

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1910.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

WOULD TEACH YOUNG IDEA TO SHOOT

Chief of Staff Would Make Every School Teach Boys How to Be Soldiers.

OUT-GERMAN THE GERMANS

National Guardsmen Want to Go on Regular Army Salary List—Wood in Favor.



GENERAL LEONARD WOOD.

ST. LOUIS, October 5.—"I would out-German the Germans at their own game of military preparedness," declared Major-General Leonard Wood, U. S. A., Chief of General Staff, speaking yesterday at the National Guard convention here. "I would institute, if I were able to bring it about, compulsory military education in every public school of the United States."

General Wood was speaking before the assembled guardsmen on the question of a closer relation between the militia and the regular troops of the country. The convention had expressed its approval of a plan whereby congress is to be asked to place the national guardsmen on the regular army salary list.

General Wood assured the convention that the war department stood ready to back a bill to appropriate six million dollars for the purpose of increasing the regular army appropriations so as to include the salaries of national guardsmen.

JUSTICE MOODY'S RESIGNATION ACCEPTED

BEVERLY, Massachusetts, October 5.—The resignation of Justice Moody, of the Supreme Court, was yesterday accepted by the President. The justice has been in ill-health for the past year and his resignation comes as no surprise.

PERSHING MAY COME AS DEPARTMENT COMMANDER



BRIGADIER GENERAL PERSHING.

Brigadier General Pershing is believed to have a strong chance of being appointed as commander of the Department. He is a member of Senator Wood's staff, and there are rumors of Wyoming delegation to Wood's staff as a replacement.

TWENTY-FOURTH NOT TO COME TO HAWAII

Cabled Assurances From War Department That Fifteenth Be Sent Instead.

TAKE PROTEST IN GOOD PART

Had Been Tacitly Arranged That Negro Troops Would Be Sent, but Not Now.

As a result of the protests that have been made against the stationing of a regiment of colored troops in Honolulu, following the publication of the story in The Advertiser, there has been an interchange of cables between the army officials in Hawaii and the war department, with the result that it is practically certain now that the Twenty-fourth Infantry will not be sent here. In the place of that regiment, the Fifteenth Infantry will come, the entire regiment to be in Hawaii very shortly.

At Fort Shafter the order to move is expected at any time. So close is it regarded as being that the officers and men there are making their arrangements to pack up and leave by the transport sailing for the mainland in November. Later, in the spring, the battalion here will be joined by the two battalions of the regiment in the Philippines, and the regiment will be united once more.

The Fifteenth Infantry, which is almost certain to be ordered to Hawaii now, is at present stationed at Fort Douglas, Salt Lake City, Utah. When the regiment reaches here, it is probable that two battalions will have to go into temporary quarters at Lihouea, the Fort Shafter accommodations at present being for only one battalion, although the work of enlarging it into a regimental post will be under way very shortly.

The protest voiced by The Advertiser against the sending here of negro troops was taken up by the army officials in the same manner in which it was made. Recognition of the fact that conditions in Hawaii were such that to send a negro regiment here for duty would be a tactical mistake. On Saturday, as reported in The Advertiser, the Delegate was communicated with by wireless. A reply from him was received by Chairman Atkinson of the Republican executive committee yesterday, authorizing the sending of a cable to the war department in the Delegate's name, asking that any orders to send the Twenty-fourth here be held until the reasons against it could be presented. In the light of the later developments, however, there is no necessity for sending the cablegram.

REVOLUTION SURPRISES PORTUGAL AND MONARCHY CRASHES DOWN



MANUEL OF PORTUGAL, King who is a prisoner in the hands of those who assassinated his father and brother.

Manuel a Prisoner---Lisbon Bombarded by Naval Vessels---Army Joins the Revolutionists---The Royal Palace Is Stormed and Captured.

LONDON, England, October 5.—Advices have been received here to the effect that revolution has broken out in Portugal and that at present the revolutionists are triumphant.

King Manuel II. is held a prisoner by the revolutionists, probably in the Palace of the Necessidades.

The city of Lisbon has been bombarded by guns of rebellious warships of the Portuguese navy and it is believed that the army and navy are almost entirely on the side of the revolution.

The palace has been captured, according to the report, and is held by a large armed force. The populace is in a state of fear as to what is to happen next.

Never since the tragic and terrible assassination of the present king's father, King Charles, and of the present king's brother, Prince Louis Philippe, on February 1, 1908, when Manuel II. came to the throne, has Portugal been so convulsed.

Like the explosion of a bomb yesterday came the consummation of the long considered and carefully planned rising of the Republican element, which has been growing stronger and stronger with every election.

The results of today reveal the thoroughness of the deep-laid plot to overthrow the monarchy and establish a republican form of government. The master stroke came like a thunderbolt out of a clear sky to the government, for, while the republicans have been threatening and there has been unrest for a long time, it was not anticipated that any such tremendous move would be made.

Armed men arose everywhere throughout the capital

city, many of the revolutionists being soldiers of the government turned against their king. Panic reigned for a while, but the forces of the aggressors were so great that opposition proved useless. It seemed that Lisbon had gone mad in a day, that the beautiful and ancient metropolis had turned upon itself to rend itself.

Confusion Reigns.

Confusion reigns and today in Lisbon there is no settled government, no discipline save that of the revolutionists who have not yet assured their hold, but who are throwing out the preliminaries of temporal government and ruling the city with a sort of martial law.

Definite news from the captured city is difficult to obtain. While it is reported that King Manuel II., a youth of scarcely twenty-one years of age, has been made a prisoner, that fact has not been absolutely declared. That the Palace of Necessidades has been taken, however, is assured by the advices received here.

Guns Turned on City.

Most terrible of all the black day's events was the bombardment of the city by warships in the River Tejo. The arsenal was fired upon and it is believed that the guns of some of the vessels of war at anchor were brought to bear on sections of the city to overcome the opposition of certain of the king's troops who had remained loyal. It is believed that the entire army and navy, as a whole, however, are with the revolutionists, which accounts for the speedy success of the enemies of the royal government.

Government Warned.

Late last month there was some sign given of the approaching storm, though nothing to alarm the monarchial government to the extent of being prepared for its overthrow, though, in the light of yesterday's events, it is doubtful if the revolution could have been prevented even had the government fully realized its coming, for the officers and men of the navy and of the army appear to have taken the part with the revolutionists, and it is now supposed that for a long time they have been waiting this opportunity to topple the throne and set a new order of things.

On September 21 the seizure of a brick factory followed the discovery of a well-laid and carefully planned plot with secret participation throughout the kingdom. The Imperial, an official organ, reported that the plot was intended to overthrow the monarchy and establish a republic.

FINDING DEAD IN THE RUINS

Times Outrage Followed by Arrest of Times Owner—Clue to the Assassins Is Found.

LOS ANGELES, October 5.—Up to last night the bodies of sixteen of the victims of the Times dynamiting outrage had been recovered. According to the number of known dead there are yet at least four more bodies in the ruins.

San Francisco Clue.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 4.—What is believed to be a clue that will lead soon to the apprehension of the men who wrecked the Los Angeles Times building was discovered today, when detectives employed on the case found a trunk at Oakland that is believed to have carried the dynamite from the town of Giant, where the powder was made, across the bay to San Francisco.

It was definitely established that the trunk transported men similar to those who purchased the explosive. The trunk was rented during the time these men were getting the dynamite.

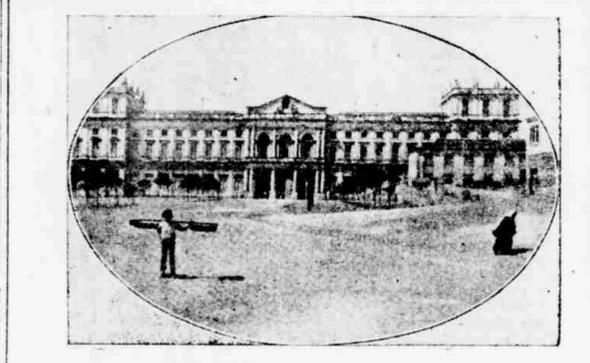
Add Insult to Injury.

LOS ANGELES, October 4.—General Harrison Gray Ochs, owner and publisher of the Los Angeles Times, was arrested here today, charged with criminal libel. The charge was sworn to by Andrew Gallagher, the San Francisco labor leader, who resents the attack made on labor unions by the Times since the explosion here.

The arrest of the veteran editor will further stir up the city. Gallagher declares that the labor unions themselves are all in a state of indignation and that they are united in their indignation.

The List of Dead.

Paul Wong is the reporter who, on the night of the explosion, was on duty at the Times building. He is believed to have been killed. Other names on the list of the dead are: Charles H. Brown, H. L. Sawyer, J. W. Foster, Fred J. Lawrence, John Howard Green, Edward W. Mason, Charles F. B. Rogers, Dan E. Johnson, Louis Jordan, Frank Foster, and Charles G. Galloway, chief of the city police. Howard Callaway, Harry Evans, and Salata, unidentified employees.



THE ROYAL PALACE, LISBON. Now in the hands of the revolutionists.

HOME RULE LEADER SEES A SIGNAL DEFEAT AHEAD FOR LINK M'CALLISTER

"McCallister is a dead man," announced D. Kalaualani, the Home Rule leader at Oahu, discussing the election probabilities from the standpoint of a Hawaiian.

McCallister is a dead man. He will not poll as many votes against Kula as he did two years ago, when Kula beat him. The Republican ticket in this time as he did two years ago, when Kula beat him. The Republican ticket will be very large.

These speakers are advising the Home Rule leader to consider that they will win the vote, but if they think they can not support the Home Rule candidate, they should vote for Kula. McCallister has lost out once again, and is being urged to Home Rule. We are going around the island soon and we are sure we are through there will be a signal defeat for McCallister to see.

Kanai Not for Link.

Henry Jager, the Kanai contractor, says that he will not vote for Link in the election. He says that Link is a dead man and that he will vote for Kula.

Not Given a Chance.

A sign against the right to a fair trial was seen in the streets of Honolulu.

LA FOLLETTE IMPROVES.

Paul H. Follette received on September 21st day a telegram from Senator La Follette of Wisconsin stating that his nomination was greatly improved since his nomination a few days ago. Mr. Follette and the fighting senator are both friends and the news was welcome.