

Christmas Will Be Here Before We Know It—See?

Evening Times-Republican

Weather For Iowa: Fair and Colder; Rain or Snow East

VOLUME FORTY-ONE

MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1915.

NUMBER 270

PEOPLE FLEEING FROM MANASTIR

Consternation in Serbian City as Bulgarians Advance Southward.

CITY'S DEFENSE ARMY IN PERIL

Entire Serbian Force Operating in That Section in Danger of Annihilation or Capture—Anglo-French Forces in Southeastern Serbia Turn Upon and Defeat Bulgarians—Serbs in North Resisting.

London, Nov. 18.—News from the Balkans continues to be a patchwork of unconfirmed rumors and contradictory assertions, without official statements to establish clearly the present status of affairs. The Serbian armies, with insufficient ammunition and inferior numbers, have been attempting vainly to meet the wide turning movement of the Bulgarians threatening Prilep and Manastir. Some dispatches from Athens report Prilep is now in Bulgarian hands. All admit the Serbian position there is untenable and evacuation of the city is inevitable.

News that the Bulgarian advance southward is moving rapidly is said to have caused consternation at Manastir, whose population is fleeing to Greek territory.

WHOLE SERBIAN FORCE IN PERIL

Judging from the size of the Bulgarian forces rushing from Tetovo southward and from the initial success of their new turning movement, the Serbian situation in southern Serbia, Manastir is in distinct danger. Not only has the Bulgarian movement necessitated the change in the Serbian position at Babusa pass, but the whole Serbian force is now in peril of being surrounded and being cut off by the Bulgarians advancing southward from Krushevo.

Little is known of the Serbian situation in the north except that determined resistance is still being offered by the Serbians against both German and Bulgarian forces, who have made no fresh gains of consequence.

Anglo-French Forces Gains. In southwestern Serbia successes for both the French and British are reported. The Bulgarians are said to have been compelled to retreat on the Vardar front and to have sustained a check at the hands of the British in the Rabrovo section.

Both England and France have greeted with great enthusiasm the joint war conference held in Paris. It is regarded as marking greater solidarity and more concerted action among the allied armies. Although no official information has been received concerning the subjects discussed at the conference, it is assumed the principal matter under consideration is the Balkan situation.

Reverse For Bulgarians. Paris, Nov. 18.—Important successes for the French and British are reported in Serbia as reported by the Athens correspondence of the Havas agency. This information says the Bulgarians have lost the towns of Kasturiano to the French and have been defeated by the British on the Valondovo-Rebrovo front.

There has been violent cannonading in the forest of Givencyh in the Artois district, according to the announcement of the French war office this afternoon.

The senate army committee presided over by General Clemenceau has passed a resolution urging the unrestricted use of asphyxiating gas by French troops.

Anglo-French Armies United. Supreme Command to Be Vested in Joint Board. Paris, Nov. 18.—The whole of the French and British fighting forces were merged into one body yesterday.

This was done by the creation of the inter-allied war council, which will direct the entire campaign. Italy and Russia will join the combination immediately.

Churchill Dons Uniform and Goes to France to Join Regiment

London, Nov. 18.—Winston Spencer Churchill, former first lord of the admiralty and chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster, in the uniform of his regiment, left for the front this morning. His wife bade him farewell at the railroad station, where he passed unrecognized on the platform as he waited to enter a special car.

Mr. Churchill became widely known as a soldier before he began his political career. He entered the army in 1895, after being graduated from Sandhurst. He served with the Maikand Field in 1907; was present at the operations in Bajaur, served with the Tiflis and Nile expeditions, and was present at the battle of Khartoum. He also saw service as a lieutenant of South African Light Horse before he became a newspaper correspondent to report the Boer war.

mier Briand, War Minister Gallieni, and General Joffre. The English group included three of the five members of the British inner war council of the cabinet, with Sir Edward Grey taking the place of Andrew Bonar Law, secretary for the colonies, on Mr. Law with McKenna, chancellor of the exchequer, the fifth member of the war council, will be in charge of the British house of commons during Premier Asquith's visit here.

The next meeting of the joint council, it is expected, will be to take the Russian and Italian representatives into the joint body.

AUSTRIANS IN BOMB RAID. Three Persons Slightly Injured in Belluno, City Near Venice. Belluno, Italy, Nov. 17, via Paris, Nov. 18.—An Austrian aeroplane threw five bombs on the city at 8 o'clock this morning, but only one of them exploded. Three persons were slightly injured.

[The report of the raid on Belluno apparently clears up the news dispatch from Rome last night, which said an Austrian aeroplane appeared over a city and five bombs were dropped. The name of the city was not given, Belluno was in the Plave, fifty-one miles north of Venice.]

Austro-Germans Unchecked. Berlin, via Saville, Nov. 18.—The Austro-Germans in Serbia continue to press back their opponents. The war office announced today that the town of Kursumlija had been occupied by German troops after being abandoned by the Serbians.

The life of the town of Kursumlija is in the hands of the Austro-Germans. A number of cannon were captured by the Germans. The Teutonic forces now have reached a line from Javur, near the Montenegrin border, to the north of Raska, and to Kursumlija, Radan and Oruglija.

British Attack Fails. Berlin, Nov. 18.—British forces attempted a surprise attack yesterday on German positions along the road between Messines, in Belgium, six miles south of Ypres, and Armentieres, to the south of Messines. This attack, the war office announced today, failed.

In the Argonne, the French made preparations to explode a mine. This action was anticipated by the Germans who evacuated the menaced trench.

Air Attack on Verona. Paris, Nov. 18.—A hostile aircraft flew over Verona, Italy, this morning, several bombs being thrown from the machine. One child was slightly injured. There was no material property damage done.

Italian Socialists Refuse to Fight. Berlin, via Tuckerton, Nov. 18.—The famous socialist, Dr. Lovgren, a member of the Swedish parliament, denounces the revolution from Florence, which he witnessed, of 200 Italian socialists, says the Overseas News Agency. "These socialists, who wore uniforms, had refused to serve in the army and were transferred to Arezzo in order to be shot."

Aquith Returns Home. Paris, Nov. 18.—Premier Asquith and his associates in the British war council, who had been in council here with their French colleagues, left today for their way home.

HILLSTROM'S FATE DECIDED TODAY. Governor Spry and Utah Board Pardon Consider Reply to President's Request For Clemency—Clemency Denied Man Prepared For Death. Salt Lake City, Utah, Nov. 18.—Governor Spry and members of the board of pardons are meeting this morning to consider the answer to be made to President Wilson's request to consider the case of Joseph Hillstrom.

Hillstrom has been advised by local attorneys of the president's action but warned not to place too great a reliance on the result. Hillstrom is said to have received the news stoically, remarking that he was ready to be shot, but demanded a new trial, not a reprieve or pardon.

VIENNA CLAIM CONTRADICTED

DiGreil, Only American Survivor of Ancona Makes Affidavit.

VBEL FIRED ON AFTER STOPPING

Say Many of Passengers and Crew Killed or Wounded After Ancona—State Department to Ask Dr. Greil's Statement as Having Important Bearing on Controversy With Hungary.

Washington, Nov. 18.—An affidavit by Delele G. Greil, the only native American survivor of the Italian liner Ancona, directly contradicts the Austro-Hungarian official statement that the ship was not shelled by the attacking submarine after she stopped. The 81 department was today notified of affidavit.

The text of the message sent by Consul General Mason, of Algiers, follows: "De Greil (Greil), intelligent, impartial witness, deposition not conducive as to whether any effort was made to escape by Ancona. First intimation danger was in dining saloon, followed shortly by shots which struck vessel. Testimony precludes (probable means) that the submarine lasted forty-five minutes and continued after vessel stopped, killing and wounding many persons. Saw red and white flag and saw cannon on submarine. Knows nothing as to other Africans. Information Algiers authorities considered to demonstrate conclusively thirteen vessels from 10 to 15th November, 1915, being sent from Gibraltar to Ancona."

Secretary Lansing will take no action, however, until information of a more definite character regarding more essential facts are received. Such information is expected from the American consul, who is taking depositions. The life of the submarine is in the hands of the Austro-Hungarians. A number of cannon were captured by the Germans. The Teutonic forces now have reached a line from Javur, near the Montenegrin border, to the north of Raska, and to Kursumlija, Radan and Oruglija.

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No death watch has been placed here yet but the arrangements for prison are such that he is under surveillance. He is said to have declared that no death watch would be placed as he is not the kind of man who is afraid of death.

He has the privilege to have witnesses to the execution, has named three officers of the I. O. O. F. President Jimenez Dyer. Washington, Nov. 18.—President Jimenez of the Dominican Republic, in a letter to President Wilson, demanded that he be allowed to be placed in the hands of the customs collector at Mont Cristi.

Present at the council today were Premier Asquith, Munitions Minister Lloyd George, First Lord of the Admiralty Balfour, and Foreign Secretary Sir Edward Grey of England and President Wilson.

Kitchener May Decide to Withdraw Troops and Abandon Gallipoli

London, Nov. 18.—Baron Ribblesdale said in the house of lords today, in addressing a question to the Marquis of Lansdowne, that he understood Lieut.-Gen. Charles C. Monro, commander of the British expedition at the Dardanelles, had reported in favor of the withdrawal of the British army at the Dardanelles.

The marquis announced that the government asked Earl Kitchener to visit the east because in his opinion the report of Sir Charles Monro and the evidence accompanying it did not seem sufficient to enable the government to come to a conclusion on the important questions involved.

The British army at the Dardanelles has remained the offensive and captured 250 yards of Turkish trenches.

only themselves and not passengers, for which there was ample time and means.

"Story that submarine fired on loaded boats and people in water is malicious fabrication, for reason ammunition was too valuable for submarine if for no other reason. No other shot fired after vessel stopped."

NORWEGIAN SHIP SUNK. Steamer Ulriken, Enroute From New York For Rotterdam, Destroyed. Amsterdam, via London, Nov. 18.—According to newspaper reports the Norwegian steamer Ulriken, of 1,545 tons, from New York for Rotterdam, has been sunk with the loss of five members of her crew.

The steamer Glenmore, on arriving at Rotterdam from New York, reported the Ulriken struck a mine near Galloper light.

Crew Is Reported Saved. London, Nov. 18.—The loss of the Ulriken is reported in a dispatch to Lloyds, which says the crew was saved.

FORCE CRUDE OIL TO \$2 PER BARREL. Advance of 10 Cents Today Brings Pennsylvania to New High Record Price For the Year—Purchasing Agencies Expect to Bring Out Reserve Stocks.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 18.—Two dollar oil, the goal of hundreds of producers throughout the country, was reached this morning when the South Penn Oil Company announced the second advance in crude oil for the week, as follows: Pennsylvania crude, \$2; Mercer Black, Newcastle, Corning, \$1.50; Cabell, \$1.55; Somerset, \$1.42; Itard, \$1.70 cents.

This is an advance of 10 cents a barrel on each grade except Rexland, which remained unchanged. Oil started to advance last summer and has been going up ever since. Five cents a barrel was added from time to time by purchasing agencies but not enough oil came out to satisfy the demand and this week 15 cents more was offered. This new price is expected to bring out several million barrels of crude oil known to be above ground, and stimulate drilling to increase the production.

Of the amount known to be available a million or more barrels were said to be in the West Virginia field alone.

MICHIGAN MAN IS DETAINED AS SPY. Albert Egbert Wurzburg, of Grand Rapids, Held in England as Suspect—Changed Name When Sent Abroad on Business.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Nov. 18.—Albert Egbert Wurzburg, formerly of this city, is being detained in England, apparently suspected of being a spy, according to information which reached here today, when Secretary Lansing of the state department asked local authorities to verify a statement that Wurzburg was born here, altho of German parentage.

Wurzburg recently left here for Montevideo, where he secured employment in a packing house which shipped meats to England. Later he was sent to England on business and while on ship board changed his name for fear it might cause trouble. Later the name Wurzburg was found in his belongings and he was detained.

CABINET AGAIN RESIGNS. Portuguese Ministry Would Quit But President Machado Objects. Paris, Nov. 18.—Premier Castro, of Portugal, again proffered the resignation of the cabinet to President Machado yesterday, but the executive refused to accept, requesting the ministry to remain in power until parliament gave some indication as to who would be acceptable as successors to the present members of the cabinet.

QUARRELS WITH COURT MARTIAL

Secretary Daniels Dissatisfied With Verdict Returned.

HILL FOUND GUILTY BUT IS RELEASED

First Acquitted by Court, Then Convicted, and Later Released by Secretary, When Court Fails to Find Against Other Accused Men—Secretary Daniels Criticizes Ideals of Duty and Responsibility of Members.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Secretary Daniels has clashed with the navy court martial which tried two commissioned officers and one warrant officer for responsibility for the fatal boiler explosion on the cruiser San Diego last January and today issued a statement taking exception to the court's finding and disclosing that on the court's department's objection the court changed its verdict.

The court at first acquitted the officers, and then held Lieut. J. J. Hill, in charge of the fire room guilty and to be punished by the loss of forty numbers, but with recommendation for clemency; Edson C. Oak, chief engineer of the ship, was acquitted of negligence; Chief Machinist Thomas O'Donnell was found not guilty. As the court refused to reverse its decision as to Oak, Secretary Daniels released Hill and declared the decision of the court a miscarriage of justice.

"I am of the belief that the ideals of duty and responsibility of all members of the court are so low as to exonerate Lieutenant Oak of neglect of duty," said the secretary's statement.

GOODIER COURT MARTIAL ENDS. Integrity of Aviation Corps Heads Involved in Trial. San Francisco, Nov. 18.—The trial by court martial of Lieut.-Col. Lewis E. Goodier, charged with having improperly advised junior officers to prefer charges against their superior, Capt. Arthur S. Cowan, head of the San Diego military aviation school, was scheduled to reach its climax today when the judge advocate and the defendant's attorney summed up their cases.

In view of the fact that the trial involved the integrity of heads of the aviation section of the army, added interest was shown in the case today when John E. Geary, coast artillery corps judge advocate of the court, summed up for the prosecution. The defense was to be represented by Capt. Albert J. Greer, sixteenth infantry, and William Penn Humphreys, former judge advocate of the national guard of California.

The trial brought out testimony to the effect that Captain Cowan drew flying pay, that he was unable to fly, and that Capt. William Lay Peterson, who like Cowan was unable to fly, drew flying pay. Charges were also made that an aeroplane sent to Brownsville, Tex., for use during military operations on the border, was unsafe and that the military aviators were not officially warned of that fact.

FORMER SENATOR DEAD. Michigan Statesman Long in Public Life—Served in Both Houses. Kalamazoo, Mich., Nov. 18.—Former United States Senator Julius Caesar Burrows died at his home here today.

Mr. Burrows was born at Northeast, Erie county, Pa., in 1843. In the 50's he moved to Michigan and took up the practice of law. At the beginning of the civil war he raised a company.

After serving thru the war he returned to Kalamazoo. He was elected prosecuting attorney, holding that office from 1885 to 1888.

Mr. Burrows, always a staunch republican, took an active part in Michigan politics and in 1888 was appointed federal superintendent of internal revenue for Michigan and Wisconsin, but he declined this post.

In 1873 Mr. Burrows was elected to congress. He served for nine terms, being twice elected speaker pro tempore. In 1895 he resigned from the house of representatives to fill an unexpired term as United States senator. In 1899 and 1905 he was re-elected to the senate.

Mr. Burrows was temporary chairman of the republican national convention in Chicago in 1908 and later served as a member of the federal monetary commission.

HUGHES IS NOT RECEPTIVE. Requests His Name Be Omitted From Presidential Primary Ballot. Washington, Nov. 18.—Associate Justice Hughes, of the supreme court, today notified the secretary of the state of Nebraska, he would not be a candidate at the coming republican primary election and requested that his name be not placed on the ballot.

There are differences of opinion in political circles here as to the technical effect of the declaration. The attorney general of Nebraska has been quoted as saying Justice Hughes could not withdraw his name from the primary ticket. On the other hand Nebraska in Washington declare there is no question of his right to withdraw. The question arises whether the declaration of Justice Hughes, which was made in 1908 and incorporated in the Nebraska law includes the presidential primary. The courts may be asked for a decision.

T-R BULLETIN NEWS OF THE DAY

The Weather. Sun rises Nov. 19 at 6:50; sets at 4:40. Iowa—Cloudy and colder tonight; probably rain and snow in east section Friday, fair and colder.

The southwestern disturbance has moved eastward slowly and is now centered over Arkansas. The North Pacific storm, however, has moved eastward rapidly and now covers Saskatchewan and Manitoba, Canada, causing higher temperatures over the northwest.

Cloudy weather prevails over most of the United States and rain has fallen in southwestern Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, northern Texas, Arkansas, eastern Texas, Louisiana and on the Atlantic and north Pacific coasts, and snow has fallen in the Dakotas, Manitoba and Saskatchewan. Cloudy weather is indicated for this vicinity tonight, followed by fair and colder Friday. The lowest temperature tonight will be about 32 degrees.

PAGE ONE. Telegraphic News: Dr. Greil Contradicts Austria. Says Ancona Was Fired Upon After Stopping. Daniels Quarrels With Naval Court. Manastir Defenders in Danger. Coroner Exonerates Physician Who Let Babe Die. PAGES TWO, THREE AND FOUR. Iowa News: Curb on Rate Cutting. Mothers' Cause Revived. Government Revises Iowa Corn Figures. Crop Only One-Fourth. May Move Fort Madison Prison. All Factions Support Cummins. PAGE SIX.

Editorial: "Impossible" an Obsolete Word. The Renter From Illinois. But What Would We Do? Topics of the Times. Iowa Opinion and Notes. PAGES SEVEN, EIGHT, NINE, TEN, ELEVEN.

City News: Lennox Furnace to Build New Factory. Duplicate New Plant For Range and Molding Departments. Building Activities Continue. Big Tickers Estate Divided. Commercial Club Activities Planned. General and Brief City News. PAGE TWELVE.

Markets and General: Unsettled Weather Lifts Wheat. Corn Hardens in Value. Cattle Market Easy. Hogs Stronger. Postal Route Changes to Be Aired. receiptive candidate, they were convicted "the emergency demands a resort to conscription."

Secretary of State to Decide. Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 18.—The placing of the name of Justice Hughes on the ballot at the coming primary as a candidate for nomination for president, will rest with the decision of Secretary of State Pool. Mr. Pool, in a message to Justice Hughes' secretary, today stated "this department reserves the right to make such a ruling, as appears to be within the secretary's province, but the personal wishes of Justice Hughes will receive consideration."

DEMAND EIGHT HOUR SERVICE. Railroad Brotherhoods to Unite in Asking Reduced Hours of Labor Without Reduction in Pay—Definite Action at Chicago Meeting. Cleveland, O., Nov. 18.—The four railroad brotherhoods, including 350,000 engineers, firemen, conductors and brakemen, on all railroads in the United States, announced today they are preparing to make demands about March 1, for an eight hour day without reduction of wage.

Action will be taken at an executive session of the four brotherhoods in Chicago on Dec. 15.

The eastern association of the engineers and firemen's brotherhoods, in session here, decided to join the conductors and trainmen's brotherhoods for an eight hour day and time and a half for overtime work. Similar action is expected at the meeting of the southern association at Washington next Monday.

Committees chosen here and at other meetings will attend the meeting in Chicago, Dec. 15. Under the agreement the roads must answer the men within thirty days, which will be about April 1.

EXTEND Y. M. C. A. WORK. Association to Enter Colorado Fuel & Iron Company's Camps. Denver, Nov. 18.—Plans to extend the work of the Y. M. C. A. to the mining camps of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company in Colorado and Wyoming were launched here today. The work will be under the direction of state and national officers of the Y. M. C. A.

ARMY FLIGHT DELAYED. High Wind Prevents Start of Aeroplane Squadron From Fort Sill. Wichita Falls, Tex., Nov. 18.—Beginning of the flight of the United States army aeroplane squadron from Fort Sill, Okla., to San Antonio, was delayed today by high wind. Fort Sill reported a forty mile gale there and said it was possible the machines might not attempt to fly today at all.

German Passengers Save Ship. Paris, Nov. 18.—The Rome correspondent of the Journal corroborates the report that the Italian steamer Milano, a sister ship of the Firenze, which was torpedoed last week, was stopped on the high seas a few days ago by a submarine. On ascertaining that there were on the Milano seventy Germans who had been expelled from Egypt, the commander of the submarine permitted the steamer to proceed.

FORTY STUDENTS TUMBLE. Grandstand on Campus at S. U. I. Falls—One Victim Sent to Hospital. Special to Times-Republican. Iowa City, Nov. 18.—A temporary grandstand on the university campus collapsed today during the taking of group photographs. Forty students were precipitated to the ground a short distance. Only one, Gerald Shull, of Parnell, Iowa, was hurt. He is in the hospital. His condition is not serious.

JURY TO CLEAR DR. HALSEIDEN

Chicago Physician Who Let Defective Infant Die to Be Vindicated.

POSTMORTEM SHOWS MENTAL DEFECT

First Case of Record in United States Brings Telegrams Conveying Varied Assent of Views—Mother, Who Consented, Is Told of Babe's Death and Reiterates Course Was Best—Had Not Seen Baby's Face.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Mrs. Anna Bollinger, mother of the defective infant which was permitted to die yesterday, was told today of the death. She made no comment except to repeat that denial of the simple operation which would have saved the baby's life was best for all concerned. A jury of six of the best physicians and surgeons of Chicago will hear testimony at an inquest, Coroner Hoffman announced.

Complete vindication of Dr. Harry J. Halseiden, the surgeon who declined to operate on the defective baby and thus save its life, will be recommended to the coroner's jury. This recommendation will be made by Dr. H. G. W. Reinhardt, chief coroner's physician, who conducted a post mortem on the 6 day old infant an hour after its death in the German-American hospital last night.

Babe Mentally Defective. Coroner Hoffman had indicated that unless a post mortem proved the child a mental defective, Dr. Halseiden might be tried for criminal negligence. "My examination shows that probabilities are strongly that the child would have been a mental defective," Dr. Reinhardt said today. "It would have been a pity to let it all its life. My opinion is that Dr. Halseiden was right in not allowing the babe to live."

Mrs. Bollinger, who gave her consent to let the infant die, had never looked on its face.

From every corner of the United States telegrams today expressing opinion on the case.

DEFORMED BABE NOW DEAD. Doctor Who Permitted Defective to Die at Birth Faces Critic. Chicago, Nov. 18.—Nature, left to itself, righted its mistake at the German-American hospital last night. The Bollinger baby, which in its few days of existence, had become the center of a nation-wide storm of discussion, died painlessly shortly after 10 o'clock.

The operation which would have saved its life was not performed. In the face of pressure, which culminated in a visit and a warning from the head of the city's health department, Dr. H. J. Halseiden, chief of the hospital staff, clung defiantly to his position that the child, if it lived, would become a defective and that, in the name of humanity, it should be allowed to die.

Dr. Halseiden was not at the hospital at the time. By somebody's curious mistake word was sent out shortly before 8 o'clock that the baby had died at 7:30. The coroner's office was notified and Dr. H. G. W. Reinhardt, coroner's physician, hurried to the hospital to perform an immediate post-mortem.

The child, wrapped in a blanket, was laid on an operating table and the fastenings removed gently. As the blanket was unrolled the baby gasped, waved its arms, and emitted a low gurgle.

Dr. Halseiden had not known of the intended visit of the coroner's representative and had left the hospital saying the strain of the day's criticism had worn him out and that he was going to "lose himself" for a few hours.

During the afternoon an attempt to kidnap the child had been made by a woman who gave her name as "Mrs. Walsh." She had spent three hours at the baby's side, had baptized it, and had told the hospital authorities after a long, expectant wait, that she would take the child away with her "if she got a chance" and have it operated upon by a friend, who was a physician.

Unmoved by the blunder about the death announcement and fearing that another attempt to kidnap the baby would be made, Dr. R. L. Fezer, of the hospital staff, and Miss Beulah Freed, the head nurse, decided soon after Dr. Reinhardt's visit, that the child should be removed to a room on an upper floor.

When they went into the room adjoining the office, where the child had been left alone, they found it dead.

Parents Often Reject Operations. Tacoma, Wash., Nov. 18.—Dr. J. R. Brown said here today that in a case involving closure of the intestines and seemingly identical in this respect with that of the Bollinger infant in Chicago, he and other physicians recommended operating, but the parents refused.