The T.-R.'s Iowa News Stands in a Class by Itself

Evening Times-Republican

Weather For Iowa: Continued Fair, Cooler T

VOLUME FORTY-ONE — MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1915. — NUMBER

BRITISH JOIN BALKAN ALLIES

Expeditionary Force Now in Trenches Facing Bulgarians.

RUSS EXPEDITION NOT HEARD FROM

Force of 200,000 Men Seeking Landing on Bulgarian Coast of Black Sea—French Contingent Repulses Bulgarian Attacking Force and Drives It Into River, Many Being Drowned—Outer Forts of Nish Bombarded.

London, Nov. 1.—British troops in the Balkans, whose movements have been kept secret since they poured into Saloniki, prepared to rush thru Greece to the assistance of Serbia, are now in the trenches with their Balkan allies at grips with Bulgar , just across the frontier near Strumitsa. Tho all reports that the allies have taken this town apparently are unfounded, it is along this lower stretch of the front the Bulgarians are likely to receive the first hard blows from their opponents.

It seems to be out of the question for the Serbians to do much more than fight rear guard actions for the present. With Pirot in their hands, the Bulgarians are menacing Nish with the Austro-German forces based on the Save and Danube crossings.

In northeastern Serbia, the Bulgarians, well across the Timok river, are pressing forward vigorously in order to widen the line of communication with Hungary.

Russ Expedition Unheard From.

The much discussed Russian expedition on the way to the Bulgarian coast, estimated at 2,000 men, has not been heard from again. There are reports, however, of further bombardment of Bulgarian ports.

At the Dardanelles the British are showing renewed activity. They are hammering the Turks with artillery supported by such ships of the allied fleet as are not engaged against Bulgaria.

Germans Recapture Tahure Hill.

The recapture of Tahure hill by the Germans sums up for the present the known result of the sudden spurt of the heavy fighting in the Champagne. While the contenders on the western front have not renewed the general offensive, it is likely there will be frequent clashes over considerable extent of the front while the Balkan situation is so acute.

FRENCH REPULSE BULGARS.

Attacking Force Driven Back Into River and Many Drowned.

Saloniki, via London, Nov. 1.—Bulgarian infantry supported by two batteries made an attack yesterday on a French advance post covering Krivolok, on the left bank of the Vardar. After sharp fighting the Bulgarians retired, having sustained heavy losses.

An attempt was made yesterday by the Bulgarians with the aid of artillery to dislodge French troops from their northermost position in Serbia met with failure. Advance posts scouting near Velas retired before a Bulgarian attack to their base at Krivolak, where a division of French troops were entrenched. The Bulgarians then attacked the position three times. The Bulgarians were caught in a cross fire of artillery and stopped when met by a fusilade of infantry fire. Finally the French charged and the Bulgarians were driven into the Vardan river, which is swollen by recent rains, and many were drowned.

Desperate Fighting in Serbia.

Rome, via Paris, Nov. 1,—The fighting between Serbians and Bulgarians in the Timok valley has been desperate. A Bucharest dispatch to the Corriere Della Sera of Milan, says the third Bulgarian regiment of infantry was almost destroyed. only fifty men surviving. Public buildings are barracks at Widin, Bulgaria, are filled with wounded men.

This newspaper also states that 20,000 Serbians have taken refuge in Roumania.

Outer Forts of Nish Bombarded.

Berlin, via Wireless to Sayville, Nov. 1.—Bulgarian artillery that has advanced from Knisazavac and Pirot has begun a bombardment of the exterior forts of Nish, according to a dispatch from Sofia.

Germans Capture Arsenal Town

Berlin, via Amsterdam and London, Nov. 1.—The Serbian town of Kraguyevats, at which is located the great Serbian arsenal, has been taken by the Germans.

Bulgars Suffer Heavily.

Paris, Nov. 1.—Twenty-five thousand Bulgarians have fallen in a desperate battle with the Serbs for the possession of Velas, according to a dispatch from Saloniki.

Despite the dogged resistence of the Serbs, the Russians succeeded in occupying that part of the town which is situated on the right bank of the Vardar river.

The other part of the town remains in the hands of the Serbs and the battle continues, says the dispatch.

The Saloniki advices state that the allies continue to land forces there.

Confirmation of the capture of Pirot by the Bulgarians is contained in a Serbian official statement.

British Force Under Fire.

London, Nov. 1.—The British expeditionary force in Serbia received its baptism of fire on the Gievgeli-Dorran front, where, according to a Times dispatch from Athens, it took part in the recent fighting.

ALLIES ARRIVE TOO LATE.

British Military Correspondent Declares Serbia to Be Doomed.

Rome, via Paris, Nov. 1.—Col. C. Acourt Repington, military correspondent of the London Times, declared in an interview given the Gironale D'Italia that the situation of Serbia is desperate. With her army completely isolated, its only chance of safety is to retire to the Adriatic coast outside of its own territory. Once there Italy could supply military help.

The expedition of the allies from Saloniki can not arrive in time to save Serbia, he asserted, while the Austro-Germans can be in Constantinople within a week. He believes, however, that whatever happens in the Orient the eventual exhaustion of Germany and Austria will enable the allies to win.

EXPORT WHEAT TO GREECE.

Action of Bulgarian Government Indicates Continuance of Friendliness.

London, Nov. 1.—A continuance of friendly relations between Greece and Bulgaria is indicated by the success of a Greek commission which recently went to Sofia to negotiate for the purchase of wheat for Greece.

According to the Times' Bucharest correspondent, Bulgaria has decided to permit the export of wheat to Greece by way of Saloniki.

A dispatch reaching Bucharest from Sofia says an ordinary session of the Sobranjo (parliament), which was scheduled for Oct. 28, was adjourned by royal decree to Dec. 28.

Another dispatch regarding the situation at Varna says the Bulgarians, in expectation of another attack on the coast, removed the gunboat Nadjezda, together with all the merchant shipping, dredges and tugs, to Lake Devna, which is connected with the sea by a canal. Measures have been taken to ship all this shipping if Russian troops are successful in landing.

REAR ADMIRAL LITTLE FACES COURT MARTIAL

Enters Plea of Not Guilty to Charges of Neglect and Careless Methods While Acting as Inspection Officer During Construction of Submarine.

Boston, Nov. 1.—Read Admiral William N. Little, retired, pleaded not guilty before a naval court martial today to charges of neglect and careless methods while on duty as an inspection officer during the construction of submarine K-2, at the Fore River Ship Building Company's yard at Quincy, two years ago.

Rear Admiral Bradley E. Fiske was president of the court martial, and Lieutenant-Commander Alfred W. Johnson, as judge advocate, opened the proceedings by reading the list of charges. Commander James L. Latimer represented Rear Admiral Little.

Lieut. Radford Moses, the first witness, stated that he was one of the inspection officers at Fore river during the building of the K-2, and subsequently was her commanding officer. He said he called the attention of Lieutenant Childs, another inspection officer, to certain defects in the battery cells. He testified that he did not report the defects to Rear Admiral Little, but talked the matter over with him. The contractors, Lieutenant Moses stated, objected to making any changes in the battery cells.

SEVERE EARTH SHOCKS RECORDED

Seismograph at Georgetown University Shows Unusual Tremors, Believed to Have Occurred in Siberia or Japan—Shocks Continue Over Two Hours.

Washington, Nov. 1.—A series of severe earth shocks were recorded by the Georgetown seismograph here early today. The first shock was felt at 2:49 a. m. The main phase of all of the shocks was felt at 3:24 o'clock, the tremors dying away at 5:21. The disturbance is roughly estimated to have been about 4,000 miles from Washington.

The record indicated that the shock was an exceptionally severe one. Rev. Francis A. Condorf, the seismological observor, said the shocks must have been disastrous, judging from the indications on the records. He thought the quakes were centered in northeastern Siberia or in Japan.

Shocks Recorded in Scotland.

London, Nov. 1.—The seismological observatory of Scotland recorded at 7 o'clock this morning a heavy earthquake in or near Japan.

CONSIDER LUSITANIA CASE.

Negotiations Between Germany and United States to Be Resumed Tuesday.

Washington, Nov. 1.—Negotiations between Germany and the United States regarding the sinking of the liner Lusitania and other questions pending between the two nations will be resumed tomorrow when Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, will call on Secretary Lansing at the state department.

The question of indemnity for Americans lost on the Arabic still is unsettled and may be taken up.

The belief prevails among state department officials that Secretary Lansing would make known to the German ambassador the result of the examination of the steel fragment picked up on the Allan liner Hesperian, which naval experts believe was part of a torpedo. The Germans have denied that the Hesperian was destroyed by a German submarine.

LINER ON MAIDEN TRIP.

French Line Steamer Lafayette Carries 2,000 Passengers on First Voyage.

Bordeaux, France, Nov. 1.—The New trans-Atlantic liner Lafayette of the French line, sailed for New York last night on her maiden trip. She carries about 2,000 passengers.

GERMAN PLANS GOING AWRY

Successful Campaign by British Submarines in Baltic.

SHUT OUT FROM GULF OF RIGA

German Army of Investment Now Has But Small Railroad Communication in Rear—Russians Believe Winter Will Prove Valuable Ally and That Germans Will Suffer Greater Losses During Winter Than in Battles.

London, Nov. 1.—Germany's obvious plans in the Riga district have been completely demoralized by the successful campaign of British submarines in the Baltic and the complete closing of the Gulf of Riga by Russian mine fields, says the Petrograd correspondent of the Post.

"The Germans are now endeavoring with the most feverish energy," the correspondent says, "to hasten the restoration of the slender and inadequate railroad facilities in their rear. Heretofore this work has been carried on in leisurely fashion because the needs at present could be adequately served by the sea route. This plan has been made more vital by snow storms, which the Russians claim presage a winter of unusual severity.

Weather as Russian Ally.

"The belief here is that when the Germans are compelled to undergo the rigors of the Russian winter, constantly annoyed by guerilla attacks, they will lose more men by sickness and suffer greater demoralization than comes from even the worst defeats in the field.

"It is reported that the Germans already are experiencing severe hardships, altho it is what the Russian soldiers still call 'warm.'"

FRENCH SUBMARINE LOST.

Sunk by Turk Artillery Fire — Crew Made Prisoners.

Berlin, Nov. 1.—The French submarine Turquois has been sunk by Turkish artillery fire according to an official statement from the Turkish war office under date of Oct. 31. Her entire crew, comprising two officers and twenty-four men, were made prisoners.

The French submarine Turquois was a craft of 386 tons displacement, 154 feet long, twelve feet beam, and was equipped with six torpedo tubes. Her speed above water was twelve knots, while she was capable of making eight knots submerged. She was built in 1908.

A dispatch from Copenhagen as given out today by the Overseas News Agency says that Commander Layton, of the British submarine E-13, has fled from that city breaking his parole.

Fighting For Tahure Hill Continues.

Paris, Nov. 1. — Fighting continued last night near Butte de Tahure without any material change in positions, according to the announcement of the French war office. The French troops took 100 more prisoners.

British Steamer Toward Sunk.

London, Nov. 1.—The British steamer Toward, 390 tons gross, has been sunk. The crew was saved.

Resume Advance on Riga.

Berlin, by wireless to Sayville, Nov. 1—The German advance against the Baltic port of Riga has been resumed. The war office made an announcement today that Field Marshal von Hindenburg's forces, which are driving at Riga from the west, had gained ground. Russian attacks in the Dvinsk region broke down with heavy losses.

Germans Take 40,000 Prisoners.

Berlin, by wireless to Sayville, Nov. 1.—The war office announced today that during the month of October more than 40,000 prisoners were taken on the Russian and Serbian fronts.

MADERO SLAYER CAUGHT.

Francisco Cardenas, Former Huerta Aid, Said to Have Confessed Crime.

Washington, Nov. 1.—A report reached here Saturday night that Francisco Cardenas, a Huerta military commander, has been arrested in Guatemala and has confessed to murdering President Francisco I. Madero of Mexico at Huerta's orders.

The report lacked official or other confirmation and was said to have come thru secret Latin-American channels.

Cardenas has been credited by Maderistas and Carranzistas with being the actual tool of Madero's assassination. He was a lieutenant of the Mexican ruralees under Huerta's command when the anti-Madero movement was organized by Huerta in Mexico City.

Since Madero's murder Cardenas has been a fugitive. According to Senor Amador, at present in charge of the sonstitutionalist embassy, Cardenas was last heard of in Guatemala ten months ago.

The report in circulation Saturday night was that Cardenas had been located by federal troops by President Cabrera of Guatemala, mixing in the anti-Cabrera revolutionary movement and placed under arrest.

It was stated that following his arrest he confessed to commanding the firing squad which shot down Madero and Vice President Pino Suarez.

Condition of King Improved.

London, Nov. 1.—The condition of King George, who was injured Thursday by a fall from his horse, continues to improve. The following bulletin was issued at 10 o'clock this morning:

"Improvement of the condition of the king continues. His majesty had a better night."

President and Mrs. Galt to Wed During Christmas Season

Washington, Nov. 1.—It was formally announced today at the White House that the marriage of President Wilson and Mrs. Norman Galt will take place "near the close of December" and that it will be private.

This statement was issued by Secretary Tumulty:

"In order to quiet speculation, President Wilson and Mrs. Norman Galt today authorized the announcement that their wedding will take place near the close of December. Their plans are for a very simple ceremony. It will be quietly performed at Mrs. Galt's residence. It is expected the only guests will be the members of the two families."

President Wilson has abandoned the visit to Shadow Lawn, the new summer White House near Long Branch, N. J., he planned to make next Friday with Mrs. Norman Galt, his fiancee, as he has an engagement in Washington.

Tomorrow the president will go to Princeton, N. J., to vote at the state election.

BORDER FIGHT ON

Skirmish Lines of Villa and Carranza Forces at Agua Prieta Clash.

VILLA MOVES UP WITH 10,000 EN

Carranza Outposts Fall Back to Trenches — United States Troops Near Scene Build Entrenchments as Precaution Against Bullets Which May Come Across Border—Well Situated to Meet Emergencies.

Douglas, Ariz., Nov. 1.—The advancing main body of the Villa army came in contact with the Carranza forces defending Agua Prieta, the Mexican border town opposite here, at 9:45 this morning. The Carranza outposts opened fire on the advancing troops and then fell back to the trenches surrounding the Mexican town.

Villa moved his entire force, estimated at about 10,000 men, under cover of a dense haze of Douglas copper smelter smoke. The first clash occurred about three miles east of Agua Prieta.

U. S. Soldiers Entrench.

Dawn disclosed the forces of Gen. Francisco Villa had moved closer to Agua Prieta during the night for their attack on the Carranza garrison. The night passed quietly and the contending forces remained in the same relative positions.

Early in the day United States soldiers began digging trenches well inside the line already constructed. They are so situated as to control the eastern end of Agua Prieta as well as the advancing right wing of Villa's army. It was understood these trenches were for emergency use in the event of serious fighting across the border, endangering Americans, and the possibility of their being compelled to fall back.

Villa Encircles City.

Villa's troops had reached a point on the west side at noon, thus completely encircling the place, and a demand was reported to have made on General Calles to surrender his force by 2 p. m.

The Calles troops remained inactive in the trenches, altho the Villa troops were in plain view.

General Villa himself, with four officers, came to the American line to get the bearings of the boundary line.

"Do you expect to take Agua Prieta today?" a United States staff officer asked.

"Sure, Mike," replied Villa. It was the only English he spoke.

Villa Makes Promises.

United States army officers do not believe, however, he intends to attack in earnest until tomorrow. In Spanish Villa inquired whether the United States intended to help the Calles garrison, in view of the fact that the United States had recognized the Carranza government. He was assured that the American forces in the trenches would treat both sides alike.

There must be no firing across the line, he was told. Villa said he had no intention of firing across the line.

Villa's main party started from Gallardo pass, twelve miles east, before daylight. In a line several miles long they proceeded toward the Mexican town with the advance and flank guards that had deployed in a wide semi-circle from the east to the south of Agua Prieta.

General Villa himself accompanied the cavalry, which covered the right flank on the border.

All along the line of march the Villa troops passed American trenches. These trenches were filled with American troops, whose machine guns were hidden.

Refugees are expected to cross the line from Agua Prieta this afternoon.

Decision in Mine Litigation.

Washington, Nov. 1.—Litigation involving $300,000 in copper mines in Tucson, Ariz., between Alfred Steinfeld, of Tucson, and Lewis Zuckendorf, of New York, was decided today by the supreme court in favor of the latter.

CHINA REJECTS POWERS PLANS

Refuses to Delay Change in Form of Government as Requested.

BACK TO MONARCHY SEEMS CERTAIN

Elections Now in Progress Indicate People of Newest Republic Prefer Restoration of Monarchy—Final Decision to Be Reached Nov. 20—Washington Government Refuses to Aid European Nations in Interfering.

Peking, Nov. 1.—The Chinese government today rejected the proposal of Japan, Russia and England to postpone the change in the form of government.

Tsao Yulin, vice minister of foreign affairs, called at the British, Russian and Japanese legations and informed the ministers the Chinese government has been advised by provisional officials that they would be able to maintain tranquility in the event of the establishment of a monarchy.

Tsao Yulin thanked the powers for the interest in China. He said the decision concerning a change in the form of the government was wholly in the hands of the people and therefore it would be impossible to follow the suggestion for a postponement.

The vice minister's communication was verbal, as were the representations of the three powers.

MONARCHY ALMOST CERTAIN.

Elections Now in Progress Forecast Overthrow of Republic.

Washington, Nov. 1. — Information received here from official sources in China makes it appear that the triumph of the monarchial idea in the elections now in progress in China is almost certain, and it is possible that the change in the form of the government will be announced before the end of the year.

State department advices are to the effect that elections are now in progress in no less than 1,800 counties, where the electors are now choosing delegates to provincial conventions which will meet at the local capitals. These conventions will select delegates to meet in a national convention in Peking.

The object of the national convention primarily was to pass on the work of the council of state which has been revising constitution. As an afterthought the government decided to submit to it the question of the reestablishment of the monarchy. It is expected the work of the local conventions will be finished by Nov. 20, and the national convention will meet immediately after that date.

The Washington government has decided to refrain from any action at this stage and has so informed the diplomatic representatives of Great Britain, Japan and Russia, who feared another revolution in China as the result of the overthrow of the republic.

SCHMIDT TRIAL RESUMED.

Counsel For Defense Will Request Explanation of Alleged Jury Tampering.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 1.—After a delay of two weeks occasioned by the death of Charles Farrell, chief counsel for the defense, the trial of Matthew A. Schmidt, on a charge of murder growing out of the dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times building, Oct. 1, 1910, was to proceed today before Judge Frank R. Willis, in the superior court.

A new venire of talesmen was ordered to appear and unless some unforeseen delay develops it was expected that the jury would be completed before the end of the week. Four permanent and seven temporary jurors had been obtained this forenoon.

Nathan Coghlan, of San Francisco, who was chosen to lead the attorneys for Schmidt, had announced that, at the opening of court, he would request Judge Willis to instruct the prosecution to explain reports that a grand jury was investigating alleged jury tampering.

PERMIT REFITTING OF LINER.

Kronprinz Wilhelm to Be Restored As Passenger Vessel.

Washington, Nov. 1.—The state department announced today that it had granted permission for the German auxiliary cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm now interned at Norfolk, to be restored to her normal condition as a passenger liner, but the vessel will remain interned till the end of the war.

The Kronprinz Wilhelm was formerly in trans-Atlantic trade between Bremen and New York. During her career as an auxiliary cruiser her fittings were torn out and the vessel much altered for war purposes.

BRITISH EDUCATOR DEAD.

Sir Arthur William Rucker, Well Known as Scientist and Author, Dies.

London, Nov. 1.—Sir Arthur William Rucker, aged 67, known widely as a scientist, author and educator, died today. He was connected with York College and the Royal College of Science, had served as principal of the University of London, and was a former president of the British Association. He was knighted in 1902.

British Representative Named.

London, Nov. 1.—Sir Henry Paul Harvey, chief auditor of the National Health Insurance, has been appointed representative of the British treasury in the United States.

T.-R. BULLETIN NEWS OF THE DAY

The Weather.

Sun rises Nov. 2 at 6:28, sets at 4:58.

Iowa—Fair tonight and Tuesday; cooler Tuesday and in west and central portions tonight.

PAGE ONE.

Telegraphic News:
British Join Balkan Allies.
German Plans Blocked by British Submarines.
China to Return to Monarchy.
Suffrage Campaign Ends.
Mexican Battle Begins.
President to Wed in Late December.

PAGES TWO, THREE AND FOUR.

Iowa News:
Jordan to Address Teachers.
Women Killed in Two Auto Accidents.
Club Women to Meet in Toledo.
Egan Collects $2,000 From Newspaper.
Birthday of Lincoln Highway.
Four Teams Title Contenders.

PAGE FIVE.

Story:
The Battle Cry.

PAGE SIX.

Editorial:
A Quarter's Worth in Literature.
Sleuths and Sleuthhounds.
Business Speeding Up.
Topics of the Times.
Iowa Opinion and Notes.

PAGE SEVEN.

General News:
Effort to Enlarge Commerce Board.
Miscellaneous Matters.

PAGES EIGHT, NINE, TEN, ELEVEN

City News:
Stockholders Vote to Buy Packing Plant.
Senator Cummins Here Wednesday.
Three Hurt in Motor Accidents.
Thief Takes Car; Steal Its Parts.
General and Brief City News.

PAGE TWELVE.

Markets and General:
Conditions Force Wheat Lower.
Corn Develops Firmness.
Cattle Trade Firm.
Hogs Make Gains.
Expert Advertiser's View of Iowa.

ST. LOUIS EDITOR COMMITS SUICIDE

Prominent German-American Publisher and Member of Governor's Staff Shoots Himself—Had Been in Ill Health Since Accident.

St. Louis, Nov. 1.—Edward L. Preetorius, publisher of the St. Louis Times, committed suicide this morning. Mr. Preetorius, who was president of the German-American Press Association, which published the Times and West Liche Post, was found dead in the bath room of his home, where he had shot himself. He was 49 years old and had been in poor health since January, 1914, when an automobile in which he was riding was struck by a street car and a deep gash was cut in his face.

Since that time he had been unable to attend to his newspaper work until a few weeks ago.

In 1907 Mr. Preetorius, in company with the late John Schores, founded the Times, an afternoon paper published in English.

He was a colonel on the staff of Governor Hadley, of Missouri, and was an active club man.

ANTI-ALIEN LABOR LAW HELD INVALID

Supreme Court Declares Arizona Statute to Be Unconstitutional—Great Interest in Ruling Owing to Similarity of Law to California Legislation.

Washington, Nov. 1.—The Arizona anti-alien labor law was today declared unconstitutional by the supreme court.

The supreme court's decision affirms the decision of a special circuit court which also held the law unconstitutional. Much attention was attracted to the case because several foreign governments had protested against the law and because of its similarly to the land legislation in California, which restricts the ownership of real estate by Japanese.

Many lawyers have looked forward to the decision as an indication of what course the superior court might take in case the California law ever got into litigation.

WEALTHY IOWA MAN VICTIM OF MAD MAN

John Stockdale, of Lake Park, Beaten to Death by a Patient in an Adjoining Room of Chicago Sanatorium — Bennett Seen Leaving Room.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—John Stockdale, a wealthy retired merchant of Lake Park, Iowa, was beaten to death in his room in a private sanatorium here by Oliver Bennett, of Beloit, Wis., a patient in an adjoining room, who had been under treatment for mental disorders. Stockdale was 72 and Bennett 37 years of age. Attendants saw Bennett leaving Stockdale's room carrying the leg of a chair, and after a struggle subdued him.

TANK STEAMER STRANDED.

Llama, Owned by Standard Oil Company, in Distress on Skae Skerries.

Kirkwall, Orkney Islands, Nov. 1.—The American tank steamer Llama stranded yesterday morning on Skae Skerries, Westray Firth. Twenty-seven members of the crew were landed. The remainder, with the captain, are standing by the vessel. Another steamer is in attendance.

The Llama, owned by the Standard Oil Company, is one of the German steamers placed under American registry at the outbreak of the war. She was formerly named the Brilliant.

CAMPAIGN F SUFFRAGE

Women Make W Finish in Fi lot in T Sts

GOTHA SUFFRA EDICT V

Declare House to House State Shows Million W Ballot—Anti-Suffrage Le 100,000 Majority Against in New York City—Women Make Final Driv

New York, Nov. 1.—The of New York state closed t the ballot today. Their lea a victory in the election to Mrs. Carrie Chapman Ca of the campaign committe suffragists had made an act house campaign all over t this was the basis for their that 1,000,000 women in Ne wanted to vote.

The leaders of the wome tion against suffrage pre for the amendment by a ity. Mrs. Arthur Dodge, the National Association Woman's Suffrage, and Chittenden, president York State Anti-Suffrage thought New York City majority of 100,000 against tion.

Sixty Autos Carry S

Sixty automobiles filled speakers left the Battery in the final effort. Ten huge signed letters with peals traversed the street

The activity of the can and against the amendme shadowed the efforts of the ical workers on the questi ing a new state constitut

Final Drive For V

Philadelphia, Nov. 1.—W gists who are asking the m sylvania to give women t vote made their final ap more than 200 meetings arranged for in different city. Hundreds of autom speakers along with abou who were enlisted to dist tura.

Several twelve hour m without intermission wer in the business district to the states the reports indi fragists are making a fin victory. Organizations op frage also were making a mined effort.

The suffragists are not travagant predictions but tory.

BLANCHE WALSH

Famous Actress Victim of Profession.

Cleveland, O., Nov. Walsh, the well known Sunday night in a hospit was taken two weeks ag ness which required Miss Walsh's refusal to audience caused a relaps she died. After she we knife she insisted on ke gagement at Youngstow she collapsed and was to the hospital here.

In private life she was H. Traverse.

NEW TREATIES PR

Abrogation of Provisions Pacts May Mean New

Washington, Nov. 1.— mercial treaties probably be made as the result of tion of provisions of exi by the wording of the act, it was indicated t state department.

Great Britain, so far, government which has changes. State departm feel that congress may tion at the coming sess the law to avoid conflict treaties.

TWO MARINES WO

American Patrol Is F Haitien Nativ

Washington, Nov. 1.— Coleman, Twenty-third c rine corps, and Privat from the marine detachm battleship Connecticut, wounded Saturday at B when natives fired on a Admiral Caperton report quiet prevailed on the is

LEWIS WALLER

Celebrated English Acto Attack of Pneu

London, Nov. 1.—Lew of the leading actors of this morning of pneumo

Mr. Waller first appea the age of 23. For a tim the Haymarket theater, has been lessee of the I ter. He played in the in the season of 1911-1

FARMER TAKES

Ross W. Emert, of De Drug, Possibly With S

Waterloo, Nov. 1.— T ous drug, either by acc Ross W. Emert, a wel and stock raiser of Dew ly today. A letter ask buried by the Masonic suicide. The only mot event would be poor h