

## STREETS OF BARCELONA RUN RED WITH BLOOD

### Rebellion of Spanish Subjects in Protest of Moroccan War Menaces Rule of King Alfonso

## WAR AT HOME AND IN MOROCCO

### Artillery Used to Quell the Rebels and Hundreds Are Slain—Communication by Land Cut Off and Soldiers Are Dispatched by Water—Situation is Grave—Details of Fighting at Melilla Reveals that a Great Battle Has Been Fought and That Spanish Troops Have Been Driven to the Walls of the City—Spaniards Lose 3,000 Officers and Men Wounded.

The desperate condition of Spain both at home and abroad was disclosed when the Spanish government officials admitted the defeat of the government troops in the great battle in Morocco at the same time reports showed that Barcelona was completely in the hand of a revolutionary mob and that the streets are running with blood, the Spanish artillery using machine guns in a vain attempt to check the onslaught of the revolutionary element. The battle in Morocco has brought a crushing defeat to the Spanish forces. The casualties on the Spanish side reached 3,000, giving the defeat an aspect akin to that which the Italians met in invading Abyssinia. The Moors, flushed with their victory, are now advancing to attack the Spaniards at another strategic point, Alhucemas. The latest dispatches indicate that Melilla, the Spanish stronghold, is so pressed by the Moors that its safety is in danger and its capitulation to the Moors would not cause surprise. Internal conditions in Spain are now bordering on anarchy. Barcelona, the second largest city of Spain and the commercial rival of Madrid, is the scene of a bloody struggle between Spanish troops and rioters entrenched behind high barricades. The gravity of the situation, as related from points near the city, is such that it suggests the bloody days of the Paris commune. The government at Madrid is meeting the situation with stern repressive measures, but reports indicate that the military garrison at the capital is disaffected, and popular sentiment is shown by reports that a vast crowd has held an anti-war manifestation in front of the royal palace.

Paris, July 29.—The internal insurrection in Spain now completely overshadows the war in Africa in the eyes of Europe. Although official dispatches received here from Madrid predict an early restoration of order in the province of Catalonia, grave fear is entertained. The scale upon which military intervention is planned provokes the Spanish government entertains no illusion about half way measures and is ready to take the responsibility of putting down the revolt ruthlessly, as a warning for the future.

Paris, July 29.—Special dispatches today say the fighting yesterday in Barcelona was more sanguinary than the previous dispatches indicated. Machine guns and grape were used against the rioters. The sidewalks and buildings were spattered with the blood of the victims. Everywhere women and children are wandering in search of husbands and fathers. Incendiarism is rampant.

Cerbere, (Frontier), July 29.—Spanish couriers arriving here today report that artillery is battering the barricades behind which the insurgents are desperately fighting in Barcelona. Heavy fighting is now in progress and the gutters are running with blood. The number of dead and wounded cannot be estimated. Five convents and several private residences have been burned at Manza.

### ANARCHY RULES IN BARCELONA.

Government Troops Unable to cope with Situation There. Biarritz, near the Spanish frontier, July 29.—The desperate condition of affairs at Barcelona is shown in reports received here from the disturbed city. These show the revolutionary element holds the upper hand. The government troops are finding themselves insufficient to retake the revolutionary stronghold and have been forced to abandon several quarters, leaving the revolutionists in control. The streets of the city are barricaded with huge piles of stone, earth, furniture and lumber, reaching in height to the first story of the buildings.

The arrival of reinforcements, so urgently needed by the government forces, is retarded by the destruction of railroads and other avenues of communication leading to the city. The revolutionists are armed with muskets, knives and revolvers. They have an effective organization and hospital equipment. The government is seeking to relieve the city by sea, new that land communication for troops is interrupted. All available ships are being hurried to Barcelona. Whether there is an ulterior political purpose behind the revolutionary up-

2,000 acres of the best land in the county, and will develop the largest coal field in the state. The plan is to make traffic arrangements with the M. & St. L. for the time being, then put in extensive switching facilities of their own. The consideration given. Blake says the developments are to be pushed.

### DEFRAUDS UNCLE SAM 18 YEARS.

Man Aged 78 Sentenced for Drawing Pension He Had No Right To. Bloomington, Ill., July 29.—A man who defrauded the government for eighteen years thru the receipt of a pension to which he was not entitled, Albert Reece, aged 78, of Danvers, this county, was sentenced to one year in the federal penitentiary at Port Leavenworth, Kan. The story of the man's swindle is a remarkable one. He probably would have been able to draw his monthly stipend up to the day of his death but for his greed in trying to have the original allowance increased.

He made no defense and displayed no emotion when sentenced. It developed that he was a resident of Leesburg, Ohio, at the outbreak of the civil war and went to Columbus to enlist but was rejected thru a physical infirmity and returned home. In 1891 he made out a pension application, but inserted the name of William H. Reece who had enlisted at the same time. The Danvers man attempted to do so. William Reece, however, died some years after the war, but this fact was not known to the pension authorities. Reece drew \$2,000 from the government at the rate of \$8 a month. When he tried to get a larger pension he was detected and sentenced.

### 148,955 REGISTER FOR LANDS.

Vast Number Seek 6,400 Homesteads in Reservation. Spokane, Wash., July 29.—So great is the rush of applicants for Indian reservation lands to be drawn Aug. 9, that land department officials placed an order for 50,000 more registration blanks. With little more than half the time for registration passed, Superintendent Witten has received 148,955 applications. It is estimated that there are about 6,400 homesteads available on the Kallispel, Spokane and Couer d'Alene reserves.

### CRUSHING DEFEAT AT MELILLA.

Spanish Casualties on July 27 Numbered Almost 3,000. Madrid, July 29.—Official dispatches received here today admit that the battle between Moorish tribesmen and the Spanish forces outside of Melilla July 27 was a disastrous defeat. The Moors cut off communication with the Spanish outposts and the main force of Spaniards was driven back under the walls of the city, where the fighting continued desperately in the city. The Spanish killed and wounded numbered almost 3,000, which takes no account of the men at the advance posts who evidently were cut off and abandoned to their fate. Melilla is full of wounded men.

### Madrid Garrison May Rebel.

London, July 29.—Information received thru diplomatic channels in London tends to accentuate the gravity of the situation in Spain. It is estimated that the garrison at Madrid is being tampered with by the insurrectionists.

### To Resort to Extreme Measures.

Madrid, July 29.—The governor of Barcelona today published a decree ordering the inhabitants of the city to return to their homes. After twenty-four hours any one found in the streets is liable to be shot on sight. The extent of the disaster is plainly apparent from General Marina's dispatch, as given out at the war office today. "On July 27 the Moors cut the railroad, severing communications with our outposts. Our batteries shelled the Moors, but the advance posts were endangered, and they had to be abandoned. The situation at Melilla is grave, despite the desperate bravery of the troops who are now fighting on the walls of the city. Our losses in the engagement were General Pintos, a colonel, two lieutenant colonels, five captains, many subalterns, and about 1,000 men. The wounded number at least 2,000, including many officers. The hospital is full of wounded soldiers. Two generals are mortally wounded."

That a great battle has been fought between the Spanish troops and the Moors is now officially admitted from Madrid, for the first time. The extent of the engagement is at first minimized in Spain, in an effort to pacify the public, and dispatches concerning the battle were rigorously censored. Early reports gave the losses at a few hundred, but the official admission today that the killed and wounded reached 3,000 gives the battle importance in real warfare, the casualties being far greater than in any engagement during the Spanish-American war, and exceeding some of the most stubborn fighting of the Russo-Japanese war.

### Spain Mobilizing Forces.

Madrid, July 29.—In view of the grave situation at Barcelona, which is steadily growing more serious, the naval infantry has been ordered to that city. Senor Laclera, minister of the interior, now termed the Spanish telegraph, today announced that any newspaper printing reports disagreeing with official information would be prosecuted and the editors suppressed. Complete mobilization of the Spanish army has been ordered, all officers on leave have been recalled, and reserves of all classes have been summoned to the colors. It is reported that Premier Maura has tendered his resignation, but King Alfonso has declined to accept it.

### Provisional Government Rumored.

Madrid, July 29.—Reports just received here from Madrid say it is rumored a provisional government has been proclaimed at Barcelona. The rumor is discredited at the capital.

### ROAD BUYS COAL LANDS.

Fort Dodge, Des Moines & Southern Now Owns Tract in Boone County. Boone, July 29.—General Manager J. L. Blake, of the Ft. Dodge, Des Moines & Southern Interurban Company today announced the purchase of extensive coal fields north and south of Ogden, in this county. The company owns over

2,000 acres of the best land in the county, and will develop the largest coal field in the state. The plan is to make traffic arrangements with the M. & St. L. for the time being, then put in extensive switching facilities of their own. The consideration given. Blake says the developments are to be pushed.

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## HARRY PULLIAM DEAD FROM BULLET WOUND

### PRESIDENT OF NATIONAL BASEBALL LEAGUE COMMITS SUICIDE IN NEW YORK.

### HAD BEEN IN ILL HEALTH DURING PAST FEW MONTHS

### Leaves No Word Giving Reason For Self Destruction—Pulliam Had Been Active Participant in Several Notable Baseball Fights—Recently Resumed Work After Long Vacation.

New York, July 29.—Harry C. Pulliam, president of the National League of Professional Baseball Clubs, died at 8:10 today, after shooting himself thru the head in his room in the New York Athletic Club last night. Although the bullet passed entirely thru his head, severing both optic nerves and causing instant blindness, Pulliam lived from 9:30 last night until this morning. He became unconscious soon after the shooting, and when discovered was unable to make any statement as to his reason for committing suicide, but it is generally attributed to ill health.

Pulliam's health, particularly his nervous condition, has been so poor for several months, as to cause much alarm among his friends. After the spring meeting of the national league in February, he was granted an indefinite leave of absence, and spent several months with relatives in Tennessee and Florida. He returned to his duties about a month ago, and seemed to be considerably improved by his long rest. His health soon began to give way again, and it is reported that he recently spent a week in a sanatorium.

Resumes Work After Illness. Harry C. Pulliam was extended indefinite leave of absence on account of ill health at the annual meeting of the National League in Chicago, on Feb. 16, last. About a month ago he returned to his active duties.

Pulliam was born in Scottville, Ky., thirty-nine years ago. He was graduated from the University of Virginia and soon after finishing his college course went to Louisville and worked as a baseball writer on a newspaper there. In 1898 he resigned from the position of city editor of the Louisville Commercial to accept the presidency of the Louisville Club. The year before this he had been elected as a member of the Kentucky legislature, where he served one term.

Since his entrance into the baseball world in 1898, Pulliam has been in the thick of all the fights that have disturbed the National League magnates. In 1898 Barney Dreyfuss got control of the Louisville Club and Pulliam was deposed from the presidency. He was elected secretary-treasurer and continued to represent the club at league meetings. In the fall of 1899 Dreyfuss consolidated the Louisville and Pittsburgh clubs and sold fourteen players to Pittsburgh, including Fred Clarke, Honus Wagner, Claude Ritchey, and the rest who laid the foundation for the present Pittsburgh team.

Pulliam was elected secretary of the Pittsburgh Club and retained that position until he was elected president of the National League at the December meeting in 1902. When it was contemplated to organize the National Association to fight the American league, Pulliam worked hard in the interests of the league, but his plans were upset when the magnates demanded concessions from the association promoters that they were unable to comply with.

### Put Bullet Thru Head.

New York, July 29.—Harry Pulliam, president of the National League of professional baseball clubs, shot himself in the right temple at 9:30 o'clock last night in his room in the New York Athletic Club. The bullet passed thru his head from right to left, cutting out both his eyes. There is little chance for him to recover.

At just 9:30 the telephone operator, whose desk is on the ground floor of the club, saw a light flash on the board before him. Pulliam's partner, who answered the call but got no response. After trying several times without success to get any word from the instrument that the board showed was calling, he notified the clerk of the club and an employe named William Brady was summoned to Pulliam's apartment with a pass key.

The door was locked. Brady opened it. The room was lighted. Pulliam lay on a divan, blood running freely from his head. A 38-caliber revolver lay on the floor close by his limp hand. He was dressed only in his underclothes, half hose, and garters.

Brady jumped to the telephone and told the operator downstairs what had happened. Dr. J. J. Higgins, chief tub physician, was sent for, and club members present in the building, hearing of the shooting, rushed into the room. Pulliam was pronounced dead when Dr. Higgins attempted to resuscitate some sign of life, but said there seemed no prospect of success. The wound on the bullet had inflicted was a terrible one. The bullet, tearing thru the right temple, had fractured the frontal bone and torn out the eye. Then it had passed on, crushing more bone in its course. There was one unused cartridge found in the five-chambered revolver.

Aside from the telephone call there was no evidence of preparation for an attempt at self destruction. There was no note explaining the act, nor as far as can be learned had Pulliam apprised any friends of his intention.

### New York Grain.

New York, July 29.—Wheat—September, 1.13. Corn—September, 75.

## T.-R. BULLETIN

### Noticeable News of Today

The Weather. Sun rises July 30 at 4:54, sets at 7:18. Iowa—Fair tonight and Friday; much cooler tonight; cooler in the east, Friday. Illinois—Partly cloudy tonight, and cooler; Friday fair and slightly cooler. Missouri—Generally fair tonight and Friday; cooler tonight and in the east, Friday. South Dakota—Fair tonight and Friday; warmer Friday in the west.

### PAGE ONE.

Telegraphic News: Barcelona Streets Run Red With Blood. Soldiers Use Artillery on Countrymen. Spaniards Suffer Reverse in Great Battle. Three Thousand Casualties at Melilla. Government in Grave Situation. Taft Holds Tariff Boost. Senate Notice He Will Not Accept Rates. Objects to Compromise on Lumber and Gloves. Pulliam, Baseball Magnate, a Suicide. PAGES TWO AND THREE.

### Iowa News.

Taft is Growing Richer. Youth Poses as Rich to Wed Girl. State Workmen to Pledge. Fortune in Single Pearl. PAGES FOUR.

### Editorial.

As To a Veto. Is Senate Good. We the Easy People. Topics of the Times. Iowa Opinion and Notes. PAGES FIVE.

### Iowa News.

Banks Refuse County Funds. Wealthy Refuse Seven. PAGES SIX AND SEVEN.

### General News.

Story, Last Voyage of the Donna Isabel. Daring Auto Exploit. PAGES EIGHT AND NINE. City News: Big Catastrophe Next Week. Rev. M. M. Londahl Army Chaplain. Nice Sport in Race Meet. Will Rededicate Methodist Church. Farewell For Dr. Neuzil. Hot Hot; Work Suspended. Jurors For August Term Drawn. General News of the City. PAGES TEN.

### Markets and General.

Sharp Wheat Decline. Corn Market Weakens. Choice Steers Strong, Others Weak. Better Tone in Hog Market. Harriman After Lane's Scalp.

### NOTE INDICATES SUICIDE

Message Tacked on Car Door Serves Notice That John G. Honeywell Intended to Ake His Own Life—His Home Near Harlan. Special to Times-Republican.

### Council Bluffs, July 29.—John G. Honeywell, son of a prominent Shelby county farmer, who disappeared from home about one month ago, may have killed himself somewhere in this vicinity. This morning the police found tacked upon a door of a railroad car a note purporting to have been written and signed by young Honeywell, saying that he was about to commit suicide and asking that his body be sent to his father at Harlan. A report from Harlan is that the father of the young man also received a note of import similar to the one found tacked on the car door.

### HEAT INTENSE IN CHICAGO.

Causes Two Deaths and Number of Prostrations in One Day. Chicago, July 29.—No immediate relief was in sight today from the oppressive heat which yesterday caused two deaths, and a number of prostrations. Following a night of extreme discomfort, due chiefly to the intense humidity, the thermometer at 9:35 this morning stood at 88. At noon the thermometer registered 91. One death, and numerous prostrations were reported to the police. Later the mercury climbed to 94, but at 1 o'clock a heavy thunder storm came to the relief of the city and the mercury dropped and twenty-three degrees in ten minutes.

### GLIDDENITES NEAR FINISH.

Ten Cars Still Holding Perfect Scores—Leave Oakley, Kan. Oakley, Kan., July 29.—Within 375 miles of the end of their long journey, with five cars in the contest for the Glidden trophy, and five for the Hower trophy still holding perfect scores, and with no penalties, the Glidden tourists left here at 7 this morning for Salina, 199.8 miles distant.

### WAR ON "TENDERLOIN"

Twenty Keepers of Alleged Illegal Chicago Establishments, Arrested. Chicago, July 29.—The grand jury, which has already indicted a police inspector, detective and others, in furtherance of State Attorney Wayman's attack on the west side "Tenderloin," today returned indictments against twenty keepers of alleged illegal establishments.

### HUDSON EDITOR DEAD.

L. E. Wheeler, Formerly of Radcliffe, Victim of Bright's Disease. Special to Times-Republican. Waterloo, July 29.—L. E. Wheeler, editor of the Hudson Record, died at that place last night of Bright's disease. Decedent was formerly of Radcliffe. He had charge of the Record since July last.

### Caponi Defeats Tippets.

Butte, Mont., July 29.—Tony Caponi last night was given the decision over Jack Tippets, in the fifth round of the scheduled twenty round fight in which Tippets was far outclassed.

## PRESIDENT TAFT BLOCKS BOOST OF TARIFF RATES

### Notifies Conference Committee That He Can Not Accept Schedules on Lumber, Hosiery and Gloves

## ACTON PUTS TARIFF FIGHT UP IN AIR

### Impossible to Forecast Now When Settlement of Involved Questions Will Be Reached—Taft Also Serves Notice That Agreement for Free Hides and Lower Rates on Leather Goods Must Be Carried Out in Final Adjustment—Taft Holds Upper Hand and Intimates That Special Session Will Be Called to Enact Real Revision Bill if Necessary.

Washington, July 29.—Thru a written communication the president has advised the tariff committee that he can not accept a rate exceeding \$1.25 on rough lumber, and that he will insist upon the senate rates on gloves and hosiery. Democratic members of the conference committee who had been called into today's meeting remained only fifty minutes.

Every One at Sea. The transmission of the president's views had the effect of re-opening the subjects of lumber, gloves and hosiery. Much doubt arose in the minds of the conferees as to when the end might be arrived at. Aldrich told some of the democrats that probably they would not be summoned again before Saturday or Sunday. Other members of the conference expressed even more doubt as to the length of time that would be required to reach an understanding. The plan to have the conference report submitted to the house tomorrow will of course fall thru and it seems now quite probable it will not be received before Monday, if then.

### Stands For Original Program.

In his communication to the committee the president reiterated his determination that hides be kept on the free list and that the rates on leather and leather goods be shaded below the house figures, as heretofore has been agreed upon. Republicans showed up in the house today in great numbers, having been notified to be present in anticipation of the reception of the conference report. The report, however, was not forthcoming and the house adjourned until tomorrow.

### Taft Thinks Opposition Uncombe.

In announcing this attitude the president is in direct opposition to the conferees, who, as stated, have agreed upon a compromise; to Vice President Sherman, and to Speaker Cannon of the house of representatives. He has been told also that besides opposition on account of his insistence upon free hides, he must expect a struggle with the anti-free raw material men in the lower house. The president believes, however, that much of this talk is bunk-convener. He is confident that when the conference report is submitted containing the concessions which he has demanded, it will pass both houses without much difficulty.

### Taft Demands Low Glove Rate

President Threatens Special Session if Conferees Do Not Obey. Washington, July 29.—"I do not approve of them; shall stand against them; will not yield to them. The senate rates on gloves must be adopted. I am as emphatically opposed to the rate of \$1.50 on rough lumber. It should not be over \$1.25."

President Taft repeated the foregoing statement time and time again yesterday, beginning with Congressman Hamilton of Michigan, and winding up with Senator Aldrich and Representative Payne, the managers of the tariff conference.

The president even went so far as to threaten another extra session of congress, to be called in October, and he indicated that if forced to this extremity he would make a vigorous declaration at the beginning for a downward revision, very different from the policy of suasion he has used up to this time.

### Senators Oppose Taft's Rate.

Mr. Taft's attitude, communicated during the day to the conferees, had a perceptible effect upon their action. Before adjourning late this afternoon they reached a tentative agreement on lumber and gloves, both in the nature of compromises.

Senator Aldrich and Mr. Payne were directed to ask the president if \$1.35 or \$1.40 on lumber and an entirely new scheme of rates on gloves, based on valuation, would be acceptable.

The compromise proposed to the president last night was as follows: Schmasschen gloves of sheep origin, \$1 a dozen pairs, which is twenty-five cents below the rate proposed in the senate bill; \$2.50 on gloves valued at more than \$4 a dozen pairs, which is \$1.50 below the exorbitant house rate; \$4 a dozen on gloves valued at not more than \$12 a dozen pairs; 35 per cent ad valorem on gloves valued at more than \$12 a dozen pairs, and a reduction of the cumulative duties on women's gloves from 40 cents a dozen pairs to 29 cents. These rates are entirely satisfactory to Mr. Littaure, and consequently are not in the interests of the consumer.

There is reason to believe the president was unwilling to approve of these compromises, being actuated in part by his knowledge of the sentiment existing throughout the country and in part by representations made to him by numerous congressmen yesterday that they would not vote for a bill which made advances upon these articles.

### Qualify for Semi-Finals.

Floresmor, Ill., July 29.—Following were the winners in the fourth day's play of the Western Amateur Golf Championship tournament, for the semi-finals: Kenneth P. Edwards, Midlothian; Ralph Hoagland, Riverside; Charles Evans, Jr., Exmoor, and Albert Seidel, Riverside. They will compete tomorrow in the semi-finals.

### Illinois Town Scorched.

Champaign, Ill., July 29.—The village of Philo, Ill., was almost wiped out by fire today. Half the business section was destroyed. The damage is \$10,000.

uation in the light presented by Mr. Aldrich. When the conference committee meets today, therefore, it will be compelled to register the president's will. At least this is the view of the administration. Whether or not it is justifiable remains to be seen.

The conferees are growing restive under the criticism to which they have been subjected in consequence of all the consideration they have shown to former Congressman Littaure, who is a big New York glove manufacturer, and the schedules of rates on gloves which he has been urging them to adopt.

The conversation Mr. Hamilton had with the president is typical of all that is reported. Mr. Hamilton said, "I have not consented to it and shall not consent to it," declared the president. "I am opposed to it and will continue to be opposed to it."

"I think it is unfortunate," resumed Mr. Hamilton, "that Mr. Littaure should be identified, in the closing hours of this conference, with the adjustment of a rate which directly affects his business. It is generally understood that he has backed up the support of men high in congress."

"I do not approve of it," replied the president. "I do not approve of any departure from the Dingley rates, and will not stand for anything to the contrary."

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