

## JAPANESE ARMIES IN REAR OF THE RUSSIANS

### New Move on Part of Mikado's Troops May Result in an Important Engagement

### FIGHT IMMINENT AT HAI CHENG

The Japanese are entrenched six miles from Tatchekiao and several skirmishes have taken place—General Rennenkampf wounded, but not seriously—Port Arthur situation.

### BULLETIN.

Tatchekiao, July 15.—The Japanese have withdrawn from the west side of the railroad and are massing their armies on the Russian rear.

A reconnaissance in force carried out by the Russian cavalry and artillery yesterday, and today, almost as far south as Kai Choo, failed to disclose the Japanese. A diversion is expected from Ta pass. It is possible that some of the Japanese forces have been drawn off to Port Arthur to replace the terrible losses of July 10.

### BULLETIN.

Liao Yeng, July 15.—Fighting is imminent at Tatchekiao and Hai Cheng. The Japanese are entrenched six miles from Tatchekiao. Much skirmishing is taking place. It is rumored that the Japanese column has appeared on the Mukden road. Troops are constantly arriving here.

### BULLETIN.

St. Petersburg, July 15.—General Rennenkampf was wounded, not seriously, in a skirmish near Salmatsza. No news from Port Arthur.

### BULLETIN.

Mukden, July 14.—(Delayed)—In fighting on the right flank line of the defenses of Port Arthur, July 3 to 6, the Russians drove back the Japanese and occupied the east bank of Lun-suntan and the heights commanding Lun-suntan pass. The Japanese losses were about 2,000. The Russian losses were insignificant.

### BULLETIN.

Mukden, July 15.—While the Japanese appear to be turning the Russian line in great numbers the belief now as to the movement is purely demonstrative.

### BULLETIN.

St. Petersburg, July 15.—It is possible the fourth ship of the Vladivostok squadron, now off the Japanese coast, is the cruiser Bogatyr, as the vessel's repairs were known some time ago to have been nearly completed. A private letter from Vladivostok, dated June 25, gives the first authentic account of the mishap to the Bogatyr. It appears the cruiser pursued a Japanese cruiser in the fog. The fog was so thick that the captain of the Bogatyr caused his protest against attempting to navigate the Bogatyr to be entered in the log book, but Rear Admiral Jensen insisted on proceeding. A few minutes afterward the vessel struck the rocks. Mines were immediately placed around the cruiser as a protection against the Japanese, and it required a week for the other Russian cruisers to haul the Bogatyr off.

The army organ believes it is scarcely possible that General Oku will advance until the Takushan column reaches Tanchi and points out that Oku to cover twenty miles, arguing his slowness may be due to hesitation as to where to deliver a blow and possibly his intention is again to devote his chief energies to Port Arthur.

### RUSSIAN OFFICERS AT OUTS.

Friction between Kuropatkin and Alexieff is great.

Berlin, July 15.—A dispatch to Lokal Anzeiger from New Chwang, dated July 11, describes the friction between General Kuropatkin and Viceroy Alexieff.

The correspondent says Alexieff continually disturbs military matters by assuming kingly airs, reverses Kuropatkin's orders, arrogating powers as the emperor's direct representative. When troops arrive at Mukden Alexieff holds inspections and parades, displaying the soldiers' arrival at the front. The correspondent says the officers of the corps were almost ready to mutiny on one occasion, and believes this state of things will lead to loss of more battles unless Alexieff is recalled.

### RUSSIA GETS SUBMARINES.

One of the Fulton Type Has Already Reached Cronstadt.

Paris, July 15.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Petit Parisien, telegraphs that an American submarine boat, "The latest model of the Fulton type," arrived recently at Cronstadt, and adds that an American crew is about to reach Cronstadt and instruct the Russian crew. Three other American submarines ordered through an intermediary, will reach Cronstadt shortly.

### Will Raise the Maine.

Chicago, July 15.—Joseph Dewey, of Havana, Cuba, is at a hotel

here. He says he has been awarded the contract for raising the battle ship Maine. He denies the work is to be performed by a New Orleans contractor.

### FREIGHT CREW IS BLAMED.

Said to be Responsible for the Excursion Train Accident.

Chicago, July 15.—Gross violation of one of the most binding rules provided for the safe operation of railroad trains is considered to be directly responsible for the fatal wreck on the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad at Glenwood, Ill., on Wednesday night.

Officials of the railroad company have investigated the circumstances leading up to the disaster, in which sixteen persons were killed and eighty-five others maimed and bruised. The railroad officials place the blame for the horrible catastrophe on the crew of the coal train into which the excursion train crashed, and they make no effort to defend the negligence of their employees.

The official investigation has been begun under the personal direction of Coroner John E. Traeger and a jury of six men, upon whom will devolve the duty of fixing the responsibility for the disaster. For this purpose the coroner's jury will begin hearing evidence next Thursday, and until called before this body of men the members of the crew of the coal train will be detained by the railroad officials, who have promised to produce them at the inquest.

### BURIED ALIVE; LIVES

Cave In of a Sewer Trench at Eldora Completely Buries Ernest Cunningham—Was Under Ground Twenty Minutes, But Is Rescued and Resuscitated.

Special to Times-Republican.

Eldora, July 15.—Ernest Cunningham, aged 28 years, was buried alive in a sewer trench, which he was digging at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Although the trench was eight feet deep and Cunningham was completely buried and remained for fully twenty minutes he is still alive, and the doctors say he will recover. The accident occurred on Main street and created great excitement. Cunningham was in the bottom of the trench when the earth suddenly gave way and he was crushed down under the immense weight of earth. His fellow workmen saw the accident and immediately gave the alarm and the work of rescue was begun. Although the men worked with frantic haste to uncover their comrade, it was more than fifteen minutes before his head was uncovered, and not one of the big crowd that had been attracted to the spot expected that he would be alive when found. When found the man was unconscious and apparently lifeless. He was lifted from the trench as quickly as possible and physicians who had been summoned to be in readiness immediately began the work of resuscitation. Artificial respiration and stimulants were resorted to and in a few moments Cunningham began to breathe. He was immediately taken to his home, and will probably be all right in a few days, unless he has been injured internally, which is not probable. He is the son of a widow and her only means of support.

### MURDER IN IOWA

George Gilson, of Council Bluffs, Shot While in a Street Car—Cause of Shooting Was Apparently of Most Trivial Kind—Gilson Will Die.

Special to Times-Republican.

Council Bluffs, July 15.—While returning on a motor car on the Eagle's jubilee about 11:45 last night, George Gilson was shot in the abdomen by an unknown negro, who escaped after inflicting a wound which is likely to prove fatal. Gilson was taken from the car and left at the Northwestern restaurant at Broadway and Eleventh streets, where he lay for an hour before assistance arrived. Dr. Treynor attended him, and after a hurried examination pronounced the case critical and ordered his removal to the hospital.

### Platt Confers With Roosevelt.

Oyster Bay, July 15.—Senator Platt, of New York, today had a conference with President Roosevelt regarding the outlook for political affairs.

The president is seeking the counsel and advice of republican leaders throughout the country, of men in whose political sagacity and wisdom he has confidence. Some of these men he sees personally, if a conference can be arranged without too great an inconvenience, but with many he exchanges views by correspondence. His personal mail, aside from purely official business, is very heavy, and he devotes much time to it each day. Through Secretary Loeb, the president is in receipt of a telegram from D. J. Davis, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., one of the officials of the United Mine Workers, saying it will be impossible for the miners' committee to come to Oyster Bay until early next week.

### Funeral of Mayor Jones.

Toledo, July 15.—The funeral of Samuel M. Jones, former mayor, this afternoon, was the largest ever held here. The body was viewed by 100,000 people. Business was suspended.

### Darley Dale Won.

London, July 15.—Darley Dale, ridden by Maher, won the eclipse stakes 10,000 sovereigns today.

### Chinese Emperor Not Ill.

Peking, July 15.—The report that the emperor of China is seriously ill of dysentery is not confirmed.

Broadway before the car slowed down for the crossing. The wounded man was brought to the Northwestern restaurant, where he was cared for until the arrival of assistance.

The two negroes ran rapidly south and escaped. The one who did the shooting was tall and slightly built. The wounded man's home is at Little Rock, Ark. He has been in Council Bluffs for the last six months working as a machinist at the Great Western round house, but was recently laid off. He is about 30 years old. An effort was made to learn where he had resided since coming to Council Bluffs but he was too weak to reply.

### HAY TO GET THE CROSS.

French Decoration of the Legion of Honor to Be Conferred on the Secretary.

Paris, July 15.—The most important announcement of the forthcoming list of decorations following the French national holiday will be that of President Loubet conferring the grand cross of the Legion of Honor upon Secretary of Foreign Minister Dulac's high regard for Mr. Hay's conduct of foreign affairs.

### HAY ACCEPTS HONOR.

Washington, July 15.—Secretary Hay was notified yesterday of the honor conferred by the French government and announced his acceptance with the approval of congress.

### TO REST IN THE TRANSVAAL.

Permission Granted Kruger's Relatives to Bury Him There.

London, July 15.—At a meeting of the privy council today at Buckingham palace, which King Edward presided over, the request of the relatives of the late President Kruger for interment of the remains in the Transvaal was considered and permission granted.

### Kruger Condolences.

Clarens, Switzerland, July 15.—Telegrams of condolence with the relatives of Kruger continue to arrive from all parts of the world. Former President of Orange Free State, Mr. Steyn, was among those who sent early messages.

### CORN DOING WELL.

Report From Shelby County Says That Growth is Rapid.

Havran, July 15.—Under the influence of very warm weather the past few days, corn in Shelby county has grown at a rapid and encouraging rate. Farmers have been obliged to make haste in laying some fields by, owing to the state of the stalks. Haymaking has been in progress for some time, but the frequent rains have retarded work and have injured much of the clover hay greatly. This injured product will, however, be fed for cattle. Not for years has the vegetable gardens done so well. The soil seems to be in superb condition for the growth of potatoes, cucumbers, etc., and the rains have proved most beneficial to such things.

### MAILS AND MODESTY

Judge Parker's Mail Heaviest in Rosemont's History—Modest Judge Hides His Blushes From Prying Eyes That Peek at Him While Bathing.

Esopus, N. Y., July 15.—The heaviest mail in the history of Rosemont came for Judge Parker today, and an enormous number of letters went out. Judge Parker allows nothing unimportant to interfere with his morning swim in the Hudson. Passengers on steamers try to see the candidate diving, but he always retires to the boat house until the steamer has gone.

### GEN. MILES FOR PARKER.

Writes Democratic Candidate a Letter of Congratulation.

Esopus, July 15.—Judge Parker received a letter from General Miles, dated at St. Louis, July 10, which was in part as follows: "At a time when a material crisis is pending, when democratic institutions are in peril, when great evils should be eradicated, and when important political questions must be decided, it fornicate the democratic party has given the country a candidate for president in whom the great council of representative men have great confidence, and we have the best reasons for believing that confidence will be confirmed by the intelligent, patriotic people of the country."

### St. Paul, July 15.—Several hundred strikers today refused to let the office force and other employees into Swift's plant in South St. Paul. The sheriff was appealed to and took twenty-five men to the plant and were admitted, but the mayor and party were refused admittance. It is expected that the governor will be asked to send troops.

### St. Joseph, Mo., July 15.—All three of the packing plants are in operation today with non-union men.

### New York, July 15.—The price of beef continued to advance today, and provisions were also affected.

### Janesville, Wis., July 15.—Agents for packers are offering \$5 a day and board to local butchers to help break the strike.

### Omaha, July 15.—Little slaughtering was done in South Omaha today, and but few men are at work.

### Sioux City, July 15.—The Cudahy Packing Company is killing on a small scale today. The strikers are firm.

### St. Louis, July 15.—Prices of fresh meat continued to advance today. Packers are operating on a small scale on the east side.

### OMAHA HOPES FOR PEACE.

Both Strikers and Employers Desire Arbitration.

Omaha, Neb., July 15.—The hope uppermost in the minds of both packers and strikers was that the negotiations pending in Chicago looking to a settlement by arbitration of the strike of packing house employes throughout the country would reach a successful conclusion. While some slaughtering was being done at all of the South Omaha plants, it was mostly of stock left in the pens when the strike began. Very little live stock was bought by packers yesterday. About 250 men were employed at the four plants, mostly unskilled labor and office men. All the managers, however, stated that new men would be given employment where applications were made, although no great effort would be made for the present to bring men in from the outside.

### The strikers conducted themselves generally in an orderly manner, most of them remaining at their homes. About 250 pickets were on duty at the entrances to the yards and packing

## STRIKERS WILL NOT ARBITRATE

Reply Handed to Letter of Packers Rejecting Arbitration on Terms Suggested

### NON-UNION MEN ARE AT WORK

Four Thousand New Men Put to Work in the Chicago Packing Houses Today—Another Conference Has Been Arranged For Between the Strikers and Packers.

Chicago, July 15.—The striking meat cutters and butcher workmen this afternoon refused to submit their differences to arbitration on the packers' terms formulated at the joint conference yesterday. A reply to the letter of the packers renews the demand for reinstatement of all striking members of the unions involved and for a wage scale equaling that in the agreement which expired May 28th. Nevertheless the packers consented to again meet the labor leaders this afternoon.

President Donnelly today declared the proposal made yesterday by the packers at the close of the joint conference couldn't be accepted by the unions involved in the packing house strike and added that another communication would be submitted to the packers, but would not indicate what changes might be made in the demands which were rejected.

A thousand more non-union men were imported into the yards this morning and are now at work. Every plant killed extensively. There was no interference or rioting.

While the strike leaders were conferring activity in the big packing establishments increased. The output has assumed proportions which the packers declare highly satisfactory.

Louis F. Swift said the packers were not worrying about the settlement. At Arnour's it was said more work was being done there than any day since the strike. Nelson Morris also declared they were working in all departments.

At the Hammond plants hog killing began today, the first time since the strike began. It was reported that many companies have arranged to have killing and dressing done by plants in the east.

The strikers declared they knew for a certainty if the peace proceedings failed today, every man in the allied trades still at work in the yards would walk out.

Later strike pickets along Halsted street in the neighborhood of the stock yards caused a disturbance, but were dispersed by the police.

The scarcity of fresh pork was the chief feature of the meat market here. Many wagons left the yards loaded with fresh meat without interference.

Kansas City, July 15.—Five packing houses operated the killing and butchering departments on a limited scale today. A number of new men were at work at each plant. Retail prices of meat in the packing house district were advanced 1 to 2 cents a pound.

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The strikers conducted themselves generally in an orderly manner, most of them remaining at their homes. About 250 pickets were on duty at the entrances to the yards and packing

houses and turned back a few men who sought employment. The strike leaders also appointed one hundred men to maintain order in the ranks of the strikers and gave strict orders against violence and drinking to excess.

A large number of car repairers, who struck Wednesday in sympathy with the union returned to work yesterday. A large number of railroad men and others are beginning to feel the result of the strike. Several train crews were laid off yesterday. Merchants and retail dealers are also affected.

Twenty cars of stock were received at the South Omaha stock yards yesterday mostly hogs. All the packing houses were slaughtering cattle and two of them killed hogs. While the packers are hiring all men who apply for work, these cars taking no particular effort to bring men in from the outside. At the Cudahy plant it was stated that the Associated Press that there was a large number of men ready to go to work but were prevented from entering the packing house district by pickets who were maliciously stationed at every entrance and turned back men who attempted to enter the yards.

Confidence was generally expressed that the negotiations for arbitration in Chicago would prove successful, and that the strike would not be of long duration. There was no important advance in prices yesterday.

### FIRED ON THE STRIKERS.

Rioting on Chicago Streets as a Result of the Strike.

Chicago, July 15.—Rioting and bloodshed signaled the progress of the packing house strike last night.

While the packers and the strike leaders were ending a downtown walkout in which they had failed to reach a basis of settlement, hundreds of workmen and their sympathizers gathered in Paulina and Forty-fifth streets near the New City police station.

When the police attempted to arrest a rioter, the mob assailed them with stones and sticks. An answering volley of bullets was fired by the patrolmen and one of the strikers was shot. Three policemen also were wounded, while several other rioters were injured.

For a time thereafter the police station was in a state of siege. Later the police authorities decided to close all Ashland avenue saloons today in the district between Thirty-ninth and Forty-seventh streets.

A riot toll was sent in and several loads of police responded from the Englewood, Thirty-fifth street and stockyards stations. The augmented force dispersed the crowd and went back until the saloon in which it was reached. Peter Maslein was pursued by a direct fire from Sergeant Finn and four men, who broke down the doors and took him at the point of a revolver.

The policemen at the saloon arrested the proprietor and eight other men. They are: Stephen Deshald, 4512 Wood street; the man who with Maslein started the trouble; Joseph Mathas, 4518 Paulina street; Anton Wylak, 4512 Paulina street; Tony Bounce, Anton Matesek, Andrew Katoski, Mike Zakabiel, and Tony Ezreski.

The six patrol wagons which brought the reinforcements to the besieged police station were followed by a party of police who were left for the stockyards station with the prisoners. Later the rioters quieted and dispersed.

Progress at Conference.

While the conference between the packers and the strikers adjourned last night without effecting a settlement, efforts to this end will be continued today. A proposition of the employers submitted at the close of the session will be rejected by the strikers.

Renewed efforts to arrive at a common understanding will follow.

Material progress was made at the session. Some of the chief points at issue were virtually disposed of and the remaining differences, although serious, are not regarded as insurmountable. The entire discussion in the conference was directed toward arriving at a basis upon which the matter could be referred to arbitration.

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## KETCHUM LEADS FOR NOMINATION

Salinger Urges K. P.'s to Get Proxies and Oppose Ketchum

### LATER MAKES CLEAN CANVASS

Ketchum's Lead is So Strong That Porterfield is Now Trying to Play the Whole Field Against Him in the Hopes of Combining the Opposition Later On.

Special to Times-Republican.

Des Moines, July 15.—With the republican state convention only five days off and with only one contest for nomination in sight it is passing strange that nobody undertakes to predict with any degree of assurance the exact make up of the republican state ticket for Iowa this year.

The one uncertain spot appears to be about as uncertain as it was last winter when the preliminary movements were made. There are six avowed candidates for railroad commissioner and every one will enter the convention with some following. The chance for a tie-up is therefore excellent. The candidates are:

N. S. Ketchum, Marshalltown, Fifth district.

Dr. Frank Porterfield, Atlantic, Ninth district.

Owen Lovejoy, Jefferson, Tenth district.

Edward Sitz, Peterson, Eleventh district.

Chris Otosen, Humboldt, Tenth district.

Welcome Mowry, Clutter, Fifth district.

This will probably be the order of relative strength of the six candidates named. It has been evident ever since E. C. Brown, of Sheldon, the present member of the commission, dropped out of the race for renomination, that the leading candidate would be Mr. Ketchum, who gave Commissioner Dawson a close race two years ago. He has maintained his lead very nicely and has apparently gained in strength all the while. Mowry has not succeeded in dividing the Fifth district, as he will receive a good majority of the votes, but for personal reasons some votes will be cast for Porterfield. He will have more votes in all northeastern Iowa than all the rest of the candidates put together, and in almost every county of the Tenth and Eleventh districts he will have a good following.

Dr. Porterfield lays claim to a very large vote in the Eighth and First districts, and having the Ninth solid, but it is also said the Ninth will not be more solid for him than the Fifth for Ketchum. One of his friends asserted today that he has also been making gains in the eastern part of the state, where much personal work has been done for him. It is believed that Lovejoy and Otosen will divide the Tenth district nearly even, but that Sitz will not have a very great following in the Eleventh. Mowry has not succeeded in dividing the Fifth district, as he will receive a good majority of the votes, but for personal reasons some votes will be cast for Porterfield. He will have more votes in all northeastern Iowa than all the rest of the candidates put together, and in almost every county of the Tenth and Eleventh districts he will have a good following.

That the fight is direct between Ketchum and Porterfield is indicated by the fact that the friends of Porterfield are making a direct fight against Ketchum, but are planning to take as many votes away from Ketchum as possible, even though they should go to other candidates. As a sample of what is being done, the following is a copy of a letter printed in imitation of a newspaper and duplicated, but addressed to a prominent member of the Knights of Pythias in the state:

"Carroll, Iowa, July 10, 1904.—Some times feel like turning round the old adage 'one good turn deserves another' into 'if you get one good turn from a man, you feel like asking another.' You will think so, anyway, when you get this letter. You have done me many a kindness and now I ask another. I have had no chance to do much in return for you and have no claim except that I shall be ready to do it whenever I can.

"I have a dear friend who is a candidate for railroad commissioner, and for the next republican state convention. There are good reasons that I will explain to you when we meet why all I can say now is that it is not Mr. Ketchum. If you can see your way clear to keep your name out of the convention you will place me under additional obligations to you.

"While you are not a delegate you will find it easy to get a proxy. I enclose herewith a name of the delegation reported from your county.

Yours sincerely,  
"B. I. SALINGER."

Here is a letter which exposes the line of attack being made upon the one who is recognized as the leading candidate. It is learned that similar letters have been received by Knights of Pythias all over the state and that this feature of the case is being worked hard. The fact that there is so little interest in the state convention has led to the belief that it will be very easy to gather up a large number of proxies and to have them so that they can be used to advantage. Who is the "dear friend" referred to by Mr. Salinger? His associates in lodge work are asking the question of each other. Dr. Porterfield is a past grand commander of the lodge in Iowa. It is said that he is making a personal canvass among his friends in the state. But a few years ago Porterfield and Salinger fought each other hard in the grand lodge. But it is also stated that Salinger is now doing personal work for Porterfield. However that may be, it was stated yesterday by the former grand officer of the Pythian lodge, who has the original of this letter in his possession, that the plan appears to be to secure proxies pledged against Ketchum and then to use them for the candidate most convenient, ultimately combining on Porterfield.

The campaign in behalf of Mr. Ketchum appears to be an entirely different issue. He is backed