

IT MATTERS NOT

How Sick You Are or How Many Physicians Have Failed to Help You.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy Will Cure You if a Cure is Possible.

Doctors are not infallible and there are many instances where they have failed a case hopeless and then the patient's astonished every one by getting well, and the sole cause of their cure was Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

"Some years ago I was attacked with pains in my back and side that were fearful in the extreme. I could not control my kidneys at all and what came from them was mucous and blood. I was in a terrible state and suffered intensely.

Dr. W. H. Morse, the famous physician of Westfield, N. J., has this to say of this great medicine: "I have known it to cure chronic inflammation of the kidneys, where the attending physician pronounced the case incurable."

No form of kidney, liver, bladder or blood disease, or of the distressing sicknesses so common to women, can long withstand the great curative power of this famous specific.

"I have known it to cure chronic inflammation of the kidneys, where the attending physician pronounced the case incurable."

Simple bottle—enough for trial, free by mail.

Dr. David Kennedy Corporation, Rondout, N. Y.

Dr. David Kennedy's Salt Rheum Cream Cures Old Sores, Skin and Scrofulous Diseases. 50c.

SKEGG'S

New Wall Paper

We have no competitors. House Painting, we excel. Interior Decorating, our workmen are the best, our prices the lowest. Ask your neighbor. Everything in the Paint line.

JAMES SKEGG Wholesaler, Retailer. 116 East Main St.

DR. WOOD PROPRIETOR

Infirmary

DR. WOOD has lately returned from three years study in the largest SPECIAL hospital of England and Germany from which he holds diplomas.

He treats every disease and deformity of the EYE, EAR, THROAT and cures permanently every form of CATARRH by a special method of his own.

He straightens CHIN and fits EYE-GLASSES and SPECTACLES scientifically.

His Remedies are mild and painless. He speaks German and French. Consultations and Examinations FREE. Correspondence solicited.

Office 108 E. Main St.

W. M. Clark

Justice of the Peace

(collections from non-residents will receive prompt attention.)

23 West Main St. - Marshalltown, Ia.

WHY NOT PATRONIZE

Nelson's Towel Supply

As every person uses towels in hotel, office and business house, and I will furnish clean towels every week in any number wanted for the usual price of laundering. Leave orders 117 1/2 East Main, or order by postal card.

J. A. NELSON

HENRY SUNDELL'S HAYMARKET RESTAURANT and Hotel.

Ent 15 Cent 25 Cent. City, Oyster Stew 15 and 25 Cents. Short Orders a Specialty.

15 NORTH CENTER

TINKER & ARMSTRONG

Painters and General Blacksmiths

Rear of Humlog's Carriage Repository, North Center Street.

GILLETTE TRANSFER COMPANY

116 West Main

Storage for Household Goods, Merchandise, etc.—Pianos and Safes Moved.

COL. LYNCH IN COURT

Large Crowd Present to Hear Trial of Irish Member of Parliament.

The Evidence on which He Was Arrested Presented to the Judge.

Prisoner Then Remanded for Further Examination on June 21.

London, June 14.—Bow street police court was crowded this morning when the investigation into the charge of high treason was brought against Col. Arthur Lynch, formerly of the Boer army, was begun.

Lynch, who was elected a member of parliament for Galway in November last, was arrested at New Haven Wednesday, upon landing from France. Mrs. Lynch and other friends of the accused were present. Solicitor-General Ward Carson, in opening for the prosecution, alluded briefly to Lynch's Australian birth, his residence in Paris, his departure thence to the Transvaal in January, 1900. "The case for the prosecution," said Sir Edward, "will be that on arriving in South Africa, Lynch took service with the Transvaal government, and raised a regiment, of which he acted as commander, to fight in behalf of the Boers and actively fought against Gen. Buller's operation." Hon. Charles Russell in behalf of the defendant, said Lynch had faced the proceedings like a man. What he had done had been done openly and he desired to facilitate the inquiry as much as possible. After the police had furnished evidence on which the prisoner was arrested he was remanded to June 21.

MENACE GIRL AUTHOR

A Plan to Kidnap Mary MacLane Frustrated.

Butte, Mont., June 14.—The kidnaping of Mary MacLane, the author who recently attracted much attention because of her "Strange Story of Mary MacLane," is now said to have been one of the purposes of Samuel Consentino and his accomplices. Consentino is under arrest here charged with being the head of a conspiracy to kidnap the children of a number of wealthy families. The police say that the Italian and his confederates had been shadowing the MacLane house for several days and nights, evidently intending to abduct the girl while she was on one of her lonely midnight rambles.

Consentino was under examination yesterday by the police authorities. He denied that he had any confederates. He also denied that he had intended to steal the diamonds which he had in his particular object in trying to get it.

Consentino says he lived in Chicago for fourteen years, and refers to one Jandyke, a grocer at 55 Grand avenue, as his friend. He says Chicago, he says because Vittorio Solomon stole his wife and children in August, 1901. The police think he is wanted in Chicago for some crime.

The detectives are still looking for his accomplices, two of whom are said to be in Butte, according to the information given the police by the man Harry Keller, who betrayed Consentino and his kidnaping plans.

Before the strange conduct of Consentino and his accomplices, the police had been observed by the residents on the west side for some time, and children were kept closely guarded.

It develops also that as long ago as six or eight months there was a plan on foot to kidnap W. A. Clark, Jr., the youngest son of Senator Clark, but the kidnapers either lacked the courage or their plans miscarried.

PORTER KILLED BY CHICAGOAN.

Hotel Employee in Colorado Springs is Shot by Charles X. Miller.

Colorado Springs, Colo., June 14.—Charles X. Miller, 24 years old, of Litchfield, Chicago, as his home, today shot William Porter, a colored porter, killing him instantly. The tragedy occurred in the barroom of the Hoffman Hotel.

Miller was busy with his work when Porter with a flourish of his revolver denounced all negroes as worthy of death. Miller fled in fear, but Barker-Karpis followed him to return Miller was quiet for a time, but while the bartender went out to get Marshall Birdsell he became violent again, and this time emptied his revolver and fled. He was arrested after a brief chase. The coroner's jury has held him for murder.

ILLINOIS MINISTER IN JAIL.

Rev. Joseph Lindsey Charged With Robbing a Farm in a Resort.

Carbondale, Ill., June 14.—Rev. Joseph Lindsey, who has been for years a minister of the Christian church in southern Illinois, is in jail, charged with robbing George Wright, a De Soto farmer, while intoxicated in a resort in Murphysboro. In Lindsey's possession at the time of his arrest was clothing claimed to have been stolen from Wright. Lindsey fell from grace about three years ago and went to the extreme in dissipation. Some months ago he claimed to have fallen a change, and his present fall is a great disappointment to his friends Lindsey formerly was a successful evangelist.

BRUTAL MURDER AVENGED.

Thosvald Hansen Hanged at Montreal—Tickets to the Hanging.

Montreal, June 14.—Thosvald Hansen was hanged here today for the murder of Eric Marotte, a nine-year-old boy, last autumn, in order to obtain seventeen cents which the boy was jingling in his hand. Tickets of admission to the execution were openly sold at prices ranging from fifty cents to ten dollars.

Col. Sutton Missing.

Saginaw, Mich., June 14.—Governor Bliss, today said he received word from Lansing that the resignation of Colonel Eli R. Sutton, Detroit, as regent of the University of Michigan, was in the executive office at Lansing. A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Sutton on the charge of perjury in connection with the trial

on the charge of complicity in the military clothing frauds and he is missing.

PITCHER DONOHUE DEAD.

Famous Base Ball Player Dies Suddenly at Taunton, Mass., Today.

Taunton, Mass., June 14.—Timothy Donohue, the base ball catcher, of the Washington American league club, died at his home in this city today. He played last year with the Chicago National League team.

Slain by Wife and Brother.

Only, Wyo., June 14.—Tom Gorman, a rancher on Broken Back Creek, about forty miles from here, was killed by his wife and younger brother James Gorman.

The elder Gorman discovered the intrigue between his wife and brother. The victim tried to drive his brother away from the ranch, when the pair turned upon him and killed him with clubs. The man and woman were jailed.

Actress Bonehill Dying.

New York, June 14.—Jessie Bonehill, the actress, is dying from cancer of the stomach. It is the mission of Hood's Sarsaparilla and is so well fulfilled by this great medicine that in thousands of homes the name, Hood's Sarsaparilla, is always spoken with gratitude.

Not a Small Mission.

You will agree with us that to change existence into life, or to make life more abundant, is not a small mission. It is accomplished by the bestowal of the greatest blessings, health and strength. It is the mission of Hood's Sarsaparilla and is so well fulfilled by this great medicine that in thousands of homes the name, Hood's Sarsaparilla, is always spoken with gratitude.

Elks' Summer Festival, Des Moines, Ia., June 23-28, 1902.

For this celebration the Chicago Great Western will on June 23-27, sell excursion tickets to Des Moines, good return June 30th, at a fare one-third for the round trip. For further information apply to J. A. Ellis, ticket agent, Marshalltown, Ia.

Iowa Central Excursions.

Annual meeting National Educational Association, Minneapolis, Minn., July 7-11. Rate one fare, plus \$2, for the round trip. Upon payment of execution fee of 50 cents limit may be extended to Sept. 1, 1902.

Colorado and Utah excursions.

From June 23 to 24, inclusive, July 1 to 12, inclusive, Aug. 12 to 14, inclusive, Sept. 1 to 10, inclusive, tickets will be sold to Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo and Glenwood Junction, Colo., and Ogden and Salt Lake City, Utah, at less than the regular round trip. On dates other than those mentioned above, round trip, July, August and from Sept. 11 to 15, inclusive, rates will be one fare, plus \$2. Final return limit, Oct. 31.

Annual meeting grand lodge Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Salt Lake City, Utah, Aug. 12 to 14, inclusive, less than one fare for the round trip. Final limit Sept. 30, 1902.

Supreme lodge Ancient Order United Workmen, Portland, Ore., June 16-20, 1902.

Annual meeting Young People's Christian Union Society of the United States, Presbyterian church, Tacoma, Wash., July 23-27, 1902.

For the above excursions tickets will be sold to Portland, Tacoma or Seattle at following rates: All stations, Peoria to Farmington inclusive, \$48; all other Iowa Central stations, \$47.50. Final return limit of ticket, sixty days.

Biennial meeting Knights of Pythias, San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 12-14, 1902.

Imperial Council Nobles of Mystic Shrine, San Francisco, Cal., June 10-14, 1902.

Rate for above excursions, Peoria to Marshalltown, including branch lines, \$48. Rates equally low from points north. Limit, sixty days.

Excursion Rates to Chautauqua Assembly at Spirit Lake, Iowa.

Via the Northwestern line. Excursion tickets will be sold at reduced rates June 18 to July 2, inclusive, limited to return until July 5, inclusive. Apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern railway.

Excursion Rates to Iowa State Log Rolling Association (Woodmen of the World), Logan, Ia.

Via the Northwestern line. Excursion tickets will be sold June 19, 20 and 21, limited to return until June 23, inclusive. Apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern railway.

Low Round Trip Summer Rates.

Via the Chicago Great Western railway to St. Paul, Minneapolis, the valley line Duluth and the Superiors. Tickets good to return Oct. 31. For dates of sale and other information apply to J. A. Ellis, ticket agent, Marshalltown, Ia.

Very Low Rates to N. E. A. Annual Meeting at Minneapolis.

The Northwestern line will sell excursion tickets on July 5, 6 and 7, with final return by extension until Oct. 31, 1902. Apply to agents of the Chicago & Northwestern railway.

Homeseekers' Excursions.

Homeseekers' tickets to nearly all points on sale at low rates by Chicago Great Western railway on first and third Tuesdays of each month, June to October, inclusive. For particulars apply to J. A. Ellis, ticket agent, Marshalltown, Ia.

Farmers' Picnic, Melbourne, Iowa, June 17, 1902.

One fare and a third via the Chicago Great Western Railway. Tickets on sale June 17th, good to return June 18th. For further information apply to J. A. Ellis, ticket agent, Marshalltown, Iowa.

Man's Inhumanity to man makes countless thousands mourn, but for torpid liver, constipation, kidney disorders and as a solvent of uric acid, there is but one tried and proven remedy. It is Dr. Crane's Quaker Tonic Tablets. The perfection of purity in medicine. All drug stores fifty cents.

When once liberated within your system, it produces a most wonderful effect. It's worth one's last dollar to feel the pleasure of life that comes by taking Rocky Mountain Tea. McBride & Will Drug Company.

The south-bound passenger train on the Monon was wrecked at the station at Crawfordsville yesterday, afternoon, the engine, baggage and mail cars being derailed because of an open switch.

IRRIGATION ASSURED

House Passes the Irrigation Measure by a Strong Vote.

Already Passed the Senate and the President Favors the Bill.

Funds From Sales of Land to Maintain the Irrigation Work.

Washington, June 14.—The senate agreed to the house amendments to the irrigation bill. This passes the measure and sends the bill to the president. The senate also passed the District of Columbia appropriation bill. It includes a provision for personal tax to be levied in the district.

Washington, June 14.—The house yesterday passed the irrigation bill by a vote of 146 to 55. Many amendments were offered, but only one except those offered by the committee was adopted. It was of a minor character. The bill has already passed the senate. The friends of the measure greeted the announcement of its passage with a round of applause.

The bill as passed creates a reclamation fund from the sale of public lands in Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming, less the amount paid to local land offices and 5 per cent due the state under existing laws for educational purposes, the reclamation fund to be used for the construction and maintenance of irrigation work in the states and territories enumerated.

Provision is made for the payment out of the treasury of any deficiencies in the allowances to agricultural colleges owing to this disposition of public lands. The secretary of the interior is authorized to examine, survey and construct the irrigation works and report the cost thereof to congress at each session.

Section 4 provides for the letting of contracts for the work contemplated in sections when the necessary funds are available in the reclamation fund for such section.

Section 5 provides that "no right to the use of water for land in private ownership shall be affected by the enactment of this act, and no such right shall be attached until all payments therefor are made, and no such sale shall be made to any land owner unless he has an actual bona fide residence on such land or occupies thereof residing in the neighborhood of said land."

Section 6 authorizes the secretary to use the reclamation fund for the operation and maintenance of the irrigation works.

Section 8 requires state control over water of non-navigable streams such as are used in irrigation.

Mr. Robinson, of Indiana, in opposing the bill, challenged the advocates of the measure to prove that its principal promoters were not the big railroad of the west. Under the present system, he said, the major portion of the fund from the sale of lands went to the agricultural and mechanical colleges. Under the system proposed by this bill that fund would be made to provide for irrigation purposes, and the colleges would have to fall back on the public treasury.

Mr. Rawlins charged that the Grosvenor amendment was an attempt to defeat the whole measure. He declared that agricultural colleges had been consulted in the preparation of the bill and were satisfied with it. Though the bill still left the funds from the proceeds of the sale of lands outside the arid region for the colleges to draw upon, and if they should make complaint, the deficiency would be made up out of the treasury.

Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, announced that while he favored the pending amendment, he would vote against the bill. The bill, he said, was a perpetual charge against the treasury. He thought it should be left where it is. Mr. Cannon said he wished that some machinery could be devised by which the public lands in the arid region and states could be turned over to and allow the state to work out these irrigation problems.

The danger in this whole irrigator proposition, he said, appeared at the very inception of the proposition. Protesting that they wanted nothing except the proceeds of the sale of arid lands, his advocates asked now for the treasury to shoulder one and one-quarter million.

Something of a test of strength was made on Mr. Shafer's resolution limiting the time of discussion.

Mr. Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, criticized the bill as violative of all recognized principles of public power. He said, also, as unfair. It was a scheme, he said, whereby the arid states received the proceeds of public land sales in those states, while the other states were left to pay the cost of administration for the scheme out of the treasury.

Mr. Grosvenor opposed the bill. He declared that it would make the present railroad land grants four times as valuable as they now are. It would so change conditions as to materially affect present farm land values. He cited the case of the growing of sugar beets. All the evidence, he said, was that sugar beets could be produced at a cent a pound cheaper in the irrigated section of the west than in the east and he stated that with extensive competition in the west beet sugar growing could not be profitable.

Mr. Burlett, of Nebraska, followed with a vigorous speech in support of the bill. If the millions spent to prevent the overflow of the lower Mississippi, he said, had been devoted to storing water at the headwaters of the river from food would have disappeared below and the arid country above the headquarters would be blooming like a rose.

President Roosevelt used his influence in every possible way to secure the enactment of the irrigation bill into law. His interest in the measure has been such that he has had a number of conferences with senators and rep-

representatives in which he urged upon them the necessity for such a law.

Representative Mondell, of Wyoming, said today and at his request wrote a personal letter to the chairman of the house committee on appropriation, in which he strongly expressed his views on the subject and intimated the hope that early action would be taken. Mr. Mondell said that the president had been of vast help.

TRAGEDY IN MINNESOTA.

Farmer Kills His Brother, Mother and Himself.

Elbow Lake, Minn., June 13.—John Fox, a farmer living near here, shot and killed his brother Peter and mother Frankie Monday morning in a self-inflicted death. He was probably demented.

Presidential Appointments.

Washington, June 13.—Presidential nominations: Byron S. Waite, of Michigan, general appraiser of merchandise.

Postmasters: Illinois, Sewell P. Wood, Farmington.

Iowa—A. S. Hazelton, Council Bluffs.

Golf Championship.

New York, June 13.—Miss Manice defeats Miss Hecker in the semi-finals for the metropolitan championship. Miss Hernandez won from Mrs. Shippen. Mrs. Manice and Miss Hernandez will play the final match today.

Training Ship Released.

Baltimore, June 13.—The training school ship Chesapeake with naval cadets aboard, which ran aground off the point of Chesapeake bay, got off after four hours and is now proceeding to Annapolis.

Rulers Who Carry Revolvers.

President Roosevelt, who, according to the story now going the rounds of the American press, invariably carries his revolver about with him, especially when he goes on his excursions in the suburbs of Washington either on horseback or afoot, follows in this respect the custom of Emperor William, who, for years, has always gone about armed. Firmly convinced, as I have mentioned before in these columns, that he is going to die by the bullet of an anarchist—this fact having been prophesied to the emperor by a fortune teller—determined to fight for his life if necessary, and, accordingly, never is without his revolver. He is extremely skillful in the use of the weapon, and his "jaeger," or body servant, who accompanies him everywhere, inspects it every morning, to make sure that it is in perfect working order.

The sultan is another European potentate who always has a loaded revolver, either in his pocket or under the cushion of the divan, which he is sitting, and there is every reason to believe the sultan is in perfect working order. The sultan is another European potentate who always has a loaded revolver, either in his pocket or under the cushion of the divan, which he is sitting, and there is every reason to believe the sultan is in perfect working order.

The late Czar Alexander III. always carried a revolver, and is believed to have shot in a similar manner by accident, King Carlos, of Portugal, nephew of the minister of finance of that name. The colonel, who was one of the orderly officers of the emperor, came upon the latter very suddenly from a side path, as Alexander was strolling along the park of the divan, which he was sitting, and there is every reason to believe the sultan is in perfect working order.

Whether King Edward goes about armed or not, the sultan is not. But I do know that some ten years ago or more, when riding in the park, he came upon a horse which had been so seriously injured that it was necessary to shoot it. The sultan, who do not carry revolvers, as in this country, had no means of killing the poor brute, and no one else apparently was armed or cared to render himself guilty of an infraction of the very strict laws against the discharge of loaded firearms in royal parks. The prince on seeing how the horse was suffering without a minute's hesitation pulled a very natty little Derringer from his pocket and shot the horse dead on the spot. This is the only ground on which I have for believing that King Edward goes about "heeled."

There is one feature in this connection which it is worthy to note. The sultan, who I have related concerning the late Czar, the sultan is not. But I do know that some ten years ago or more, when riding in the park, he came upon a horse which had been so seriously injured that it was necessary to shoot it. The sultan, who do not carry revolvers, as in this country, had no means of killing the poor brute, and no one else apparently was armed or cared to render himself guilty of an infraction of the very strict laws against the discharge of loaded firearms in royal parks. The prince on seeing how the horse was suffering without a minute's hesitation pulled a very natty little Derringer from his pocket and shot the horse dead on the spot. This is the only ground on which I have for believing that King Edward goes about "heeled."

NO NEW DEPARTMENT

The Bill Creating Department of Commerce Will Fail This Session.

Organization of Such a Department Would Be a Difficult Task.

Washington, June 14.—For the benefit of various aspiring statesmen whose names have been mentioned more or less frequently for a cabinet position, it may be mentioned that there is little or no chance of the passage of the bill creating a new department of commerce and industry at the present session of congress. It has been found upon investigation that the consolidation of different divisions from present departments into a new branch of the government is a bigger contract than was at first anticipated. Besides, there are innumerable jealousies, not only between the different bureaus but even between the offices of cabinet officials.

It has been found necessary for the house committee on interstate commerce to send a special request to the president asking for his views as to how the different government bureaus can best be consolidated. He is apparently the only person in the government who will depend in a large measure the scope of the bill to establish a new department of the government. It is generally admitted, however, that there are so many complications as to prevent final action on the bill at the present session.

When Secretary Gage left the cabinet there was a sort of understanding that the president was not at all responsible for the belief, that in case a new department of commerce should be created the first secretary should come from Chicago. The president intimated at that time, however, that such a choice would be impossible, because of the senatorial fight then going on in Illinois and his unwillingness to recognize either faction in such a marked way. Now, however, the unanimity with which the party has rallied to the support of Mr. Hepburn, makes the chances of Chicago for a cabinet office particularly bright.

The bill authorizing a new department probably will have no consideration in the house at all this summer. The plan is, however, to put it in such complete shape that it can be passed in the house early in the session next winter. The bill originated in the senate, so that it can be sent to conference at once, and it would not be so surprising if it were passed before the present house of representatives goes out of office.

Happy Time in Old Town.

"We felt very happy," writes R. N. Bevil, Old Town, Va., "when Bucken's America Sale wholly cured our daughter of a bad case of scald head. It delights all who use it for cuts, corns, burns, bruises, boils, ulcers, eruptions. Infallible for piles. Only 25 cents at George Powers'."

Annual Macabee Picnic, Oskaloosa, June 19.

For the above event the Iowa Central railway will run a special train from Marshalltown, leaving at 8 o'clock a. m., at the low rate of \$1 for the round trip. This meeting promises to be the greatest gathering in the history of the order in Iowa; Oskaloosa is expending time and money to insure its success and the program of exercises will simply reney your attention. Prominent members of the order will deliver addresses and the band and athletic events will afford a splendid entertainment. Plan to go and hear some of Iowa's best bands and enjoy a grand outing. For further particulars ask flyers or ask your local ticket agent.

The meeting of the directors of the Amalgamated Copper Company in Jersey City, called for Monday, was adjourned without delay, there being no quorum present.

Slopay—Don't you wish you were a millionaire?

Borghoughs—Who was he?

Slopay—Everything he touched turned to gold.

Borghoughs—Huh! Everybody I touch turns me down.

—Philadelphia Press.

STRENGTH

Is an attribute of manhood universally desired. Few people understand that the only source of physical strength is food, and that every one who has sufficient nourishing food should be strong. But there are thousands of young people who have plenty of good food, and who are nevertheless weak.

Explained? The explanation is simple. Food does not nourish the stomach, it nourishes the body. Unless it is properly digested and assimilated, it does not nourish the body. Diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion hinder the proper digestion and assimilation of the nutrition contained in the food eaten. Thus the strength of food is lost, wasted.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and allied organs. It causes the perfect digestion and assimilation of food and thus it makes men and women strong.

"I had been suffering from indigestion so badly that I could not work more than half the time, but now I can work every day and eat any thing I wish," writes Mr. Victor, of Blackstone, Nottingham Co., Va. "Why? Because I took Dr. R. V. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It has put new life and energy in me, restored my health and made a man of me once more. I used to weigh 160 lbs. and had gotten down to 140, now I am back to 160 and will soon be back at my old weight if I nothing happens. Your medicine has done it all."

Accept no substitute for the "Golden Medical Discovery."

The People's Medical Adviser, 108 pages, 25c on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper-covered edition, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound volume, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

HOUSES AND SUPERSTITIONS.

"Real estate men are gradually forgetting most of the old time superstitions which used to cause us much trouble," said a dealer the other day. "The number of houses which cannot be rented or sold on account of being haunted or because some terrible crime was committed on the premises is rapidly decreasing. We run across only a few people who balk at living in house No. 13. Even elderly men who have made big