

THE NEW ANTILLES

Danish West Indies Likely to Be Known by That Name Hereafter.

But Thirteen Americans, It Is Said, Are Residents of the Island.

Harbor of St. Thomas Will Be Great Advantage to United States.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The ratification by the senate of the treaty provided for the purchase of the Danish West Indies marks but the beginning of legislation which must be provided for the islands. It is intended to make the islands into a territory like the Hawaiian islands, but with a governor appointed by the president. The subject will be considered in Senator Foraker's committee, which, as a result of the acquisition of the Danish West Indies, will be changed in name. The committee is known now as the committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rico.

The new name is to be committee on Pacific and West Indian islands. What name to give the islands will probably be suggested by Senator Foraker's committee. The "New Antilles" is suggested, or the "Caribbs." Efforts have been made to secure the Danish islands in successive administrations. The first attempt was made during the presidency of Abraham Lincoln.

Many applications have been received by the president for the position of governor of the islands, but these are premature. There is some talk of combining the islands with Porto Rico in a way to give jurisdiction to the governor of Porto Rico over all of them.

Senator Cullom fortified himself with many facts relative to the islands. One of the oddities developed by his investigation is the fact that out of a total population of 33,000 souls there are but thirteen Americans. In the island of St. John there are 215 people, only two of whom are white, one being a Danish official sustained by his government, and the other a missionary. St. John has an unusually interesting history.

The sugar industry was well developed for a time, but one night the blacks rose and massacred all the whites. Denmark attempted to subdue the natives, but was obliged to call upon France for assistance. The punitive expedition resulted in such frightful atrocities on the part of the Danes as to result in 400 of the natives committing suicide in a single night. The natives now are tractable and peaceable, and so ignorant in the main that the question of citizenship will not be raised by them for many years to come.

The greatest advantage to the United States in acquiring the islands is the magnificent harbor of St. Thomas, where a naval station can be located. This harbor is two miles by one and a half miles in extent, and is capable of accommodating 200 merchantmen.

The sugar industry was best developed on the St. Croix. The slump in the price of sugar, however, resulted in the agriculturists turning their attention to the raising of coconuts, coffee and other tropical crops. A suggestion has been made that the Danish West Indies, in view of the paralysis of its sugar industry, will be in even a better position to ask for favor from this government for the development of its sugar industry than Cuba. Free trade with the islands will strengthen the opposition of the best sugar people in the United States to Cuban concessions. The industry even at its full development, however, will be too small to prove a great factor.

Lord Pauncefote was at the state department yesterday, and it has been arranged between himself and Secretary Hay that the final ratification of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty shall be exchanged here as soon as the mechanical work of pressing the exchange copies can be executed. The British government has conveyed to its ambassador full authority to conclude this arrangement.

Mr. Brun, the Danish minister, also saw Secretary Hay in relation to the ratification of the treaty for the cession to the United States of the Danish West Indian islands. It seems improbable now that the mooted plebiscite of the inhabitants of the islands would be had by the Danish government. However, should it be decided otherwise, the taking of the vote will be a very small matter, inasmuch as the franchise is enjoyed in the Danish West Indies by only a few hundred of the total population, and their votes could be recorded in a day or two. It will not be necessary to wait upon congress for an appropriation of \$5,000,000 as preliminary to the acquisition of the islands by the United States. Under the treaty, as soon as the ratifications are exchanged the United States flag will be hoisted, and the \$5,000,000 will be charged up against the United States as a debt.

DON'T LIKE PAYNE'S IDEA.

Iowa Congressman Think Occasional Change of Postmasters Good Thing. Washington, Feb. 22.—The majority of the Iowa delegation in congress are up in arms against the proposed scheme of Postmaster General Payne to place fourth-class postmasters in the civil service blanket. One congressman remarked to a correspondent that the delegation considered the plan ill advised and that it would be unpopular. Said this congressman: "The country will never have a better or more satisfactory system of postal affairs than at present, when the rural free delivery plans have matured. Place postmasters under the civil service and in a few years you will have a great stock of dead postmasters. It does not do any good for the best interests of the service that one man shall serve as postmaster for an indefinite period. The service needs changes; new blood and the injection occasionally of the spirit of progress. It is not that it does not seem to be the proper thing to mix postal affairs and politics, yet under the present system it seems to be an absolute necessity. It is in connection with the various postoffices in each county in this district that a congressman builds the fabric which enables him to maintain his prestige with the people, in a way. He must have something to build on. If he has

WU ON A HIGH HORSE

The Chinese Minister in a Violent Rage Over the Exclusion Bill.

James D. Phelan, Former Mayor of San Francisco, Object of His Wrath.

Wu Shakes His Fist in Phelan's Face and Calls Him Names.

THE SPRING MIGRATION.

Four Hundred Home-Seekers on Route to Minnesota and North Dakota. Minneapolis, Feb. 22.—One hundred car loads of household and farm effects, accompanied by about 400 home-seekers, will be brought into Minneapolis next Tuesday by the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad. The home-seekers come from points in northern and central Iowa and are bound for towns in northern Minnesota and North Dakota. The indications are that next week's movement will be surprisingly large. General Passenger Agent A. B. Catts, of the Minneapolis & St. Louis, says: "The home-seekers which we are bringing into Minnesota this year are of the best class of farmers in Iowa. Many of them are sons of well-to-do Iowa people, who are coming north to get a start for themselves. The men who have been renters have money enough to get a good start in a new country. These people will do much toward diversifying the products of the Dakotas and northern Minnesota. We are well pleased with the results of our efforts to encourage immigration to that direction."

The Soo line is engaged in the work of transferring a portion of the population of Wisconsin from one part of the state to the other. Immigration Agent Cassaday has men at work in the southern counties of that state explaining the advantages of the northern section. The Soo has had many farm scenes from points along its Wisconsin line arranged for exhibition and entertainment purposes. Its agents are now giving free entertainments in southern Wisconsin and the movement into northern counties has already begun.

The man who fears he will lose himself when he travels is still a feature of American life. Immigration agents of the various roads are in receipt of many letters from timid persons, many farmers who think they would like to come west or north, as the case may be, want some one to meet them at the train as a protection against confidence men and to insure their getting to their destination safely. The immigration agent of one of the coast lines received a letter today from such a person, asking him if he would meet him at the train, and if he would kindle a white rag to his coat sleeve so raised by the wind.

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CANAL PROTOCOL COMPLETED.

Secretary Hay Ready to Begin Negotiations With Colombia.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The protocol between Colombia and the United States has been agreed upon by representatives of that government and of the United States. Its terms are substantially as given in these dispatches several days ago. They include a lease of the canal strip ten miles wide and five miles on each side of the canal proper, for a period of 200 years at an annual rental of \$250,000. Rights to govern and administer justice in this strip are insured to the United States. That portion of the route proposed within cities of Colombia is exempt from the control of that state. In addition to these points the Colombian government gives up its interest in the Panama railway, which pays it an annual rental of \$250,000. The terms of the tentative protocol were learned by a number of senators yesterday, resulting in some expressions of dissatisfaction.

Criticism of the protocol at this time is premature. There is no intention on the part of the state department to close a negotiation with Colombia on the lines of the present agreement decided upon by Dr. Silva and Admiral Walker. The negotiations between these government reports were not inaugurated with that idea in view. They had as their object just what has been accomplished, the reaching of a basis upon which the government can exchange notes and develop a convention satisfactory to both.

WASHINGTON ALMOST CUT OFF.

Sleetstorm Cripples Telegraphic Communication With the North.

Washington, Feb. 22.—A severe sleet-storm struck Washington yesterday, and last night the capital was absolutely cut off from all telegraphic communication north of Baltimore, and is compelled to depend on uncertain wires to Richmond and Atlanta for reaching the rest of the country. Aside from damage to wires, however, the storm did no injury, the sleet not being heavy enough to do much harm to trees.

The storm came from the south, and in traveling north the rain turned into sleet and snow as it struck the colder latitudes. It is said at the weather bureau that it will reach the New England coast Sunday morning and will also make necessary for shipping to be by clearing weather is expected in Washington and vicinity today.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

Has a world-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other salve, ointment or balm for rheumatism, neuralgia, sore throats, corns, chapped skin, hemorrhoids, ulcers, chapped hands, skin eruptions, infallible for piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents at George F. Powers drug store.

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WILL LECTURE TO WOMEN.

Paris, Feb. 22.—Mlle. Chauvin, the first woman lawyer in France, who recently won her first case against a veteran of the Paris bar, proposes to visit England and the United States during the coming spring. The primary purpose of lecturing to women's professional clubs. It is possible that Col. Pond will manage Mlle. Chauvin's tour in the United States, but the lecturer has already booked a score of engagements independently in New York, Boston and Chicago.

The "French Portia," as mademoiselle is called, means to relate the history of French women's struggles to enter the professions, and will urge fervently the rights of women to cultivate specialties, which men will be unable to rival, instead of competing on the same ground.

"For instance," said Mlle. Chauvin yesterday, "I am making a specialty of law. I have just won my first case. The remarkable ignorance of men on this subject generally secures victory and tends to create a recognized sphere for the female lawyer. Women doctors and ministers should be able to follow the course of their profession, and I have hope for the professional woman, who is physically and mentally unequal to man."

Mlle. Chauvin's first case was a contest dispute which filled the court with a large crowd, who crowded the benches and sized adorned the walls and tables. Mlle. Chauvin proposes to study the conditions of the American professional woman, and will write a book on the subject.

JAPAN OUTWITS RUSSIANS.

Mikado Will Establish Ocean Service to San Francisco.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 22.—Russian politicians, as well as Russian steamship and commercial men, are greatly disappointed because Japan has anticipated the czar's subjects in deciding to establish a service of steamships between San Francisco and Yokohama, thence by rail thru the most picturesque part of Japan to Tsushima, the west coast, and thence by steamer to Vladivostok.

It is pointed out that this Japan route besides reducing the journey from America to Asia by two days, will attract thousands of British and American tourists to the "Italy of the east" and conduce to the growth of relations between the two empires. The Japanese inimical to Russian interests in the far east. The Russians were preparing to seize the opportunity that has now fallen into the hands of Japan.

PROBING HESSE DIVORCE.

Hessian Party Leaders Request the Grand Duke to Explain.

Darmstadt, Feb. 22.—A caucus of the party leaders in the second chamber of the Hessian diet, has requested the Grand Duke of Hesse to communicate to them his reasons for obtaining a divorce from the grand duchess. The prime minister, Earl Rothe, in a conciliatory statement, announced that the communication referred to would be made to the chamber behind closed doors.

[The separation of the Grand Duke and Grand Duchess of Hesse was pronounced Dec. 22 last by the superior court of Darmstadt. Ernest Ludwig, Grand Duke of Hesse, is the son of the Grand Duke Louis VI. and the late present emperor of Germany. His mother was Princess Alice of England, a daughter of the late Queen Victoria. He is about 33 years of age and married April 15, 1884, Princess Victoria of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, who is the granddaughter of Queen Victoria. One child, the Princess Elizabeth, born March 11, 1895, is the result of the union. A sister of the grand duke is the Czarina of Russia, while another was married to Prince Henry of Prussia.]

MRS. FIGG IS GIVEN DAMAGES.

Head of Nebraska Sect Wins Suit Against Deserter's Holdings.

Omaha, Feb. 22.—Mrs. Sarah Figg, head of a religious sect holding forth at Gretna, Neb., yesterday won a suit for damages against four men, who, after having been abandoned by their wives, are now suing her for damages and her taken before a jury commission in an effort to break up her settlement. She sued John B. Hanger, Woodson Browning and Bert Donohue for \$2,000 and was awarded \$1,500. The defendant attorneys that Mrs. Figg had secured an influence over many of the women of Gretna, which destroyed the domestic peace of their families.

Demand Right to Vote.

London, Feb. 22.—Sixty-six thousand and eight hundred women textile factory workers of Lancashire, Yorkshire and Cheshire have presented a petition to parliament praying for immediate possession of the franchise, and declaring that the right to vote "is of vital importance to women engaged in the industrial struggle for existence."

A Fireman's Close Call.

"I stuck to my engine, although every joint ached and every nerve was racked with pain," writes C. W. Bellamy, a locomotive fireman of Burlington, Iowa. "I was weak and pale, without any appetite and all run down. As I was about to give up, I got a bottle of Ecodol Dyspepsia Cure, and after taking it, I felt as well as I ever did in my life." Weak, sickly, run-down people always gain new life, strength and vigor from their use. Try them. Satisfaction guaranteed. Price 50 cents. George F. Powers.

GIRL'S STRANGE CRIME

Love For Little Daughter of Her Employer Leads to Attempted Murder.

Shoots Both the Child and Herself While Parents Were Away.

Peculiar Infatuation For the Child Puzzles Authorities--General News.

New York, Feb. 22.—Infatuation for a 5-year-old, hazel-eyed girl prompted Emma Fischer, a domestic, to attempt to kill the child and herself. Both are wounded severely with pistol bullets and they also inhaled gas.

The attempt at murder and suicide was at the home of W. J. Simons, 50 Bruce avenue, Yonkers, where the young woman was employed. A full confession was made by Miss Fischer to a Sister of Charity at St. Joseph's hospital, where she is receiving attention.

The girl, a well-educated German, having planned carefully to end the life of the little girl and herself, set about to write letters to her acquaintances, which she had determined would tell the story after both their lives had been taken. Three means were arranged by the woman in order to insure death.

Seven months ago Emma Fischer was engaged by Mrs. Simons to do general housework. The girl came to her highly recommended. Shortly after Emma acquired a strong attraction for George, the younger of Mrs. Simons' two daughters, and at every opportunity showered attentions on her. This became so noticeable that Mrs. Simons approached her servant. Later, when Mrs. Simons discovered that she was utilizing still more of her time in extended talks with the child, the employer chastised her servant. The girl then became sullen.

Recently, according to the statement of neighbors, Mrs. Simons threatened the girl with discharge if her attention to the daughter did not cease, and the girl, thoroughly enraged, replied: "I will kidnap George if you do discharge me. I love her so." The child is reported to have been strongly attached to the woman.

Returning from a shopping tour the mother was startled upon reaching the first floor of the home to discover her little one, slowly and painfully coming towards her down the stairway, her little rock bloodsoaked, and her face ashen white, but passive and composed.

The mother seized her little child in her arms and asked, "Who did this?" "Emma did," was the reply, and the child proceeded to explain. The mother called Dr. Waldron by telephone and also attracted George B. Edwards, a physician. Edwards, doing upstairs, discovered in the bedroom of the servant girl her body lying on the floor and a revolver nearby. Gas was escaping from two jets. Edwards turned off the

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GIRL FORCED TO TAKE POISON.

Wisconsin Burglar Charged With Attempting to Kill a Witness.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 22.—Luella Francis, who makes her home with Rev. Mr. Murray, the Methodist preacher here, is in a critical condition from poison which she asserts was forced down her throat by a man whom she detected robbing Mr. Murray's house Tuesday night of a gold watch and \$50 in money.

Miss Francis claims she saw the man running down the stairs of the house after the burglary. Last night, when she went to bed, she found a note pinned to her pillow from a stranger, who told her to take a glass of water and swallow it. She did so, and she felt a burning pain in her throat. She called for help, and a doctor was sent for. He found her unconscious, and she was taken to the hospital.

Governor Yates has honored a requisition for the extradition of Johnson Niles, under arrest in Chicago and wanted in Jefferson, O., for malpractice, causing the death of Eva Usher.

HEADS OF FAMILIES

Something You Should Keep in the House For Every Day Emergencies--It Will Prove to be a Friend in Need.

Most heads of families realize how frequently there is a call in the household for some preparation that will relieve and cure such ailments as colds, coughs, sore throats, sore feet, sprains, rheumatism, neuralgia, and many ills that are hardly serious enough to go to the expense of calling a doctor for.

For this purpose there is no remedy so generally applicable or so uniformly efficacious and satisfactory as Greene's Infallible Liniment. This remedy is highly prepared and made to cure so that it will sell on its merits. Once used you will ever after keep it in the house and become its life-long advocate and friend.

Many worthy people would as soon think of being out of meat or flour as not to have Greene's Infallible Liniment in the house. Prudent mothers are especially partial to it and consider it invaluable for the baby's childhood.

Mr. J. B. Jackson, Drivers' Journal, Chicago, says:—"As a family remedy it is invaluable." Mr. L. J. Kilian, Chicago, Ill., writes:—"I have used your liniment for horses and for my own aches and pains and the results were such that it is now a standard remedy in my family. It is an article of merit, refer any doctor to me."

Mr. G. F. Moore, Traveling Auditor of the Chicago & Alton R. R., writes:—"I wish to congratulate you on having produced a liniment which in all cases comes up to the merits claimed for it. In my family it has been used with perfectly satisfactory results. In thousands of homes throughout the land Greene's Infallible Liniment is a 'stand-by' that is confidently and satisfactorily used by old and young. There is only one thing more convincing than the testimony of others; that is actual personal experience, then of yourself you know. This great antiseptic healing remedy that will subdue acute pain in a very few minutes and quickly overcome inflammation and swelling is good for 25 and 50 cents a bottle. A large size at one dollar is put up for stable use as it is also excellent for horses."

All the best druggists keep Greene's Infallible Liniment. Accept no substitute. There is no other liniment that will take its place and do its work, no other that is like it or "just as good." The makers, J. W. Moore & Co., Chicago, Ill., send a large free sample upon request and 10c. to cover cost of mailing.

Starvation seems a strange remedy for any disease.

Yet starvation diet was once generally resorted to in cases of indigestion or other stomach trouble. Even yet it is sometimes tried. Such a remedy is worse than useless. Every day a portion of the tissues of the human body. The food we eat serves to repair this waste and you can't build up the system by withholding material for the purpose. If the stomach is in such condition that it cannot furnish the task must be performed without the stomach's assistance. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the only preparation which accomplishes this. There are others which act on certain kinds of food, but Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the only one which digests them all as the stomach digests them. Man is so constituted that he needs a variety of food and to reduce this variety always produces bad results.

In ninety-nine cases in a hundred indigestion is due to lack of some of the elements which constitute the natural digestive juices, usually to the absence of hydrochloric acid from the stomach. It is by the action of these juices that food is reduced to a form in which it can be transformed into living tissue. With any of them lacking it is easy to see that the process of digestion cannot be perfectly performed.

Each of the single exceptions of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure preparations for the relief of indigestion lack certain of these elements. Consequently they cannot digest all classes of food. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure contains them all. It will digest anything that the healthy stomach can digest. Its nature's own cure. Don't resort to stimulating tonics. Such drugs simply urge the already overworked stomach to renewed exertions. It is like

spurring a tired horse. For a moment he responds. Then outraged nature reasserts itself and he falls in a heap. Sedatives are equally ineffective. At first they deaden pain but afterward comes the reaction and keener suffering than before.

What the stomach needs is rest. To obtain it a substitute must be found for the natural digestive juices. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the only substitute which accomplishes nature's results by nature's own method. It gives the stomach perfect rest by digesting what you eat. No dieting is necessary. Eat all the good food you want, build up the system and at the same time relieve the stomach from all responsibility. The rest will restore it to its natural condition and soon effects a complete cure. This is the only rational and common sense method of aiding nature.

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Distress After Eating

Nausea between meals, belching, vomiting, flatulence, fits of nervous headache, pain in the stomach, are all symptoms of dyspepsia, and the longer it is neglected the harder it is to cure it.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Radically and permanently cure it—strengthen and tone the stomach and other digestive organs for the natural performance of their functions.

Accept no substitute for Hood's. "I had dyspepsia twenty-five years and took different medicines but got no help until I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Have taken four bottles of this medicine and can now eat almost anything, sleep well, have no cramps in my stomach, no burning and no distress." Mrs. W. W. G. Barrett, 14 Olney St., Providence, R. I. Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.



MEEKER'S EMPIRE LAUNDRY 117 West Main.

You Will Get Your Money's Worth

at

J. C. Dunn's.

Fuel and Building Material

Green Stamps.

Marshalltown Grocery Co.,

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QUICK DELIVERY SATISFACTORY SERVICE

309 to 211 Market St.

Kodol Digests what you Eat Dyspepsia Cure

Starvation seems a strange remedy for any disease. Yet starvation diet was once generally resorted to in cases of indigestion or other stomach trouble. Even yet it is sometimes tried. Such a remedy is worse than useless. Every day a portion of the tissues of the human body. The food we eat serves to repair this waste and you can't build up the system by withholding material for the purpose. If the stomach is in such condition that it cannot furnish the task must be performed without the stomach's assistance. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the only preparation which accomplishes this. There are others which act on certain kinds of food, but Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the only one which digests them all as the stomach digests them. Man is so constituted that he needs a variety of food and to reduce this variety always produces bad results.

No dieting is necessary.

Gentlemen—This is what I have to say about Kodol Dyspepsia Cure.—About a year ago I could not drink either tea or coffee, drinking only hot water, and could eat but very little food, until I began taking the Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, and I then began to improve at once. After taking the Kodol Dyspepsia Cure during the summer I can eat only what I want, but also I can eat either tea or coffee, and I have gained so that I am hardly considered by my friends as being the same woman. I cannot say too much for what it has done for me, and I recommend it most cheerfully to all sufferers from indigestion and stomach trouble.—Mrs. Jeffrey, Georgetown, Wis.

Gentlemen—For twenty years I suffered from the most agonizing pains with dyspepsia. For years I regularly tried every doctor and medicine that I could secure but without relief, until at last I became convinced that I would die. Your agent at this place finally induced me to try a bottle of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I commenced to improve from the very first dose and after taking six bottles I am as well as I ever was in my life. You are at liberty to publish this and I hope that it may be the means of rescuing some sufferer from that terrible disease, dyspepsia.—Mrs. M. Houston, Omaha, Mo.

Gentlemen—I have been afflicted for four or five years with dyspepsia. I have tried various remedies without any good results and finally was induced to use Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I cannot say too much in its favor as one bottle cured me. I recommend the remedy to all who suffer from the same cause.—David Maylor, Windridge, Penn.

Gentlemen—I am one of the many sufferers from dyspepsia and after buying several pepsin remedies, I concluded to give your Kodol Dyspepsia Cure a trial. I did so and am now glad that I did. Half a bottle cured me entirely and I have not been troubled with dyspepsia since I used this medicine.—W. D. Lance, Meridith, N. H.

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The \$1.00 bottle contains 2½ times as much (by actual measurement) as the trial size which sells for 50 cents.

Cures all stomach troubles

B. A. MORGAN Wholesale and Retail Druggist MARSHALLOTOWN, IOWA.

Just As Smooth As Ice and cleans as new fallen snow that's the way we turn out laundry work. No undue wear on the garments. The best of everything used by us to secure the best results. We know we can please you.

MEEKER'S EMPIRE LAUNDRY 117 West Main. You Will Get Your Money's Worth at J. C. Dunn's. Fuel and Building Material Green Stamps.

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