

VOLUME THIRTY-FIVE.

MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA, WEDNESDAY MAY 19, 1909

NUMBER 119

HOW TO BE SAVED SUNDAY'S THEME

HE SAYS ONLY WAY IS TO BELIEVE AND CONFESS YOUR SINS.

SIXTY-TWO CONVERTED AT THE NIGHT MEETING

Sunday Preaches Powerful and Eloquent Sermon on the Question Asked by the Philippian Jailer—Large Delegations Attend From Out of the City—Seventy-Seven from Waterloo.

THURSDAY'S PROGRAM.

- 10 a. m.—Prayer meetings in the home.
11 a. m.—Meeting at the soldiers' home, led by a member of the Sunday party.
12 to 1 p. m.—Meeting for business women in the Baptist church, led by Mrs. Muirhead.
12:30 p. m.—Meeting at Iowa Central car shops. Mr. Frank will speak.
12:30 p. m.—Meeting at Lennox Furnace Company, Rev. James McGee will speak.
2 p. m.—Sunday preaches mothers' sermon at the tabernacle. Miss Miller's Bible class meets immediately afterwards.
4 p. m.—Meeting for seventh grade girls at the Baptist church, led by Miss MacLaren.
4:15 p. m.—Meeting of high school girls at the tabernacle, led by Miss Miller.
7 to 7:30—Prayer meeting in the Central Church of Christ.
7:30 p. m.—Sunday preaches at the tabernacle.

ATTENDANCE.

Previously reported 96,300
Tuesday afternoon 700
Tuesday night 2,000

CONVERSIONS.

Previously reported 726
Tuesday night 62
Total to date 99,000

"Billy" Sunday's continued hammering against sin is beginning to show a marked effect. His efforts to arouse the church members and professing Christians to activity for God are bringing fruit. The net and increased results of both were shown to a marked degree at the Tuesday night meeting at the tabernacle by the number who confessed Christ merely upon being asked to do so, and the number of church members who went about looking for those whom they could influence to begin to lead a Christian life.

The awakening of the church is further shown by the reports of the attendance at the prayer meetings in the homes, and by the vows which the church members have made to their pastors to get out and actively engage in the work of saving souls.
Twenty-Nine Come on Invitation.
That Sunday's preaching is spreading and taking hold and bringing conviction of sin to the hearts of many was evidenced Tuesday night, when after he had ended his sermon, he invited all who would come to Christ without being urged by personal workers. One by one twenty-nine came forward on this invitation. In one instance an entire family consecrated their lives to God.

That the church has awakened to its duty was shown by the increasing number of church members who did personal work last night. Some of them have heretofore taken no active part in this work. By their efforts a total of sixty-two came forward and started on the Christian life at the evening meeting.

Many From Outside Attend.
In the audience of 2,000 which greeted the evangelist there were several hundred from out of the city. The excursion train from the west on the Northwestern, and the regular trains from the same direction brought 200 from Ames, Nevada, Colo and State Center. There was a delegation of seventy-seven, led by several pastors from Waterloo, in addition to smaller delegations from other places.
The members of the Order of Eastern Star, to the number of about 100, attended in a body. Seats for all of these were reserved in the central section of the tabernacle.

Rev. W. W. Carleton, of Mason City, gave the opening prayer, and Miss MacLaren and Mr. Fischer, sang a duet and Mr. Butler a solo.

Uses Paul's Admonition.
Using the question which the jailer of Philippi asked Paul and Silas, when in answer to the prayers of the holy men an earthquake shook the jail and the doors were thrown open, and Paul's admonition to the jailer, Rev. Mr. Sunday preached a powerful and eloquent sermon to sinners.

His text was Acts 16:30-31, "What must I do to be saved?" Believe on the

Lord Jesus Christ and thou shalt be saved."
From the incident in the old jail of biblical history he took lesson after lesson which was vividly portrayed to his audience by argument, graphic illustrations, "pat" expressions and characteristic pointed sayings.

Urges Confession of Sins.
His sermon was one on faith and belief in Jesus Christ. The only way to become a Christian is to believe in Jesus Christ and confess your sins, he said. If you do not, he said, you are lost and you will go to hell. There is no other way.
Mr. Sunday's sermon on "What Shall I Do to Be Saved?" will be found in full on page 5.

PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.

Prominent Ministers and Laymen to Attend Denver Meeting.
Denver, Col., May 19.—With all the high officers and leading ministers of the church in America, as well as prominent laymen and missionaries from foreign countries, in attendance, the 121st general assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States of America will begin its sessions in Central Church in this city tomorrow.

Since the first of the week delegates and visitors to the gathering have been arriving in large number from all parts of the country.
Several special trains have arrived during the past twenty-four hours bringing the delegations from the east. Among all of those on hand there appears to be a general feeling that the assembly this year is to be one of more than ordinary interest and importance.

The feature of the opening session tomorrow will be the farewell sermon of the retiring moderator, Rev. Baxter P. Fullerton, D. D., of St. Louis. The new moderator will be chosen at the afternoon session. Also many prominent ministers have been suggested for this honor, Rev. Mark A. Williams, of Seattle, and Rev. Dr. William L. McEwan, of Pittsburgh, for some time have been looked upon as the leading candidates. Others whose names are mentioned in connection with the office are Rev. J. M. Barclay, of Detroit, Rev. John Balcom Shaw, of Chicago, and Rev. Robert McKenzie, of New York.

Interest on the day before the opening of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church is at fever heat over the choice of moderator. The race lies between Dr. William L. McEwan, of Pittsburgh; Dr. James M. Barclay, of Detroit; Dr. Robert McKenzie, of Chicago; Dr. Howard Johnson, of Colorado Springs; Dr. Edgar P. Hill, of Chicago, and Justice Harlan, of the supreme court of the United States. McEwan's supporters claim the uncontested votes of Pennsylvania, Illinois, Minnesota and Iowa delegations.

The first pre-assembly meeting was held this morning. This was the annual foreign missions conference conducted by the home department of the foreign board. Among the speakers was Dr. W. S. Marquis, of Rock Island, Ill.

CLASSIFY THE SURGEONS

Doctors in Session at Dubuque Hear Proposal to Limit by Law Operations to Only Those Qualifying in Surgery—State Society Meets.

Dubuque, May 19.—Dr. Van Buren Knott, of Sioux City started the medical convention this morning with the statement that his belief was that a special law should be enforced whereby only regularly licensed physicians qualifying as surgeons of high class be allowed to operate. The statement was made at the opening session of the State Medical Society, in its fifty-eighth annual meeting here.

Dr. Allen, of Davenport, urged action on the part of physicians of the state to fight attacks made on the profession, early two months ago, when state doctors are registered for the session. Seven hundred are expected.

TAFT SEEKING TARIFF TRUTH.

Figures Compiled Show Heaviest Burden is Placed on Poor.
Washington, May 19.—President Taft is fortifying himself for proper consideration of the tariff bill when it reaches him, with the interest of the consumers in view. He is seeking his information outside of congressional sources and evidently has no intention of relying on the Aldrich-Payne figure. He has directed the treasury department to compile for him the approximate amount of duties on such articles as men's and women's clothing, stoves, furniture, china, tinware, hams and bacon, certain vegetables, sugar, coal, salt and other articles of common use in every household.

Mr. Taft is seeking to inform himself whether proper reductions have been made upon articles in the household of every ultimate consumer. He has asked the treasury experts to tell him the duty paid (1) under the Dingley law (2) under the Payne bill (3) under the senate bill, and has asked that the duty be computed upon the common retail prices of the articles. For example, how much duty does a pair of \$2 shoes pay?

The figures that have been compiled show that the common charge is true that the poor pay a larger proportion of the tariff tax than the rich. A \$15 suit of clothing pays a duty of 71 per cent while a \$40 suit pays at the rate of 64 per cent. The import tax on a \$15 rug is 62 per cent; on a tapestry rug costing \$50, the rate of duty is only 54 per cent. The same holds true of other items.

President Elliot Quits Harvard.
Cambridge, Mass., May 19.—In accordance with his intention announced last fall, Dr. Charles W. Elliot today retired from the presidency of Harvard University, after occupying that office forty years. The testimonial exercises planned in honor of Dr. Elliot will not take place until next October, when the inauguration of his successor, Dr. A. Lawrence Lowell.

Allison Farmer Drops Dead.
Allison, May 19.—A wealthy farmer living about five miles north of Allison, dropped dead yesterday. The cause of death is thought to have been heart failure.

Illinois Officer Not Big Enough to Arrest Man Weighing 295 Pounds.
Wood River, Ill., May 19.—Governor Deneen was requested last night by Constable Wilkin to order out the militia to arrest Wade Porter, who weighs 295 pounds, and who yesterday participated in a running battle with the constable and citizens. Porter recently was displaced as the telegraph operator at Edwardsville crossing, and his arrest is sought because his successor alleges Porter has threatened his life unless he resigns and gives his position back to Porter.

Roosevelt Renews Hunt.
Bage Another Rhinoceros After Long Chase.
Nairobi, May 19.—Roosevelt has begun his hunting expedition from the Ju Ja ranch of George McMillan. He went out last Sunday and bagged a female rhinoceros. The first shot wounded her in the shoulder, and the animal fled to the bushes. Roosevelt followed on horseback, and six more shots were required to bring her down. The head and skin weighed 532 pounds.

"INSURGENTS" DEFEATED.
Senate Refuses to Lower Duty on Linotype Machines Imported into This Country—Dolliver Votes for Reduced Tax.
Washington, May 19.—Reverting at the beginning of today's session to the action taken by the senate yesterday in adopting a provision requiring the names of makers to be placed on watch works, Beveridge today protested against what he characterized as undue haste in disposing of that paragraph, and he said he would fully discuss it at a later date. He declared this provision worked a hardship on tens of thousands of retail jewelers.
Lace making machines will be taxed at the rate of 45 per cent ad valorem when imported into this country, although they have been admitted free of duty in the past, as the senate adopted a provision to that effect recommended by the committee.

Washington, May 19.—Severely arraigning the so-called sugar trust and urging a material reduction in the duty on refined sugar, Mr. Clay, of Georgia, today discussed at great length the various phases of the beet and cane sugar industries. He argued that the consumer is discriminated against in favor of the American Sugar Refining Company and that the sugar grower gets no benefit of the differential between the duties on raw and refined sugar. He criticized most severely the manner in which the sugar schedule of the Payne bill was framed.

CONFEDERATE VETS LAUDED BY TAFT

PRESIDENT PRINCIPAL SPEAKER AT UNVEILING OF MONUMENT AT PETERSBURG.

SHAFT IN MEMORY OF PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS

Taft Declares Civil War Was Necessary to Prove That United Country Could and Should Prevail—Many Distinguished Visitors Participate in Ceremonies.

Petersburg, Va., May 19.—With elaborate military display and appropriate exercises, the monument erected by the state of Pennsylvania near Fort Mahone in memory of the Pennsylvania soldiers who fell in the ten months' siege of Petersburg in 1864 was dedicated today. In addition to regular troops from Fort Monroe and a part of the national guard of Virginia, President Taft, Governor Stuart of Pennsylvania and his staff, Governor Swanson of Virginia and his staff and a large number of war veterans participated in the ceremonies.

The day was a notable one in Petersburg. The city was profusely decorated for the occasion and the crowd of visitors was the largest ever entertained here. The program of the day began with the arrival of President and Mrs. Taft from Washington shortly after 9 o'clock this morning. The governors of Virginia and Pennsylvania joined in the official welcome to the nation's chief executive.

A military procession escorted the presidential party from the station to the site of the Pennsylvania monument near Fort Mahone. The procession comprised, in addition to the regular military troops, many veterans of the Two Hundred Ninth, Two Hundred Fifth, Two Hundred Seventh, and Two Hundred Eleventh regiments of the Pennsylvania volunteer infantry, all of whom fought under general Hartman, around Fort Steadman, Dunn House, Fort Mahone and the other historic battlefields to the east here. The members of A. P. Hill camp, United Confederate Veterans, also were in line and were among the participants at the unveiling ceremonies. Major A. C. Heidekuper, of the Pennsylvania volunteers, acted as grand marshal of the procession.

The unveiling ceremonies were of a simple but impressive character. President Taft and Mayor Isaac Brown, of Corry, Pa., delivered the principal addresses. Col. R. H. Q. Goddard, of Providence, R. I., presided and the Rev. R. W. Barnwell, of Petersburg, delivered the invocation. The statue was unveiled by Mrs. Harold A. Gilbert, of Williamsport, Pa., who was assisted by several Pennsylvania and Virginia ladies, among whom was the widow of General Mahone, and the Stuart turned over the statue to the state of Virginia, and Governor Swanson delivered a speech of acceptance.

Immediately after his arrival the president went to Fort Steadman, where the tablet was unveiled, and then proceeded to Fort Mahone, where he delivered the first address of the day. He counseled with every tribute to the union soldiers a eulogy of the valor of the confederates.

"We could not dedicate this beautiful and enduring memorial," he declared, "to the volunteers of Pennsylvania with such a sense of its justice and appropriateness had they not been confronted by an enemy capable of resisting their assaults with equal vigor and fortitude. Pennsylvania's pride must be in the victory achieved by her men against so brave, resolute and resourceful an enemy. In the time which has passed," he continued, "bitterness of internecine struggle has passed away, and we now treasure as a common heritage of the country the bravery and valor of both sides in that controversy. The army of the Potomac under Grant and Meade was seconded and supported by the generous. It was hardly so with the confederate forces. Scarcely clothed, rarely on more than half rations, for considerable periods reduced to an allowance of bacon and meal hardly sufficient to sustain life the long winter thru, their shivering infantry, ever extending their siege works, made head against the vigorous assaults of the union army until their depleted ranks were no longer equal to defense of their intrenched lines, and they gave up the contest which by any other soldiers but tried and seasoned veterans of the army of northern Virginia would long before have been abandoned.

Pennsylvania's pride must be in the victory achieved by her men against so brave, resolute and resourceful an enemy. That we can come here today, and in the presence of tens of thousands of survivors of that gallant army of northern Virginia and their descendants, establish such an enduring monument, their hospitable welcome and claims is conclusive proof of the uniting of the sections, and a universal confession that all that was done was well done, that the battle had to be fought, but that in the end the result has inured to the common benefit of all. The contending forces of half a century ago have given place to the new north end to the new south, and to a more enduring union, in whose responsibilities and whose glorious destiny we equally and gratefully share."

Constable Wants Militia.
Illinois Officer Not Big Enough to Arrest Man Weighing 295 Pounds.
Wood River, Ill., May 19.—Governor Deneen was requested last night by Constable Wilkin to order out the militia to arrest Wade Porter, who weighs 295 pounds, and who yesterday participated in a running battle with the constable and citizens. Porter recently was displaced as the telegraph operator at Edwardsville crossing, and his arrest is sought because his successor alleges Porter has threatened his life unless he resigns and gives his position back to Porter.

Final Defeat in House.
Tallahassee, Fla., May 19.—The negro disfranchisement bill received its final defeat in the house today. This ends the attempt at the present session to disfranchise the negro voters.

Insane Patient of Black Hawk County Supposed to Have Run Away With Another Inmate—Imagines She is Yet Young.
Waterloo, May 19.—Mattie Corliss, an inmate of the county home for forty-one years, now aged 54, disappeared last night and can not be found. Steward Styer thinks she and Charles Dale, another inmate, aged 50, who was let into the institution Monday, have eloped.

Miss Corliss labors under the delusion that she is still a girl.
SENATOR DUNHAM MODERATOR.
Elected by State Congregational Association at Cedar Rapids.
Special to Times-Republican.
Cedar Rapids, May 19.—The State Congregational Association elected Senator W. P. Dunham, of Manchester, moderator, and Rev. Mr. Ramsey, of Eldora, scribe. The Woman's Home committee elected Mrs. D. H. Breed, of Grinnell, president.

Arrested in Paris.
St. Louis Man Accused of Obtaining \$11,500 by Forgery.
St. Louis, May 19.—M. Dwight Porter, of St. Louis, a real estate operator, was arrested today in Paris, according to a cable message received here. He is under indictments on a charge of obtaining \$11,500 by means of a forged endorsement on a check.

General Strike Huge Fiasco.
Everything Appears to Be Normal in Paris.
Paris, May 19.—The life of Paris was in all respects normal, up to noon today. The general strike, decreed by the General Federation of Labor to commence today with the building trades, promises to be a huge fiasco.

Saloon Forces Win.
City Local Option Act Passes House of Illinois Legislature.
Springfield, Ill., May 19.—The saloon forces won victory today in the house, with the passage of the city local option act, giving cities and villages the right to vote on the saloon question, regardless of the township vote, under the present law.

The Ballot at Springfield.
Springfield, Ill., May 19.—The eighty-ninth joint ballot for United States senator today resulted:
Hopkins, 75; Foss, 18; Shurtieff, 19; Stricker, 36; H. F. Dunne 18, scattering 27.

SOUTHERN SENATOR PLAYS SUGAR TRUST

CLAY ACCUSES AMERICAN REFINING COMPANY OF BEING A ROBBER TRUST.

MAKES VIGOROUS ATTACK ON HEAD OF MORMON CHURCH

Says Joseph F. Smith Fixes the Price of Beets Sold to the Sugar Factories of Which He is President—Statements Bring Forth Denial From Senator Smoot.

Washington, May 19.—Declaring that Joseph F. Smith, head of the Mormon church, every year fixes the price of beets in interest of the beet sugar factories of Utah rather than in favor of the producers of beets, Senator Clay in the senate today called forth a characterization of his statement as "absolutely untrue" by Senator Smoot.

himself an official of the church. Clay declared Smith as president of the beet sugar factories of Utah received \$30,000 annual salary. "He is always in favor of the factories and against the growers," said Clay. Upon which Smoot denying this statement Clay declared to be interrupted further.

Washington, May 19.—Severely arraigning the so-called sugar trust and urging a material reduction in the duty on refined sugar, Mr. Clay, of Georgia, today discussed at great length the various phases of the beet and cane sugar industries. He argued that the consumer is discriminated against in favor of the American Sugar Refining Company and that the sugar grower gets no benefit of the differential between the duties on raw and refined sugar. He criticized most severely the manner in which the sugar schedule of the Payne bill was framed.

Containing that the American Sugar Refining Company owns the principal refineries in the United States and is almost without competition in refining sugar, Mr. Clay declared that the duty on refined sugar almost prohibits the importation of foreign sugar into this country. He said that the beet grower and the cane grower of sugar both are compelled to sell to the sugar trust at the price which it fixes. Comparing the wholesale price of granulated sugar in Hamburg, and in New York, which he said was 2.31 cents per pound cheaper in Hamburg, Mr. Clay figured that the American consumer pays a difference of \$136,689,000 for its refined sugar. Of this, he said, the government gets \$53,000,000 in customs duties, while, he said, the sugar trust gets the other \$83,689,000.

"The American consumers of sugar have paid to the American Sugar Refining Company, commonly called the 'Sugar Trust,' at least fifty-five millions per year in profit," said Mr. Clay. "Amounting in twelve years to \$660,000,000. The American people are not aware of this fact. If the sugar we import came into the country free of any duty, both raw and refined, the cost of sugar to the American consumer would be reduced nearly one-half. I am not insisting that both refined and raw, or either, should come to this country free of duty, but there ought to be a substantial reduction over the rates fixed in the Dingley law."

Why Tax Sugar?
Replying to the argument that sugar is a great revenue producer, Mr. Clay desired to know why one of the necessities of life, used by the entire American people, should be taken and its cost increased to the consumer one-half when he contended, the amount of the revenue now produced by sugar could easily be supplied by an income tax.

"Let us give to the American people cheap sugar," continued Mr. Clay. "Let us grasp the sugar trust by the throat and strangle it to death, and keep in view the interest, the happiness, and welfare of the plain people of America. We must remember that sugar is an important article of food daily consumed by every man, woman and child in the country. If we are to continue to legislate millions of profits into the tariff framing committees of either the house or the senate and added, 'Judging from the treatment which the sugar trust has received, this corporation needed no representative before either committee.'"

Taking into account the reciprocity treaty on raw sugar from Cuba, the reduced duty on Philippine sugar, and the free sugar from the Hawaiian Islands and Porto Rico under the Dingley law, Mr. Clay declared that the average tariff duty paid on sugar by the United States amounts to 1.94 cents per pound instead of being 1.63 cents per hundred. He said that the differential of 215 hundred pounds on refined sugar should be added to the average duty of 1.94 cents per hundred instead of 1.63 cents as is done in the Payne bill.

He said the sugar growers of Cuba, Porto Rico, the Philippines, or the Hawaiian Islands or the consumers in the United States received no benefit from the concessions made in the duty on raw sugar from those islands. Mr. Clay declared that the price of refined sugar was not reduced because of the reductions in the rates on raw sugar.

Trust an Habitual Violator.
Retorting that the American Sugar Refining Company is commonly called the sugar trust, Mr. Clay declared, "this trust has constantly violated both the criminal and civil laws

T-R BULLETIN Noticeable News of Today

Weather.
Sun rise 5:20, 4:35; sets, 7:14.
Iowa—South Dakota—Partly cloudy to and Thursday.
Missouri—Settled, with showers tonight probably in the east, Thursday. Cooler in the northwest tonight.

Illinois—Showers in the south and central, and partly cloudy in the north tonight and Thursday; not much change in the temperature.

Page One.
Telegraphic News:
H. H. Rogers Dies Suddenly.
Stock Markets Affected.
Taft Lays Confidant Soldiers.
Participates in Monument Unveiling.
Southern Senator Plays Sugar Trust.
Also Accuses Mormon Church Head.
Insane Couple Elopes.
More Conversions at Tabernacle.
PAGES TWO, THREE AND FOUR.

Church That Inspired Song Still Stands.
Joker in Iowa Commission Bill?
Dolliver and Cummins Trouble Clerks.
Pratt Turned Down at Boone.
Club Women Vote Tax.
Legislating Against Dandelion.
PAGE FIVE.

City News:
Sunday's Sermon, "What Shall I Do to Be Saved?"
PAGE SIX.

Editorial:
We Hope Mother Will Know.
McKinley and Cummins.
Gas at 75 Cents.
Topics of the Times.
Favorable Notes.
Outside Point View.
PAGES SEVEN, EIGHT AND NINE.

City News:
Glick School Likely Winner.
Much Interest in Friday's Event.
Injunction Cases Go Over Day.
Get Away From Sin, Says Sunday.
Many to Close for Mothers' Day.
Memorial Program at the Home.
General News of the City.
PAGE TEN.

Markets and General:
Gains in Wheat Prices.
Commission Houses Buying Corn.
Steers Weak to Lower.
Late Hog Sales on Steady Basis.
Packers Shown Up.

of our country. It is unconscionable and has continually robbed the American people since its organization. Instead of knocking at the door of Congress seeking to increase its fortunes at the expense of the masses of the people by reason of favorable legislation its officers and those directing and controlling its formation and operation ought to be at the bar of the criminal courts on trial for most serious criminal offenses. Instead of enjoying their ill-gotten wealth, they deserve to be serving long terms in our federal prisons.

Mr. Clay reviewed the establishment of the so-called sugar trust which was formed, he said, in 1887 by the consolidation of twenty of the leading refineries. While the actual value of the property of the trust was not greater than \$10,000,000, according to Mr. Clay, the sugar trust stock the company at \$50,000,000. He said that the consolidation in the duty on raw sugar from the Hawaiian Islands, Porto Rico, Cuba, and the Philippines islands during the last ten years amounted to \$212,230,773, of which, he said, the treasury of the United States or the American people had received no benefit. "The most grasping and unconscionable trust to be found anywhere in the American Sugar Refining Company," added Mr. Clay, "commonly called the 'sugar trust.' The steel trust and the Standard Oil, in point of dishonesty and unscrupulous conduct are sucking babies in comparison with the sugar trust."

Mr. Clay reviewed the various cases and claims of the government pending against the sugar trust. "Officials representing the government, who have made an investigation into these fraudulent transactions," he continued, "believe that the American Sugar Refining Company has robbed the treasury of more than \$9,000,000 justly due the treasury. It deserves no mercy at the hands of congress and most assuredly no favors at the hands of congress. The criminal and civil laws ought to be rigorously enforced against it, and the best way to destroy it is to give it healthy foreign competition."

"If the sugar trust can find a defender on the floor of the senate, then we have reached a condition of affairs most deplorable. If we are to continue to legislate millions of profits into the pockets of this class of men at the expense of the American people, then let us adopt the sugar schedule provided by the finance committee of the senate." In concluding Mr. Clay declared that the Payne tariff bill will give no substantial relief to the American people.

OHIO MAN PRESIDENT.
National Association of Manufacturers Concludes Meeting at New York.
New York, May 19.—The ratification of the new officers chosen by the nominating committee, a discussion of the reports of committees and a banquet this evening, were on the program of the concluding day of the annual meeting of the National Association of Manufacturers today. The nominating committee's choice was John Kirby, Jr., of Dayton, O., as president, and the other officers so selected were generally accepted.

'PHONE SUIT DISMISSED.
Object Was to Prevent Contracts With Independent Companies.
Toledo, O., May 19.—Federal Judge Taylor today dismissed the suit for injunction brought against the Central Union (Bell) Telephone Company by the United States Telephone Company. The suit had for its purpose the restraining of the Central Company from making contracts with independent companies.

And Most of Us Do It.
Demosthenes: Nothing is more easy than to deceive ourselves.

ROGERS, OIL KING, CALLED BY DEATH

PROMINENT FINANCIER EXPIRES SUDDENLY AT HIS NEW YORK HOME.

STOCK MARKET AFFECTED BY NEWS OF HIS DEMISE

Rogers Was Vice President of the Standard, President of Amalgamated Copper, Interested in Railroads and Other Industries, and Leader in the Financial World.

New York, May 19.—H. H. Rogers, the Standard Oil capitalist, died at his residence here today. He arose about 6 o'clock and shortly after began to feel ill, complaining of numbness and nausea. Before anything could be done he sank and died.

Rogers was for many years one of the most prominent financiers of the country. He took a leading part in all the enterprises undertaken by the Standard Oil group of capitalists. He was vice president of the Standard Oil Company and was an active spirit in the organization of the Amalgamated Copper Company, of which he was president up to the time of his death. He also was interested in a number of railroads, serving as a member of the board of directors of the Santa Fe, St. Paul and Union Pacific.

News of his death reached the financial district just before the stock market opened. Amalgamated Copper opened at a decline of 1 1/2 in response to this news. Consolidated Gas also ran off 2 1/2. Otherwise the market was little affected.

Just Completed Great Project.
The death of Rogers follows closely upon the completion of a great railway project to the accomplishment of which the energies of his later years, his genius for organization and a very considerable portion of his private fortune were devoted. This was the building of the Virginia railway, a line which opened up a rich bituminous coal country in West Virginia, extending 443 miles from Deepwater, W. Va., to the tidewater terminal at Sewall's Point, Va. The project was distinctly the individual undertaking of Rogers, and he personally bore the greater part of the cost of its construction, which has been estimated at \$40,000,000. Early in April the road was opened to traffic.

John D. Ryan, who was one of the most intimate business associates of Rogers, writes expressing profound regret for the death of his friend, and would not in his opinion have any influence upon the investment or business situation. Ryan said he was satisfied Rogers had no speculative commitments.

ROCKEFELLER IS GRIEVED.
Says Rogers Death is Great Personal Loss to Business World.
Hot Springs, Va., May 19.—John D. Rockefeller was greatly affected today when the news reached him thru an Associated Press dispatch of the unexpected death of H. H. Rogers. When asked for an expression as to the effect Rogers' death would have upon the stock market and business, Rockefeller replied:

"Rogers' death is a great personal loss to the business world, but is only a personal loss. I am not familiar with his business affairs, but have every reason to believe they were all in good shape. Rogers has not been actively connected with the affairs of the Standard Oil Company for over two years."

SCANDAL IN MICHIGAN.
State Sold Second-Hand Machinery at Price of New.
Detroit, May 19.—A Journal special from Jackson says E. W. Warden A. N. Armstrong today made \$14,000 for Milton A. Daly, of Chicago, paid him \$1,500 for helping get a lot of second-hand machinery accepted for the state binder twine plant as new material.

Daly, who is an agent for Hoover and Gambell Company, of Miami, Ohio, was arrested here last Monday in connection with the binder twine case, but was released on bond. He is supposed to be still in the city.

JUDGE TO FACE INQUIRIES.
Bar Association Will Probe Record of Accused Jurist.
St. Joseph, Mo., May 19.—A mass meeting of St. Joseph lawyers at the court house adopted a resolution authorizing the appointment of a committee to investigate the charges made in congress recently by Representative Murphy of Missouri against Federal Judge John F. Phillips of Kansas City. The resolutions were only adopted by a vote of 33 to 26 after several hours of debate, which at times became acrimonious.

'BILL' JONES HELD FOR MURDER.
Man Who Tried to Avenge Killing of President Garfield, Years Ago.
Washington, May 19.—William (Bill) Jones, who many years ago attracted national interest when he attempted to avenge the killing of President Garfield, by shooting at Charles Guiteau, the assassin, while the latter was being removed from the court house to the jail, was placed on trial today, charged with the murder of John A. McPherson, who was employed by Jones as a farm hand.

BANK ROBBERS GET \$6,000.
Damage Safe and Building at Cairo, Neb., by Explosions.
Lincoln, Neb., May 19.—Bank robbers secured \$6,000 from the Cairo State Bank last night, demolishing the safe and building, by three explosions.