



The Election Of JOHN T. O'CONNOR

AS CITY COMMISSIONER

will insure to the people of Greater Knoxville a clean government in every respect.

John T. O'Connor is qualified to fill any office in our city government. He knows what the people want from their public servants and he will see that they get it if you elect him. He will be responsive to the will of the people and not submissive to political bosses.

John T. O'Connor has received the highest honors with-in the gift of the laboring people of Tennessee. He has met every responsibility and made good in every position with which he has been entrusted. His election will be a splendid recognition of ability, integrity and activity.

A conservative, constructive leader in the labor movement of Knoxville and Tennessee, he has gained the respect of both labor and capital by a spirit of fairness in all his efforts to do something for humanity in both political and industrial life.

He will surely receive the support of every laboring man and woman in Knoxville, who know of his untiring efforts in their behalf. His election means that the plain people will have a real friend in our city government, who is willing and competent to see that a square deal is given to all.

He will appreciate your vote and active support.

NON-RESIDENT NOTICE.
TO MARY ELLEN FISHER.
Park V. Fisher vs. Mary Ellen Fisher
State of Tennessee, in the Circuit Court of Knox County, No. 8782
In this cause it appearing from the bill filed, which is sworn to, that the defendant, Mary Ellen Fisher, is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon her, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Circuit Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of September next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to her. This notice will be published in the Knoxville Independent for four successive weeks.
This 9th day of August, 1919
Fred E. Carter, Clerk Circuit Court
G. H. Mynatt, Sol.
Aug. 9 16 23 30 1919

TO CLARK JACKSON
Euzella Jackson vs. Clark Jackson
State of Tennessee, in Chancery Court of Knox County No. 16746
In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed, which is sworn to, that the defendant, Clark Jackson, is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon her, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of Oct. next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to her. This notice will be published in the Knoxville Independent for four successive weeks.
This 12th day of August, 1919
J. C. Ford, Clerk & Master
S. E. N. Moore, Sol.
Aug. 16 23 30 Sept 6 1919

TO CHRIS M. GANAS
Josie Ganas vs. Chris M. Ganas
State of Tennessee in Chancery Court of Knox County No. 16779
In this cause it appearing from the bill filed, which is sworn to, that the defendant, Chris M. Ganas, is a non-resident of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon him, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of Oct. next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. This notice will be published in the KNOXVILLE INDEPENDENT for four successive weeks.
This 15th day of Aug. 1919
J. C. FORD, C. & M.
Rowen & Anderson, Sol's.
Aug 16 23 30, Sept. 6, 1919

TO MARY FRANCIS FLANAGAN
Rose F. Hackworth Guardian, et al vs. Mary Francis Flanagan
State of Tennessee, in Chancery Court of Knox County, No. 4716
In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed, which is sworn to, that the defendant, Mary Francis Flanagan, is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon her, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of Oct. next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to her. This notice will be published in the KNOXVILLE INDEPENDENT for four successive weeks.
This 16th day of June 1919
J. C. FORD, C. & M.
Green & Webb, Sols.
Aug 9 16 23 30 1919

**VOTE FOR
N. B. KUHLMAN**
Candidate For
CITY COMMISSIONER
Primary Sept. 6, 1919
He Will Appreciate Your Support

**VOTE FOR
E. W. NEAL**
Candidate For
MAYOR
Primary Sept. 6th,
He Will Appreciate Your Support

"BUILD A BARN" FARMERS URGED

Erection of Needed Buildings to Promote Prosperity.

DESIGN FOR THE SMALL FARM

Illustration Shows Plan for Combination Horse and Dairy Barn, Divided by Solid Wall.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD.

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building work on the farm, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 187 Prairie avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only inclose three-cent stamp for reply.

"Build a barn!" This advice is being urged on the farmers by the United States government.

There are two reasons why farm building should be resumed at once. One is the need of farm buildings to house the increased crop production and the live stock; the other is that the building trades and the building industry of this country must be em-

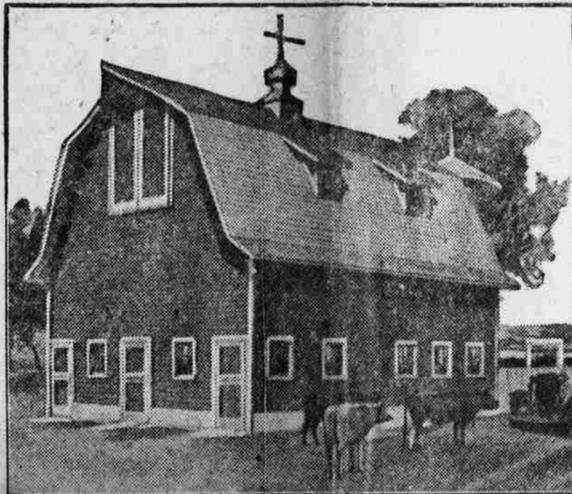
ever, put a different complexion on the situation. War industries halted. The millions of men and women employed by them at high wages were suddenly thrown out of employment. The factories had been transformed into munitions plants. Time is necessary to re-transform them into condition to produce the things needed in peace time.

February 1 it was estimated that there were 10,000,000 persons, men and women, out of employment in the United States. From being earners of large wages and capable of buying food at high prices, they suddenly were deprived of their wages and have become consumers, without the means of buying things they consume.

Quickest Solution Is Building.
The government, in considering the possibilities of employing this labor, looked upon building as the thing that would provide the quickest solution of the problem. Building, that is, the erection of buildings, homes in the cities and towns, office buildings, factories, municipal buildings and school-houses, public improvements, and buildings on the farms, had been halted because of the need of both labor and materials in the production of war-time needs. Therefore, it was reasoned, there is need of building and building can start at once.

"Build a building!" That is the thing that the government is urging. Every farmer wants a modern building on his farm.

There has been great progress in the construction of barns during the last few years. State laws have made some features of barn construction obligatory to protect the milk and butter from contamination. Lack of labor



ployed if the farmers are to continue to enjoy the prosperity that has come to them during the last four years.

The need of buildings is known to every farmer, whose place is not properly supplied with housing facilities for his crops and his live stock. Both are too valuable nowadays to be housed in anything but the most modern building. The old-fashioned barn, where it cost 99 cents in labor to produce \$1 in milk has given way to the modern barn, equipped with labor-saving devices—devices that promote greater milk production. Scarcity of labor makes such a barn a requirement for the profitable conduct of the farming industry.

That his own prosperity depends on the prosperity of labor, not the labor of his own community, but on the labor of the country, probably has not occurred to the average farmer. To bring this fact home, let us consider the broad subject of labor and its employment.

War Work Brought Prosperity.
During the four or five years previous to November 11 when the armistice was signed, bringing to a halt all of those industries that had been employed in furnishing war materials, labor had been 100 per cent employed. Wages were the highest known in this country, or any other country, for that matter. The wage earners were prosperous and that prosperity was reflected in every other branch of our commercial, industrial and agricultural activity.

Prices of food were high, the highest known since the Civil war. Farmers were getting 200 and 300 per cent more for their crops, live stock and dairy products than they had received in former times. The reason for this

has made other features necessary because they save labor.

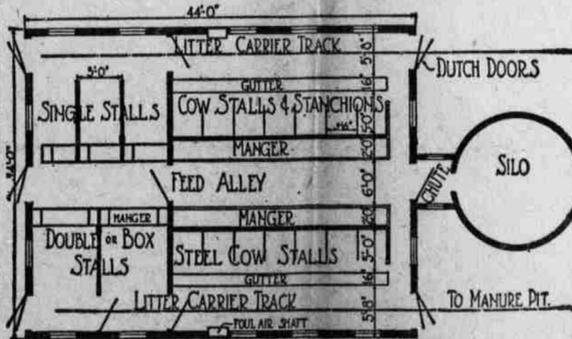
Barn for Small Farm.
A combination horse and dairy barn is shown in an accompanying illustration. This is a design for a small farm, where a dozen cows and four or five horses are kept. Here these animals may be safely housed, the work can be done easily and the winter's supply of feed for horses and cows may be stored.

As the ground floor plan shows, the horse barn and cow stable are separated by a solid wall. This prevents the ammonia fumes from the horse barn penetrating the cow stable, a feature of barn construction demanded by the laws of some of the states.

Three single and two double or box stalls are provided in the horse barn. Stalls for 12 cows are provided in the cattle barn.

The floor of the barn is concrete, the feed alley being through the center. The litter alleys are along the side walls. The feed alley runs through the building and is connected at the rear with the silo by a covered chute, which provides a feed room. Over each of the litter alleys is a carrier track, so that the manure may be transported out of the building to the pits on either side of the silo, where the winter feed of the cows is stored. The hay mow on the second floor is connected with the horse barn by a trap door, near the door that divides the horse and cow sections of the barn. Hay for both animals is thrown down and is convenient to the mangers of both.

Ventilation Is Provided.
The barn is of wooden construction, with gambrel roofs and a system of ventilation, without which the modern



Ground Floor Plan of Horse and Cow Barn.

increase was that the demand was there, and the wage earners had the money to buy. Farm costs of production increased considerably, it is true, but the fact that no class of workers in the United States has been more prosperous or was a larger buyer of government bonds than the agricultural workers, shows that there was a good profit in farming.

The signing of the armistice, however, is also provided. There has been a considerable reduction recently in the cost of building materials. The cost of such a barn can easily be ascertained from the local building contractor or lumber dealer.

"Build a building!" It is a patriotic duty to employ the labor and it will help keep the country and everyone in it prosperous.

EDGAR G. COOPER

ANNOUNCES FOR
COMMISSIONER



To The Voters of Greater Knoxville:

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Commissioner of the City of Knoxville, subject to the primary to be held September 6, 1919.

In introducing myself to the public it is but fair for me to say that I was born and raised in the City of Knoxville, and am nearly thirty-eight years old. I received my education in the City schools, Baker-Hemel, Carson & Newman and Holbrook.

Prior to the entrance of the United States in the World War I was engaged in the storage business in Knoxville, which business I sold out for the purpose of entering active military service abroad. My other business experience has been six years as salesman and sales manager for the National Biscuit Company. Prior to my service with the National Biscuit Company I was an enlisted man in the United States Navy for four years.

My military experience is several years with the Third Tennessee Infantry, having accompanied the Machine Gun Company of that Regiment to the Mexican border, as First Lieutenant. I assisted in the organization of the 319th Machine Gun Battalion in the capacity of Captain of Company A, at Camp Gordon, Georgia, during the summer and fall of 1917 and sailed with that organization overseas in May 1918, and was promoted Major of the Battalion in August after my first engagement with the enemy north of Toul, France.

I have just received my discharge from the army, after having spent more than a year overseas.

My view of the City is that it is a business municipality and as such I favor the administration of City affairs on business principles and the exercise of the same care in the management of the City's affairs as a business man would apply to his own private affairs with the view of securing the greatest prosperity and success.

I FAVOR—

The improvement of the public school system along all lines separate and apart from political manipulation.

All the necessary safeguards both in fire and police protection which the interests of the City demand.

Fair and just compensation in all departments of the City Government.

Strict enforcement of all laws on the statute books.

Hospitals and playgrounds for colored people.

Just and equitable wages and sanitary conditions for the laboring people.

If elected I will be the representative of all classes and creeds, races, sections of the City, and as I have never held public office it will be a pleasure for me to advise with citizens regarding public questions.

I especially solicit the vote and influence of our women voters, who did as much to win the World War as did the men. I congratulate the women of the Army Nurse Corps and Welfare Associations for their good work at home as well as over there. Their bravery and sacrifice did much to hearten and relieve actual suffering of our boys and too much cannot be said in their praise.

I am not connected with any business and will give all my time to the office if elected.

Thanking you for your vote,

EDGAR G. COOPER.

PRIMARY, SEPT. 6, 1919.

In Case of Pneumonia.
A physician said this is one of the best aids to a speedy recovery from pneumonia. Make a tight-fitting jacket of cheesecloth, sleeveless, and interline with two thicknesses of sheet cotton. Line with the cheesecloth. Fasten in front with snaps; it is worn next the skin. It is best to have two of these little coats. They protect the patient from any chance draft when changing the clothes or bedding.
Subscribe for the Knoxville Independent

Joys of Anticipation.
It has been a thousand times observed, and I must observe it once more, that the hours we pass with happy prospects in view are more pleasing than those crowned with fruition.—Goldsmith.

Dollar Diplomacy.
"This dollar diplomacy—" "Yes." "What is it, anyhow?" "Slipping you wife a case note when you haven't got an excuse handy."