

STAUBS THEATRE

One Whole Week Commencing Monday March 3
Twice Daily, Matinee & Night
D. W. GRIFFITH'S SUPREME TRIUMPH

HEARTS OF THE WORLD

D. W. GRIFFITH'S GREAT PICTURE. SWEETEST LOVE STORY EVER TOLD
A Romance of the Great War. Battle Scenes on the Battle Fields of France.
Special Symphony Orchestra of 20. Taken by Co-operation of British and French Governments.

TO SARAH BLACKBURN JOE DEFORD AND HUSBAND S. A. DEFORD AMANDA BOZEMAN MARTHA ALLEN AND HUSBAND JAMES S. ALLEN ELIZABETH GAHAN & HUSBAND.....GAHAN

J. E. Cooper vs. J. T. Stewart et al. State of Tennessee, in Chancery Court of Knox County, No. 16473
In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed, which is sworn to, that the defendants, Sarah Blackburn, Amanda Bozeman, Jessie DeFord, and husband S. A. DeFord, Elizabeth Gahan and husband..... Gahan Martha Allen and husband James S. Allen are non-residents of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of April, next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte.

TO FRANK HENDERSON Gladys Henderson vs. Frank Henderson State of Tennessee in the Chancery Court of Knox Co. No. 16448

In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed, which is sworn to, that the defendant, Frank Henderson is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon him, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of April next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed by him and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. This notice will be published in the Knoxville Independent for four consecutive weeks. This 4th day of Feb. 1919

J. C. FORD, Clerk and Master. Feb. 9 15 22 Mar 1 1919

TO JERRY M. LEE Anna Wright Lee vs. Jerry M. Lee State of Tennessee, in Chancery Court of Knox County, No. 16459

In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed, which is sworn to, that the defendant Jerry M. Lee is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court at Knoxville, Tenn., on or before the first Monday of April next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. This notice will be published in the KNOXVILLE INDEPENDENT for four successive weeks. This 13th day of February 1919

J. C. FORD, Clerk & Master. S. E. N. Moore, Sol. Feb. 15 22 Mar. 1 8 1919

NON-RESIDENT ATTACHMENT NOTICE

TO W. J. WRENN..... Sanford, Chamberlain & Albers Co vs. W. J. Wrenn

State of Tennessee, in Chancery Court of Knox County, No. 16476

In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed which is sworn to that the defendant W. J. Wrenn, whose residence is unknown is "not" indebted to complainant Sanford Chamberlain & Albers Co. so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon him, and an attachment having been issued and levied on the defendant's property, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of April next and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. This notice will be published in the KNOXVILLE INDEPENDENT for four successive weeks. This 22nd day of February 1919

J. C. FORD Clerk & Master. Bowen & Anderson, Sol's. Feb. 22 Mch. 1 8 15 1919

TO CHARLES MCKINNEY Emma McKinney vs. Charles McKinney State of Tennessee in Chancery Court of Knox county No. 16461

In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed, which is sworn to, that the defendant Charles McKinney is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon him, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of April next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. This notice will be published in the Knoxville Independent for four successive weeks. This 17th day of Feb. 1919

J. C. Ford, Clerk & Master THOS. J. CLINE, Sol. Feb. 22 March 1 8 15-1919

Quality Carriage Co. Inc. Report for year ending Dec. 31, 1918 by its Pres. and Sec-Treas.

Gross amount of business for year 1918 \$31,266.84; Assets \$10,481.43; Liabilities including capital stock, \$3,614.47 J. J. Bayless, Pres. John M. Kirby, vice Pres. J. B. Thompson, Sec-Treas. Board of Directors, J. J. Bayless, J. B. Thompson, D. M. McPhetridge, J. C. Frost, John M. Kirby 2 22 19

SEVEN "PLOTTERS" LET GO

Half of Spanish Suspects Arrested at New York Sunday Set Free by Federal Judge.

New York, Feb. 27.—Seven of the group of fourteen Spaniards arrested here Sunday on suspicion of complicity in a nationwide terrorist plot were released when they were brought before Federal Judge Knox on a writ of habeas corpus. The remaining seven, against whom it is understood the government will prefer charges for deportation, were held on bail until tomorrow, when argument on the writ will be made.

WOMEN END HUNGER STRIKE

Suffragists Jailed for Alleged Attempt to Heckle President Partake of Food.

Boston, Feb. 27.—Five of the 16 militant suffragists on hunger strike in the Suffolk county jail broke their fast and ate a light mid-morning meal of boiled rice, prunes and hot coffee. The other 11, however, refused to touch food. The suffragists were serving the first of an eight days' sentence following their refusal to pay fines of \$5 each. The women were arrested Monday previous to an alleged attempt to heckle President Wilson.

2 POLICE OFFICERS SLAIN

Patrolman Sees Comrade Fall in Fight With Man and Later Gets Bullet Beneath Heart.

Rahway, N. J., Feb. 27.—Patrolmen James Lynch and Jacob Kraus were shot and killed while attempting to make an arrest in a Main street tenement here. Kraus saw his comrade fall, but dashed into the room, and received a bullet beneath the heart. Giuseppe Muschio is under arrest charged with the shooting. The patrolmen entered the house in pursuit of men who had participated in a free-for-all fight.

Depth Bomb Kills Three Men.

New York, Feb. 27.—Three men attached to the naval aviation station at Rockaway beach were killed by the explosion of a depth bomb they were carrying.

37TH DIVISION ORDERED HOME

Ohio and West Virginia National Guard Placed on Priority List for Early Convoy to U. S.

Washington, Feb. 27.—General Pershing notified the war department that the complete Thirty-seventh division (Ohio and West Virginia National Guard) had been placed on priority for early convoy home.

The intermaritime labor conference, held at London, was more protracted than had been expected, but after another extended discussion, arising mainly through objections of a small pacifist group, the entire report of the committee on war aims was adopted with virtual unanimity. This result is regarded as a triumph for Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor.

J. Havelock Wilson, president of the International Seamen's union and leader of the seamen of Great Britain, told the Paris Matin: "No treaty by the allied governments could punish Germany as she deserves. Allied peoples themselves should inflict on the Germans full punishment for their awful crimes. British territory has not suffered, but the British people have sworn to avenge your ruined provinces."

Butte may fairly be said to be not only the sheepshearers' headquarters of Montana, but of the western hemisphere, and recently it was world headquarters for the men who harvest the wool from the backs of the bleating bucks and ewes. The Butte Sheepshearers' union entertained ninety delegates from other unions from all parts of the world, even far off Australia and New Zealand being well represented.

Send us your job printing.

In A Red Triangle Dug-Out Overseas



Y. M. C. A. men fixed up dug-outs with our men on the French front in the bad old days before the armistice was signed, and it became possible for the American veterans to take their recreation out in the open. Here in the dimly lighted underground rooms, refreshments were served, and an opportunity was given the boys to write home, indoor games were played and occasionally some more athletic games such as boxing. It was even possible sometimes to put on a moving picture show for the boys in their time off from actual trench duty.

HOW PURITANS REGULATED CONDUCT IN THEIR COMMUNITIES.—Like King James, the Puritans disapproved of smoking, and though men might indulge within doors or in the fields, they were repeatedly fined "for drinking tobacco in the highway." Roland G. Usher says in his "The Pilgrims and Their History." Church attendance was compulsory, but this was no great hardship in a time when no Sunday work was allowed; one might be fined for writing a letter on Sunday, "at least in the evening somewhat too soon." Christmas was not wholly under the ban. The first year the whole colony spent Christmas at hard labor. The second year some newcomers on the Fortune refused to go to the fields, saying that it "wente against their conscience to work on that day," and being tender of conscience, the leaders excused them. When they returned to Plymouth village for lunch, they found these conscientious objectors to Christmas labor playing stool-ball and other good English games in the street, and this public "gaming and reveling" was promptly stopped. The regulation of young people's conduct was very strict. In 1638 a law was passed that no man should propose to a girl without the consent of her parents or (if she were a servant) her master. The gallants of Plymouth were wroth, and it became necessary to inflict numerous punishments for "irregular" proposals and acceptances.

THEIR FIRST IDEAS OF LIFE

Why It is Matter of Importance to Provide Appropriate Toys for the Children.

That pep and all the other characteristics which temper the American are bound up inextricably in the toys we provide for our children is the reasoned belief advanced by Sarah Comstock in Good Housekeeping. To quote:

"Look over the drama of life that your small son and daughter are reproducing there on the nursery floor. What is the basis of the girl's idea of the real world? It is playing house. Isn't that a profound and a beautiful fact? Already she is carrying out those instincts that are as old as the race. She mothers her dolls, rocks them to sleep, tumbles them in a carriage. She furnishes their house and keeps it in housewifely order with little broom or carpet sweeper. She launders their garments with tub, washboard and tin iron; she cooks (in imagination) their meals upon a stove and sets them forth in dainty dishes.

"Trains of cars, motors, boats, Noah's arks, reins, fire engines, all offer the boy the opportunity to act out the primitive masculine life that appeals so strongly to his youth, the life of simple, manly prowess. He would far rather be a brave soldier, fireman, engineer or sailor than a lawyer, professor, painter or poet. He revels in those sturdy playthings that he can arrange and rearrange, draw, propel, sail—in fine, can direct and operate with his own lively young energies."

Why Red Cross is Loved.

Guatemala's catastrophe in ordinary times would fill a large space in the newspapers. Now it falls in among the many stories of disaster and suffering that have marched in long procession through the columns of the press for the last three years.

But it is good to know that there exists an organization which is never deaf to the cry of humanity for help; an organization whose responsiveness grows with need, and that, burdened as never before in its history, is able to meet each new demand with prompt ministrations.

Already a shipload of supplies is leaving New Orleans, bearing the flag of the American Red Cross. Thank God for the Red Cross, keeping alive our highest ideals of merciful service and making the small bounties of millions of individuals a mighty force for the relief of anguish.—Terre Haute Star.

How to Fight Pneumonia.

The experiments of the army medical corps with vaccination against pneumonia in two of the army camps have had so much apparent success that a memorandum has been issued to officers, enlisted men and employees of the war department announcing that this vaccination is available to all who desire it. At Camp Upton during a period of ten weeks pneumonia was only one-tenth as high among vaccinated as among the unvaccinated, although previous to vaccination the pneumonia had occurred equally in the two groups. The vaccination is not intended to cure those who are ill with pneumonia, and it is not advised for persons who are suffering from acute colds or fever.

How to Color Photographs.

To further color photography a New York man has invented a camera in which two plates are exposed at once, a perforated mirror that permits light to reach one plate reflecting it also to the other.

Whiskers Are Forbidden.

Italian soldiers are not permitted to wear whiskers. The war department issued "recommendations" to the effect that officers and men would be wise to be clean shaven.

SOUTHERN AVIATOR DIGS FROM PRISON AND SWIMS RHINE

Calls "Y" Work in German Prison Camp "Life Saver," While Confined at Villingen.

New York, Feb. 27.—Lieutenant George Puryear, of Memphis, Tenn., an aviator, was one of a trio of hardy American adventurers who were successful in a wild dash for liberty from the Villingen prison camp on October 6. Sixteen men made the attempt, but only Puryear, Lieutenant Harold Willis of Boston, and Naval Lieutenant Isaacs of Portsmouth, Va., got away. Word has just been received at Y. M. C. A. headquarters here concerning their almost hopeless escape.

The men brought back remarkable accounts of Y. M. C. A. work even at Villingen. "The 'Y' sent us books of all kinds and even sporting goods," said Lieut. Puryear. "We played basketball and volley ball incessantly—our space was too small for baseball and football. I tell you, those games were life savers to us, and they kept us in fair physical condition."

It is reported that Puryear and his comrades slipped out of the camp through a tunnel under the wire. All but the three named were headed off before they reached the river Rhine, but the intrepid trio swam the river—a terrible feat in itself—and made their way into Holland.

MONEY SENT HOME BEFORE BIG BATTLE

Doughboys "Cleaned Pockets" for Home Folks, When Return From Fight Was Uncertain. Y. M. C. A. Has Delivered Millions of Dollars For Amex.

Paris, Feb. 27.—The steady unselfishness of the American soldier, shown by the way he "cleaned his pockets" of money before going into action, to be sent home if he didn't come back, is told by W. J. Baker of Portchester, N. Y., who served eleven months as a Y. M. C. A. worker with the 26th Division. His particular charge was the third battalion of the 103rd infantry. He joined that unit on the St. Mihiel front, went with them to Chateau Thierry, and later was in the famous St. Mihiel clean-up and the drive before Verdun.

"It was just before that action began," said Baker, "that I saw the finest example of the characteristic unselfishness of the boys. They 'cleaned their pockets' for the folks at home. They knew they were going up against the real thing, and they wanted all their money to go home in case they never came back. In all, I was entrusted with 8,000,000 francs—upwards of \$1,500,000—before that attack. We handled such funds through the regular Y. M. C. A. service established for sending money from soldiers to relatives in America."

Baker lived with his battalion, and saw lively times, as the "Yankee Division," as it was called, was kept on the fighting front almost continually.

SOUTHERN "Y" MAN BLINDED IN SERVICE

Says It Will Take Time For Public To Realize Value Of The Red Triangle Service To American Fighters.



DeRoy R. Fonville.

New York, Feb. 27.—So unusual was the service rendered by DeRoy R. Fonville of Burlington, N. C., in his Y. M. C. A. work overseas that Major General L. S. Upton has written him a personal letter in appreciation of his efforts.

Mr. Fonville has returned to his home after ten months service with the Y. M. C. A. He was with the Fifth and Sixth Marines and Ninth and Twenty-third infantry at Chateau Thierry, Soissons and St. Mihiel. It was while he was in a trench waiting to serve the Marines when they "pushed off," that a high explosive shell blew particles of rock into his eye, blinding it. The same shell killed James A. Birchby, a Y. M. C. A. secretary from Pasadena, Cal., and wounded another Red Triangle worker, Thomas W. Wilbut, Jr., of New Britain, Conn.

The letter of appreciation that was sent to Mr. Fonville by General Upton read as follows: "I have observed your work as Y. M. C. A. representative of the Ninth infantry for some time and wish to convey to you my appreciation of the uncomplaining and soldier-like manner in which you have undergone all without the glory that is attached to the profession of arms. The work which you have done had added greatly to the contentment of the men and thus to the efficiency of the command."

"My experience gave me an appreciation of American men and what they can go through," said Mr. Fonville. "Our division was a shock unit. It never went any way but forward. Our division alone captured 12,000 prisoners. Those men appreciated the Y. M. C. A. and understood the difficulties it had to contend with in getting supplies up to the front. I have no complaint to make about losing the sight of one eye, that is war, but I bewilder me to have known what I do of the work of the 'Y' in France and then come home to learn of the criticisms being circulated here. I believe that in due time the full appreciation of the Y. M. C. A.'s work for victory will be general."

GIFTS FROM "Y" HELPED DOUGHBOY

Corporal Irving Abrahams of New York has just returned from France. Just because the Y. M. C. A. men overseas had gone out of their way to treat him well, he took the trouble to make his way to the Headquarters Building of the National War Work Council, Y. M. C. A., New York City, and found some one on the 9th floor at Headquarters to tell how much he appreciated the service of the Red Triangle.

This is just a part of what he said: "I returned from France on the 21st of January. Have been wounded three times. Am feeling fine, but the first time when we landed over in France in April, 1917, we took the position up on Chateau Thierry and the Y. M. C. A. was right with us and brought up on the firing line chocolate, cigarettes, and also pears, biscuit and done the best and all he could just to please the boys.

"And in August when we drove the Germans back he came up under heavy shell fire and brought us the same chocolate, cigarettes, and if the boys didn't have any money he would give it to us just the same.

"And up on the Argonne Forest he went under heavy shell fire and brought up all the candy and chocolate, and also spoke to the boys to send our money to our mothers and which we did, and also he told us to send our money home and he will do all he can for us, and also the boys of the Third Division is very well pleased of the Y. M. C. A. and also thank them ever so much; and also when we got relieved from the Argonne woods the Y. M. C. A. entertained us, gave us a grand time, and we thank the Y. M. C. A. with our full heart and we shall never forget them.

"So I don't see why the fellows are coming back from France and kicking the Y. M. C. A., and I can speak to anybody and ask them why they are knocking the Y. M. C. A."

Red Triangle Man Tells Of Serving At Chateau Thierry

The Y. M. C. A. has been criticized because it was said that it had no one at the fighting in the region of Chateau Thierry. The other day, Ernest C. Bardwell, a New York man, came back from France, broken in health because of his strenuous work in that region.

THE Y. M. C. A. IN FAR EAST

The work of the Y. M. C. A. in Macedonia is rapidly extending over the newly-opened areas, and in the present state of flux heavy responsibilities devolve upon C. W. Bates, the secretary in charge at Salonica. Centres have been opened in Serbia at Vranja, Nish, Monastir and other towns, and in the capital city, Belgrade, the Y. M. C. A. is now established in a good building. Percival Whitley, son of the deputy speaker of the English House of Commons, is developing the Association's work in Northern Bulgaria, while on Turkish soil Mr. Howard Bradley has planted the Red Triangle in Constantinople itself.