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**WHOSE BABY ARE YOU?**  
NOTICE.  
Wednesday and Thursday evenings,  
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**OTHER PEOPLE'S MONEY**  
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We have received a consignment  
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The only "Ideal" exercises your boy  
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Ice delivered to any part of the city  
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Just Received a Fine Shipment  
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**STRONG, YOUNG ANIMALS  
IN FINE CONDITION.**  
SOME REALLY SPLENDID  
SPECIMENS.  
Come early and get a good pick.  
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**ALL KINDS OF BUILDING AND  
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To Order Suits for Young Men a  
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**EVERY SUIT INDIVIDUAL—NO  
TWO ALIKE.**  
**George A. Martin**  
Merchant Tailor,  
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**Sunday** 25c  
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month  
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**WOULD HAVE HAWAII  
A SERPENTLESS EDEN**

**Board of Agriculture Asks Secretary Wilson to  
Prohibit All Snake Importations---Reports  
of Work--The Library.**

There was a meeting of the Board of Agriculture and Forestry yesterday afternoon at which the regular reports of Forester Hosmer and Entomologist Craw were read. John Austin, assistant to Mr. Craw, was granted a twenty days' leave of absence on account of ill health. The following communication from L. A. Thurston, President of the Board, was read:

**THE SNAKE IMPORTATION.**  
Honolulu, T. H., June 8, 1905.  
Board of Agriculture and Forestry, City.

Gentlemen: During the past week an occurrence happened which calls for action by this Board.  
Mr. A. V. Gear imported a lot of snakes, fifteen in number, of which five were full-grown rattlesnakes, the other nine being of several varieties. In the absence of a snake expert, I am unable to say whether any of them were poisonous or not. The snakes were purchased from Mr. Gear at cost and killed.  
An examination of the law upon the subject renders it uncertain whether or not this board has any authority to prohibit the importation of snakes into Hawaii. An examination of the Federal law shows that under the so-called Lacey act, being an act of Congress, approved May 25, 1900, entitled "An Act to enlarge the powers of the Department of Agriculture, prohibit the transportation by interstate commerce of game killed in violation of local laws, and for other purposes," the Secretary of Agriculture has power to prohibit the importation of snakes into the Territory of Hawaii. On February 15, 1902, the Honolulu Collector of Customs, E. R. Stackable, recommended to the Treasury Department that measures be taken to prevent the landing in Hawaii of snakes and other reptiles enumerated.

On May 27th the Treasury Department responded to the Collector of Customs, stating that the matter had been submitted to the Secretary of Agriculture and enclosing a circular issued by James Wilson, Secretary of Agriculture, dated May 22, 1902.

Under this circular the admission of poisonous snakes into Hawaii is prohibited altogether, a permit from the local inspector, who is now W. A. Bryan, being required for the landing of any other snakes.  
Under this condition of affairs, no attempt has been made to import snakes into Hawaii, other than the one now noted.

**HARD TO DISTINGUISH.**  
I am informed that there are many thousands of varieties of snakes, and in many cases the resemblance between poisonous and non-poisonous varieties is so close that no one but an expert can tell them apart.  
As there is no expert on snakes in Honolulu, there is the constant danger that a poisonous snake may, by mistake, be admitted into the Territory with the always present possibility that it may escape and multiply.  
The present inspector, Mr. Bryan, states that in view of the prohibition of poisonous snakes and the possibility that an apparently non-poisonous snake may in fact be a poisonous one, he does not propose to issue permits in favor of admitting any snakes.

There is no certainty, however, that Bryan will indefinitely hold this office, and there is always the danger that permits may be issued by the local inspector. There is also the possibility that an appeal might be taken which might eventually result in the introduction of live snakes into Hawaii.  
In view of these facts and of the further fact that there are now no live snakes in the Territory, and that for years all the successive governments have absolutely prohibited the introduction of live snakes into the Territory of Hawaii, I suggest that it is in the highest degree in the public interest that efforts be made to secure a regulation to be issued by the Secretary of Agriculture to extend the present prohibition of poisonous snakes to include snakes of all kinds. Not until this is done will we be entirely safe in this matter.

The reason for this Board taking action in this matter is that it is the duty of this Board to protect agriculture and forests in this Territory.  
**DANGER TO AGRICULTURE.**  
With the dense tropical jungles which grow in this Territory and the nature of the cane fields, I can imagine no greater blow to agricultural prosperity in Hawaii than the introduction of poisonous snakes in the cane fields and forests of Hawaii.  
As there is no good object to be served by the introduction of non-poisonous snakes, other than to use them as curios for exhibition purposes, it appears to me that no chances should be taken in the matter, but that we should bring every possible influence to bear to secure the absolute prohibition of the introduction of snakes into Hawaii.  
I therefore recommend that a petition be sent by this Board to the Secretary of Agriculture, asking him to extend the present prohibition of poisonous snakes to include the prohibition of all snakes entering the Territory of Hawaii.  
And also that this Board request other proper officials and organizations to add their recommendations to the same effect.

Respectfully submitted,  
L. A. THURSTON,  
President Board of Agriculture and Forestry.

**APPEAL TO WILSON.**

After listening to the communication the Board adopted the following resolution by a unanimous vote:  
Whereas, There are no live snakes in the Territory of Hawaii, and there is no probability of the introduction of any into the Territory unless they are purposely imported; and,  
Whereas, The climate and other conditions in Hawaii are such that if introduced and liberated here they would probably multiply with great rapidity; and,  
Whereas, The introduction of poisonous snakes into Hawaii has heretofore been prohibited by the Secretary of Agriculture, but the introduction of non-poisonous snakes is not so prohibited, but may be permitted by the inspector of the Department of Agriculture; and,  
Whereas, There are many poisonous snakes which closely resemble non-poisonous ones, and there is no snake expert in Hawaii competent to distinguish them, rendering it possible that poisonous snakes may be introduced under the belief that they are non-poisonous; and,  
Whereas, No good purpose or benefit to the people of Hawaii can be subserved by the introduction of snakes of any kind into this Territory, and it is the earnest desire of the people of Hawaii that the introduction of live snakes into this Territory be prohibited entirely; be it

Resolved, That this Board do earnestly request the Hon. James Wilson, Secretary of Agriculture, to extend the regulation heretofore promulgated on May 22, 1902, which prohibits the importation into Hawaii of poisonous snakes, so that the same shall prohibit the introduction into Hawaii, both from foreign countries and from the States and Territories of the United States of snakes of all kinds;  
And also, that the special inspector of birds and animals at Honolulu be, by such regulation, empowered and directed to cause the immediate re-exportation or destruction of any snakes which may be introduced contrary to the terms of such regulation;  
And be it further Resolved, That this Board ask the assistance and support of other officials and organizations interested in Hawaii, to secure the passage of such a regulation.

**REPORT ON FORESTRY.**  
Forester Hosmer submitted the following interesting reports on the work of the Division of Forestry. Appended to the reports of the work done was a list of the valuable periodicals received by the Board. All these are available for consultation by the general public.

June 8, 1905.  
Board of Commissioners of Agriculture and Forestry:  
Gentlemen: I have the honor to submit the report of the Division of Forestry for the past week.  
On Tuesday afternoon, May 20th, I left Honolulu for a short trip to the Island of Kauai, where I determined upon the final location of the Forest Reserve boundary line on the government lands of Anahola, Kamalamoo, and Kapaa. These lands are leased to the Makee Sugar Co., and form a part of the Kealia plantation. The leases expire in May, 1907. Some time in the near future the lands will be put up at auction under the year clause, at which time the portions mauka of the reserve line can be set apart, providing such action is not taken sooner. The visit was made partly at the request of Mr. Pratt and partly to modify certain recommendations made after a visit to the lands in the summer of 1904, additional data in regard to them having in the meantime become available. The essential points on the line will be marked by Mr. F. E. Harvey of the Survey office.  
During the week the routine work of the Division has gone on as usual. Three additional laborers have been taken on temporarily to assist in the seed collection. During the month of May realizations from the sale of seed and plants amounting to thirty-three dollars and seventy-five cents (\$33.75) were received by this Division. Further shipments of exotic seed for experimental purposes have been received from Japan and from New York.  
The museum has received various accessions during the last few weeks, the last being the consignments of snakes intended for the Kaimuki Zoo. These specimens have been placed in alcoholic solution in glass jars and are now on exhibition.

Very respectfully,  
RALPH S. HOSMER,  
Superintendent of Forestry.

**FORESTRY IN MAY.**  
May 29, 1905.  
Board of Commissioners of Agriculture and Forestry:  
Gentlemen: I have the honor to submit herewith the report of the Division of Forestry for the month of May. My own time during this period has been for the most part occupied with routine matters in the Division and in connection with appropriation bills before the Legislature.  
A number of details in connection with the foreign exchanges of the library and compiling of a mailing list, and in the matter of office records have been attended to.

**SEEDS NOW ON SALE.**  
During the month Press Bulletin No. 1 of the Division of Forestry has been issued and distributed. This publication consists of a list of the seed now on sale at the nursery at cost price. A collection of seed of native trees has

been received from Puuwaawaa. Seed has also come in from Australia and from California in experimental quantities, which will be carefully tested in various parts of the Territory. A sufficient quantity of the following seed has been received to enable it to be put on sale at the following prices: Monterey cypress, Cupressus macrocarpa, at 10 cents per ounce.  
Blue gum, Eucalyptus globulus, at 30 cents per ounce.  
Australian black wood, Acacia melanoxylon, at 30 cents per ounce.  
The collection of seed of native and exotic trees in and around Honolulu has been continued. The seed collected being mainly of the kinds of trees listed in Press Bulletin No. 1.  
During the month the library of the Board has received a number of important accessions, among which special note may be made of "The Proceedings of the Washington Academy of Sciences," and a complete set of "Thrum's Annual." Accompanying this report is a list of the magazines and current periodicals received regularly by the library.  
The library has been twice used during May for public meetings. On May 11th a meeting of the Entomological Society, and on May 22nd a meeting of the Research Club, at which Dr. Walter H. Evans delivered a paper on the work of the United States Department of Agriculture.  
Dr. Evans is the Chief of the Division of Insular Stations in the office of the Experiment Stations of the Agricultural Department and visited Honolulu to inspect the Hawaiian Experiment Station.  
Another visitor to Honolulu of whom note should be made was Mr. Ralph C. Bryant, formerly Assistant Chief of the Bureau of Forestry at Manila, who stopped for a day en route to the coast.  
During the month the office building has been screened, ventilators have been cut in the ceiling of each room and awnings have been placed over each window, greatly increasing the comfort of the members of the staff.  
The reports of the field foreman show in detail the work which has been done by his section during the past month.

RALPH S. HOSMER,  
Superintendent of Forestry.

List of periodicals regularly received by the library of the Board of Commissioners of Agriculture and Forestry.  
California Cultivator, Los Angeles and San Francisco.  
California Fruit Grower, San Francisco.  
Pacific Fruit World, Los Angeles and San Francisco.  
American Agriculturist, New York.  
Rural New Yorker, New York.  
Science, New York.  
Java Suikerindustrie, Java.  
Agricultural News, Barbados.  
Up To Date Farming, Indiana.  
Gleanings in Bee Culture, Medina, Ohio.  
Crop Reporter, Washington, D. C.  
India Rubber World, New York.  
Rural Californian, Los Angeles.  
Agricultural Gazette, Tasmania.  
The Mackey Mercury, Queensland.  
Farm Journal, Philadelphia.  
Forestry and Irrigation, Washington, D. C.  
The Journal of Agriculture of Victoria, Melbourne.  
The Agricultural Gazette, New South Wales.  
Journal Department of Agriculture, Western Australia.  
The Journal of the Jamaica Agricultural Society.  
Tropical Agriculturist, Ceylon.  
Imperial Department of Agriculture, West Indies.  
The Indian Bulletin.  
Popular Science Monthly.  
Entomological News, Philadelphia.  
Journal D'Agriculture Tropicale, Paris.  
Australian Official Journal of Patents, Melbourne.  
Der Tropenpflanzer, Berlin.  
L'Agriculture Pratique des pays chauds, Paris.  
The Bulletin of the College of Agriculture, Tokio, Japan.  
Entomologists Monthly Magazine, London.  
Forestry Quarterly, Ithaca, New York.  
The Indian Forester, Allahabad, India.  
Indian Planting and Gardening, Calcutta.

The above magazines are open to the inspection of the public in the library room of the Board of Agriculture and Forestry, Government nursery grounds, daily during office hours.

RALPH S. HOSMER,  
Supt. of Forestry and Librarian.

**REPORT ON ENTOMOLOGY.**  
Entomologist Craw read the following report of his very diversified activities of his division during the past month:  
Commissioners of Agriculture and Forestry, Honolulu, T. H.:  
Gentlemen: Since my report to you dated April 26th, we have boarded forty-seven (47) steamers and sailing vessels arriving in the port upon which we found ten thousand six hundred and thirty-one (10,631) packages of fresh fruits and vegetables, eighteen packages and cases (18) of trees and plants by freight and forty-two (42) packages of plants by mail.  
First among packages of mango grafts were received from Florida through orders from the Department of Agriculture. Upon examination we found the grafts infested with the following insect pests, which under the microscope showed that they were still alive: Chrysomphalus dictyospermi, in various stages of development. This scale is closely related to the serious red scale of the orange and lemon and is found in Florida, the West Indies, Mexico, Brazil, China and Sumatra, where it attacks a variety of trees and plants. A species of fringed scale (Asterolecanium), also the "greedy scale," Aspidiotus rapax, infested the grafts. This latter scale is found to a limited extent on the Island of Oahu. Besides the above scale insects the mango branches were attacked by a bark fungus. When the importer's attention was called to the condition of the grafts, he offered no objection to their destruction, which was done by burning.

A shipment of twenty (20) "Manila hemp" banana plants, Musa textilis, came from the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., also five (5) true rubber trees for experimental purposes. They all arrived in good condition.  
Acting upon your orders of April 16th, to personally visit or send a representative of your Board to the Islands of Hawaii and Maui to investigate

various matters relating to insects, I have to state that Mr. Jacob Kotinsky was detailed and left on the steamer Kinau on May 16th, with instructions to make as thorough an investigation as his time would permit. He was also provided with letters of introduction to various gentlemen interested in agriculture and horticulture in the districts to be visited. Letters giving accounts of his work have been received from him. Upon his return he will make a detailed report of his investigations.

**DR. RUSSEL'S INVESTIGATIONS.**  
On May 19th, Dr. Nicholas Russel of Mountain View, Hawaii, left on the S. S. Coptic on a business trip to Japan. As Dr. Russel is much interested in the suppression of insect pests by predaceous and parasitic insect enemies, I gave him letters of introduction to Professor Kuwana of the Imperial Agricultural College, Tokio, Japan, and Professor U. Nawa of Gifu. Mr. Kuwana was formerly connected with the Stanford University, Palo Alto, California. I am confident that both gentlemen will be pleased to render Dr. Russel all possible assistance and advice in his investigations. Several serious outbreaks of leerya purchase, "cottony cushion scale," on portions of Maui, have been reported, for which several colonies of the "Australian lady-birds," Vedalia cardinalis, have been forwarded, together with written instructions about how to liberate them. As the black wattles and iron woods are reported dying from the attack of the scale, we will see that several more colonies of Vedalia are forwarded on succeeding steamer. From Kauai come samples of "mealy bugs," Dactylopius vastator, for which we sent Cryptolaemus montrouzieri. Last August a very large tamarind tree in Honolulu was found to be badly infested with that mealy bug and today it is free from that scale, the result of the work of Cryptolaemus.

Mr. Koehle forwarded to us from California five packages of horn fly pupae to test them for parasites. We now have them in breeding jars and will carefully watch developments.

**CONCERNING SNAKES.**  
The Hawaiian Islands have always been famed for the absence of snakes and our people and animals could wander with impunity through the valleys and over the hills and mountains. An importation arrived ex. S. S. Alameda on the 2nd inst. that might have put an end to this delightful serenity. This

was the arrival of three flimsy boxes containing fourteen (14) large snakes, five of them the deadly "rattler." Under Rule 11 in your general circular, No. 2, such animals arriving in the Territory of Hawaii are ordered to be immediately destroyed or deported. In order that there should be no hitch in the proceedings, I took the precaution and immediately notified by telephone Mr. W. A. Bryan of the Bishop Museum, who is Federal inspector of wild animals. He came to the dock and after discussing the matter with Collector of Customs E. R. Stackable, Territorial Commissioner of Agriculture and Forestry, L. A. Thurston and Alfred W. Carter, he stated that he would refuse to issue a permit for landing the snakes. The reptiles were intended for exhibition and in order that there should be no question about the proceedings, the three above named gentlemen made a proposition to the importer to pay him the purchase cost of the snakes and then would take possession of them. This was a generous act on their part to keep the Islands free from such a curse, but they should not have been put to that expense by the blunder of another person that should have been and was undoubtedly aware of the Federal and Territorial laws relating to the introduction of animals. In the destruction of the snakes we had a surprising experience. I placed boxes and snakes in one of our fumigating chambers and applied double the amount of hydrocyanic acid gas, and they were still alive at the end of fifteen minutes. They were again shut up in a quadruple density of that deadly gas, and at the end of one hour and a half still showed signs of life. We then immersed them in 95 per cent alcohol and that put an end to their venomous existence. A fitting death, as the same liquid is considered an antidote to their deadly bite.

Respectfully submitted,  
ALEXANDER CRAW,  
Supt. of Entomology and Inspector.

**NEW ENGLAND EPIGRAMS.**  
The future keeps her secrets for history to tell.  
Touch is a magic wand that stirs the blood and rakes the soul.  
Mistakes pervade our lives; they are our teachers, but in this school diplomas are withheld.  
The wind makes steps at every door, but when the friendly hinges turn the phantom feet are gone.—Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

**THE SANDS OF THE HOUR  
GLASS**  
governing the time limit of our mammoth sale of  
**Ladies' Muslin Underwear**  
are fast running out and in a few days the chance to obtain unprecedented bargains in this line will be gone.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES AND DECIDE IF IT BE WISE TO LONGER DELAY PURCHASING.  
LADIES' MUSLIN DRAWERS.....Per Pr. 20c and up  
LADIES' NIGHT GOWNS.....50c " "  
LADIES' CHEMISES.....40c " "  
LADIES' SKIRTS.....75c " "  
LADIES' COMBINATION CHEMISES.....75c " "  
LADIES' CORSET COVERS.....25c " "  
For further conviction see window display.

FORT STREET. —A. BLOM,— PROGRESS BLOCK

**The Sands of the Hour  
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**PLUMBING DEPARTMENT**  
of  
**JOHN NOTT,**  
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**Vapo-Cresoleme** Cures Whoie You Sleep  
For Whooping Cough, Croup, Coughs, Bronchitis, Influenza, Catarrh.  
It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surfaces of the bronchial tubes with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. Those of a consumptive tendency, or sufferers from chronic bronchitis, find immediate relief from roughs or inflamed conditions of the throat.  
CRESOLEME is a boon to ASTHMATICS.  
ALL DRUGGISTS.  
THE VAPO-CRESOLEME CO., 180 Fulton St., New York City.

