



WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY.  
Light trades, fair weather.

SUGAR—96° Centrifugals, 3.8825.

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1903.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

## JONES MADE NO DEFENSE

### Committed to the First Circuit Court.

### An Indication of Defense In Preliminary Hearing.

### Insanity Plea May Be Made—Possibility of Request for Change of Venue.

E. M. Jones was committed to the Circuit Court without bail by Judge Lindsay yesterday. There was no defense, though A. G. M. Robertson, who appeared for Jones, did not waive the preliminary examination. Robertson drew from the prosecution very little testimony which is not already known, and his cross-examination of the two witnesses put forward, elicited nothing which can help in the defense. The questioning on cross-examination developed some indication of the defense. An attack upon Mrs. Jones' character seemed probable, in the question as to who were present at the house at the time of Jones' visit, upon the night of the tragedy. The implied suggestion that two men were at the house at the time was denied by Chillingworth on the stand. Jones' remarks concerning the motorman, who was affianced to his former wife, were also strongly put forward by his counsel. Another line of questioning as to the appearance of Jones upon the night of his surrender indicated an insanity defense, while there was also some examination as to his sobriety on the night of the murder. There is a possibility also of an effort being made to get a change of venue for Jones, because of the notoriety given his case in Honolulu.

Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth on the stand told in detail the story of the arrest, the scene upon the night of the tragedy, and the confession made by Jones at the police station.

Chillingworth repeated Jones' account of the murder and of his actions prior to the commission of the crime, very much as has previously been published. Jones sat through it all with an expressionless face, excepting when the witness referred to Mrs. Jones, when tears appeared in his eyes.

"Do you recollect the defendant saying that when he got out of the hammock he saw two men run away from the house?" asked Robertson on cross-examination.

"He did not say anything of the kind," replied Chillingworth.

"Did you hear him say he pulled the trigger the wrong way when he shot Mrs. Jones?"

"Yes."

"Did he say 'I went there intending to kill the motorman and myself'?"

"Yes."

"Do you know what motorman the defendant referred to?"

"No, I do not know who he is."

"What was the defendant's appearance and condition when you saw him at the time of his arrest?"

"He was very thin and weak. He looked pretty bad."

Chillingworth also explained that he had cautioned the defendant at the time of his arrest that any statement he might make would be used against him. He said also that Jones had not been given whiskey until after his confession.

Dr. Emerson testified as to his examination of the body of Mrs. Jones at the undertaking parlors, and gave the cause of death as the bullet wound. He also presented the bullet extracted from the wound, which was placed in evidence.

This closed the case for the prosecution and Sheriff Chillingworth asked

that the defendant be committed. Robertson called Miss Gertz, who took the prisoner's confession, but Chillingworth objected to the defendant calling any witnesses. He said the examination was simply to ascertain whether a jury of the country had reasonable ground for conviction upon the evidence, and that the district court did not have jurisdiction to find the defendant guilty. Judge Lindsay overruled the objection.

Miss Gertz simply testified to taking the statement, and said she did not come into the room until the defendant had been cautioned by the deputy. Judge Lindsay committed the defendant to the First Circuit Court for trial. Jones looks much better than he did a few days ago when he first was arrested.

### Sorenson's Wharf Bids

In the Sorenson's wharf bids opened in the Public Works department yesterday, Cotton Bros. & Co. gave the lowest for construction, L. M. Whitehouse for piles and John Ouderkirik for lumber needed in repairs and for paving. The bids were as follows:

Construction—Henry De Fries, \$15,800; Cotton Bros. & Co., \$14,927; John Ouderkirik, \$15,733; L. M. Whitehouse, \$15,555.

Piles—De Fries, \$106; C. B. & Co., \$110; Ouderkirik, \$115; Whitehouse, \$100.

Lumber, per M ft.—De Fries, \$50; C. B. & Co., \$47.50; Ouderkirik, \$45; Whitehouse, \$50.

Paving per sq. ft.—De Fries, 22 cents; C. B. & Co., 23 cents; Ouderkirik, 20 cents; Whitehouse, 24½ cents.

## CHINESE SUPPORT TOURIST PLANS

The first out-of-town promise of support for the Hawaii Promotion Committee came to hand from a Chinese contributor, a rice planter on Molokai. Cash in advance for twelve months accompanies the letter and promise of regular support.

See Yil Shan is a rice planter of Wallua, Molokai, who, in response to the invitations extended by the Promotion Committee to all those who have the interests of the Territory sufficiently at heart to subscribe money for bringing tourists and for generally advertising Hawaii, promptly responded.

In his letter, couched in excellent English, he states his appreciation of the movement and expresses his willingness to help to the best of his capacity. "I would like," says Mr. See, "to contribute one dollar per month and beg to enclose a money order for \$12 in advance payment for one year."

The committee appreciates the sentiment which inspires the rice planter, who is presumably a naturalized citizen farmer. Such amounts while but a small burden to the individual will realize a very handsome sum in the aggregate. The example thus set by a man belonging to a class from whom not much was expected, will, they trust, be emulated very generally.

## TOOK FLOWERS FROM A GRAVE

Luka Paaluh was arrested last night on a peculiar charge. The warrant charges her with being a common nuisance, but the complaint filed alleges that she destroyed the flowers upon the grave of Kahale Kalimanebu's child in Manoa.

The complaint says Luka did "that which is a public outrage and against common decency and morality and plainly hurtful to the public, to-wit, disturb the dead, to-wit, by digging away the dirt from the grave of your affiant's child, in said Manoa, destroying the flowers on said grave and doing other hideous and wicked acts on and to said grave."

The woman said last night when she was arrested, that she had been caring for the grave and keeping it clear of weeds. She also stated that she had a sweet potato patch near the grave which the complaint had destroyed.

### Question of Privilege.

Jue Gun's examination for peonage was continued yesterday afternoon until 2 p. m. tomorrow, to allow Mr. Cathcart for defendant to produce authorities on the question of privilege raised, as to whether Ah Sin, one of the Chinese female witnesses, can be compelled to answer questions where she might criminate herself. Ah Sin is bound in \$2000 to appear before the First Circuit grand jury on a charge of perjury. Hence the point. Commissioner Douthitt in the meantime committed her under \$500 bail as a witness in his court.

## CUP FOR PACIFIC WATERS

### Hawaii May Put Up One to Race for.

### Japanese Craft Might Come to the Islands to Race.

### Might Be Modelled After the Canadian Cup That is Com- peted for on Great Lakes.

Hawaii may yet emulate the New York Yacht Club in the issuance of an open Challenge cup and achieve some meed of the distinction and world-wide advertisement accruing from such connections. In the local instance, however, the original challenge will come from the American side.

A proposal, which seems to have considerable vitality, has been made by which Hawaii will build or procure a modern racing boat of wholesome yachting lines and will further put up a cup to be called the Pacific Challenge Cup, open, under certain restrictions of waterline, displacement and

sail area, to all comers. Japan, in the light of its recent challenge to America, is the country particularly aimed at and if the proposition goes through successfully, it is the present intention to take steps to secure a challenge for the first race from the land of the Chrysanthemum.

The idea was originally mooted by Charles D. Walker, owner of the third class crack Defiance, built by the firm of Walker Brothers. Taking up the question of Japan's challenge, Mr. Walker, himself born in Japan, drew attention to the great interest in yacht racing in Tokio Bay off Yokohama, where many speedy boats compete in regattas against craft from Kobe, Shanghai, Hongkong, and Hindostan. Many of these boats are excellent racers discarded after a season by New York yachtsmen and shipped to Japan.

Allan Dunn, chairman of the regatta committee of the Hawaii Yacht Club, took up the matter and succeeded in arousing considerable interest in the scheme. The Hawaii Promotion Committee convinced of the vast extent of free advertising that such enterprise would shower upon the Territory, have agreed to canvass for and procure funds for the Pacific Challenge Cup, a trophy which would cost in the neighborhood of \$500.

The races would be sailed under Hawaii Yacht Club rules. The boat would be, not an expensive machine like the Reliance or the Shamrock, but of dimensions similar to the conditions of the Canadian Challenge Cup regularly competed for by American skippers. The initial cost would be borne by a syndicate of local yachtsmen and the cost should not be greater than \$5000 for a boat designed and built by the best men in the profession. It is quite possible that a racer of the requisite dimensions could be procured second hand from some club that had built such a craft for a particular purpose and had lost its utility, after the regatta. Such bargains are often picked up and the yacht could readily

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## JOHNNY JONES WILL NOT GET THE EXPECTED BLOOD MONEY

Johnny Jones will not get the \$500 reward offered for information leading to the capture of his father, E. M. Jones, the murderer. Johnny is the boy who brought the man to town after the police had spent two or three days in an unsuccessful attempt to locate him.

Jones went to the home of his son near the Relief Camp last Thursday and was told by his son, that Chillingworth had been looking for him in order to place him under arrest. Jones is then reported to have told the boy to arrest him and take him down to the police station. This was done and a half hour later Jones was surrendered to the police. No one there recognized him and he could have come and gone without danger of arrest. Detectives who had been searching for the murderer since Sunday and knew him intimately failed to recognize him so thin and emaciated had he become by his wanderings while trying to elude arrest.

The next morning Johnny Jones made a written demand upon High Sheriff Brown for the \$500 which had been offered for any information which might lead to the arrest of the murderer. Half of the amount had been offered by John F. Colburn, a brother of Mrs. Parmenter and the uncle of Mrs. Jones. Yesterday he sent to the High Sheriff a check for \$250 to be paid if the government decided that the reward should be given to young Jones.

"The reward will not be paid to Jones," said High Sheriff Brown yesterday afternoon. "I have received an oral opinion from Attorney General Andrews to the effect that the boy had no hand in bringing Jones to the station. He holds, and the opinion is sustained by other men in the city, that the action of Johnny Jones did not constitute an arrest of the murderer. Our position simply is, that Jones surrendered himself to the police, and that the boy had no hand in it, excepting to accompany his father to the station. Under these circumstances I feel justified in not paying the reward."

"Mr. Colburn sent me a check for \$250 this morning as his share of the offered reward, but it will be returned to him, in view of the determination reached."

### AGAINST PUBLIC POLICY.

"We have decided not to pay the reward to Jones," said Attorney General Andrews last evening. "In the first place Jones did not give his father up, nor did he give information leading to his arrest. He simply came to the station with him and did no more than a hackman would have done. For the son to ask blood money for giving up his father is against public policy. Even though he actually gave information leading to the arrest of his father, we would have hesitated about paying the reward. To encourage that sort of thing seems like putting a premium upon human depravity."

"We appreciate very much the action of Mr. Colburn in sending the reward he has offered, but the government cannot accept it and it will be returned."

One of the objections also to paying the money to a son of the murderer is the sentimental one, that the government or a relative of the murdered woman should not contribute money which might be used in defeating the ends of justice. There is some talk of a suit for the recovery of the amount of the reward by young Jones, but nothing definite has been done.

## TURKEY MAKES FAIR PROMISES TO AMERICA

### War is Now Thought to Be In- evitable Between Bulgaria and Turkey.

### English Arms for Mad Mullah---A Gift to Lipton. Castro's Fatal Policy---Philippine Veterans Meet at St. Paul.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—The Turkish Minister visited Secretary Hay today. He probably requested the recall of the squadron and assured the Secretary that Americans would be protected. Recall is impossible. There has been no communication with Admiral Cotton as yet.

SOFIA, Sept. 1.—The belief prevails here that war between Bulgaria and Turkey is inevitable. It will not come from a formal declaration but by circumstances forcing hordes of insurgents across the border.

### A Forged Fair Will.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 1.—An alleged will of Charles Fair anonymously mailed to Judge Murasky leaves a mysterious son \$800,000. Experts declare the will a forgery.

### Castro's Fatal Policy.

CARACAS, Sept. 1.—Foreigners presenting claims against Venezuela are being persecuted. Five Italians have been arrested and one was killed while escaping. Letters are being intercepted.

### A Consolation Prize.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Prominent men have begun a movement to give Sir Thomas Lipton a suitable memento to be raised by national subscription.

### Arms for the Enemy.

ADEN, Arabia, Sept. 1.—The sale of immense quantities of arms and ammunition to the Mad Mullah has been traced to a London firm.

### Gunboat Didn't Sink.

CADIZ, Sept. 1.—The report of the sinking of the Austrian gunboat Sherla is unfounded.

### Philippine Vets to Meet.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 1.—Three thousand Philippine veterans are in convention here.

### Ferdinand Going Home.

KUSTENDJI, Sept. 1.—King Ferdinand embarked last night for Bulgaria.

## WAS ROBBED IN BROAD DAYLIGHT.

A Japanese storekeeper reported to the police yesterday that he had been robbed during the morning of \$135 in cash. The money, according to the Jap's story, was in a trunk in his room upstairs. His store is located at the corner of Liliha and King streets and the Jap says there is but one entrance to the second story, and that through the store below. The Jap claims that he was in the store during the entire morning and is at a loss to explain the disappearance of his cash.

Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth is of the opinion that the Japanese and Chinese are playing a new game in order to avoid the bankruptcy law. Both in Hilo and Honolulu there have been numerous trunk robberies reported by Asiatics, and generally it has followed that the loser had been unable to pay his debts. The story of robbery is told to throw creditors off the track and if the storekeepers are forced into bankruptcy, they put the amount of the robbery in the schedule of losses.

## ANOTHER SLAVE CASE ARREST.

Tabato, another Japanese who is alleged to have imported women from his native country, fell into the net of the Federal authorities last night and was arrested. United States Marshall Hendry surprised Tabato in his own rooms, while playing cards with a fellow countryman and although hundreds of Japanese surrounded his place in Pauahi Street, the arrest was made so quickly that he was unable to escape.