



Leading Mail Order Dry Goods House in the West. DES MOINES, IOWA.

We Take it for Granted

That you have at least a natural curiosity to see as well as a desire to own an up-to-date fall dress.

You Can Take it for Granted

That we have the very goods that will be worn this season. The first to arrive are the new home-spuns, bright golfing plaids, smooth cloths, rich luster crepons, etc.

Samples Will Be Forwarded

By return mail of new dress goods. Prices are low for the class of goods we handle. You get the same qualities worn in the best circles of New York and other metropolitan cities.

NOTE—If you are coming to the "Fair" be sure to take advantage of "Our great Removal Sale." Others must have a good round profit but we must sell the goods regardless of former price and open up in the New Store with a brand new stock.

PETER MAYER'S PHARMACY.

PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

19 West Main Street.

For Sale A DESIRABLE HOUSE

In this city. Lot 18x126 feet; house of ten rooms, in first rate repair; fine shade trees and lawn; good well, cistern, city water, etc. Terms to suit. Call on the undersigned who will show you the place.

FARMS AND CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 5 PERCENT

FRENCH & TURNER

CUT FLOWERS.

Ten Large Greenhouses. Devoted to cut flowers and plants. We are the largest growers in the city and always have a large supply of seasonal flowers. Work for funerals, weddings, parties, and in fact furnish flowers for every occasion, from the cradle to the grave. Orders received by mail, telephone or telegraph, day or night.

W. L. MORRIS, FLORIST, Des Moines, Iowa

SPARKLING SODA, And all kinds of

SOFT DRINKS

Evans' Drug Store.

BISHOP & LOUNSBERRY, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Collections Made and Remitted. We Practice in All Courts. Over Postoffice, Marshalltown, Iowa.

PRESCOTT & COMPANY, ARCHITECTS. Over Postoffice. New Telephone 521. MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA.

CULLOM ON EXPANSION

Illinois' Senior Senator Says Hawaii Furnishes Precedent For Keeping the Philippines.

Failure to Expand Means to Sow the Seeds of National Decay.

Urges United Front to Support the Administration in Its War Policy.

Woodstock, Ill., Sept. 2.—Senator Shelby M. Cullom faced an appreciative audience when he advocated American retention of the Philippines in an address here. He was the orator of the day at the annual gathering of the Old Settlers' Association of McHenry county and his remarks regarding the national necessity of commercial expansion and what he deemed to be America's plain duty in the Orient were cheered to the echo.

Before taking up his main topic Senator Cullom uttered these words of warning to American voters: "This nation will never perish from the earth as long as it remains united. We need have no fears on that score. Our troubles will come from within. Our danger is from want of harmony and co-operation between labor and capital. But in my judgment our greatest danger is the possibility of corruption in the conduct of affairs of our great republic. This latter danger will depend largely upon the people, who are the masters of our public servants. The stream does not rise higher than its source. Hence it becomes the duty of every citizen to guard well the public welfare and to keep the public service of the country pure and honest." Turning to the subject of the future of the Philippines, Senator Cullom said:

"Only a year ago it was my high privilege to be engaged, as one of the United States commissioners to Hawaii, in looking into the problem incident to the acquisition of the Hawaiian Islands, the key to the Pacific. Short as has been the intervening period, that incident and problem now appear almost lost in the gray dawn of history. The turn in the wheel of destiny which made Hawaii one of our possessions has ceased to provoke opposition or even to elicit criticism. It is many months since I have heard the slightest suggestion of hostility to the acquisition of those islands."

"In looking into the historical horizon, I believe I am correct when I say the Cuban and Philippine questions are fast approaching the same stage. The war with Spain in the name of humanity, following so soon after the destruction of the battleship Maine, the magnificent victory of Dewey at Manila, and the treaty of peace, by which was ceded to us the Philippine Islands, are tides in the human affairs of this nation, and must be taken at the flood. There are other tides which in the flood sweep away all barriers, and take, instead of being taken, the United States is now being borne to a new destiny of incomparable greatness by a flood tide which is absolutely irresistible. Woe to the individual who attempts to stem this flood tide of destiny."

"Not to expand is to sow the seeds of death. The United States has reached the point where to some our very prosperity seems a menace. So great are our resources and so vast our productive power, under the stimulus of invention, that good times have once more settled upon our land. We are required to take our place in the world and large, and the world requires that we should. In the enjoyment of prosperity Americans can form no conception of the condition of the common people of the old world and their demand for comforts which their own markets will not supply. It is the immenseity of the foreign market that we need to see that the world needs us as much as we need the world."

"In this commercial reciprocity and in the entrance of our products in the markets of the world is the dawn of a new era of greatness. To draw back from it would be cruel to others and destructive to ourselves."

"Of all the senseless bugbears that have ever been conjured up to frighten children of men, none was ever more preposterous than the charge that to increase our jurisdiction is to deprive the people of liberty. Our soldiers are now engaged in Luzon in doing precisely what was done for the Illinois country only a little more than a century ago. Is there any citizen of this state who wishes the boundary of the United States had not been extended? Was the Illinois country enslaved by that conquest? Later we advanced across the Mississippi by our flag, and extended the authority of the United States to the Pacific. These several steps in our expansion were the imperialism of liberty. It could not have been otherwise. Our flag is the emblem of freedom and wherever it goes it is the guarantee of personal liberty."

"Now, for the first time in all its history, the far east is to have the benefits of genuine freedom. Millions of people who never knew what it was before to live under a government founded on the rights of the people are entering upon a new career. The mere fact that one of the tribes of those islands wants to oppress the others and secure dominion is no reason why we should leave this great and beneficent new destiny unfulfilled. Aginaldo is trying to emulate the attempts of Black Hawk, Situng Bull and Geronimo and will inevitably share their fate."

"The mighty march of empire cannot be stayed in its progress. The star of liberty has at last become the harbinger of day to the east, and the sun will not be stayed in its rising by the feeble protests of the enemies of progress. The de facto government of the United States in the Philippines must become the de jure government. To this nation the other great world powers look for results. The responsibility rests with us. The new form of government which we are teaching the Filipinos is not only to be taught them, but through them to the world. It is a form of government that means freedom, because it is 'toleration'—something those people have never really known. It is toleration in political affairs, toleration in religious beliefs and toleration as to individual judgments and freedom of action."

State Senator A. M. Jones, of Waukesha, famous in Illinois political history as "Long" Jones, also spoke, urging the people to return Senator Cullom for another term. Mr. Jones was an early settler of McHenry county, coming here with his father in 1847.

WAR ON WHISKY TRUST

Independent Companies Putting the Price Down.

Peoria, Ill., Sept. 2.—On the board of trade yesterday whisky was quoted at \$1.22 a gallon, this price being on the basis of finished goods. Inasmuch as the market has practically stood at \$1.26 on the same basis for over a year, the sudden decline of 4 cents is not only sensational, but is regarded as very significant. It is the trust product that is quoted on the Peoria board, so the change is authorized by the Distilling Company of America, a gigantic combination of all the trust houses recently formed, and the officers of which were elected only a few days ago. While those men who are directly identified with the affairs of the trust are not disposed to admit it, a number of prominent commercial men who keep in close touch with the whisky market say that this sudden move marks the beginning of a hard fight with the independent houses. In the past year the whisky market has seen some slight fluctuations, but a decline of 4 cents has not happened for a long time. In fact, it is such a decided innovation that the board of trade men and more particularly the distillers, are making it the chief topic of conversation. About one year ago there was a fight on between the trust and the independents and for several days it was a struggle to see which element would furnish the official quotation, and that quotation should be. After a general meeting the trust price was recognized as official and has since been quoted exclusively. Since that time there has been a comparative calm, and the price has hovered very close to the \$1.26 mark. But with the reorganization of the trust interests comes without warning a phenomenal drop in the price. Two interpretations are put on it. Commercial men, not personally interested, do not hesitate in giving the opinion that the price is cut by the trust in order to compete with the independents, or in other words, the independent houses have made such sacrifices in order to cut into the trust's business that the latter is compelled to quote less prices so as to retain its patronage.

BISHOP BACKS DOWN

Janssen Withdraws German Priest From St. Louis Irish Parish.

East St. Louis, Ill., Sept. 2.—The communicated parishioners of St. Patrick's church virtually won a great victory over Bishop Janssen yesterday when Rev. Father Cluse, whom the bishop appointed to the pastorate of St. Patrick's, and whom the parishioners refused to accept, because they wanted an Irish or an Irish-American priest, tendered his resignation.

Bishop Janssen will not act in the matter, referring the resignation to Mr. Martinelli, the papal delegate, in Washington. Meanwhile the bishop, however, has appointed Father Harkins, of St. Mary's, administrator of St. Patrick's, and will officiate until Martinelli disposes of the controversy. The bishop met Father Cluse at Father Harkins' residence yesterday. They had dinner and discussed the affairs in the parish. Father Cluse, despairing of being accepted by the parishioners, and wearying of the fight, begged to hand in his resignation and quit the controversy for good. His action was not a surprise, as it had been rumored that he was disgusted and anxious to be removed from his disagreeable position. The parishioners held a confirmation meeting last night. It is expected that under Father Harkins they will return to St. Patrick's and the ban of excommunication is removed.

BIG STORES TO FIGHT A LAW

Department Concerns Against Missouri's New Tax Measure.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 2.—All the local department stores are preparing to fight the new tax law, which goes into effect September 16. They propose to carry the case to the highest court. The single line merchants have made up a fund to retain lawyers to fight for the enforcement of the law. The new statute is the result of concerted efforts throughout the state to discourage the general tendency toward centralization. A tax of from \$300 to \$500 is provided for each separate class of goods sold in stores employing fifteen or more persons. There are two stores in Kansas City alone that come under the law and handle ninety classes of goods each. Even at the minimum rate the tax on each of these would be \$27,000 a year.

IOWA AT WASHINGTON.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Iowa postmasters appointed: Adams, Muscatine county, F. H. Schildeberg, vice Elias Adams, deed; Adolph, Polk county, William Beattie, vice Thomas Miller, resigned; Deer Creek, Worth county, M. J. Bohne, vice A. Anderson, resigned; Millerville, Plymouth county, O. W. Burton, vice A. G. Burton, resigned. The postoffice at Stillwater, Mitchell county, has been discontinued, mail to Orchard.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY SERVICE WILL BE ESTABLISHED AT EARLHAM, MADISON COUNTY, ON SEPTEMBER 5.

W. G. Armstrong is appointed the letter carrier. The population to be served is 510.

IOWA PENSIONS.

Original—James Strawn, Rudd; \$36; Charles G. Lewis, Ottumwa, \$12; John B. Dague, Osceola, \$8. Increase—E. Anderson, Mt. Pleasant, \$10 to \$17. Original widows—Harriet Payne, Davenport, \$8.

To Oppose Tanner.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 2.—In an announcement published in the Jacksonville Journal over his own signature Judge Richard Yates, of Jacksonville, formally announces himself a candidate for the republican nomination for governor.

Judge Yates is a son of Richard Yates, the "war governor" of Illinois, and has been county judge of Morgan county. He was defeated in 1892 on the republican ticket for congressman-at-large.

He was appointed by President McKinley as collector of internal revenue for the Eighth Illinois district.

Safe Robbed of \$2,000.

Arlington, Ill., Sept. 2.—The large mercantile house of Larkin & Black was entered by burglars, the safe blown open and much money secured. The men believed to be the thieves were first seen by W. C. Weaver, night operator, who saw them pass swiftly by the station. Soon afterward there was an explosion, followed by two more reports. The robbers secured \$2,000 in money, besides jewelry, etc. They escaped before the alarm could be given. The postoffice deposit was among the cash secured.

SIR LIPTON ARRIVES

Owner of the Shamrock Reaches New York and Receives a Warm Welcome.

Says Best Boat Will Win In the Race For the American Cup.

Talks Good Naturedly About His Yacht and of the Coming Contest.

New York, Sept. 2.—The Gunader Campana steamed into port late yesterday with Sir Thomas Lipton aboard. The owner of the cup challenger received a royal welcome. All afternoon yachts and tugs, with enthusiastic friends aboard, had been fitting around the lower bay. At 4:05 the big liner was sighted off Fire Island, and the little fleet put under way to meet the distinguished visitor outside the Gate. Flags were run up and dipped in salute. Whistles were tooted. The whole scene suggested the premature arrival of Admiral Dewey. Sir Thomas was on deck. He was in excellent spirits and health. Standing beside him were Will Fife, Jr., the designer of the Shamrock, and Ratsay, the sailmaker.

The first boat alongside was the Erin. It left its anchorage at Tompkinsville shortly before 4 o'clock in company with the tug James A. Lawrence, David Barrie, Sir Thomas Lipton's American representative, and a number of prominent members of the New York Yacht Club were aboard. Another large party left the battery on one of the revenue cutters to greet Sir Thomas. Edward A. Sumner, of the New York Yacht Club, an old acquaintance, was in charge of the party, most of whom were also well-known yachtsmen. As Campana drew near the anchorage of the challenger Sir Thomas and his friends had a fine view of the graceful boat. The vessel was groomed to the limit. The barefooted crew had been working ever since morning, and the vessel shone like an emerald. "Isn't she a beauty?" cried her owner, enthusiastically.

"The Shamrock will do its best under conditions that granted there will be fast time, you may depend upon it." He kept his eyes on the boat as long as it remained in sight. Sir Thomas in his welcome down the pier, he said as he reviewed with the courtesy of fifty-six clubs while in this country and an invitation to lead the marine division of the Dewey day celebration with his yacht Erin. Both were accepted.

One of the first questions Sir Thomas asked of the first greeting was: "How is Columbia?"

He then expressed the belief that the best boat would win, saying: "We felt it a waste of time to come here with anything but the best boat in England. It is here now. We are going to do our best. The Shamrock will do its best and we will try to do best of some people who have been here before." "Whatever the outcome of the race may be, I am sure if I am defeated it will be because I have not the best boat. I feel that I am among friends."

Sir Thomas came over the gangplank after some delay, where he said: "He took his cap and bowed. He was pushed and jostled about in the great throng like a countryman in line for a ticket at a circus, but he took it all in good nature. "Upon my word, I did not expect this," said Messrs. Fife and Ratsay, and a couple of members of the New York Yacht Club, aided by several policemen, made a way for him through the crowd. "Is this the way they welcome the men who come to get the cup?"

"You're all right, Sir Thomas," shouted a voice. "I'm glad to hear that, by Jove! I rather think I will be sorry to take that cup, after all," replied Sir Thomas. "You'll get a run for your money," was said.

"No doubt of that," answered Sir Thomas, laughingly. "You've always done that." No challenger was ever before given a reception that would compare with that accorded to Sir Thomas.

Sir Thomas and party proceeded to the Fifth Avenue Hotel, where he said: "We have had a good passage, and I enjoyed the trip much. I shall see the Shamrock the first thing tomorrow." "When will it go out for its first trial spin?"

"I expect it will go tomorrow morning," replied Sir Thomas. "Mr. Fife is looking after that part of it. You may depend upon it, the yacht will have plenty of trials before the race. I am pleased to know that the yacht is all ready to begin work. It will naturally need tuning up, and it will have plenty of it."

Sir Thomas was anxious to be informed how the betting stood on the race and was told that it is now 100 to 75 in favor of the Columbia. He appeared to be surprised and said that there was a large amount of English money bet on the race. "Have you much money on the race?" he was asked.

"I have never wagered in my life," he replied. When asked about the truth of the report that the yacht race had already cost him \$20,000, he said: "I do not know how much the race has or will cost me. I do not care. Cost does not enter into my calculations. I am here to race for sport only. It is a great task to come over after the American cup and I hope to be equal to it."

Replying to a question as to whether he believed the Shamrock would win, he said, after a pause: "I never said that. I was confident of winning. Of course, if I were betting on the race I should expect odds, as the cup has been here so long."

Sues Furniture Trust.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 2.—A suit has been filed in the district court by Attorney General Smythe, the petition of which declares the existence of a school furniture trust, and asks that the unlawful business in Douglas county or in the state of Nebraska. The defendants in the suit are twenty-two school furniture companies, nearly all located in Ohio and Michigan, which the attorney general states have formed a combination under the title of

The American School Furniture Company.

The petition alleges that this combination is incorporated under the laws of the state of New Jersey, with a capital stock of \$10,000,000, and that the sum of \$500,000 has been set aside to be used in driving out competition. The entire control of the output of the companies and the regulation of prices is said to have been put in the hands of a committee of five, and the result, according to the petition, is that prices have been advanced 25 per cent.

NEBRASKA POLITICS.

Fred Loomis, of Council Bluffs, Says the State Will Go Republican.

Des Moines, Sept. 2.—"I am engaged in the publication of an important machinery trade paper," said Mr. Fred Loomis, of Council Bluffs, to a reporter just before he left for his home after a week at the state fair. "I have reason to believe that I am fairly well acquainted with the condition of political affairs in Nebraska. My business has led me into an investigation of the business conditions of that state very recently. I mention these things to indicate that my familiarity with conditions in that state is such that I can make a prediction with safety and assurance. "My prediction is this: That Nebraska will be a republican state within six months and Billy Bryan will be dead as a door nail politician. I tell you the wave of prosperity that has swept over that state in the last two years has never been equalled in any part of the nation. The banks of Nebraska are loaded with money. It is practically impossible to place money in farm loans at a greater rate than 4 per cent. Yet the legal rate in Nebraska is 10 per cent. "And talk about crops; there is no state in the country that has the corn that Nebraska has. Within a radius of fifty miles of Omaha there is \$90,000,000 or \$100,000,000 in corn alone. I am convinced from a study of these things that Nebraska will abandon populism forever in the coming election and can be counted in the republican column for next year."

"The populist tendencies in western Iowa have been killed by the same influence. There is no populism there now and there never will be again. Western Iowa is ready to do its share in the victory for the republican state ticket this year and the magnificent ticket of next year in the national campaign. "I believe that the state fair is an indication of the prosperity of this state. Such an exhibit of stock was never seen in Iowa before. Such an exhibit of farm implements has not been seen on the fair grounds since 1892. Remember that the implement houses exhibit without expectation of premiums. I am convinced that the prosperity and the money they spend is a sure index. I have to find any one in Des Moines, yet, complaining of the money expenditure. The same conditions obtain in Nebraska. Populism and Bryan are doomed, in my opinion."

AS McLEAN TELLS IT.

He Thinks the People of Ohio Are Scarcely in Need of a Moses.

Cincinnati, O., Sept. 2.—The Commercial-Tribune publishes an interview with McLean today. It says in part: "The convention made the platform as it did the ticket. It stands as the unanimous opinion of the 470,000 democrats in Ohio who voted for Bryan. The republican party wants a campaign on national issues alone; we want one on all. We especially want a full, free and frank discussion of state, county and municipal affairs of government. At this election we elect only state and county officers. With no national office to discuss the people can safely discuss home issues. The issue is plain one. The republican party is dominated, controlled and dictated by Coxism and Hannaism. They resent the yoke and want to free themselves. They know that they can get no relief from the boss rule in the republican machine nominees. They will seek to obtain relief by their votes. They will feel safe to do it in an election such as the approaching one, where national officials are not to be selected. "My election and that of a democrat is the issue. I will insure an end to Hannaism and Coxism. State affairs must be administered on state issues, national affairs on national issues. I am opposed to the needless war in the Philippine islands. During the war with Spain, through the Enquirer I upheld the boss rule of the president, but when peace was declared I was opposed to paying \$20,000,000 to purchase another war which is being waged against the people whom we armed to fight Spain and are now being destroyed because they ask of us the same freedom they have fought a hundred years to obtain from Spain."

Racing Horses Sold.

New York, Sept. 2.—The sale of the entire racing stables of the firm of C. Fleischmann & Sons and those of George E. Smith, better known in the racing world as Pittsburgh Phil, took place yesterday at Sheepshead Bay. The Fleischmanns selling out did not mean that they were retiring from racing, their object being to begin afresh with a stock of 2-year-olds next season. Pittsburgh Phil has tired of racing horses and this is his season for retiring. The best prices were as follows: Property of C. Fleischmann's Sons: Marlbert, b. c., 2, by Sir Dixon-Merry Maiden, Louis Bell, \$6,100. Somerset, ch. c., 2, by Great Tom-Miss Ryan, Louis Bell, \$1,000. Midsummer, b. c., 2, by July-Lady Middleton, Louis Bell, \$3,500. Millstone, ch. c., 2, by Journal-Nell, F. Brown, \$1,000. Wolhurst, b. h., 5, by Ventilator-Nut Brown, S. L. Hommeling, \$1,500. Property of George E. Smith: Lothario, br. c., 3, by Longstreet-Brunette, W. C. Daly, \$3,800. Ahom, br. c., 3, by Sir Dixon-Roseville, Sidney Paget, \$3,400. Col. Roosevelt, ch. c., 2, by Falsetto-Pearl Thorn, W. Midgley, \$5,500.

Yellow Jack in Indiana.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 2.—A case of yellow fever was reported to the state board of health from Sanborn, Knox county. The name of the patient was not given, but he recently arrived there from Cuba. The man died yesterday morning and was immediately buried. The house was fumigated and all those who came in contact with him were ordered into quarantine for five days.

International Law Conference.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 2.—Judge William D. Baldwin, of Washington, presided at yesterday's session of the international law conference. The report of the committee on maritime law was read by Judge Haikes, of England.

THE OLDEST IN CENTRAL IOWA. J. P. WOODRUFF, President. T. J. FLETCHER, Cashier. E. CHAMBERLAIN, Asst. Cashier. FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA. CAPITAL, \$100,000. SURPLUS, \$25,000. YOUR BUSINESS SOLICITED.

MARSHALL OIL CO., REFINERS' AGENTS. MARSHALLTOWN, OSKALOOSA AND MASON CITY, IOWA. REX CASTOR MACHINE OIL and REX HARVESTER OIL. Are the highest grades made for farm machinery. We handle pure raw and boiled Linseed Oil Turpentine, etc.

OUR AUTHORITY FOR IT! DO WE HANDLE LOWER VEIN COAL? READ. OFFICE OF W. D. JOHNSON & CO. COAL CO. H. H. OANFIELD, MANAGER. Boonsboro, Iowa, Aug. 31, 1892. Dear Sir—In reply to your favor of this date, we will say that for us to claim that we have the best coal, will have but little weight unless the consumer has tried it. Every operator in Boone thinks he has the best coal, but when we say, without contradiction, that we are operating the oldest mine in Boone county, the "Old Reliable Logan & Canfield Mine," our lower vein coal needs no further endorsement. We hereby appoint you as agent to sell our coal in Marshalltown, Iowa. Very respectfully, W. D. JOHNSON & CO. COAL CO. T. N. OANFIELD, Sec'y.

Just Received a large stock of Very Latest Ideas in. NEW STATIONERY For Correspondence, Invitations, etc. We are Offering Bargains in all lines before the coming of our new Fall Stock. SIMMONS' BOOK STORE, No. 4 WEST MAIN STREET.

NOTICE. We have made a heavy purchase of Hard Coal and as usual are prepared to give our customers "A No. 1" Coal, good weight and ROCK BOTTOM PRICES. We meet all legitimate competition. We are also agents for GAS HOUSE COKE. If you use a furnace or a surface burner heating stove, why not use coke? It will go as far as hard coal and is absolutely clean. We sell it from two to three dollars less per ton than hard coal.

Marshall Coal & Ice Co., OFFICES: 1202 EAST MAIN STREET. SOUTH THIRD AVENUE. TELEPHONE 114-100.

WINE OF CARDUI Woman's Crowning Virtue. Buxton, Mo., July 27. For years I suffered terrible pains every month and my doctor told me I could not be cured except by an operation. I felt I could not submit to that and was so dependent I had given up all hopes of a cure. My husband insisted on my trying Wine of Cardui and at last thank God I did try it. Last month I did not have a pain, and did all my work, which I had not done in seven years. MRS. MINNIE LITTLE. Modesty is the crowning virtue of American women. It is the trait that all mankind admires. A modest woman is the most pleasing of all created things. Because of this becoming virtue thousands of women prefer to suffer untold miseries rather than confide their troubles to a physician, and to even think of submitting to an examination is revolting. They can't get their own consent to an operation. Wine of Cardui permits sensitive women to retain their modesty. With it they can cure "female troubles" in the quiet of their own rooms. If special treatment is required they can write to the Advisory Department of the Chattanooga Medicine Co., and their letters will be promptly answered by women trained in the cure of womanly weaknesses and irregularities. There should be no hesitation. Delayed treatment means a chronic condition. The longer postponed the harder to cure. A LARGE BOTTLE OF WINE OF CARDUI COSTS \$1.00 AT THE DRUG STORE.