



U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DECEMBER 9—
Last 24 hours' rainfall, .00; Temperature, max. 78,
min. 66; Weather, fair.

SUGAR—96° Test Centrifugals, 4.65; Per Ton,
\$93. 88 Analysis Beets, 14s 6d. Per Ton \$102 80.

Established July 2, 1856.

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1904.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

BISHOP HARRIS OF JAPAN SPEAKS IN HONOLULU

Believes the Japanese Will Win in the Present War—Enthusiastically Received By Local Japanese Residents—A Pretty Present.

Going to a field but recently swept by the shot and shell of contending armies and one that now resounds with the tramp of armed men and that patriotic spirit that only the days of national crisis can bring forth, Merriman Colbert Harris, Missionary Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal church for Korea and Japan, is a "war bishop" in the truest sense of the word. For a few hours yesterday while the Korean was in port the distinguished clergyman was the guest of friends in Honolulu and there were many who have known the bishop during the time that he has been in charge of the Japanese work in Hawaii and on the Pacific Coast who took the opportunity to call on him before he left for his field of work.

Bishop Harris is a tall man, rather slight but straight as an arrow and of a commanding presence. At the first glance he reminds one of the pictures of Bishop Potter of New York. His gray hair and side-burns tell of long years of faithful service but there is a youthful smile on his face and a twinkle in his eye that tells of the humor of the man. For over thirty years he has been in the service of the church and fourteen years of that time were spent among the Japanese people. Since Bishop Harris left Japan he has been in charge of the Japanese work on the Pacific Coast and in Hawaii. At the last General Conference of the church he was elected bishop and assigned to the missionary district of Japan and Korea.

MAY SAVE INTEREST ON THE NEW BOND ISSUE

Secretary Atkinson Cables Gov. Carter That He Can Probably Sell Four Per Cents in New York.

Yesterday Governor Carter received a cablegram from Secretary Atkinson, in Washington, saying that Mr. Atkinson had reason to think that he could sell the proposed new issue of Territorial bonds with interest at four per cent per annum instead of at four and a half per cent, as had been originally proposed.

The whole matter, however, as the Governor and the Treasurer agreed, is a matter of the price to be obtained for the bonds, and that must be figured up by men accustomed to the operations of large finance. If the bonds were to be sold at par regardless of the rate of interest, the four per cent proposition would be very attractive. The interest on \$1,000,000 at that rate for fifteen years, the life of the bond issue, would foot up \$600,000, and the total the Territory would be called upon to finally to pay would be \$1,600,000. On bonds drawing four and a half per cent, under the same conditions; the interest footings would be \$750,000 at the end of the life period, and the total payment by the Territory would be that sum added to one million dollars. If the four and a half per cent were to sell for five per cent premium, the four per cent bonds would still be better for the Territory, on the face of the facts as they stand, notwithstanding the premium.



BISHOP HARRIS OF JAPAN.

KAUAI JAPS CARRY GUNS

Chance for International Complication On Garden Isle.

Word has come down from Kauai that the idle Japanese on the island, of whom it was said that there are several hundred, have been lately gathering for drill purposes near Lihue in a manner that raises the question of the preservation of the neutrality of the islands.

These Japanese, who are, as it appears, reservists of the Japanese army, who have presumably been or who are about to be ordered to their colors, have been drilling on the plain near Lihue for several weeks past. They have regular drill, with officers and men in uniform and colors flying, but up to a few weeks ago their maneuvers were performed with wooden guns. These facts were reported by the police officers on Kauai.

Latterly, however, the sounds of firing have been heard to come from the drill ground of the Japanese, indicating that the soldiers have obtained guns from some quarter and that their preparations to go to the front have therefore assumed a much more warlike manner. Whether the men have obtained guns enough to arm them completely, or whether they have got only a few rifles, with which to indulge in target practice is not stated.

KOREANS TO BREAK STRIKE

End of Troubles at Waiialua Not Yet In Sight.

Two hundred and fifty Koreans were taken down to Waiialua plantation yesterday in an endeavor to break the strike of the Japanese there, out of which grew the riot call for the police on Thursday night.

There are nine hundred men on strike now, their grievances being various. Among other things the Japanese claim that they should have higher pay because sugar is worth more now than it was when they went to work. The fact that they are not working on a sliding scale cuts no ice whatever with them. They argue that the boss is getting more money and so they should. Then, they do not like the way in which trash is dumped upon the cane fields, they demand that a couple of luns who are personally objectionable to them shall be fired, and lastly they do not like their interpreter, a Japanese preacher of the name of Seki, and demand that the job be given to one Morikama. This man was taken down to the plantation yesterday and so the demand that he be employed will probably be granted.

As to the rest, the demands of the men are now under consideration, but there is small likelihood of a settlement for some days to come. There is a hard lot of Japanese hanging about Waiialua, many of them discharged plantation hands, and the trouble of Thursday night was caused directly by the efforts of two of these. These men went to the pumping station at Kawaloa and tried to get the men working the pumps to leave their posts, but were driven away by the white employees. Then they went down to the Japanese camp and stirred up their fellows to trouble that culminated in the plantation management sending for the police.

MONDAYS FOLLOWING WILL BE HOLIDAYS

By proclamation of Governor Carter, published this morning, Christmas and New Year's day, as public holidays, will be observed respectively on Monday, December 26, 1904, and Monday, January 2, 1905, owing to the falling of the proper festival date in each case on Sunday.

Coast Tennis Champion.
Drummond McGavin, tennis champion of California, was a through passenger on the Korea bound on a tour around the world.

RUSSIANS ARE DRIVEN BACK

Oku Bombards for Three Days and Compels Evacuation of An Island.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Dec. 10.—Gen. Oku, after three days' artillery fire, drove the Russians from the island of Gushan, ten miles below Liaoyang. The Russians abandoned a large quantity of supplies and several guns and retired eight miles. During the bombardment the Japanese fired kerosene depots, causing a great conflagration. The Japanese loss was 5000.

JAPANESE LOSSES ON METRE HILL.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—The Japanese casualties at 203-metre hill exceeded those at the battle of Nanshan.

AFTERNOON REPORT.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—Most of Russia's Black Sea fleet has been dismantled and the ships laid up.

TOKIO, Dec. 9.—The gunboat Giliak has been damaged, the transport Amur sunk, and the Port Arthur arsenals badly damaged. The vessels are apparently deserted and do not reply to the fire centered on them. It is believed the Japanese can now cease the assaults and starve the garrison out.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 9.

To Japanese Consul, Honolulu:
The naval staff with the Port Arthur besieging army reports on the evening of Thursday that the Poltava taking fire heeled to port side with her stern down; eleven shots also told greatly on the Gilyak; the Bayan taking fire at 11:30 p. m. is still ablaze at 4:15 p. m.

Commander of the naval artillery at Port Arthur reports that on Thursday the Amur was hit by fourteen shells and her stern sank; many shots greatly damaged the godowns and other buildings near Pehyushan and the arsenal.

HIOKI.

WORK OF THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—The House has passed the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bills.

THE VICEROY RETURNS.

BOMBAY, Dec. 10.—Lord Curzon has returned.

HIGH SHERIFF TO PROTECT PRISONERS IN HIS CHARGE

Nobody Will Be Permitted to Solicit Business For Attorneys Among Unfortunates Confined in City Jail.

High Sheriff Henry has determined to put a stop to the business of soliciting clients by lawyers and in behalf of lawyers in the City Prison. This is one of the gravest abuses of the prison system, and perhaps the one that is in most need of reform.

"I propose to have cards printed and posted about the prison," said the High Sheriff last night, "containing the name of every attorney in the city. The prisoners can consult these cards, and if any prisoner wants to see a lawyer he can have the attorney of his choice. No more soliciting of clients by lawyers, or in behalf of lawyers, will be permitted."

It seems that a certain class of practitioners have been in the habit of seeking business for certain attorneys, working presumably on a commission. This kind of thing has all got to stop. The High Sheriff does not propose to deprive any prisoner of his right to see the lawyer of his choice, but no lawyer will be permitted to make himself a temptation perhaps.

ANOTHER HUMBERT CASE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAM.)

CLEVELAND, Dec. 10.—It is reported that a package of Mrs. Chadwick's securities, supposed to be valued at \$5,000,000, has been opened and its contents found to be worthless.