia, the ninth district that they have held for many years.

In Illinois Uncle Joe Cannon did not stand for re-election and the seat was won by a republican.

Hiram Johnson was returned from California, as was McLean of Connecticut.

Senator Volstead, author of the Volstead dry law was defeated by a democratic preacher who is said to be even dryer than Mr. Volstead.

Owing to democratic triumphs of senatorial candidates in Michigan and other states, it is claimed the effort to oust Newberry will come to the front again.

The wet forces that urge a modification of the Volstead act have won more largely than the dry forces and the wet and dry question may prove of great importance in the coming congress.

Iowa seems to be the only state where everything went republican. The republican majorities there are about as two years ago. Brookhart for the senate has a big lead of around 150,000.

The soldier bonus won where ever

CROP CONDITIONS FOR THE STATE AND NATION

Corn Yield of State Below Ten-Year Average While Tobacco and Sorghum Go Up.

Tennessee finished the season in the second division, as shown in the preliminary report of the United States Department of Agriculture by the weighted figure for the per acre yield of all crops combined. Twenty-one states went above 100 and 27 fell below. Tennessee stopped at 92.3, and North Dakota leads with 127 percent and Georgia is the tail-end with 66.8 percent. The figure for the United States as a whole is 96.6—which means that the combined yield per acre of all crops in the United States fell this year 3.4 percent below the average for recent years. Tennessee's failure to make a higher average was due, mainly, to the drought of late summer and fall somewhat to the excessive rains of spring and early summer.

Tennessee's corn yield per acre this year is 23 bushels against 25.8 last year and a ten-year average of 25.2. The yield of tobacco is 710 pounds against 705 pounds as the average for the past ten years. These are typical, though the decline from average is much greater in some of the crops.

Still, few things are really as bad as they seem. While yields are low, prices are relatively higher. For instance, the average price of corn per bushel in Tennessee on Nov. 1, was 76 cents. On the corresponding date last year it was 59 cents. An acre of corn this year's yield at this year's prices on November 1 was worth \$17.48 cents. An acre of corn on last year's yield at last year's prices on Nov. 1, was worth \$15.22 cents. Thus, while the per acre yield fell off 2.8 bushels, the per acre value went up \$2.26 cents.

The price index on all crops in the United States on Nov. 1, was 17.2 percent higher than a year ago.

In a number of individual crops, Tennessee's per acre yield this year is considerably above the average for the United States. The yield of clover seed in this state was 1.8 bushels per acre while for the country as a whole it was 1.7. Tennessee's peanut yield was 712 pounds against 661 for the United States. The Tennessee yield of sorghum sirup was 84 gallons against 81.5 gallons for the country as a whole.

The production of tobacco in Tennessee this year totals 100,820,000 lbs. against 78,750,000 last year and a ten-year average of 86,660,000—something over 14,000,000 pounds above the average crop. The crop in the United States, however, is nearly 50,000,000 pounds below the average. Of the states that may be regarded as competitors of Tennessee, Kentucky fell about 21,000,000 pounds below the average, North Carolina about 1,000,000 below and Ohio about 37,000,000 below, while Virginia rose above the average by about 17,000,000 pounds and South Carolina by about 2,000,000.

The estimated production of corn in Tennessee is 74,405,000 bushels, compared with 90,713,000 bushels last year and a five year average of 86,490,000 bushels. In the United States the estimated production is 2,896,942,000 bu. compared with 3,080,372,000 bushels in 1921 and 2,830,942,000 bushels, average the past five years.

The white potato crop of the state is estimated at 2,856,000 bushels, compared with 1,820,000 bushels last year. The United States crop is estimated at 433,905,000 bushels, compared with 346,823,000 bushels in 1921.

The estimate of sweet potato production for Tennessee is 3,864,000 bu., compared with 4,000,000 bushels last year. In the United States the production is 110,359,000 bushels. In 1921 it was 98,660,000 bushels.

On account of dry weather, only about 25 percent of the usual amount of fall plowing has been done.

SNOW IN THE WEST

Train service was crippled from snow drifts in Nebraska the first of the week. The snow extended north into South Dakota.

In several instances for both senators and congressmen a recount will be had before the hindmost man will admit defeat.

BAND CONCERT—Crossville Friday night, November 17th., at Court House at 7:30 P. M. by Masonic Band of Rockwood Lodge No. 403 F. & A. M. Something going on every minute. Everybody come and hear this band. Admission 25 and 35 cents.