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OUR PROTEST NOT ONLY ONE

Suggested Appointments of Negro to Office Arouses Several Communities.

By Ernest G. Walker.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, October 31.—The President's program for putting several negroes into more or less important Federal offices soon, including Charles A. Cotterill, of Toledo, Ohio, as collector of internal revenue at Honolulu, has set a lot of people in a number of communities by the ears. Protests are being voiced from several quarters, including the District of Columbia, where it seems to be as good as settled that William H. Lewis, a colored lawyer of Boston, Massachusetts, will be one of the assistant attorney-general in the Department of justice.

As has already been cabled to The Advertiser it does not seem certain yet that Cotterill will be made collector at Honolulu. The only information of a positive character about a colored appointee pertains to Lewis, and at the White House offices the impression is encouraged that Cotterill's selection is in abeyance. Ohio is the center just now of a terrific political battle and the President is very anxious to see that State go Republican. The Ohio negroes have been sulking lest promises of office are always effective in putting the negro leaders to work.

Quick Work.

The protest from Honolulu against the selection of an outsider for collector undoubtedly will have weight with the President. It came in very promptly, having been received the day following the announcement that such an appointment was contemplated. The upshot will probably be, if the protest is backed up by other evidences of widespread popular opposition in the Territory, that the President will find some other office for Cotterill. It seems unlikely at this writing that the appointment will be made for some weeks yet.

Otherwise there is little of Hawaiian local interest in town. The winter's activities here will not begin till well into November when the President has returned from Panama. Judge F. M. Hatch, who has been in New England much of the summer, is now in Boston.

Washington Waited.

Politics, politics, all is politics in Washington. The city where the government of the United States has its seat is thinking and sleeping over the impending battle of ballots. The fierce fray sounds from afar, but Washington knows little about it, except that it hears the booming of big guns and sees its citizens hustling away to get upon the firing line.

And in many particulars it is a period of suspense, more so than in any campaign at so late a stage for a long, long time. As far as the government is concerned, Washington is essentially a city of Republicans, and in a campaign of such fury from a united opposition, there has been earnest waiting for good tidings from some quarter. While there is no particular reason why it should be so, the activities of the administration have been materially limited. There is too much interest in what is going on out in the States to allow people here to concentrate their thoughts and their efforts upon matters immediately in hand. Everybody is counting the days till Tuesday, November 8, comes.

The President is going ahead with routine work, but none of the comparatively important matters in which the public has a lively concern is receiving attention from him for the present. Several members of his cabinet are out of town, making campaign speeches to help the party in States where the leaders [illegible]

(Continued on Page Five.)

WAITING FOR ALESHIRE'S REPORT

Quartermaster General M. Macomb, of the Army, has left San Francisco and is on his way to the Hawaiian Islands, where he will make an inspection of the new cavalry post. The Army and Navy Register, on its return to Washington about Nov. [illegible], he will take up with the [illegible] and the war department [illegible] the question of the best site for a cavalry post at that station. [illegible] barracks, quarters, stables, [illegible] and other structures [illegible] completion in the quartermaster general's office. The bids [illegible] for this construction and [illegible] of sites has been [illegible] proposed to adopt [illegible] army post the new [illegible] tion of buildings and [illegible] tive designs [illegible] the examination of the quartermaster general, chief of staff [illegible] war. The proposed arrangement will materially reduce the [illegible] the various officers [illegible] economical [illegible] tion. There will be [illegible] volved in the [illegible] roads, walks, water and [illegible] electric lighting. It [illegible] to establish a [illegible] under these new [illegible] army posts where [illegible] idea can be carried out and be subjected to the same [illegible] Of course, each post must be [illegible] with regard for the local conditions.

CARRIED ALL BUT TWO PRECINCTS

Returns Show How Sweeping Was Kuhio's Vote on Island of Hawaii.

The full returns from Hawaii show that Kuhio carried every precinct but two in East Hawaii and every precinct but one in West Hawaii, gaining all along the line. The official figures for the various precincts are:

First District.

	Kuhio	McCandless	Notley
Kalaupapa	32	12	26
Kapoho	70	26	11
Olaa	69	41	38
Waiakea	180	80	32
Hilo	241	101	21
Papaikou	48	61	0
Honomu	74	25	2
Honohina	17	18	1
Laupahoehoe	38	22	0
Pamilo	75	12	23
Honokaa	104	26	12
Kukuihaele	60	40	19
Totals	1068	464	185

Second District.

	Kuhio	McCandless	Notley
Makapala	69	3	75
Honoaakau	94	40	37
Waimea	63	6	28
Kekaa	43	39	2
Kailua	59	21	25
Keauhou	76	34	28
Kona-Waena	72	30	18
Honaunau	108	19	29
Papa	36	6	8
Waiohinu	107	60	6
Pahala	30	40	3
Kawaihae	29	0	4
Totals	779	298	263

Grand totals: Kuhio, 1787; McCandless, 762; Notley, 448.

Good Work of Smith.

HILO, November 11.—To Carl Smith, Republican campaign manager of the island of Hawaii, is due the credit for the greatest Republican victory that has ever taken place on this island, exceeding by far that of the campaign of 1904 when he was also the party's manager. The forecast made to The Advertiser, by Mr. Smith on the afternoon before election, was correct in every particular except one, his party losing a senatorship, as Makekau was elected in place of Fernandes.

It is unusual in political history for a manager to make so accurate a forecast and it shows that Mr. Smith was a thorough master of the situation and had true and trusty workers who were well informed in their various districts.

At a meeting of the territorial executive committee in Honolulu last September, when other island managers were talking of harmony, Mr. Smith said that the Republicans in Hawaii were all fighters. The correctness of this has been shown for they all fought their hardest and they fought as one man.

In the campaign of 1912, Mr. Smith will probably again lead the Republicans of Hawaii, but then as a candidate for senator, which he should have no difficulty in securing.

Pua Led Ticket.

Pua, county sheriff, headed the Republican ticket with 1869 votes, Beers, county attorney coming next with 1803, and Kuhio 1787. This is the second time that the honor has fallen to Sam Pua, as he headed the ticket in 1908 with 1493 votes, gaining also this year.

The contests for delegate on the island of Hawaii this year and in 1908, were as follows:

	1910.	1908.	
Kuhio	1787	1787	Gain 620
McCandless	762	742	Loss 121
Notley	448	148	Loss 473
Total vote	2997	2677	

Notley Swung the Vote.

[illegible] votes were cast for the Delegate [illegible] in 1908. Kuhio gained 473 from Notley, 121 from McCandless and 32 from new voters. It was made for the good of the party [illegible] Notley in Kona [illegible] Kuhio votes in the Hamakua district [illegible] Kuhio votes in the number of votes cast this year also in the 1908 vote.

[illegible] Hilo [illegible] Kuhio [illegible] Hilo [illegible] Kona [illegible] Hilo [illegible] Kona [illegible] Hilo [illegible] Kona