YOUNKER BRO'S

Greatest Mail Order House in the State.
DES MOINES, IOWA.

BUYING TIME

If you fail to get a reply to your request for samples in the first mail that comes your way after your letter reaches us, drop in a line. There must be something wrong somewhere or you wouldn't have to wait an unnecessary minute.

Business is on the rush—everybody wants waiting on at once. The mails are crowded and fall buying was never so active. However, our mail order department is well organized and is serving everybody promptly and satisfactorily.

ORDER FROM THESE

We commence this October sale with the swellest line of English and French costume cloths; Venetians, Tailor Checks, Homespuns, Cheviots, Scotch Suitings, in nobby effects, for correct tailor made gowns, traveling costumes and bicycle suits—48, 50, 52, 54 inches wide—at 75, 89, 98 cents, $1.19, $1.25, $1.39, $1.50, $1.75, $1.98, $2.25, $2.50, $3 and $3.50 per yard.

NEWEST GOLFINGS

Younkers' extraordinary showing of the new reversible golfings is beyond the reach of cold type. It's an elaborate display of striking plaids and rich novelties, and the October sale gives all an opportunity to obtain these extremely swell creations at a less price than they can be had later in the season—50, 75, 98 cents, $1.25, $1.39, $1.50, $1.75, $1.98, $2.25, $2.75, $3.25, $3.50, $3.75, $3.98 and $4.50 per yard.

PECKHAM & BATES,
Want Second Hand Furniture.
Will pay Highest
Cash Price.....
CORNER CENTER and CHURCH STS

WHY NOT PATRONIZE READ'S TOWEL SUPPLY?

As every person uses towels in their office and business house, and I will furnish clean towels every week in any number wanted for the price of the usual price of laundry-we. Leave orders at No. 9 East Linn, or order by postal card.

W. L. READ.

ICE!!

THE STAR ICE CO.

Is ready at the old stand to furnish patrons with the best of clear ice and the promptest service.

REMEMBER The Star Ice Co.

FOR GOOD ICE.

E. O. CARLINCHOUSE, MANAGER.
33 NOTH CENTER.
OLD PHONE 279 NEW PHONE 87

Coal Tar
FOR SALE!

MARSHALLTOWN
Light, Power & Ry. Co.
Office 326 South Third Avenue.
Telephone 146.
GAS RANGES.

WHAT IS THE USE

No Need to Go Through Life a Sufferer.

Means of Relief is at hand and Recommended by People You Know.

What is the use to go on suffering from kidney backache, nervousness, sleeplessness and dizziness when a 50-cent box of Morrow's Kid-ne-oids will cure you? Probably you have not heard of Kid-ne-oids, so if you will read this statement it will pay you tenfold. We give you as reference Mrs. J. S. Hanrahan, 312 Shoal street, Des Moines, Ia. She says:

"I think it is my duty to inform people who are suffering from backache, rheumatism, nervousness, dizzy spells and other unfailing symptoms of kidney complaint and those who have a poor appetite of a remedy that will certainly relieve them of their troubles, restore their appetite and make them healthy, strong and vigorous. I refer to Morrow's Kid-ne-oids and advise all sufferers from kidney complaint to give them a fair trial, as I have done, and they will be surprised how quickly Kid-ne-oids will act and relieve you of your troubles."

Morrow's Kid-ne-oids are not pills, but yellow tablets and sell at 50 cents a box at all drug stores and at McBride & Will Drug Company's store.

Mailed on receipt of price. Manufactured by John Morrow & Co., chemists, Springfield, O.

At Hollister, O., Gus Exenkemper and his wife went to a wedding celebration and their two children, aged 3 and 5 years, were burned to death at home.

MAY BECOME HISTORIC

President's Trip to the Northwest May Result in Some Notable Speeches.

Expected That He Will Make Declaration as to His Philippine Policy.

His Addresses Before the Returned Troops Looked Forward to With Interest.

Washington, Oct. 5.—The president's western tour, which began last evening, is likely to be of great importance in its relation to national affairs. It will be recalled that after his trip to the west a year ago, during which he sounded the sentiment of the plain people of the rich and prosperous Mississippi valley, President McKinley boldly announced his expansion policy. In fact, so strong had he found the sentiment of the people in that direction during the outward journey to Omaha that he gave broad hints of his policy in the speeches on the return trip.

President McKinley is counted on to give voice during the present journey to some ringing declarations on the Philippine question. He will probably tell the people in the most earnest and emphatic terms of his determination to restore peace in the isles of the eastern sea. His speech to the Pennsylvania troops at Pittsburg on their return from the Orient will have its counterpart probably when the president faces the patriots of the northwest, but he may give his declaration some new turn of special significance.

These utterances will be patriotic and not partisan. Political opponents will see politics in them, but the president will see only loyalty to the flag and the constitution, and if they bear politics that will only be incidental.

The president feels an unbounded gratitude toward the volunteers who continued to serve in the Philippines after they were entitled to quit the army, and in the inspiration of their presence he is likely to express sentiments that will thrill the country and warm the national heart to his policies for the peace and welfare of the Philippines.

A day and an evening will be divided between Minneapolis and St. Paul, a Saturday night and Sunday will be given to Sioux City and short stops will be made at Galesburg and Milwaukee. With these exceptions and the stay at Chicago, no city will have the president's party for more than a few hours.

Many places not named in his itinerary have urged the president to visit them, and at some of these he will have his train pause for a few minutes, long enough to show his appreciation by greeting the people. The fortunate points will be determined by the vicissitudes of railroading.

Plans in Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Oct. 5.—When President McKinley visits Milwaukee a week from next Monday he will be given a banquet, the price of the tickets to which will be $12. This is the price paid at the time the banquet was given to President Cleveland when he paid the city a visit in 1887. The banquet will probably be held at the Plister Hotel, as both the main dining room and the banquet hall can be so thrown together that the guests seated in both can hear and see. It is announced that 2,000 invitations will be issued for the event.

Previous to the banquet the president will be given a reception. The place has not been selected, and will not be until the president can be consulted on the matter. The use of the Deutscher Club, with its handsome grounds, has been tendered for the purpose, but some of the members of the committee think the public library would better accommodate the thousands who will wish to exchange a word with the president. It is possible, though, that the president will prefer to husband his strength and therefore will not wish to leave the hotel. In such case the reception will be held there prior to the banquet.

Both reception and banquet have to be crowded into the first day, as the president wishes to pay a visit to the National Soldiers' Home before leaving Tuesday, Oct. 17. This trip will take all the time at the command of the president on that day.

Souvenir from Peoria.

Peoria, Oct. 5.—One of the features of the reception to be tendered President McKinley on his visit to this city next Friday will be the presentation to him of a souvenir album. The ceremony will take place in the evening at the residence of J. B. Greenhut, whose guest the president will be during his visit here.

The presentation address will be made by Oliver J. Bailey on behalf of Mrs. Annie E. Smith, who compiled the souvenir. It is a large book bound in brown Russia leather, stamped in gold, with the inscription, "A Tribute to William McKinley." The book contains water color pictures of the soldiers' memorial monument, city, county and government buildings and other places of interest, besides over 1,000 names of citizens of Peoria.

Soldiers Have Bad Influence.

New York, Oct. 5.—Army Secretary Peyton, of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, who has just returned from a stay of six months in the Philippines, declares that the United States has 45,000 "drunkards, rakes and gamblers," in and around Manila, and that religious progress is quite out of the question while American soldiers are there. He says the Roman Catholic priests have made up with the Tagalos, and are losing no time and sparing no money to tell the Filipinos that the Americans now in Manila, who have made that city what Mr. Peyton calls a "hell hole," are fair specimens of Protestant civilization.

All Approve Paris Decision.

London, Oct. 4.—The London press is generally satisfied with the Venezuelan award. The Telegraph says:

"The award will be received, so far as this country is concerned, with loyalty and complacency."

The News says: "By giving way on a point of dignity Lord Salisbury has secured the lasting friendship of the United States and also acquired for the British colony almost everything the colonists wished to retain."

The Chronicle says: "The decision approximates closely to what we have always considered a fair and reasonable view of the case."

The Standard says: "The decision should give unqualified satisfaction to all persons entitled to express an opinion."

The Post declares: "The question is happily settled."

The Mail says: "England will loyally accept the verdict and Venezuela will have to follow suit."

Senor Pulido Surprised.

Washington, Oct. 4.—The publication of the Venezuelan award was received here with much astonishment. Senor Don Augusto F. Pulido, the charge d'affaires of the Venezuelan legation here, said:

"As yet I have not had time to delimit accurately the territory of Venezuela according to the award. It seems to me to be practically the Schomburgk line throughout its southern half, but it does not follow any known survey in any part of the length. Venezuela is, of course, very glad that Great Britain is not allowed to come to the mouth of the Orinoco river, which was one of her principal contentions. In the gold field territory the rich mines of El Callao are left on the Venezuela side of the line but Great Britain is given a very large extent of rich mining country, as all that portion of Guiana both east and west of the line is full of gold.

"Of course we regard the award as a final settlement of the controversy, and it seems that the boundary has been defined as much as possible along the courses of well-known rivers and fixed at other places by designated mountain peaks, it at least has the benefit of making final settlement of the matter in a way that can be easily and readily understood. We accept the verdict without complaint, although Venezuela loses a great deal of territory to which she thought herself absolutely entitled."

EASY FOR THE ABBOTT.

Wins Three Straight Heats in the Free-For-All at Lexington.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 5.—The Abbott is a great race horse. There can be no doubt about it. And piloted by the skillful Geers he is well-nigh invincible. Though he lost two heats in the free-for-all trot, he still remained the favorite, selling at 35 to the field's 25 before the third heat. And he proved worthy the confidence of his backers. He settled down like a piece of machinery and took the next three heats as he pleased.

Geers did not have to use whip or word of urging. The bay gelding needed neither. He was moved by that uncontrollable desire of a game horse to beat his field, and he did it with consummate skill.

In the first heat Bingen rushed to the front, with Cresceus second and The Abbott third. This order was maintained until near the head of the stretch, when Geers began to drive. As they swung in The Abbott broke badly. He seemed to want to scale the opposite fence and was clearly out of it. Bingen won easily by two lengths from Cresceus.

The second heat was but a repetition of the first. The Abbott breaking the same way at the same place and Bingen again winning. But in the third heat Geers had gotten his horse down to work. Bingen went to the front at the start, as always. The Abbott remaining in third place to the stretch, when he came like a whirlwind. Bingen was clearly out. Cresceus promised trouble, but went up, and it was The Abbott's heat. The next two went likewise, except that Cresceus finished second in both.

PENN DEFEATS WESTERN.

Quakers Easily Too Much for the Tigers at Football.

Special to Times-Republican.

Oskaloosa, Oct. 5.—The Quakers of Penn College and the Tigers of Western College, Toledo, met on the gridiron of Penn College yesterday afternoon and the game resulted in favor of the Quakers. The score was 33 to 0 in favor of the Quakers.

The halves were but twenty minutes in length, but that was long enough for the Quakers to "eat up" their adversaries in a manner that they will not soon forget. Penn had the ball about three-fourths of the time and had little difficulty in making the touchdowns at will. The first touchdown was made in just two and a half minutes after the play had been called and the second one was made five and a half minutes later. After that it was a series of touchdowns for Penn and the Tigers never succeeded in getting the ball dangerously near Penn's goal line. The game was played to good business, there being about 400 spectators on the ground.

BASE BALL YESTERDAY.

Standing of Teams.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Brooklyn	96	44	686
Boston	91	53	632
Philadelphia	90	55	621
Baltimore	88	58	589
St. Louis	82	65	558
Cincinnati	77	64	547
Pittsburg	73	72	503
Chicago	72	72	500
Louisville	72	73	497
New York	57	85	401
Washington	50	94	347
Cleveland	20	128	135

Chicago 4, Louisville 3.
Philadelphia 7, Baltimore 5.
Boston 6, New York 4.
Brooklyn 5, Washington 1.
Pittsburg 8, St. Louis 3.

Elliott Defeats Crosby.

Kansas City, Oct. 5.—At Exposition park yesterday J. A. R. Elliott defeated W. R. Crosby, of Batavia, N. Y., in a race for the St. Louis Republic cup, killing 100 birds straight to Crosby's 97. This establishes a new record for the Winchester pump gun, although Elliott already had a record of 100 straight kills.

Elliott's work Tuesday and yesterday is considered remarkable. In the two matches he killed 197 out of 200, Crosby killing 195 out of 200.

Lodge a Political Factor.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 4.—At the grand lodge, Knights of Pythias, session yesterday charges were freely made that the organization was being used as a stepping stone to state offices. The "rural" members won, over Secretary of State Hunt and others, however, in the fight for keeper of records, Frank Bowers being re-elected. In the other offices the politicians were victorious. Former Senator James McDonald, of Ligonier, was elected chancellor, and former Senator C. E. Shively, of Richmond, Congressman James E. Watson and Charles A. Bookwalter, republican candidate for mayor in Indianapolis.

APPROVED BY DEWEY

The Admiral Advises More Ships and More Men for the Philippine War.

Believes That Crushing Force Should Be Used to Bring About Peace.

President Acts on the Suggestion and More War Vessels Are Dispatched.

Washington, Oct. 5.—Admiral Dewey has given his unqualified approval of the declaration made by the president that there shall be no faltering in maintaining the victory won by him at Manila bay.

He has gone further and urgently recommended that the naval force in the Philippines be materially increased and that all the troops possible be utilized in order to crush the rebellion.

This developed during an extended conference between the president and Admiral Dewey yesterday. Concerning this conference Acting Secretary Allen said last night:

"The president had an extended conference with Admiral Dewey today, who earnestly recommended that the Brooklyn and some other vessels be sent to the Philippines at once.

"By direction of the president the secretary of the navy has issued an order to that effect and such vessels will be put in readiness at once. Among others probably the Marietta and Machias will be designated."

Officially this is all that is said concerning the interview. There is good authority, however, for the statement that in making his recommendations Admiral Dewey supported them with these reasons:

Believing with the president that a vigorous policy should be pursued in suppressing the insurrection, he is of the opinion that by increasing the force on the Asiatic station it will be practicable to enforce a stricter blockade and prevent supplies and munitions of war from reaching the insurgents.

Besides, the moral effect of the presence of such a formidable force as will be attached to the Asiatic station when the vessels sent reach there will undoubtedly be to convince the insurgents of the intention to compel their recognition of the United States.

Undoubtedly the administration further considered the effect of the presence of such a formidable squadron upon the world at large, though perhaps the admiral did not advance this as a reason for increasing the command, and there is certainly nothing in the international arena to indicate that any nation contemplates recognizing the belligerency of Aguinaldo's government.

In addition to three vessels designated several other vessels will go. The New Orleans, attached to the North Atlantic squadron; the Albany, her sister ship, nearing completion in England; the Monocacy, in China, which Admiral Dewey says is seaworthy, and the Nashville, now in San Domingo, may be assigned.

There are also available for service in the Philippines, should it be decided to send them, the Atlantic, which has been made over at the New York navy yard, the Bancroft, awaiting commissioning at Boston; the Scorpion, now at New York, and the Vixen, at Bluefields, Nicaragua. All these vessels will not be sent, but it is intended to give Admiral Watson a formidable fleet, and the ships to be sent him will be from this lot.

Including two supply ships and two colliers and the little gunboats bought from the Spanish government, Admiral Watson's squadron now consists of thirty-two vessels. When the reinforcements arrive at Manila he will probably transfer his flag to the Brooklyn. He will then have command of one battleship, one armored cruiser, two monitors, two protected cruisers and twenty-four gunboats, besides supply ships, etc.

Several members of the cabinet, before leaving on the western trip last night, expressed their satisfaction with the earnest support given by Admiral Dewey to the policy of President McKinley to pursue a vigorous campaign.

The admiral, it is stated, even went further and expressed his strong conviction that the United States should retain permanent control of the Philippines.

During the interview he spoke of the great value of the islands from a commercial standpoint, emphasizing what many officers have said about the immense resources of the islands.

Concerning the future government of the islands the admiral agreed fully with the views which had been expressed by President Schurman. He said he favored American control there through the medium of a commission or a civil government, but great latitude should be allowed for local government of the sixty or more tribes, so that the administration of affairs could be adjusted to meet their different habits and conditions.

President Schurman, who was in the city and had a conference with the president, said in an interview that the commission would hold its first session in this city early in November. Admiral Dewey is here, Col. Denby and Professor Worcester are nearing San Francisco, and Mr. MacArthur, secretary of the commission, sailed yesterday from Yokohama, bringing the records of the commission. The clerical force will remain at Manila, which may indicate that the president will direct the commission to return to the Philippines before the close of the dry season.

The adoption of Admiral Dewey's recommendation as to increasing the squadron gives some token of the strictness of the blockade which it is intended to enforce. Reports received from Rear Admiral Watson since Admiral Dewey's departure from Manila show that rice and hemp have appreciated in value 250 per cent, and that in return for exports of these products munitions of war are being received by the insurgents.

The facts as to the long coast line of Luzon and the ease with which goods may be landed in one island and transported to another have been fully explained to the officials, and this has made the president more ready to follow the admiral's advice.

It is apparently not intended to proclaim a formal blockade, but rather to enforce a local blockade which will prevent it from assuming international significance.

The Brooklyn is an armored cruiser of the first rating, carrying twenty main battery guns and having a total displacement of 9,215 tons, and is so well thought of by Rear Admiral Schley that he desired that she be assigned as his flagship in the new South Atlantic squadron.

The Marietta is a composite gunboat of 1,000 tons displacement and with a main battery equipment of six guns.

The Machias, with a displacement of 1,177 tons, carries a battery of eight guns. Their commanders are all veterans of long experience in the service. The Brooklyn is commanded by Capt. Theodore F. Jewell, who has seen fourteen years of sea service and much more than that on shore stations; the Machias by Lieutenant Commander Leavitt C. Logan, with fifteen years of service at sea, and the Marietta by Lieutenant Commander Edward H. Gheen, whose record shows seventeen years of sea service. The Brooklyn's formidable equipment will make her of invaluable general service, while the Marietta and the Machias are expected to be of much usefulness in the numerous shallow waters about the archipelago, where larger craft can not go.

It is not known how soon these vessels can be made ready, but their orders are to get away as early as possible, and no delay is anticipated.

WARSHIPS SENT TO PHILIPPINES

Action Follows Conference of Admiral Dewey With the President.

Washington, Oct. 5.—The president has directed the immediate dispatch to the Philippines of a number of vessels of the navy, including the cruiser Brooklyn and the gunboats Marietta and Machias. This action is the result of Admiral Dewey's interview yesterday, in which he went over the Philippine situation with the president.

The orders given are in line with the expressed determination of the president to furnish the army and navy every resource for stamping out the insurrection at the earliest possible time.

At Admiral Dewey's extended interview with the president yesterday the former went into the situation at great length, explaining carefully the existing condition of affairs and his views of the outlook, concluding with an earnest recommendation that the Brooklyn and some other vessels be sent at once to the Philippines. This reinforcement of the present fleet of the Asiatic squadron he urged as necessary, and said their dispatch should be directed as early as possible.

The president immediately communicated with the navy department, and instructed the secretary of the navy to issue an order carrying out the admiral's recommendation, and to see that they be got in readiness at once.

The Brooklyn is now with the other vessels of the North Atlantic squadron off Tompkinsville. The Machias and Marietta are lying at the wharves in this city waiting orders, having been brought here to participate in honor of Admiral Dewey. These reinforcements will add considerable strength to the Asiatic squadron and the administration believes their presence will have a material effect in expediting the end of the hostilities.

The Brooklyn's formidable equipment will make her of invaluable general service, while the Marietta and Machias are expected to be of much usefulness in the numerous shallow waters about the archipelago where larger craft can not go.

It is not known how soon these vessels can be made ready, but their orders are to get away as early as possible. Their commanders will report to the department when they are ready to proceed and on arriving at Manila will report without delay to the admiral commanding the Asiatic station.

Alleged Murderer Acquitted.

Owensville, Ky., Oct. 5.—The trial of Dr. J. W. Smith, on a charge of killing Henry Craig near Carrington, this county, twenty-two years ago, resulted last night in an acquittal. Smith and Craig were intimate friends, when in 1877 they fell in love with a mountaineer's daughter. They became rivals and remained bitter enemies until September 14 of that year, when Craig was found beside a lonely path stabbed to death. Smith fled, and after working as a farm laborer in Indiana, Illinois and Missouri, married a wealthy widow who sent him to college, after which he became a physician. After several years trouble appeared in the Smith household, and the doctor was shot and dangerously wounded at Marshall, Ill., where they lived, by Guy Seward, a son of Mrs. Smith by a former husband. Mrs. Smith and her son were indicted for attempted murder. Mrs. Smith then went to Kentucky, looked up the indictment which had been found in 1877 against Smith, charging him with the murder of Craig, and had her husband brought here for trial. The jury was out but a few moments, returning a verdict of not guilty. The case against Mrs. Smith and Seward is still pending at Marshall, Ill.

To Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 41,207]

"DEAR FRIEND—A year ago I was a great sufferer from female weakness. My head ached all the time and I would get so dizzy and have that all gone feeling in the stomach and was so nervous and restless that I did not know what to do with myself.

"My food did me no good and I had a bad case of whites. I wrote to you and after taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as directed, I can truly say that I feel like a new woman and cannot tell you how grateful I am to you.

"I have recommended it to all my friends and have given it to my daughter who is now getting along splendidly. May you live many years to help our suffering sisters."—MRS. C. CARPENTER, 253 GRAND ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Over eighty thousand such letters as this were received by Mrs. Pinkham during 1897. Surely this is strong proof of her ability to help suffering women.

THE OLDEST IN CENTRAL IOWA.

J. P. WOODBURY, President. T. J. FLETCHER, Cashier. H. GERHART, Ass't Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA.
CAPITAL, $100,000. SURPLUS, $25,000.
YOUR BUSINESS SOLICITED.

BEE HIVE
DEPARTMENT STORE.

Furniture Facts.

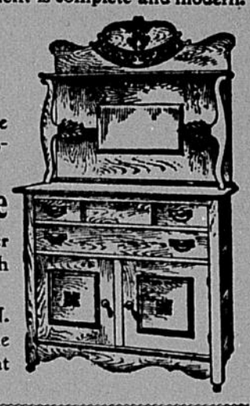
It is now pretty generally known that the greatest place to buy furniture is at the Bee Hive Department store.

There is to be found the largest stock in Central Iowa to select from. The assortment is complete and modern.

THE PRICES WERE NEVER EQUALED

Mr. Wilbur, the manager of the Furniture Department invites the public's attention to his assortment of

Dining Room Furniture



In no other store and at no other time was such an extensive and such an elegant assortment offered.

IT WILL BEAR INSPECTION.

Rememoer the Bee Hive pays the freight on all its furniture to any point within 100 miles of this city.

How to Make Money

To save money is to make it. The Bee Hive Cut Rate Drug Store saves you from 16 to 40 per cent on everything in drugs, patent medicines, drug sundries, family receipts, prescriptions, and in fact everything kept in a first class drug store. Do not be deceived by fancy tales, such as "our goods are not genuine, that we cannot buy any more goods after our present stock is exhausted," etc., but call and see for yourself that we have the largest and freshest stock in the city. Below we quote you a few of our many staples at cut prices.

Payne's Celery Compound	84c	Shilo's Cough Cure	21—42c
Lydia E. Pinkham's Comp.	84c	Burk's Maple Balsam	21—42c
Ayer's Sarsaparilla	84c	Dr. Bull's Cough Cure	21—42c
McElree's Wine of Cudu	84c	Piso's Consumption Cure	21c
Thedford's Black Draught	21—84c	Mennens Talcum Powder	15c
Electric Bitters	42—84c	Witch Hazel Toilet Cream	15c
King's New Discovery	42—84c	Pear's Scented Toilet Soap	15
Chamberlain's Cough Cure	21—42c		

And among our sundries you will find a complete line of Hot Water Bottles, Fountain Syringes, Bulb Syringes, etc.

BEE HIVE,
105—107—109—111—113 West Main Street.

For Sale!

We offer for sale our entire stock of livery. This stock is all nearly new and we have the best location in the city for the business. Our reasons for selling are that we have not the time to give it proper attention. Will sell to the right parties on time if desired.

Geo. E. Adams & Son.

BRITTAIN & CO.,
Pork Packers

Pay the Highest Cash Price for Hogs.
See Daily Markets in This Paper.
ANCHOR • BRAND • HAMS.
Our Product is the Best.