SOZODONT

Pretty Teeth in a Good Mouth

are like jewels well set. Our best men and women have made SOZODONT the Standard.

BEST FOR YOUR TEETH

ONE CENT A WORD

WANTED.

Wanted — Dishwasher at Center House.

Wanted—Barber at once; sober man; first-class. Dayton & Draper, Estherville, Iowa.

Wanted—Position on farm by reliable young man of farm experience. Address Farm Hand, care T.-R.

Wanted — Competent girl for general housework. Mrs. J. L. Carney, 605 West Main.

Wanted—At the Stoddart Hotel, a dining room girl and pastry cook.

Wanted—Persons to represent large commercial house; salary $21 weekly; expenses advanced. Colonial Company, 330 Dearborn street, Chicago.

Agents Wanted—Ladies or gentlemen. A quick seller. A household necessity. Good profits to agents. Address Reliable Distributing Company, Marshalltown, Iowa.

Wanted—At Curran college, on and after February 10, 1904, 25 ladies to learn cutting and fitting, dressmaking and ladies tailoring. Call or write, Curran College, 120 West Main street, Marshalltown, Iowa.

Wanted—The ladies of Marshalltown to attend this lecture. Edward Curran, of Chicago, and president of the American Gown Builders, will deliver a free lecture on the science of dressingmaking Tuesday evening, March 8, at 120 West Main street. No doubt but what it will be interesting and every dressmaker and lady who is interested in the art should make special efforts to be there.

FOR SALE.

For Sale—A sideboard and range, cheap. 401 East Main street.

For Sale—State Bank barber shop; cheap. A. M. Walters, Williams, Iowa.

For Sale or Rent — Eighty acres good land, two miles from Marshalltown. Also two houses and lots in good location. Address M. Y., care T.-R.

For Sale—365-acre farm in Emmet county, Iowa; will take 160-acre farm in exchange. Lon H. Boydston, 319 Fifth street, Des Moines, Iowa.

For Sale—Five-room cottage on Sharp street, Marshalltown, Iowa; will take Des Moines property in exchange. Lon H. Boydston, 319 Fifth street, Des Moines, Iowa.

For Sale—2,720-acre cattle or sheep ranch in Holt county, Nebraska, at a big bargain. Will take 160-acre farm in the deal. Lon H. Boydston, 319 Fifth street, Des Moines, Iowa.

For Sale—One perfectly gentle family driving mare; absolutely safe for any lady to drive. One team of fine driving mares; city broke. E. A. Turffree Music House, 109 East Main street.

For Sale—Horse; any lady can drive; city broke; draws a buggy in three-minute gait. A. Janney, 112 South Third street.

For Sale—A snap. A new 7 roomed residence in west part of city, furnace, electric lights. One vacant business lot, two vacant residence lots. Price $2,300. The residence ought to bring this price alone, but parties are going away from town and want to close out quick. Part cash, your own time on balance, if desired. Address "H 4" care of T.-R.

For Sale or Exchange—Good Red river valley, Minnesota lands. Can take good stock of merchandise and good town property in exchange. Can give good deal for good elevator property. Address the C. E. Stevens Land Company, Crookston, Minn.

For Sale—On easy terms, new and second-hand billiard and pool tables, bowling alleys, cigar store and bank fixtures at the Iowa branch of the Brunswick-Balke Collender Company's. Address T. D. McElroy, state agent, Marshalltown, Iowa.

FOR RENT.

For Rent—Nicely furnished double front room; furnace heat; bath; gentleman preferred. 107 North First street.

For Rent—Five sections of good farm land in eastern Colorado. One mile from school and railroad station. A snap for good farmer. Inquire of J. C. Mitchem, over postffice, Marshalltown, Iowa.

For Rent — Building formerly occupied by Spencer-Letts Coffee Company, North Second avenue, between Main and State. Spencer-Letts Coffee Co.

For Rent—Seven-room house, 211 North Second street. Marion Gard.

Wanted—Everybody to Know that the AMERICAN DISPATCH MESSENGER CO. Delivers Parcels and Packages.
Reliable Messengers Furnished. Prompt Service. Reasonable Charges. 'Phones, New 805; Old, 63.
J. F. CROSBY,
29 North First Ave. Manager.

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Fire, Tornado and Plate Glass Insurance. Fidelity Bonds.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Phones: New 400; Old 538.
28 W. Main Marshalltown, Ia.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
BEST FOR THE BOWELS
Druggists.
Genuine stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk
Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."

IOWA SOLDIERS' HOME

Full Report of Special Legislative Committee Which Visited That Institution

FOUND AN EXCELLENT SERVICE

Officials of the Institution, Are, However, Laboring Under Disadvantages From the Lack of Proper Equipment—Recommend Establishment of More Adequate Fire Escapes.

Special to Times-Republican.

Des Moines, March 4.—The following is the full report of the committee on visitation of the Soldiers' Home consisting of Captain S. H. Harper, of Ottumwa, member of the senate, and Joseph Mattes, of Odebolt, chairman of the appropriation committee, and E. D. Chassell, of LeMars, house member, which committee visited the Home with a view to deciding on its needs and reporting what is necessary for the next biennial period:

"We spent all day Saturday the 13th inst. making a thorough investigation of all the buildings and of the grounds. We directed to the various places of interest by Commandant Horton, and the services of the heads of the various departments were tendered us in explaining the needs of the various buildings. Where deemed advisable, this investigation was made without any of the officials of the Home present. We consulted with numerous patients in the hospital and inmates in the several wards and buildings. In every particular we desire to commend the excellent service which is being rendered the state by the officials of the institution. We found that in numerous instances they were laboring under disadvantages from lack of proper equipment, and because of the fact that the buildings and apparatus in many cases are sadly in need of repair, and need appropriations for reconstruction or renewal. The patients were found to be cheerful and they were apparently comfortable and well cared for.

"Main building—The porches on the main building are badly out of repair, the pillars and supports being rotted away so that it is necessary for temporary supports to be used. The committee recommends that these porches be renewed, and that flat roofs be made, and that stairways be arranged so that the roofs and stairs may be used as fire escapes. There are at present no fire escapes on the front of this large building and by this arrangement of the porches, further necessity for fire escapes would be obviated. The kitchen floor is decayed and temporarily patched up. It should be renewed. The ceiling is in bad condition in many of the rooms and should be renewed, as well as the side walls. Numerous other repairs of a minor nature are needed.

"Old men's building—This building was formerly the hospital, and much repair is needed on the walls and ceiling, as the plastering is cracked and loosened in many places. The porches need repairing or reconstructing, and fire escapes should be placed on the east and west sides, and an outside stairway from the front porch is recommended to be used as a fire escape.

"Old ladies' building — This building is in excellent condition. It has adequate fire escapes on the second and third stories. Should have a fire escape or stairway on the front of the building.

"Old people's building—This building is occupied by old soldiers and their wives, and is a model of neatness and convenience. The couples are each assigned a neatly furnished room, which has an alcove opening into it for a bedroom. These suites of rooms are arranged on both sides of the building, separated by a hall running from one end to the other, with access to the porch at each end. In the middle of the building a flight of stairs runs up to the second floor, and down to the basement which is used for a kitchen and dining room. A neat and pleasantly furnished parlor or reception room is located on the first floor near the stairway, conveniently accessible for all the residents of the building.

"Your committee was entertained at dinner with the inmates of this department and partook of the regular fare, which is supplied to the steady boarders. We found the food to be palatable, substantial and well served, and much better than that which is furnished at many of the ordinary hotels.

"The land on which the building stands gently declines to the west. In the basement in the east end are located the kitchen and dining room. The management of the institution consider that the practical place to build a wing or addition for the accommodation of further inmates would be on the north side of the east end. This will bring the inmates in the new wing convenient to the dining room. The condition of the land on which the wing would be constructed is such that a three story building will be accessible and convenient for the inmates. They can enter on the second floor at the other end of the main part of this building and not be obliged to climb two sets of stairs to reach the upper floor of the addition. Owing to the number of applications on file for admission to this building, your committee considers it extremely important that this wing be constructed, and would recommend an appropriation of $15,000 for that purpose."

Hospital—The hospital is a new building, and supplied with modern equipment. It is neat and clean, and comfortably arranged and heated. The size of the building makes it necessary to have more kitchen and dining room space, and your committee recommends that an appropriation be made to extend and enlarge the wing which is now used for those purposes.

Quartermaster's Building—The quartermaster's department is small and entirely inadequate for the needs of the institution. This is really a store of general merchandise for nearly a thousand people; and clothes, flour, groceries, hardware, utensils and other supplies are necessarily piled one upon another in an indiscriminate way, which makes it impossible to classify them or to handle them to advantage with the best economy. Your committee recommend an appropriation of $5,000 for an additional building for this purpose.

Barn—Your committee recommends an appropriation to build a barn to take the place of the one which was totally destroyed by fire recently. As there are only thirteen horses on the premises we think an appropriation of $3,000 will be ample for a barn and implement house.

Gate — The entrance to the fine grounds of this large institution is the wreck of an old wooden gate which was constructed fifteen or twenty years ago and is not at all in keeping with its surroundings. We recommend that the amount asked for the improvement of grounds be increased so that the appropriation will cover the construction of a proper gate.

In order to secure the erection of the quartermaster's building and the addition to the old people's building we have thought it wise not to recommend any appropriation for a green house, for the purchase of land, the improvement of the water supply or the construction of a new coal house.

Your committee want to emphasize the fact that the fire escapes on many of the buildings are entirely inadequate to permit the inmates, in their old and feeble condition, escaping in case of a serious fire. We recommend that this matter be carefully investigated and wherever it is necessary for the protection of the inmates that fire escapes be provided.

Your committee acknowledges its obligations to the commandant, Colonel Horton, Adjutant Warfel, Dr. H. P. Dutfield, Quartermaster Bennett and Chaplain Cole for many courtesies and for careful and patient explaination of the various departments of this institution. It is the judgment of the committee that all of these gentlemen are careful, painstaking and thoughtful workers in the interest and benefit of the inmates.

Your committee is of the opinion that the state owes a great deal to its patriotic defenders, and that it is now due and should be immediately paid by the best of attention. We therefore specially urge that these several appropriations be made so that the old soldiers and their wives may at once receive benefit therefrom. It is for this reason that we have increased the appropriation for several items which will add to the comfort and happiness of the inmates, rather than to invest in additional land which would undoubtedly be an excellent investment for the state and good for the institution, but is not absolutely necessary at the present time and would not materially increase the capacity of the institution, nor would it materially increase the comfort and pleasure of those who now enjoy its benefits. We therefore recommend appropriations as follows:

New kitchen and an addition to the dining room for the hospital and for additional equipment	$ 6,000
New barn, grain storage and implement house	3,000
New floors, furniture, furnishings and repairs and for fire escapes	12,000
Improvement of grounds and gate entrance	1,400
Operating room and equipment	1,500
Quartermaster's building	5,000
Wing to old people's building	15,000
Total	$43,900

Working Overtime.

Eight-hour laws are ignored by those tireless little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always at work, night and day, curing indigestion, biliousness, constipation, sick headache and all stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy, pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25 cents at McDonald & Mahood's drug store.

The Name Witch Hazel.

The name Witch Hazel is much abused. E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, are the inventors of the original and only genuine Witch Hazel Salve. A certain cure for cuts, burns, bruises, eczema, tetter, piles, etc. There are many counterfeits of this salve, some of which are dangerous, while they are all worthless. In buying Witch Hazel Salve see that the name E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, is on the box and a cure is certain. Sold by all druggists.

Foley's Honey and Tar

Cures coughs and colds.
Cures bronchitis and asthma.
Cures croup and whooping cough.
Cures hoarseness and bronchial troubles.
Cures pneumonia and la grippe.
B. A. Morgan.

Happy, Healthy Children.

Any child can take Little Early Risers with perfect safety. They are harmless, never gripe or sicken, and yet they are so certain in results that robust constitutions requiring drastic means are never disappointed. They can not fail to perform their mission and every one who uses DeWitt's Little Early Risers prefers them to all other pills. They cure biliousness. Sold by all druggists.

Dangers of Pneumonia.

A cold at this time if neglected is liable to cause pneumonia, which is so often fatal, and even when the patient has recovered the lungs are weakened, making them peculiarly susceptible to the development of consumption. Foley's Honey and Tar will stop the cough, heal and strengthen the lungs and prevent pneumonia. B. A. Morgan.

Colds Cause Pneumonia.

One of the most remarkable cases of a cold, deep-seated on the lungs, causing pneumonia, is that of Mrs. Gertrude E. Fenner, of Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. She says: "The coughing and straining so weakened me that I ran down in weight from 148 to ninety-two pounds. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I used One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened my lungs and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength." Sold by all druggists.

For eruptions, sores, pimples, kidney and liver troubles, constipation, indigestion, use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Carries new life to every part of the body. Thirty-five cents, tea or tablet form. McBride & Will Drug Company.

DISCUSS NAVAL BILL

Senator Hale Disposed to Criticize the Plans of the Naval Board

PROTECT OUR NEW POSSESSIONS

Hale Would Like to Get Ride of the Philippines However—Lodge Emphasizes the Need of a Good Navy to Protect Our Trade and Uphold the Monroe Doctrine.

Washington, March 4.—For almost four hours the senate while technically engaged on the naval appropriation bill discussed a wide range of subjects, including the policy of the United State in the Philippines and the Russo-Japanese war. The principal participants were Messrs. Hale, Bacon, Lodge, Depew, Patterson, Perkins and Money. Mr. Hale, in charge of the naval bill, criticized the plans of the naval board as tending to an establishment beyond the needs of the country.

Mr. Lodge, Mr. Depew and Mr. Perkins defended the naval officers. Mr. Lodge declared a large navy essential to the maintenance of peace. Mr. Money said he did not consider the total appropriation, $97,000,000 carried by the bill, as excessive under our present policy in the orient. He, however, criticized that policy, as did other democratic speakers.

The senate set aside the special order for the day, the consideration of Alaskan legislation, in order to permit the consideration of the naval appropriation bill. The reading of the committee amendments to the naval appropriation bill was begun, but before it had progressed very far, Mr. Gorman asked for a statement in explanation of the bill from Mr. Hale, in charge of the measure. He said that while the increase in the navy is the largest ever made, it must be understood that the proposed additions are only a part of a general scheme for improvements.

After a general talk regarding the naval rank of different powers, in which he classed the United States as third Mr. Hale spoke of the constant progress in warships, adding:

"In our navy there is talk of putting many of our vessels, such as the Oregon, Indiana and others of the same class, on the retired list."

"I hope they won't retire the Oregon," sair Mr. Stewart.

"Well, they ought not to," said Mr. Hale. "But she has not the stateroom facilities that meet the fancy of naval officers. She has the same number of 13-inch guns and the same fighting capacity. Nothing suits the navy officers except the largest battleships."

He expressed the opinion that the present war in the Orient would show that other vessels are more valuable than large battleships, but admited that no definite conclusions could be drawn until the smoke lifted.

Mr. Hale said he had no censure for the officers of the American navy, "but the naval officer is the naval officer pure and simple, and the American navy bounds his complete horizon. To him the navy is everything, and the naval board has run too much in the direction of enormous ships. In some respects the naval officers are like the farmer who wants to raise the biggest pumpkin. They don't want Great Britain or Germany to excel the United States."

The naval board program contemplated forty-eight battleships and twenty-four armored cruisers, and when that stage was reached an appropriation of $200,000,000 a year would be necessary for the navy. He thought it probable that the appropriation required next year would be $120,000,000. If, however, the scale should be kept down to the present rate of increase, the appropriation would not be increased. "We should," he said, "get along with $100,000,000 a year."

Defended Officers.

Mr. Perkins defended the officers of the navy, saying they were entitled to great credit.

Mr. Hale admitted that the American officer was a man of merit, but congress had its responsibilities and should know where the money was going. "I am," he said, "not to be deterred by criticisms of want of patriotism. I want a powerful navy; it is necessary on account of the conditions. We have got to have ships in the Philippines, for instance. It is different from what it is with Japan, who will do her fighting at home. In case of war we should have to spend hundreds of millions in the Philippines. But there is danger of going further than necessary."

Mr. Hale admitted that the last extensive additions to the navy had been made necessary by the acquisition of the Philippines and said that he for one would like to get rid of those islands. Still, so long as we have those islands we must protect them. Likewise, he said it now would be necessary to maintain a navy sufficient to protect the Panama canal.

Mr. Lodge spoke at some length on the need of a good navy to protect our trade and uphold the Monroe doctrine. He did not believe the torpedo boat would supersede the battleship and said that in our war with Spain the torpedo vessel had been a complete failure. There had been one very successful attack by the Japanese torpedo boats, but this was due largely to the poor gunnery of the Russians and the darkness.

Mr. Money said that if we were to persist in our policy of subjugation we could find necessary a greater navy than the people were willing to support. Mr. Money spoke of the progress of the Japanese and quoted a high authority predicting that in a few months the Russian fleet would be overcome. Then would soon follow the success of Japan on land. They would secure Korea and possibly a part of Manchuria. Next they would go to the Philippines. It was not the European nations that we were to fear in the orient.

The Gentleman From Indiana

By BOOTH TARKINGTON

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CHAPTER II.

THE Briscoe buckboard rattled along the elastic country road, the roans setting a sharp pace as they turned eastward on the pike toward home.

"They'll make the eight miles in three-quarters of an hour," said Judge Briscoe proudly. He turned from his daughter at his side to Miss Sherwood, who sat with Mr. Fisbee behind them, and pointed ahead with his whip. "Just beyond that bend we pass through Six Crossroads."

Miss Sherwood leaned forward eagerly. "What did you mean last night after the lecture," she said to Fisbee, "when you asked Mr. Martin who was to be with Mr. Harkless?"

"Who was watching him," he answered.

"Watching him? I don't understand."

"Yes; they have shot at him from the woods at night, and"—

"But who watches him?"

"The young men of the town. He has a habit of taking long walks after dark, and he is heedless of all remonstrance, so the young men have organized a guard for him, and every evening one of them follows him until he goes to the office to work for the night. It is a different young man each night, and the watcher follows at a distance, so that he does not suspect."

"But how many people know of this arrangement?"

"Nearly every one in the county except the Crossroads people, though it is not improbable that they have discovered it."

"And has no one told him?"

"No; he would not allow it to continue. He will not even arm himself."

"They follow and watch him night after night, and every one knows and no one tells him? Oh, I must say," cried the girl, "I think these are good people!"

The buckboard turned the bend in the road, and they entered a squalid settlement built raggedly about a blacksmith shop and a saloon. "I'd hate to have a breakdown here," Briscoe remarked quietly.

Half a dozen shanties clustered near the forge, a few roofs scattered through the shiftlessly cultivated fields, four or five barns propped by fence rails, some sheds with gaping apertures through which the light glanced from side to side, a squad of thin razorback hogs, now and then worried by gaunt hounds, and some abused looking hens groping about disconsolately in the mire, a broken topped buggy with a twisted wheel, settling into the mud of the middle of the road (there was always abundant mud here in the driest summer); a dim face sneering from a broken window—Six Crossroads was forbidding and forlorn enough by day. The thought of what might issue from it by night was unpleasant, and the legends of the Crossroads, together with an unshapen threat easily fancied in the atmosphere of the place, made Miss Sherwood shiver as though a cold draft had crossed her.

"It is so sinister!" she exclaimed. "And so unspeakably mean! This is where they live, the people that hate him, is it? The White Caps?"

"They call themselves that," replied Briscoe. "Usually White Caps are a vigilance committee in a region where the law isn't enforced. These fellows aren't that kind. They got together to wipe out grudges, and sometimes didn't need any grudge—just made their raids for pure devilment. There's a feud between us and them that goes back into pioneer days, and only a few of us old folks know much about it."

"And he was the first to try to stop them?"

"Well, you see, our folks are pretty long suffering," said Briscoe apologetically. "We'd sort of got used to the meanness of the Crossroads. It took a stranger to stir things up, and he did. He sent eight of them to the penitentiary, some for twenty years."

As they passed the saloon a man stepped into the doorway and looked at them. He was coatless and clad in garments worn to the color of dust. His bare head was curiously malformed, higher on one side than on the other, and though the buckboard passed rapidly and at a distance this singular lopsidedness was plainly visible to the occupants, lending an ugly significance to his meager, yellow face. He was tall, lean, hard, powerfully built. He eyed the strangers with affected languor and then, when they had gone by, broke into sudden loud laughter.

"That was Bob Skillett, the worst of the lot," said the judge. "Harkless sent his son and one brother to prison, and it nearly broke his heart that he couldn't swear to Bob."

When they were beyond the village and in the open road again Miss Sherwood took a deep breath. "I think I breathe more freely. That was a hideous laugh he sent after us."

The judge glanced at his guest's face and chuckled. "I guess we won't frighten you much," he said. "Young lady, I don't believe you'd be afraid of many things, would you? You don't look like it. Besides, the Crossroads isn't Plattville, and the White Caps have been too scared to do anything much except try to get even with the Herald for the last two years—ever since it went for them. They're laying for Harkless partly for revenge and partly because they daren't do anything until he's out of the way."

The girl gave a low cry with a sharp intake of breath. "Ah, one grows tired of this everlasting American patience! Why don't the Plattville people do something before they"—

"It's just as I say," Briscoe answered. "Our folks are sort of used to them. I expect we do about all we can. The boys look after him nights, but the main trouble is that we can't make him understand he ought to be more afraid of them. If he'd lived here all his life he would be. If they get him there'll be trouble of an illegal nature." He broke off suddenly and nodded to a little old man in a buckboard turning off from the road into a farm lane which led up to a trim cottage with a honeysuckle vine by the door. "That's Mrs. Wimby's husband," said the judge in an undertone.

Miss Sherwood observed that Mrs. Wimby's husband was remarkable for the exceeding plaintiveness of his expression. He was a weazened, blank, pale eyed little man, with a thin white mist of neck whisker, and he was dressed in clothes much too large for him. No more inoffensive figure than this feeble little old man could be imagined, yet his was the distinction of having received a hostile visit from his neighbors of the Crossroads. A vagabonding tinker, he had married the one respectable person of the section, a widow, who had refused several gentlemen at the Crossroads, and so complete was the bridegroom's insignificance that to all the world his own name was lost. The bride continued to be known by her former name as "Mrs. Wimby," and her spouse was usually called "Widder Woman Wimby's husband" or "Mr. Wimby." The bride supplied his wardrobe with the garments of her former husband, and, alleging this proceeding as the cause of their anger, the White Caps broke into the farmhouse one night, tore the old man from his bed and before his wife's eyes lashed him with sapling shoots till he was near to death. A little yellow cur that had followed his master on his wanderings was found licking the old man's wounds, and they deluged the dog with kerosene and then threw the poor animal upon a bonfire they had made and danced around in heartiest enjoyment.

The man recovered, but that was no palliation of the offense to the mind of a hot eyed young man from the east who was besieging the county authorities for redress and writing brimstone and saltpeter for his paper. The powers of the county proving either lackadaisical or timorous, he appealed to those of the state, and he went every night to sleep at a farmhouse the owner of which had received a warning from the White Caps, and one night it befell that he was rewarded, for the raiders attempted an entrance. He and the farmer and the farmer's sons beat off the marauders and did a satisfactory amount of damage in return. Two of the White Caps they captured and bound, and others they recognized. Then the state authorities hearkened to the voice of the Herald and its owner. There were arrests, and in the course of time there was a trial. Every prisoner proved an alibi—could have proved a dozen—but the editor of the Herald, after virtually conducting the prosecution, went upon the stand and swore to man after man. Eight men went to the penitentiary on his evidence, five of them for twenty years. The Plattville brass band serenaded the editor of the Herald again.

There were no more raids, and the Six Crossroads men who were left kept to their hovels, appalled and shaken, but as time went by and left them unmolested they recovered a measure of their hardiness and began to think on what they should do to the man who had brought misfortune and terror upon them. For a long time he had been publishing their threatening letters and warnings in a column which he headed "Humor of the Day."

When the Briscoe buckboard had left the Crossroads far behind and had come in sight of Plattville Mr. Briscoe's visitor turned to Fisbee with a repetition of the skiver that the laughter of Mr. Skillett had caused her and said half under her breath, "I wish—I half wish—that we had not driven through there." She clasped Mr. Fisbee's hand gently. His eyes shone. He touched her fingers with a strange, shy reverence.

"You will meet him tomorrow," he said softly.

She laughed and pressed his hand. "I'm afraid not. I was almost at his side last night when Minnie asked him to call on me. He wasn't even interested enough to look at me."

(To be Continued.)

Raw or Inflamed Lungs

Yield quickly to the wonderful curative and healing qualities of Foley's Honey and Tar. It prevents pneumonia and consumption from a hard cold settled on the lungs. B. A. Morgan.

KEEP YOUR HEAD UNCOVERED.

The Constant Wearing of a Hat Propogates Dandruff Germs.

There are many men who wear their hats practically all the time when awake, and are blessed with a heavy shock of hair; yet if the scalps of these same men once became infested with dandruff germs, the parasites would multiply all the quicker for lack of air. Baldness would ensue as the final result. Newbro's Herpicide kills these germs and stimulates unhealthy hair to abundant growth. Herpicide is a pleasant hair dressing as well as a dandruff cure and contains not an atom of injurious substance. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

McBride & Will Drug Co., special agents.

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg; but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in five days. For ulcers, wounds and piles it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents. Sold by McDonald & Mahood, druggists.

A Severe Cold for Three Months.

The following letter from A. J. Nusbaum, of Batesville, Ind., tells its own story: "I suffered for three months with a severe cold. A druggist prepared me some medicine, and a physician prescribed for me, yet I did not improve. I then tried Foley's Honey and Tar, and eight doses cured me." Refuse substitutes. B. A. Morgan.

EATS AFTER MANY YEARS

The History of How a Bad Stomach Trouble Was Quickly and Permanently Cured.

I wish that everyone suffering any feeling of distress after eating, no matter how slight, would stop to consider how very serious their condition is.

I really do not know of any one thing that causes so much trouble as impaired digestion. I have found that in ninety per cent of the thousands of patients that have come to me for treatment, their troubles originate in impaired digestion. There is nothing to do but to make the stomach strong and well, enable it to act as it should, and the result is that in a very short time the man and woman who are not only suffering agony from everything they eat, but who are losing flesh and sleep, and who find life unbearable, will become strong and happy.

The minute the stomach is out of order all of the other organs of the body become deranged in sympathy, so that pains and aches of every description are experienced.

My Dr. Kay's Renovator I have proved to be absolutely the most wonderful preparation in the world for the cure of all stomach troubles, and the hundreds of ills that are their outcome.

Following is a letter of interest on this subject. It is written by Sarah I. Owen of Smithville, Mo., and reads as follows:

"I have had a very bad stomach trouble for ten or twelve years, with a very severe colic almost every night, which caused indescribable suffering. I have taken four 25-cent boxes of Dr. Kay's Renovator and one $1.00 size, and have had no return of the pain for four weeks. I can now eat things that I have not dared to touch for ten years."

This is the experience I continually have with my patients, and it is why I so emphatically and unhesitatingly prescribe my Dr. Kay's Renovator as a general tonic, builder up, stomach regulator, and a cure for all kidney and liver diseases.

As I have said before any stomach trouble is dangerous. If neglected it will result in ulcers and these ulcers covering the delicate mucous membrane of this important organ, create the greatest havoc. Not only do they act disastrously on the patient, but there is always danger of one of these striking a blood vessel, thus causing a hemorrhage, in which event the patient is liable to fall dead with only a few minutes warning.

If you are suffering with indigestion, I would recommend that you go at once to the nearest druggist and procure a box of Dr. Kay's Renovator. If your druggist does not have it write me in person, and while writing, describe fully your symptoms. Perhaps I may deem it best to give you some special advice besides sending you the Renovator. This special advice you are entitled to free of charge, and if any patient who is sceptical would like to have a sample of the Renovator before buying, either 25-cent or a 50-cent package of it, I will gladly send same also free. Remember that all letters addressed to Dr. B. J. Kay, c-o Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Company, 24 Clinton St., Saratoga Springs, N. Y., will receive my most careful attention and be considered by me as sacredly confidential.

A FATAL MISTAKE.

Is Often Made by the Wisest of Marshalltown People.

It's a fatal mistake to neglect backache.

Backache is the first symptom of kidney ills.

Serious complications follow.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure them promptly.

Don't delay until too late

Until it becomes diabetes—Bright's disease.

Read what a Marshalltown citizen says:

R. H. Deacon, of 403 North Third street, says: "Doan's Kidney Pills did me a world of good. I had a good deal of pain thru my kidneys commonly called backache. The secretions from these organs were excessive. Knowing the danger of neglect of kidney difficulties I procured a box of Doan's Kidney Pills at McBride & Will's drug store. Their use soon relieved the pains in my back, the kidney secretions became normal and in a short time I was cured."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

Gifts Gifts Gifts

Purchase an Eastman Kodak for a present. A nice line of Fancy Calanders, very appropriate for a remembrance of all this year.
We can furnish souvenir pictures of Marshalltown's Public Buildings and other places.
Complete line of Ameteur Photographic Supplies and Professional paper and plates.

THE FISHER GOVERNOR CO
201 South First ave. and 126 West Main
SIZER & HOAG BR.

Prevent Disease

BY USING

Germaline

The Ideal Disinfecant and Germ Destroyer

One bottle of Germaline makes 16 gallon household disinfectant—for closets, sinks, sick rooms, etc.
It destroys insects and keeps flies off animals.
THE BEST THING FOR FLEAS ON DOGS, CATS, ETC
PRICE 50 CENS PER BOTTLE

McBRIDE & WILL DRUG CO

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

IOWA CENTRAL RAILWAY.
Time Table at Marshalltown, Corrected Feb. 1, 1904.

GOING NORTH

Arrive	Depart
8:58 a m, No. 1, St. Paul Mail,	9:30 a m
12:53 a m No. 5, St. Paul Ex.	12:59 a m
4:55 p m No. 3 Mason C'y M'l	5:30 p m
No. 41, Local Freight	6:45 a m

GOING SOUTH

5:55 p m, St. L & K C Mail	6:15 p m
2:55 a m, No. 6, Peoria Ex.,	3:00 a m
8:45 a m, No. 4, Peoria Mail,	9:15 a m
No. 42, Local Freight	6:50 a m

Nos. 1, 2, 5 and 6 daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Story City Branch.

FROM STORY CITY.

4:55 p m	No. 26, Mail
11:00 a m,	No. 54, Stock Express
1:45 p m	No. 56, Mixed

TO STORY CITY

No. 27, Mail	11:40 a m
No. 55, Way Freight	6:25 a m
No. 57, Mixed	6:10 p m

All trains on Story City Branch daily except Sunday.

J. N. TITTEMORE, Traffic Manager; A. B. CUTTS G. P. & T. A. —Minneapolis.

C. M. & St. P. RAILWAY COMPANY.
Time Card at Pickering.

WEST BOUND.

No. 1, Overland Limited, electric lighted	1:38 a m
No. 3, California Express	8:23 a m
No. 5, Pacific Express	5:09 p m
No. 91, Local Freight	11:15 a m

EAST BOUND.

No. 6, Eastern Express	12:12 a m
No. 4, Atlantic Express	2:03 p m
No. 92, Local Freight	1:40 p m

E. M. STABLEIN, Agent.

Madison, Wis.—Patrick Flaherty, charged with robbing the Superior postoffice, broke jail here by sawing the bars of his cell. Charles Dennis, his alleged accomplice is still in confinement.

C. & N. W. RAILWAY.

GOING WEST.

No. 1, Overland Limited	3:10 a m
No. 3, Pacific Epress	8:35 a m
No. 5, Colorado & Oregon Ex.	6:52 a m
No. 13 Chicago & Des M's Ex.	5:00 p m
No. 11, Colorado Special	5:28 p m
No. 15, Fast Mail	9:10 a m
No. 25 Dakota Express	1:28 a m
No. 43, Freight	11:00 a m

GOING EAST.

No. 2, Overland Limited	1:40 a m
No. 4, Portland Special	2:04 p m
No. 6, Chicago Limited	11:35 p m
No. 8, Atlantic Express	7:30 p m
No. 12, Chicago Special	9:05 a m
No. 14, Chicago Express	9:25 a m
No. 16, Sioux Cy & Omaha Ex.	1:17 a m
No. 42, Freight	12:45 p m

Nos. 13, 14, 42 and 43, daily except Sunday.

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RY.
Maple Leaf Route.

Effective 12:01 p. m. June 28, 1903.

TRAINS SOUTH.

No. 1, D. M. & K. C. Limited,	4:45 a m
No. 5, D. M., St. J. & K. C. Ex.	9:30 a m
No. 9, Southwestern Express,	7:05 p m
No. 7, Des Moines Express	4:30 p m

TRAINS NORTH & EAST.

No. 6, Twin City & Chi. Spec.,	4:09 a m
No. 4, St. Paul & Chi. Ex.	10:30 a m
No. 2, Twin Cy. & Chi. L't'd.,	10:55 p m
No. 8, Oelwein Express	7:10 p m

All trains daily, except Nos. 7 and 8.

JAS. A. ELLIS. Agent, Marshalltown.
J. P. ELMER, G. P. A., Chicago.

TIME CARD ELECTRIC STREET RAILWAY

Leave Depot for				Cars Leave			
Soldiers Home		Cemetery		Soldiers Home		Cemetery	
A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
6 04	2 04	6 16	2 16	6 20	2 20	6 35	2 35
6 28	2 28	6 40	2 40	6 44	2 44	6 59	2 59
6 52	2 52	7 04	3 04	7 08	3 08	7 23	3 23
7 16	3 16	7 28	3 28	7 32	3 32	7 47	3 47
7 40	3 40	7 52	3 52	7 56	3 56	8 11	4 11
8 04	4 04	8 16	4 16	8 20	4 20	8 35	4 35
8 28	4 28	8 40	4 40	8 44	4 44	8 59	4 59
8 52	4 52	9 04	5 04	9 08	5 08	9 23	5 23
9 16	5 16	9 28	5 28	9 32	5 32	9 47	5 47
9 40	5 40	9 52	5 52	9 56	5 56	10 11	6 11
10 04	6 04	10 16	6 16	10 20	6 20	10 35	6 35
10 28	6 28	10 40	6 40	10 44	6 44	10 59	6 59
10 52	6 52	11 04	7 04	11 08	7 08	11 23	7 23
11 16	7 16	11 28	7 28	11 32	7 32	11 47	7 43
11 40	7 40	11 52	7 52	11 56	7 56	P.M.	8 11
P. M.	8 04	P.M.	8 16	P.M.	8 20	12 11	8 35
12 04	8 28	12 16	8 40	12 20	8 44	12 35	8 59
12 28	8 52	12 40	9 02	12 44	9 08	12 59	9 23
12 52	9 16	1 04