

"In All That Is Good We Afford the Best"

Geo. L. Andrews

Everyone knows how difficult it is to get

Pure Maple Syrup

We have succeeded in getting a Quantity that we can guarantee to be the real thing made from

Maple Sap

just as it comes from the trees.

Most of the Maple Syrups nowadays are made from Maple sugars and cane syrups and contain but little of the real maple sap. Our syrup is made from the maple sap and not from sugars. It comes in

GALLONS, HALF GALLONS, QUARTS

It is just the thing for pancakes. We also have a large supply of genuine

Maple Sugar

Agent For the Celebrated

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None Others Quite so Good

Geo. L. Andrews

128 West Main

"In All That Is Good We Afford the Best"

MISS SANDOE BRIDE OF CALIFORNIA MAN

POPULAR MARSHALLTOWN GIRL GIVEN IN MARRIAGE TO WALTER J. HANNA.

WEDDING FIRST OF THREE BIG EVENTS OF AUTUMN

Over 100 Guests Witness Beautiful Ceremony of Elaborate and Fashionable Event—Wedding Culmination of College Romance at Leland Stanford—Bride Prominent in Younger Set.

The first of the three elaborate and fashionable weddings to take place here this month, was celebrated Thursday evening at the Sandoe home, 208 North Center street, when Miss Fannie Bruner Sandoe, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William A. Sandoe, became the bride of Mr. Walter J. Hanna, of Gilroy, Cal. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. H. Scott, in the presence of 100 or more guests.

At 8 o'clock Miss Harriet Frazier of Nevada, who was a schoolmate of the bride at the State University of Iowa, and Miss Hazel Sandoe's roommate at Northwestern University last year, began the strains of the Mendelssohn wedding march. All three are also members of the same sorority, the Delta Delta Delta. Four ribbon bearers, who formed an aisle with wide yellow ribbons, from the hall thru the parlor to the bay window in the living room, preceded the bridal party down stairs. They were Misses Lucille Willard, who wore white messaline trimmed in silk embroidery; Agnes Burroughs, in black chiffon over blue satin; Lela David, in lavender embroidered tulle over a blending of pale blue and pink; and Florence Harris, who wore a robe of pink embroidered bengaline.

The bride was given away by her father, and Miss Hazel Alice Sandoe, sister of the bride and Mr. Carl Francis Jordan, of Cedar Rapids, attended the bridal couple. The ring service was held.

The costumes of all those taking part in the wedding were very elaborate and beautiful. The bride's gown was an exquisite creation of cream Duchess satin, made en traine, and lavishly trimmed with heavy satin embroidery outlined with pearls, and pearl-studded satin slippers to correspond. She also wore a beautiful silk embroidered wedding veil, which was worn by the groom's mother at the latter's wedding. The bride carried a large shower bouquet of bride roses, which she later threw among the guests as she went upstairs. Her going-away costume was a suit of dark blue broadcloth, worn with a scarlet velvet turban. Miss Hazel Sandoe's dress was of yellow broadcloth, silk, trimmed in heavy gold embroidery, and she carried yellow chrysanthemums. Mr. and Mrs. Sandoe, the latter's sister, Mrs. Robert Martin, of Apple River, Ill., and the groom's mother, Mrs. Clara Hanna, of Gilroy, Cal., received the guests. Mrs. Sandoe wore an evening gown of heavy black embroidered satin, trimmed in jet bands. Mrs. Martin was attired in a robe of black tulle over black silk, and Mrs. Hanna wore silver-headed chiffon over green satin. Miss Frazier's gown was of silver-headed chiffon over pink, with silver trimmings.

The guests were admitted by Elizabeth Nichols, and shown upstairs by Elizabeth and Anna Catherine McCambs. The color scheme of the decorations was yellow and green, turquoise, and in the menu, yellow and white. The lights were subdued with yellow chrysanthemum shades, and large vases of yellow chrysanthemums were in all the rooms. A team of leaves and similar decorated the chandeliers and were used elsewhere. In the living room, the ceremony took place under a beautiful arch of smilax, from the center of which hung a wedding ball made of the chrysanthemums, and beautifully colored autumn leaves formed an effective background. There was a brides table in the dining room in which were seated the bridal party and the young people of the gathering. Four wide yellow ribbons, alternating with strands of smilax, extended from the chandelier to the table, on which were chrysanthemums. Ribbon bows of the wide yellow ribbon hung down from the sides. On the table were the candles, nuts, etc., and a beautiful wedding cake, which was cut by the bride, and served to the thirty-five or forty young people in the room. The cake contained a button, which fell to the lot of Mr. Charles Darling, a ring, which went to Mr. Ray Scott; a piece of money, which was in the slice taken by Miss Dorothy Solomon; and a thimble, which fell to Mr. Willard Hanna. The lunch was in two courses, and the serving was done by Misses Katherine Balch, Josephine Gabelman, Lola Scott, Florence Maher, Beesie McNew, Grace Swingley and Lucille Adams, and Mrs. Verlon Pemberton, assisting Mrs. Sandoe with the guests, during the evening, were Mesdames F. B. Garvin, A. G. Glick, R. W. McCreey, A. A. Moore and Bruce Moffatt, the latter of St. Paul.

Conspicuous among the lavish display of wedding presents, was a large, handsome antique Persian rug, the gift of the bride's parents, and a chest of beautiful silver, the gift of the groom's mother and an older brother.

Mr. and Mrs. Hanna left Thursday night for Denver, and while there will visit the Garden of the Gods, Colorado Springs, the Grand Canyon and other places of interest. From there, they will go to Los Angeles, to visit a brother of the groom, Mr. S. C. Hanna, and family, and then on to Gilroy, Cal., where they are to reside. The at-home cards read after Dec. 15.

The bride is a talented and charming young woman, prominent among the younger set, and with a host of other friends here, where she has lived for the greater part of her life. After graduating from the high school here, in 1905, she attended Leland Stanford University, at Palo Alto, Cal. Then was a student at the State University of Iowa for two years, and went back to Leland Stanford to finish, graduating in 1909, in the German and art course. It was while at Stanford that she met



MISS FANNIE B. SANDOE, Whose Marriage to Mr. Walter J. Hanna Was Celebrated Thursday Night.

Mr. Hanna. The past year, she was drawing supervisor in the Marshalltown schools and proved a popular and efficient instructor.

Mr. Hanna is a member of a prominent and early family of California. He studied civil engineering at both the University of California, Berkeley, and Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y. For some time he was in the employ of the Northwestern Corporation of Portland, Ore., but has given up his profession at present to conduct and live upon a fruit ranch which he owns at Gilroy.

Guests present from out of town were Mrs. Clara Hanna, of Gilroy, Cal.; Mrs. Robert Martin, of Apple River, Ill.; Miss Harriet Frazier, of Nevada; Mr. Robert Graham, of Council Bluffs; Mr. Carl Jordan, of Cedar Rapids; Miss Florence Lee, of New York City; Mr. George Ott, of Waterloo; and Mrs. Bruce Moffatt, of St. Paul.

BALCH WEDDING NOV. 17

Miss Ruth Balch, Another Popular Girl of City, to Become Bride of George E. Ott on Thursday, Nov. 17—Will Be Church Wedding, With Reception Following at Balch Home.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Franklin Balch issued invitations Thursday night for the marriage of their daughter, Louise Ruth, to Mr. George Edward Ott, of Waterloo, which will take place at 8 o'clock on the evening of Thursday, Nov. 17, at the First Congregational church. Miss Balch is one of the prominent young women of the younger social set, and much interest is centered in the approaching event on the part of many friends.

Following the wedding, for which 250 invitations have been issued, a reception will be held at the Balch home, 106 North Second street. In the neighborhood of 100, including only the relatives and the bride's more intimate friends, are being bidden to the reception.

Mr. and Mrs. Ott will make their home in Waterloo, and their at-home cards read after Dec. 20 at 620 West Third avenue.

EAST HIGH STRENGTHENS.

New Material Placed in Line by Des Moines Team For Saturday's Game.

In anticipation of the game in this city tomorrow between the East Des Moines and Marshalltown high schools, Coach Van Liew, of the Des Moines team, has made a few changes in his line, for the purpose of strengthening it. The team is said to be in fine condition, which is contrary to the situation with the home team. This morning's Register and Leader says of the East High team:

Coach Van Liew gave his squad their last workout last night, before meeting Marshalltown, putting them thru a long signal practice. The men are up to the best of trim and Van Liew expects them to put up a great game Saturday. Two changes have been made in the lineup in an effort to get more strength in the line. Harry, the big man who has been playing tackle, has been switched to center, and shows promise of making one of the best snappers in the state. Geisinger has been put in at left guard in place of Reynolds. Geisinger has had hard luck all season and would have undoubtedly made the team earlier in the season if he had not been handicapped by injuries.

The East High team will probably line up with Sellers and Loper, ends; Cavanaugh and Hites, tackles; Geisinger and Heggen, guards; Hart, center; Metcalf, quarterback; Byers and Yoder, halves and Brophy fullback. The team leaves Saturday morning at 6:15.

ADDS TO EQUIPMENT

The Central Iowa Business College Improves Its Equipment—Four Visible Typewriters and a Duplicator Purchased.

The Central Iowa Business College has just installed a \$350 multigraph for the instruction of its students. So many of the largest business concerns are demanding competent operators for all of its shorthand graduates to manipulate it. No other business colleges in the state train its graduates to operate this wonderful typewriting duplicator.

The college has also just purchased four of the latest visible Smith Premier typewriters, all of which are equipped with back spacers, tabulators, and two-color devices. The type of the Smith Premier machines exactly matches the multigraph type.

The college is now prepared to quote very attractive prices on typewritten letters in quantities.

GOOD SETS FORTH POSITION ON VOTE

TELLS WHY HE VOTED AGAINST HUGHES AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL.

ANSWERS INFERENCE OF UNFAIRNESS TO LABOR

Bill Not for Prosecution of Criminal Corporations and Trusts, But for Enforcement of Anti-Trust Laws—Considered Amendment an Insult to Organized Labor.

Hon. James W. Good, congressman from this, the Fifth district, and the republican nominee for re-election, has addressed the following communication to the Times-Republican, relative to his vote on the Hughes amendment, which has been used against him in the campaign on the inferred ground that he was unfair to organized labor.

Mr. Good sets forth his position in regard to his vote very clearly, and shows that the provisions of the sundry civil appropriation bill were not made for the prosecution of criminal corporations and trusts, as the circular issued against him implies, but rather were as the bill states, for the enforcement of the anti-trust laws as applied to the individual and corporation alike; to the laborer as well as the capitalist. Mr. Good considers the insinuation that he is an unfair labor and to organized labor, to infer that the laborer or organized labor wanted any exemption from prosecution if criminal statutes had been violated.

Mr. Good also calls attention to the fact that the amendment was without merit because there can not be any prosecution for acts not in themselves unlawful, as referred to in the bill, and furthermore that in twenty years' operation of the Sherman anti-trust law there has never been a penny expended to prosecute organized labor.

Mr. Good's communication is as follows:

"Editor Times-Republican: My attention has been called to a circular giving my vote on the so-called Hughes amendment. From this circular it might be inferred that I was unfair to labor. This circular states: 'The house of representatives had before it the sundry civil appropriation bill which contained an appropriation of \$200,000 for the prosecution of criminal corporations and trusts'; when Congressman Hughes of New Jersey offered the following amendment: 'Provided further, that no part of this money shall be spent in the prosecution of any organization or individual for entering into any combination or agreement having in view the increasing of wages, shortening of hours, or bettering the conditions of labor, or for any act done in furtherance thereof or not in itself unlawful.'"

"I voted against the amendment offered by Mr. Hughes. It is very difficult to understand what was meant by the amendment. The appropriation of \$200,000 was made for the prosecution of criminal corporations and trusts, as was stated in the circular, but was, as stated in the bill, for the enforcement of the anti-trust laws and acts to regulate commerce and applied to the individual as well as the corporation, to the capitalist and laborer alike."

"The officers of the government can not expend any of the money so appropriated to prosecute any one for the commission of an act 'not in itself unlawful.' If the act committed is not an unlawful act, then the appropriation can not be used to prosecute the person who has committed some offense not prohibited by such law. It is elementary that appropriations of this kind can not be used to prosecute anyone where the law has not been violated, and no law has been violated where the act complained of is not in itself unlawful."

"But assuming that it was intended by the mover of this amendment to exempt labor organizations from prosecution where they had violated the provisions of the Sherman anti-trust law, and the acts to regulate commerce, which is the only reasonable assumption that can be gathered from the amendment, the words 'not in itself unlawful' are but more surplusage. It ought to be plain that this amendment should not be incorporated in the laws of the United States. Its effect would be to enact class legislation. This amendment is set up in this case in two distinct classes, one of which could violate the anti-trust laws and acts to regulate commerce with impunity and go Scott-free, whereas if another class violated the same law, they could be confined in the penitentiary."

"Labor has made its demands on the theory that it is honest and law-abiding. That it wanted the laws of the country enforced with the same rigor, and by the infliction of the same penalties, against the rich as against the poor. That it simply wanted a square deal. It ought to occur to one that such a provision would give it more than a square deal, and I believe in the end, if such a provision was enacted into law that the laboring man would be the first man to feel the evil effects of such a measure."

"The Sherman anti-trust law has been on the statute books for twenty years and there has never been a single penny expended to prosecute organized labor under this law. Why then, write an exemption into the statute books of the United States exempting labor organizations if they violate the Sherman anti-trust law or any of the statutes in the United States."

"A careful study of this amendment must impress one with the fact that it is wholly without merit. In the first place there has never been any prosecution of labor organizations by the government for the violation of this law. Secondly, there can be no prosecution of an act 'not in itself unlawful.' Thirdly, the national government had, at the time this bill was being considered, and now has, in the neighborhood of \$3,000,000 available for the prosecution of the offenders of any of the civil criminal statutes of the United States, any part or all of which can be used to prosecute labor organizations or the members thereof should they violate any of the criminal stat-

utes of the United States. Fourthly, it was an insult to honest labor and to organized labor to infer that the laborer, or organized labor wants an exemption from prosecution when they or it violates the criminal statutes of the United States.

"JAMES W. GOOD."

Kent Coaching Carlton. Maurice Kent of this city, who has been playing professional baseball all summer, as a member of the pitching staff of the Ottumwa team of the Central association, has been employed as coach of the Carlton College football team at Northfield, Minn. Kent's brother, Carl Kent, is an instructor at Carlton. Maurice Kent has been employed as coach for Carlton during the past few seasons.

KONDON'S DEAF? Will Cure Catarrhal Cause. Liberal Free Sample. Ears illustration.

Buy a German Heater. The Flueless Base Heater. Warms the Floor. Burns the Smoke. No Soot—No Gas. Bendlage Hardware Co. The Stove Store.

E. R. LAY THE NEW ENGLAND BURCH BROS. Saturday Special EMBROIDERY SALE. We place on sale TOMORROW a large assortment of Embroideries in edgings, insertions, waistings, fronts, all-overs, corset covers, 18 inch, 27 inch and 49 inch flounce, worth from 5c to \$2 per yard. These will be placed on sale Tomorrow at just 1-2 Price. This means embroideries at from 2 1/2c to \$1 per yard that are worth just double. Sole Agency Ladies' Home Journal Patterns.