GRAINS ON THE UPTURN

EARLY TRADING IN WHEAT WAS ON BULLISH BASIS, FUTURES ADVANCING.

RAINS LITTLE ADVANTAGE IN SOUTHWEST SECTIONS

Bullish Cables From Liverpool Also Contributed to Upturn—Corn Opened Trifle Earier But Took on Strength From Wheat—Little Change in Oats—Provisions Bullish and Higher.

Chicago, April 21.—Early trading in wheat today was on a bullish basis, May advanced 1 cent after opening unchanged to ¼ lower. July opened at 1.00⅞ to 1.00½; September at 99 to 99¼ and kept close to the high point the first hour. Bullish cables from Liverpool contributed to the upturn here and reports that recent rains have been of no material advantage in some of the southwestern wheat sections added to the bullish sentiment. Receipts in Chicago, Minneapolis and Duluth were ninety-six cars.

Later the market fell off slightly, then gathered strength on improved buying, regained its decline and advanced further. The close was strong, with Sept. ⅞@1 higher at 99⅞; July, ¾@⅞ up at 1.01⅜@1.01½, and May improved 1¼ at 1.08.

Corn.

Corn opened a trifle easier, but took on firmness from wheat and held its own the first hour. May opened at 57½ to 57⅜. Receipts were 104 cars.

Corn closed strong, May ¼@⅜ up at 57⅞.

Oats.

Oats were steady and kept within narrow limits during the early trading. May opened unchanged to ⅛ higher. Receipts were eighty-eight cars.

Provisions.

Provisions were bullish, opening unchanged to 22½ higher.

Chicago Grain Close.

Chicago, April 21.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 1.07¾@1.09½; No. 3 red, 1.03@1.07; No. 2 hard, 1.07¼@1.08½; No. 3 hard, 1.03@1.07½.

Corn—No. 2, 57¾@58; No. 2 white, 60½@61½; No. 2 yellow, 58@58½; No. 3 white, 59@59½; No. 3 yellow, 57@57½.

Oats—No. 2 white, 44; No. 3 white, 41@43¼; standard, 43@43½.

Range of Chicago Grain Prices.

Chicago, April 21.

Wheat—May opened, 1.06⅞ to 1.06½; high, 1.08; low, 1.06¼; closed, 1.08; July, 1.01⅜@1.01½.

Corn—May opened, 57½ to 57¾; high, 58⅛; low, 57¼; closed, 57⅞; July, 61⅛.

Oats—May opened, 42 to 41⅞; high, 42⅛; low, 41⅝@41¾; closed, 42; July, 39⅞.

Chicago Produce.

Chicago, April 21.

Pork—May, 21.90.
Lard—May, 12.45.
Ribs—May, 12.32½.
Rye—Cash, 78.
Barley—42@64.
Timothy—Cash, 4.60.
Clover—Nothing doing.

Butter—Steady; creameries, 26@31; dairies, 22@28.

Eggs—Steady; receipts, 17,400; at mark, cases included, 17½@19½; firsts, 20; prime firsts, 21.

Poultry—Steady; turkeys, 17; chickens, 19; springs, 19.

Cheese—Steady; daisies, 14¾@15; twins, 13¾@14; young Americas, 14@14¼; long horns, 14¼@14½.

The Potato Market.

Chicago, April 21.—Potatoes, weak.
Choice to fancy ..... 20@23
Fair to good ..... 15@18

Range of Prices.

The following range of prices are furnished by A. J. Clark, broker, member Chicago Board of Trade, room 8, Tremont block.

	Open	Low	High	Close	Close April 20
Wheat—					
May	106⅜	108	106¼	108	106¾
July	100⅞	101½	100¼	101⅜	100⅝
Sept.	99¼	99⅞	98⅝	99⅞	98⅞
Corn—					
May	57½	58⅛	57¼	57⅞	57½
July	60¾	61¼	60½	61⅛	60¾
Sept.	62⅛	62½	61⅞	62⅜	62⅛
Oats—					
May	42	42⅛	41⅝	42	41⅞
July	39⅞	40	39⅜	39⅞	39¾
Sept.	37⅞	38⅛	37⅝	38⅛	37⅞
Pork—					
May	.....	21.90	21.72	21.90	21.50
July	21.77	22.07	21.72	22.05	21.65
Sept.	21.70	22.07	21.70	22.02	21.62
Lard—					
May	12.40	12.50	12.37	12.45	12.37
July	12.22	12.40	12.27	12.32	12.27
Sept.	12.30	12.37	12.27	12.27	12.25
Ribs—					
May	12.25	12.35	12.25	12.32	12.20
July	12.10	12.20	12.10	12.17	12.05
Sept.	12.07	12.20	12.05	12.17	12.07

Minneapolis Cash Grain Close.

[Furnished by E. J. Moore, grain merchant, 24 East Main, Phone 68.]

No. 1 hard, 1.10⅜; No. 1 northern, 1.08@1.09⅞; arrive, 1.07⅞@1.09⅞; No. 2 northern, 1.06@1.07⅞; to arrive, 1.07⅞; No. 1 velvet chaff, arrive, 1.06; No. 2 velvet chaff, arrive, 1.05; No. 3 wheat, 1.03@1.07⅝; No. 1 durum, arrive, 88¼; No. 2 durum, arrive 86¼.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 53¾@54¾; No. 4, 42¾@@49¾.

Oats—No. 3 white, 39⅛; arrive, 39⅛; No. 3, 36¾@37⅜.

Barley—51@61.

Rye—71¾@74¼; arrive, 72¾@73¾.

Flax—Cash, arrive, 2.36¾.

St. Louis Grain.

St. Louis, April 21.

Wheat—May, 1.04⅝.
Corn—May, 59½.
Oats—May, 41⅝.

Kansas City Grain.

Kansas City, April 21.

Wheat—No. 2 hard, 1.02@1.07; May, 1.00⅝ bid.

Corn—Mixed, 57½; May, 57¼@57¾ sellers.

Oats—No. 2 white, 42@44.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, April 21.

Wheat cash closed: No. 1 hard, 1.10⅜; No. 1 northern, 1.08@1.09⅞; No. 2 northern, 1.06@1.07⅞; No. 3, 1.03@1.05⅞.

Peoria Grain.

Peoria, April 21.

Corn—No. 3, 55½.

New York Grain.

New York, April 21.

Wheat—May, 1.14¾.
Corn—67⅞.

New York Produce.

New York, April 21.

Butter—Barely steady; receipts, 5,000; creamery specials, 32; third to extras, 25@31; held 24@30; state dairy, 24@31; process, 24@26.

Eggs—Weak; unchanged receipts, 37,000.

Poultry—Alive, firm; fowls, 20½; turkeys, 14@20; dressed firm; fowls, 15@20; turkeys, 17@23.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, April 21.

Wheat—Spot, no stocks; May, easy; 7s, 7½d.

Corn—Quiet; spot, new 5s, 3d; old 5s, 8½d; July 5s, 3⅜d.

The Money Market

New York, April 21.—Prime mercantile at 4¾@5; exchange steady, bankers' bills at 4.84.25@4.84.45 for sixty days; 4.87.75 on demand.

New York Exchange.

Chicago, April 21.—New York exchange, 10 per cent premium.

BASEBALL RESULTS YESTERDAY.

American League.

At Detroit—Detroit, St. Louis; (wet grounds).

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 6, New York 0.

At Boston—Washington 12, Boston 4.

At Chicago—Cleveland 1, Chicago 0.

National League.

At Cincinnati — Pittsburg (wet grounds).

At St. Louis—Chicago 5, St. Louis 4.

At New York — New York 4, Boston 0.

At Brooklyn—Philadelphia 6, Brooklyn 2.

American Association.

At Toledo—Toledo-Louisville, rain.

At Columbus—Columbus-Indianapolis; no game; snow.

At St. Paul—Kansas City 2, St. Paul 1.

At Minneapolis—Minneapolis 10, Milwaukee 9.

Grinnell and Vicinity.

Special to Times-Republican.

Grinnell, April 21.—Mrs. H. W. Norris, of this city, is reported as making a good recovery after a surgical operation in the Methodist hospital in Des Moines on Saturday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Young report from their farm home eight miles west of this city the birth of twin daughters.

Miss Louise Taylor, a graduate of Iowa College a number of years back, sends notice to her friends here of her marriage on the 12th of this month at Denver, Col., to Dr. H. F. Thompson, and that their future home is to be in Forest City, Iowa.

An attractive program was presented this morning at the auditorium of the high school here, the occasion being the presentation by the artist, A. L. Child, of a fine picture, finely framed, of the champion high school football team of last fall.

The April term of the superior court closed on Monday and the May term is to begin on May 2. In the case of Wadsworth against Owens, plaintiff won a verdict of $472.42 and by agreement costs were divided. The case of Hugh A. Steele against Edgar Morgan for damages for loss of time and labor and cost of medical attention in case of his son, who had a broken leg alleged by plaintiff to have been thru the misdirection of defendant for whom the boy was working at the time, was dismissed by the plaintiff at his own cost. The two cases of Mary E. Case against Jacob and William Wisecarver were continued. Kingdon Brothers against Ira Wortman and Lida B. Wortman, to recover on a certified account, went to plaintiff by default on the part of both defendants. In G. L. Miles against James G. Johnson a change of venue was granted defendant to the district court at Montezuma on the ground that he was a non-resident of Grinnell. In J. H. Humphrey against William Zirbel, an action to oust tenant staying, as alleged, over time and to collect rent for the overtime, was won by defendant and plaintiff now dismisses his appeal.

Mr. W. H. White, formerly of Dexter, Iowa, but now having a place in the fine finishing department of the Spaulding plant of this city, has moved his family here and they are at home in the Floyd Dale property, No. 811 Center street.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Woomer are having the pleasure of a visit from Mr. and Mrs. Charles Barnhardt, of Elgin, Neb.

There is to be a meeting of the Automobile Club this evening at the superior court room at 7:30, at which there will probably be some very valuable reports of committees and information regarding the river to river road project as well as plans for making good roads in other directions from this center. This meeting was postponed from Tuesday evening because of the extra interest in the brotherhood meeting of that date.

The paving now going on north of the park, on Fourth avenue, and the preparation of the ground along that side of the park for the new hitching racks that the city council has voted, are leading to the work of cutting out a number of old and unsightly soft maple trees that should have gone long ago to give room to some young ones of better varieties planted within the past few years.

Miss Bessie Harris is again at her old place as assistant librarian in the Stewart library, after a vacation of two months or more spent with her mother.

Why Turkish Women Wear Veils.

Turkish women do not wear veils because of their religion, as many suppose. It is merely the survival of an old custom. When the Turks still lived in Tartary, before the time of Mohammed, it was the habit of the men to steal such women for wives as attracted them. This led to so much fighting that about the second century after Christ the Turks came together and decided that henceforth the women should go veiled, and should not meet men but should dwell in harems as soon as they arrived at womanhood—which was at about 11 years of age.—Metropolitan Magazine.

CATTLE WERE LOWER

QUALITY GENERALLY WAS NOT GOOD, MOST OFFERINGS BEING LIGHT WEIGHTS.

GREATEST DECLINE, HOWEVER, WAS ON HEAVIER SORTS

Few Choice Steers Reached $8.25 and Several Loads Better Than $8—Hogs Strong and Five Above Wednesday's Average—Packers Hammered Sheep Prices Down and Whittled Sticks.

Chicago, April 21.—The cattle quality was not generally good. There were a few choice steers that reached $8.25, with several loads at a better figure than $8, but most of the steers went far under this level. A greater decline was on heavy sorts, and medium weight animals, that ranged from 700 to 750, did not show a full 10 cent break, tho weak above the 750 market, values were 10 cents lower.

Hogs.

Hogs were strong and 5 cents higher than the average yesterday, or steady with the best time of that session. The top was $9.25. There was but slow inquiry from packers.

Sheep.

Both sheep and lambs worked lower after the opening, packers hammering the market. Even with declines of 10 to 15 cents the packers did not evince much interest. Most of the buyers were busy whittling sticks to pass the time away.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, April 21.—Cattle—Estimated receipts for today, 8,000; opened steady to shade lower.

Beeves	5.60@8.45
Stockers and feeders	3.75@6.50
Cows and heifers	2.75@7.25
Western steers	4.90@6.75
Texas steers	4.70@6.15
Calves	6.75@8.25

Hogs—Estimated receipts for today, 12,000; opened 5 cents higher.

Light	8.85@9.20
Mixed	8.85@9.30
Heavy	8.85@9.25
Rough	8.85@9.00
Good to choice heavy	9.00@9.25
Bulk of sales	9.05@9.20

Sheep—Estimated receipts for today, 10,000; opened steady to shade lower.

Muttons	4.50@8.30
Lambs	7.75@9.75

Representative Hog Sales.

Below are quoted a few of the representative sales:

Chicago, April 21.

No.		Average.	Price.
60	mixed and butchers	209	$8.90
58	mixed and butchers	216	9.00
57	mixed and butchers	224	9.10
54	mixed and butchers	238	9.25
56	good heavies	296	9.00
53	good heavies	284	9.10
50	good heavies	307	9.20
49	good heavies	314	9.25
4	rough heavies	386	8.85
6	rough heavies	391	8.90
3	rough heavies	404	8.95
4	rough heavies	411	9.00
62	light hogs	147	8.90
58	light hogs	153	9.00
56	light hogs	156	9.10
51	light hogs	162	9.20

Representative Cattle Sales.

Below are quoted a few of the representative sales:

Chicago, April 21.

No.		Average.	Price.
19	steers	887	$5.75
17	steers	891	6.00
18	steers	910	6.25
17	steers	986	6.40
16	steers	944	6.60
14	steers	1016	6.75
15	steers	1084	7.00
16	steers	1072	7.15
18	steers	1151	7.25
17	steers	1094	7.40
16	steers	1161	7.50
12	steers	1215	7.65
11	steers	1287	7.75
13	steers	1308	8.00
10	steers	1452	8.25

Stocker and Feeder Sales.

Number		Average.	Price.
6	steers	590	$4.10
4	steers	677	4.25
9	steers	585	4.40
12	steers	615	4.50
16	steers	625	4.65
8	steers	670	4.75
18	steers	690	4.85
10	steers	671	5.00
21	steers	710	5.15
10	steers	627	5.25
14	steers	685	5.35
20	steers	641	5.50
20	steers	961	5.50
3	steers	816	5.50
12	steers	632	5.50
19	steers	760	5.60
15	steers	680	5.65
20	steers	810	5.75
17	steers	775	5.90
18	steers	887	6.00
16	steers	742	6.00
18	steers	927	6.25
13	steers	993	6.25
10	steers	904	6.55
8	steers	1011	6.75
6	steers	1008	6.85

Iowans at the Yards.

H. L. Smith of Low Moor, had a load of short fed cattle which sold for $7.25.

B. C. Hamilton of Folletts, Wednesday, had a load of short fed cattle on Wednesday's market that sold for $7.25.

Robert Cain, a prominent feeder of both cattle and hogs from Scranton, was on the market today with one load of hogs of his own feeding. Mr. Cain reports corn planting in his section well under way.

C. M. Morris of Ford, marketed a load of light-weight, short-fed steers Wednesday. Among his cattle were two heifers weighing 890 pounds at $6.40, and one cow at $6.85.

William Rogers of Morning Sun, marketed Monday fifty head of 1,207 pound steers at $7.80.

Ed Good, a successful feeder of Elliott, was on Monday's market with six loads of cattle, forty-eight head of which sold at $8.10 averaging 1,477 pounds, and forty-four head at $7.60 averaging 1,170 pounds. He also had a few heifers averaging 661 pounds that sold at $7.60 per cwt.

John M. Gruber, well-known cattle feeder and farmer at Fontanelle, was on Monday's market with two cars of cattle of his own feeding, averaging 1,260 pounds, that brought $7.75.

J. E. Wissles, Lewis, was on Monday's market with one car of cattle that sold at $7.45.

Tom Peterson, a well-known cattle feeder at Ida Grove, was on Monday's market with a car of 1,100 pound steers that sold at $7.55.

John Ehler, the big dealer at Schleswig, was represented on Monday's market with hogs.

F. D. Reinking, popular operator at Schleswig, was on Monday's market with a car of hogs of his own feeding.

John Vander Maien, a representative feeder from O'Brien county, with a reputation for making good cattle, was here Wednesday with a shipment of his own feeding. His yearlings averaged 920 pounds, and sold at $7.50; his 900-pound heifers sold at $6.65, and a good 1,340-pound cow at $7.25. His bull brought $5.90.

W. A. Verdoorn of Sioux county, was here looking after the sale of a load of good cattle of his own feeding. His steers averaged 1,115 pounds and were good enough to bring $7.40, his heifers $6.50, and his bull $6.

G. Van den Bosch of O'Brien county, was on the market with a load of good 875-pound steers of his own feeding that were sold at $7.40.

H. G. Bowers, a representative feeder from Marion county, was here Wednesday looking after the sale of three-load shipment of cattle of his own feeding. His yearlings, averaging 960 pounds, sold at $7.75, and his steers, averaging 1,353 pounds, at $7.85.

Kansas City Livestock.

Kansas City, April 21.—Cattle—Estimated receipts for today, 3,000; steady.

Natives	6.50@8.40
Cows and heifers	3.75@8.00
Stockers and feeders	4.75@7.00
Westerns	6.00@8.00
Southerns	6.00@7.80

Hogs—Estimated receipts for today, 8,000; strong.

Heavies	9.00@9.15
Packers and butchers	8.80@9.10
Lights	8.60@9.00

Sheep—Estimated receipts for today, 5,000; steady.

Muttons	6.50@8.75
Lambs	8.25@9.90

Omaha Livestock.

Omaha, April 21.—Cattle—Estimated receipts for today, 5,700; slow, 10 to 15 cents lower.

Natives	6.00@8.50
Cows and heifers	3.75@7.00
Westerns	3.75@7.25
Stockers and feeders	3.75@7.00

Hogs—Estimated receipts for today, 6,500; 5 cents higher.

Heavies	9.00@9.10
Mixed	8.90@9.00
Lights	8.75@9.00

Sheep—Estimated receipts for today, 3,900; strong, 10 cents higher.

Muttons	6.75@8.50
Lambs	9.00@10.10

St. Louis Livestock.

St. Louis, April 21.—Cattle—Estimated receipts for today, 2,500; steady.

Natives	6.80@8.60
Cows and heifers	3.50@7.75
Stockers and feeders	4.00@6.00

Hogs—Estimated receipts for today, 4,500; 5 cents higher.

Pigs and lights	7.50@9.10
Packers	8.75@9.15
Butchers and best heavies	9.00@9.25

Sheep—Estimated receipts for today, 1,000; steady.

Muttons	7.50@8.35
Lambs	8.00@10.50

LOCAL LIVESTOCK MARKET.

Prices Paid For Cattle, Hogs and Sheep on Local Market.

Marshalltown prices on livestock were quoted by Britain & Co., today as follows, and farmers are requested to telephone the packing house before selling hogs, cattle or sheep anywhere:

CATTLE.

Good fat cows and heifers—4.00@4.50.
Fair cows and heifers—2.50@3.00.
Veals—5.00.
Bulls—2.50@3.50.

HOGS.

Premium, over 200—8.25.
Premium, 160 to 200—8.25.
Good packers—8.25.

CHINESE CENTER OF INDUSTRY

Fan-Making Is the Principal Business Carried On in Village of Pengchow.

Writing of fan making in southern China, the American consul at Swatow says:

"This industry was started centuries ago in the village of Pengchow, at Ampow, about three miles from Swatow. It was formerly confined to women in various households, but for many years past every family in the village has been devoted to the work, all the members of the families being occupied in the manufacture. In the city of Chaochowfu itself the fan industry is also large, but the Pengchow district abounds in a particular kind of bamboo especially suitable for the ribs and handle, and to this fact is the large output of the latter place attributed.

"Only the open fan is manufactured in this district. For the frame the split bamboo is repeatedly rived until each piece is sufficiently slender and flexible. These thread-like pieces of bamboo are arranged in a row, attached to each other by a thread passed crosswise through the middle. This thread is fastened to a semicircular strip of bamboo giving the fan its shape. The ribs are then slightly heated and bent at the ends. The fan has now the peculiar and characteristic shell-like shape at the top. Very flimsy silk gauze is then pasted on the face, and a kind of tissue-like paper on the back. After the handle is attached the border of the fan is black varnished and the gauze is coated with a chalk and water mixture. The handles are made of bamboo, various kinds of hard wood, bone and ivory. The hand painting on the fans is eleverly done, in some instances being a work of art.

Workingmen's Savings Bank.

The two savings bank departments with insurance features for workingmen, established in Brockton and Whitman, Mass., in accordance with the law passed in that state a year ago, have paid a dividend of 3 1-2 per cent. on the first year's premiums of investments.

Prize Little Valued.

The irony of fate was shown the other day when a member of the Yarmouth (Eng.) miniature rifle club who is a keen temperance worker was awarded two prizes at the annual distribution. Each was a bottle of whisky.

WILL CANNON FOLLOW?

SPEAKER OF HOUSE MAY TAKE CUE FROM ALDRICH AND HALE.

QUESTION IS ABSORBING ATTENTION OF POLITICAL WORLD

Democrats Hope Cannon Will Hang to Job and Thus Help Them in Campaign Next Fall—Would Relieve Republicans of a Heavy Load if He Should Retire.

Washington, April 21.—The all absorbing question in Washington's political circles is:

Will Speaker Cannon follow the lead of Senators Aldrich and Hale and voluntarily retire from the field of political activity where he has wielded so much power?

Naturally enough the democrats who voted to oust the speaker recently when the insurgents combined with them to change the rules, but did not have the courage to go the entire route, don't want Speaker Cannon to quit. They want to keep the issue of "Cannonism" before the voters this fall, believing that it will help them to carry several close districts. If Speaker Cannon were to voluntarily announce that he will not seek re-election as speaker they would be the least pleased people in Washington.

The most pleased people in Washington would not the speaker's political foes, but a number of his so-called friends who haven't the courage to suggest it to him but would feel relieved if they did not have to defend the Cannon rule before their constituents.

And so it is that Cannon stands almost alone as the one heroic figure of this whole situation, daring his enemies to put him out and ignoring his lukewarm supporters in his own party. He seems to be about the only man, with a very few exceptions, left in town who still retains any courage of heroic proportions.

He seems to be the one man in Washington who is not afraid, who is not seeing things and who does not give two whoops what friends or foe thinks about him.

It is stated by a few of Cannon's friends that he had intended last winter to make an announcement within a short time that he would retire from the place of leadership in public life because he had earned the rest in his declining years and had had honors enough to satisfy him. But about that time they began to lambaste him both in the press and on the stump and his fighting blood was aroused.

What Cannon desires above everything else just now is that no one shall get the erroneous impression that there is anything cowardly about him.

Speaker Cannon is not carrying a chip on his shoulder, but he will not be scared, and some of his half-hearted friends now are worrying for fear he will get mad, stay mad and fight it out to a finish.

The speaker gives them no satisfaction.

NO HOSTILE AMENDMENTS.

Senate Passes River and Harbor Bill With Burton Proviso.

Washington, April 21.—The river and harbor bill as it passed the senate is in condition satisfactory to Senator Nelson who had charge of the measure in the absence of Senator Frye, chairman of the committee. Mr. Nelson and his colleagues of the committee successfully resisted all hostile amendments and the opposition which Senator Burton, of Ohio, made to the general features of the measure made no impression upon the senate. The item for the high dam and power at the Twin Cities went in with the proviso included as requested by Senator Burton.

Mr. Nelson believes the proviso will work no hardship and that it may well remain in the bill. This provision follows the item as it was placed in the bill by the house at the request of Representatives Nye and Stevens, which merely seeks to commit the government to the high dam and power project in accordance with the last report of the engineers dated March 3, of this year. That is accomplished as the bill goes to President Taft. But the proviso, as follows, will be open to consideration in conference:

"Provided, that in the making of leases of water power a reasonable compensation shall be secured to the United States, and rates as fixed shall be subject to revision by congress."

Messrs. Stevens and Nye are not greatly disturbed by this proviso, but they believe it is unnecessary, and better out of the bill than in it. They have asked Chairman Alexander of the house committee to insist upon having it eliminated, and thereby leave the whole question of compensation for power open to negotiation. But it will not be regarded as a serious matter if the proviso remains in the bill.

The items inserted by Senator Nelson for the Leech Lake and Winnebigoshish canal, $61,000, and for improving the Mississippi between Brainerd and Grand Rapids at a cost of $22,000, remain in the bill as it passed the senate.

A survey is provided for the St. Louis river from the north end of Spirit Lake up to New Duluth and to the Plaine Quarries near Fond du Lac.

ECHO OF MINE HORROR.

Survivor of Cherry Disaster Says Men Lived Six Weeks Entombed.

Chicago, April 21.—Joseph Colek, one of the miners who survived the mine disaster at Cherry, Ill., a few months ago has written an interesting letter to the Svornost, a Bohemian newspaper published in Chicago. Following is a translation:

"From the third shaft in the mine, all the water finally has been pumped out. On the day this shaft was cleaned a body was brought out of the mine, but was so decomposed that it could not be identified. On the next day the bodies of thirty-one miners were taken out of this shaft. These thirty-one men lived in the mine six weeks after the catastrophe, as was learned from writings found among them.

"After these men discovered that the mine was on fire, they escaped to the mule stables. In the stables they found plenty of corn and some water, and this kept them alive for six weeks. The writings says that they broke up the stable partitions and constructed an air fan of the boards. This fan was turned every minute during the days and nights of the six weeks, and thus they were supplied with air. The mine, however, did not contain enough air for them to live a long time and they apparently were suffocated. When the relief party entered the stables in this third shaft, one of the men was found lying by the fan with his hands on the handle which he apparently had been turning as long as life remained in him.

"I saw the fan when it was brought up from the mine and was impressed with the heroic efforts of the men who constructed this crude contrivance with which they hoped to have their lives. Some of them had money in their belt pockets, one of them having $1,400 in paper bills. The bills were so rotted that they fell apart when touched. The numbers of the bills were taken and sent to Washington.

"Here in Cherry, the situation is still deplorable. Everybody who has the opportunity is leaving the town. The water that was pumped from the mine has been poisoned by the many decayed bodies, and the warm weather causes it to smell so that life here is almost unendurable. The widows that are still here receive a weekly pension from the Red Cross Society, the amounts being divided according to the number of people in the family.

"I received the sum you sent for the benefit of the widows and orphans, and am sending the receipts from the widows. There are still eleven Bohemian widows in Cherry, the others having moved away."

SEA RACE WHEN TEDDY COMES.

Many Boats Chartered For Reception of Ex-President.

New York, April 21.—Down on the New York water front it was decided that there was an unprecedented demand for ocean going excursion boats for June 18, when Theodore Roosevelt returns from Europe. Shipping men expect a harvest twice as great as that reaped by the various steamboat owners during the Hudson-Fulton celebration. The price of tickets is likely to mount to $10 a head.

Nearly all of the big political organizations and societies have engaged or expect to engage steamboats for June 18 and there is a good chance that there will not be boats enough to go around at any price. Some of the greeting parties plan to go far to sea, and it is expected that there will be a race to be the first to meet Colonel Roosevelt's steamship. Most of the ships will be equipped with wireless and some of the parties are planning to distinguish themselves by adding to their noise-making devices a full supply of foghorns and siren whistles.

While it is not yet known whether any war vessels will come here to take part in the naval parade, a movement is already on foot to have the fort at the harbor entrance salute the homecomer as he comes up the bay.

THE PLANETS.

They All, With Their Satellites, Exhibit Phases Like the Moon.

We are likely to regard the moon as the only thing in the heavens that exhibits phases such as the quarter, the half and the full. As a matter of fact, all planets and their satellites exhibit separately such phases, and most of them can be easily seen with a small power telescope. Thus Mars and Venus, which are comparatively close to the earth, show through the telescope at times a beautiful crescent, at others a half planet fully as brilliant, considering the distance, as does our satellite. At times also the planets suffer eclipse, just as the earth, the moon and the sun, and these eclipses are foretold with as great accuracy.

As to just what causes the phases, say of the moon, is easy to comprehend by a homely analogy. If one stands in a corner of a room, places a globe of some description in the next corner and a light in the third corner the phenomenon of the half moon is seen. The light, representing the sun, shines of course on half the globe representing the moon, but the observer in the corner sees only half of the surface toward him illuminated. If now the light be placed behind the observer and a little above his head a full moon will be seen, the "sun," however, shining on the same area of surface as before, merely allowing this time a view from the "earth" of the whole amount of illumination. All the phases can be demonstrated in this manner by moving the "moon" directly outward from its corner.

One of the greatest discoveries of science is due to observation of the eclipses of Jupiter's moons. It was found that when the earth was in the part of its orbit nearest to Jupiter these eclipses occurred sixteen minutes earlier than when it was in the farthermost part, whereas by all rules of astronomy they should have occurred at the same minute each time. It was deduced from this that light was not instantaneous and consequently took sixteen minutes to traverse the diameter of the earth's orbit, a distance of about 200,000,000 miles, thus giving to light a velocity of 186,000 miles a second, which was accurately shown later by other experiments.—St. Louis Republic.

WATCH SPRINGS.

Not Surprising They Break Considering the Work They Do.

The mainspring of a watch does not unwind at a uniform rate, but intermittently. It is subjected to a sudden jerk at every tick—four times per second for my watch. This makes 345,600 times per day and over 126,000,000 times per year. This operating condition is analogous to others discussed in Kent's "Mechanical Pocketbook" under the heads of "Relation of the Elastic Limit of Endurance Under Repeated Stresses" and "Resistance of Metals to Repeated Shocks." Among other things it says:

"Another long known result of experience is the fact that rupture may be caused by a succession of shocks or impacts none of which alone would be sufficient to cause it. Iron axles, the piston rods of steam hammers and other pieces of metal subject to continuously repeated shocks invariably break after a certain length of service. They have 'a life' which is limited."

Wohler found in testing iron by repeated stresses (not impacts) that in one case 400,000 applications of a stress of 500 centners to the square inch caused a rupture, while a similar bar remained sound after 48,000,000 applications of a stress of 300 centners to the square inch. One centner equals 110.2 pounds. The mainspring of a watch is not only under a considerable tensile stress, but also under a bending stress when suddenly released, then immediately stopped by the escapement mechanism. It is then probable that its molecular cohesive power deteriorates in a manner similar to those quoted.—Scientific American.

Von Bulow of Gentle Nature.

When first Von Bulow was introduced to me I almost avoided him on account of the many stories of his irascibility, his erratic disposition, his offhand treatment of the public, his brutality toward musicians and many other crimes of this sort. On closer acquaintance with the great pianist I experienced some astonishment to find him a man of strong mind, yet gentle nature, enthusiastic, artistic to the finger tips and well bred, though of an exceedingly nervous temperament. Irascible he might have been at times, but I am sure that the moments of ungovernable anger were always provoked by people's stupidity or by some unpardonable mistakes in musical execution.—From "Modjeska's Memoirs" in Century.

Almond Oil.

One hundred pounds of almonds yield forty-eight pounds of oil.

Careworn man has in all ages sown vanity to reap despair.—Goethe.

COMFORTING WORDS.

Many a Marshalltown Household Will Find Them So.

To have the pains and aches of a bad back removed; to be entirely free from annoying, dangerous urinary disorders is enough to make any kidney sufferer grateful. To tell how this great change can be brought about will prove comforting words to hundreds of Marshalltown readers.

Mrs. J. B. Cornelius, 306 North Sixth street, Marshalltown, Iowa, says: "From childhood I had kidney trouble and as I grew older, my condition became worse. I suffered intensely from backache and bearing-down pains thru my loins, and I was also annoyed by a kidney weakness. Nothing helped me until I got Doan's Kidney Pills at the McBride & Will Drug Company. Since taking them, I have been in much better health and my back and kidneys have caused me but little trouble. I am glad that I learned of Doan's Kidney Pills." (Statement given Feb. 14, 1907.)

A SECOND STATEMENT.

On Feb. 28, 1910, Mrs. Cornelius said: "I still recommend Doan's Kidney Pills whenever I have the opportunity. My experience with this remedy has convinced me that it can be depended upon."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

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