

## CRISIS CUTS SHORT HONEYMOON

### CRISIS CALLS WILSON HOME

President Hurries to Washington Because of Sinking of Ships.

### GRAVE SITUATION VIEW OF CAPITAL

President Cuts Honeymoon Short and Seeks to Hire Special Train—Details of Sinking of Persia Indicate American Consul Robert McNeely Was Lost—Sinking of Ship Glengyle May Complicate Situation.

Washington, Jan. 3.—President Wilson will return to the capital tomorrow to take charge of the new crisis caused by the submarine campaign in the Mediterranean with loss of American lives.

After a conference over the telephone between the president and Secretary Lansing, it was announced that the president would start back to Washington tonight.

Secretary Lansing announced that he had instructed Ambassador Penfield to ask the Austrian government for any information which would establish the nationality of the submarine which is said to have sunk the Persia.

### Situation Is Grave.

It was stated authoritatively that the destruction of the British liner Persia, with the loss of American lives, and the destruction of the British ship Glengyle had put a grave aspect on the relations of the United States with the Teutonic powers, and that the president considered it necessary at once to confer with the cabinet to shape the course of the government.

### Special Train Ordered.

Altho the best railroad officials at Hot Springs could do but to start the president home tonight, White House officials asked the officials to get a train ready to start from Clifton Ford, Va., this afternoon, calculating that the president could travel to Clifton Ford, less than fifty miles, by motor.

### American Consul Lost.

The state department gave out two dispatches containing information regarding the sinking of the Persia, the first from Consul General Perkins at Cairo, follows:

"P. and O. steamer Persia torpedoed forty miles southeast of Crete, Thursday, 1:05 p. m., without warning. Nationality submarine unknown as not visible. Sank in five minutes. About 750 passengers and crew, including many women and children. About 150 saved. Survivors picked up after thirty hours by British destroyer Mallard. Reported American consul McNeely, proceeding to port at Aden, lost. Details given me by high commissioner, whose military secretary, Binham, is survivor. Can obtain affidavits if desired."

### Sinks in Five Minutes.

The second was from Consul Garrels, at Alexandria, Egypt. It follows:

"P. and O. liner Persia, carrying 477 men, sunk Dec. 29, 200 miles northwest Alexandria. Presumably torpedoed. Second Officer Bromley seeing torpedo sink. Vessel sunk in about five minutes. Two Americans aboard, Charles H. Grant, master Vacuum Oil Company, of Calcutta, is safe in Alexandria. Robert Ney McNeely, assigned consul of United States at Aden, most probably lost. Of total 450 passengers and crew, 125 landed Alexandria. Jan. 1, McNeely last seen at water. In view fact, sunk vessel being armed, does the department desire the affidavits?"

### The department has advised the consuls that it does desire the affidavits.

### President Secures Private Car.

Hot Springs, Va., Jan. 3.—President Wilson will leave here at 8:45 this evening for Washington. In order to facilitate the return, a private car in which Joseph Harriman, of New York, arrived at Hot Springs, this morning, was taken by the president and Mrs. Wilson. The president was eager to start back sooner but the railroad officials could make no arrangements that would permit his departure before tonight.

### GERMANS RELEASED.

French Government Orders Immediate Release of Men Taken From Ships. Washington, Jan. 3.—The state department was officially advised today that the French government has ordered the immediate release of Germans recently removed from American ships on the high seas by the French cruiser Descazes.

The advice was received thru the French embassy. The state department was informed that the men arrested would be turned over to the American consul at Port De France, Martinique, where they were taken for detention.

Bulgars May Retaliate. Amsterdam, via London, Jan. 3.—A message from Sofia, Bulgaria, states that public opinion has been excited by the arrest of the German Austro-

### Illness of Kaiser Said to Be Serious; Operation Necessary

Paris, Jan. 3.—Press dispatches from Switzerland and Italy continue to affirm that the illness of Emperor William is serious. It was stated that he was operated on last Wednesday successfully but the nature of the operation is not specified.

It is stated that the emperor is suffering from a deep seated affection of which the cutaneous eruption is but an incidental symptom, and that the malady is complicated by the reappearance of his old throat trouble, which has extended to the mouth.

It is even asserted that it will be necessary to provide him with an artificial palate of silver.

### WOULD CURB LANSING.

Senator Kenyon Declares Secretary Should Confer With Others.

Special to Times-Republican. Fort Dodge, Jan. 3.—Realizing that one man in this country can plunge the nation into war, Senator W. S. Kenyon here today declared the United States should demand of the secretary of state that he confer with others before penning notes to foreign powers that may bring about a break in diplomatic relations and cause war to impend.

"George Washington, when president, went to the senate and consulted in executive session. This should be done now when questions of severing diplomatic relations impend. We are prone to criticize foreign nations because rulers send nations into war practically without consulting any one," he said.

## BRITISH LINER GLENGYLE SUNK

Passengers and Crew, With Few Exceptions, Are Saved.

### NO AMERICANS ON ILL-FATED VESSEL

Sent to the Bottom, Presumably by Submarine, in Mediterranean Sea, on Sunday — One of Largest Steamers Destroyed Since Austrians Have Become Active in Submarine Warfare — Three Europeans Lost.

London, Jan. 3.—The British steamship Glengyle has been sunk. There are about 100 survivors.

The Glengyle had on board about 120 persons, passenger and crew. All, with the exception of three Europeans and seven Chinese, were landed. So far as is known no Americans were on board. The Glengyle, which was homebound from Shanghai, was sunk in the Mediterranean on Sunday.

The Glengyle sailed from Shanghai for London on Nov. 25. She was last reported at Singapore, on Dec. 6. Her route would take her thru the Suez canal and the Mediterranean and it may be assumed she was sunk in the Mediterranean, as were the Persia, Ville de la Clotot, Yasaka Maru and several other steamships.

Vessel of 9,336 Tons. The Glengyle was one of the largest steamships which has been sunk since the submarine activities became pronounced. Her gross tonnage was 9,336 tons. She was owned by the Glen line of Glasgow.

The Glengyle has been in service only a comparatively short time, having been built at Newcastle, in 1914. She was 350 feet long, 43 foot beam, and 34 feet deep. Her master was Captain Webster.

### Steamer St. Oswald Sunk.

The British steamer St. Oswald has been sunk. The St. Oswald was in the service of the British government. She was 360 feet long, and of 3,310 tons gross.

### AL RINGLING DEAD.

Veteran Circus Proprietor Passes Away at Baraboo. Baraboo, Wis., Jan. 3.—Al Ringling, 66 years old, died here Saturday of Bright's disease. He had been ill about a year. Mr. Ringling was the oldest of the Ringling Brothers, circus owners, who have their winter headquarters here. Mr. Ringling is survived by a widow.

### M'NABB VERDICT REVERSED.

Award of \$30,000 For Breach of Promise Set Aside by Appeals Court. Washington, Jan. 3.—A \$30,000 verdict for breach of promise, which Miss M. McNabb, of Milwaukee, won in the district supreme court, seven months ago against John S. Kinney, a millionaire mine owner, and lumberman of Palatka, Mich., was reversed today by the court of appeals.

## LINER PERSIA CARRIED GUN

Armament of Vessel May Complicate Ensuing Controversy.

### CASE DEPENDS ON WEAPON'S LOCATION

International Crisis Growing Out of Sinking of Persia and Loss of American Lives Move Swiftly—Washington Instructs Consuls to Obtain All Available Facts—Secretary Lansing Warns Other Warring Nations.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The new international crisis brought on by the Teutonic submarine campaign in the Mediterranean moved swiftly forward today.

President Wilson has cut short his honeymoon and will leave Hot Springs this evening for Washington.

Baron Zwedenek, charge of the Austrian embassy, assured Secretary Lansing that should it be found that an Austrian submarine sunk the Persia and American lives were lost, his government would give immediate reparation.

Ambassador Penfield, at Vienna, has been instructed to obtain information as to the nationality of the submarine, which might obtain.

### Persia Carried Gun.

The fact that the Persia mounted one gun was disclosed in today's dispatches. What effect this will have on the situation may not be stated until it is determined whether the gun was mounted for defense or offense.

In diplomatic and official circles the situation was viewed as most critical and fraught with grave possibilities. Chairman Stone of the senate foreign relations committee, conferred with Secretary Lansing but was non-committal about his view. He stated that he expected to confer with President Wilson tomorrow. He said he did not know whether the crisis would be considered by the foreign relations committee "just yet."

There seems to be a growing impression in official quarters that tomorrow the president may call the congressional leaders together and acquaint them with the situation fully.

Gun's Presence Complicated. While American officials are keeping their minds open until they have learned all the facts and know whether Americans were endangered in the sinking of the Glengyle, the gravity of the situation is not minimized, and the declaration of the Austrian charge that he was considering the forward of a satisfactory did not lessen the tension.

One new fact developed today when the American consul at Alexandria mentioned that the ship carried one gun. This may become a factor in the case. The Hague convention, however, provided that a merchant ship may carry a gun on the stern for defense, without being considered an armed ship.

### Depends on Gun's Location.

The official view is that the question of whether a gun was mounted on the Persia depends on where it was stationed. If mounted forward officials realized that the Austrian government could contend that the Persia was armed for destruction of submarines and had instructions to ram or destroy the submarines. The disposition is not to assign the position of the gun to plans in consideration of the case until all the facts are known.

Officials consider that the Austrian submarine campaign has brought on just such a crisis as did the German submarine campaign around the British Isles.

Coming just on the conciliatory assurances in Austria, America note, the new incident has alarmed and amazed American officials, who have grave apprehensions over the developments of the next few days.

### To Warn Other Nations.

Secretary Lansing said today that some action to formally notify Turkey and Bulgaria of the attitude of the United States toward submarine warfare, so that the belligerent nations might not be uninformed.

Mr. Lansing was asked today what the attitude of the state department would be if investigation developed that Austrian submarines in the Mediterranean were commanded by German naval officers. The secretary said the department was inclined to let the nationality of the vessel itself determine the responsibility.

It is possible that Ambassador Gerard at Berlin may be instructed to seek information in the sinking of the Persia.

### LOSS OF LIFE IN DOUBT.

More Than 200 Still Unaccounted For in Persia Sinking. London, Jan. 3.—The loss of life in connection with the sinking of the steamship Persia still is a matter of doubt. Latest advices from Cairo and Alexandria, indicate that 150 survivors have been landed, of whom fifty were passengers. Hope that others have been saved is diminishing.

No further word has been received concerning Robert N. McNeely, American consul at Aden, Arabia, and there seems to be little doubt that he

## Steamship Aztec Blown Up at Dock 19 May Be Dead

New York, Jan. 3.—One man was killed, ten were injured and eighteen others are missing following an explosion and fire today on the steamship Aztec, at a Brooklyn dry dock.

was drowned. The safety of Charles Grant, of Boston, having been established, it is thought Mr. McNeely was the only American lost. The passengers numbered between 200 and 300, and the death list will run largely in excess of 200.

There is much speculation over the possible influence of this event over the negotiations between the United States and Austria.

### Rose May Have Perished.

London, Jan. 3.—Reuter's correspondent at Gibraltar cables that Edward Rose, who sailed from England on the Persia, did not land at Gibraltar.

The accuracy of the correspondent's information is questioned in London, however, as it is regarded unlikely that Rose would have proceeded beyond the point where he was booked.

[Previous cable dispatches said Rose left the Persia at Gibraltar. He was on his way to visit his father, William Rose, in southern Spain. He is a student at Eton, and is heir to a fortune of \$300,000.]

## LAW IS DEFIED

Davenport Saloonists Make Sales of Liquor as Test Case.

### COSSON ON HAND, ARRESTS FOLLOW

Two Saloon Owners and Their Bartenders Taken into Custody—State May Move to Secure Injunctions to Prohibit Sales—Crowd Gathers When Doors of Saloon Are Opened—State Agents to Assist Attorney General.

Special to Times-Republican. Des Moines, Jan. 3.—By long distance telephone at noon today Attorney General Cosson reported that all of the saloons were closed in Davenport and that county and state officials filed information against three saloon men and they will be given a prompt hearing.

In the meantime there will be no attempt to reopen the saloons.

Davenport, Jan. 3.—The first step in the fight of the Iowa Liquor Dealers' Association to test the validity of the mulct law, was taken this morning when the saloon of John Hill, in Davenport, was opened at 7 o'clock.

A crowd of men gathered in the place and liquor is said to have been sold. About 7:30 o'clock, two special agents from the attorney general's office entered the saloon and told the proprietors and bartenders to close up. The crowd was put out of the place and a conference followed.

### Cosson on Hand.

The special agents are working under the directions of Attorney General Cosson, who is here to conduct the fight for the state. They are C. G. Brunson and Z. E. Bidwell. John Hill, the proprietor of the saloon, two bartenders, Lewis Wendell and A. G. Geiseker, and a porter, Henry Nissen, were placed under arrest by the special officers, and turned over to Sheriff Bokhardt.

To Start Injunction Suits. Later, John Schalk and L. J. Naven, two other saloonkeepers, who had opened their saloons, were arrested. All were released on their promise to appear.

It is probable that the criminal action against the men will be dropped and injunction suits instituted.

### VILLA ENROUTE TO BORDER.

Making His Way Northward With About One Dozen Followers. El Paso, Tex., Jan. 3.—Arrivals from Chihuahua City report today that advices brought here from some of Gen. Francisco Villa's personal following, declare he is making for the border with about a dozen followers.

Rumors of the killing of Villa by Carranza troops was discredited today in dispatches from Casas Grandes. Dispatches from Chihuahua City today declared the telegraph line between Madera and the capital had been cut but that Villa troops were entering Chihuahua City and surrendering houses and arms.

Huerta to Be Released. San Antonio, Tex., Jan. 3.—Gen. Victoriano Huerta, former president of Mexico, is to be released on his own recognizance.

At the opening of the federal court here this morning, United States Attorney Camp presented a motion to this effect, saying it was at the suggestion of Attorney General Gregory, and calling attention to the age and infirmities of the former Mexican leader. The order will in no way interfere with the grand jury investigation as to the activities of the Huerta adherents.

### General Dodge's Condition Critical.

Council Bluffs, Jan. 3.—The condition of Gen. George M. Dodge apparently was unchanged today. He has taken no nourishment in eight days.

## PEACE PARTY WILL DISBAND

Ford Followers to Start Home Jan. 12 After Visit to The Hague.

### GERMANY GRANTS PERMIT TO TRAVEL

Party to Be Given Privilege of Passing by Train Thru German Territory on Way to Hague—Severe Restrictions Demanded — Permitted to Carry No Baggage or Papers — Ford Reaches Home and Expresses Changed Views.

Copenhagen, via London, Jan. 3.—The German government has granted the Ford peace expedition permission to travel thru Germany to The Hague by special train.

The final arrangements were made thru the German consul here, who, after consultation with Berlin, announced that his government was willing for the expedition to proceed.

This permission was granted despite the refusal of the American state department to extend passports of the members of the party to cover a belligerent country.

Conditions Strict. The conditions under which the party will travel are strict. Their train will be sealed, every one being locked in. The members of the mission will not be permitted to carry written, printed or typewritten papers. The concealment of any paper, even of an innocent character, will result in complication for the entire party.

Other things which the party must abandon are cameras, post cards, opera glasses and gold coin. Most of the baggage of the expedition will be shipped from here back to the United States.

It is announced that the expedition will disband at The Hague on Jan. 12, most of the members returning home from Rotterdam on that date.

Picturesque Feature of Trip. That the peace expedition will be able to travel thru a belligerent country even to its journey is under special guard, with the members of the party almost prisoners, is regarded in Europe as the most picturesque feature of this unique mission.

For weeks the members of the party have been perplexed as to how they would reach The Hague. Arrangements were made to charter a steamer to Holland, but this was found objectionable due to war conditions in the North Sea. Finally an order of \$50,000 was made for a special train on the German railroad.

Accept Stringent Conditions. After negotiations with Berlin, the German consul announced that the request had been granted provided the peace-makers subject themselves to the strictest military law.

It is understood that the railroad refused to accept any pay for the trip in addition to the regular charge in such cases.

The 150 members of the party were busy thruout the day complying with special arrangements. Each was obliged to wear four extra photographs of himself, two to be sent to Berlin and two to the German consul. Each must present his passports to the German consul as proof of his American citizenship.

The announcement that the party will disband at The Hague Jan. 12, he explained, means that those who are not on the permanent peace board will depart.

### FORD CHANGES WAR VIEWS.

People and Men in Trenches Respond. New York, Jan. 3.—Henry Ford, who led the peace expedition which left here on Dec. 4 on the steamship Oscar II for Copenhagen with the hope of bringing about a conference of the neutral nations that would end the war, arrived here Sunday on the steamer Bergensford. He confirmed cable reports that his return had been hastened by illness, but said it made a difference of only a few days, as he intended when he left to come back this month.

Mr. Ford declared his views regarding the cause of the war have undergone a marked change. When he left he said he was of the opinion that bankers, manufacturers of munitions and armament were responsible, but he returns with the belief that it is the people themselves, those now being slaughtered, who are responsible. The men doing the fighting have been too content to let those who rule them do their thinking, and they have not taken advantage of their divine right to say for themselves what they shall do and think, the pacifist asserted.

Compared With Monarchs. "Republicans are no better than monarchs in the way they have been," he said. "Even in the United States we let those whom we have elected to office be swayed from their duty. We do not assert ourselves. Personally, I have been a voter thirty-one years and in all that time I have voted only six times, and then because my wife made me."

Of the eventual success of the peace mission, Mr. Ford declared he had no doubt. "The movement is now organized and under way," he said. "People are talking about it, and while some critics, when people talk they think and when they think, they think right."

Mr. Ford's future plans with respect to the peace expedition were uncertain, he said. While he had several ideas in mind, he deemed it too early to speak of them. He left the party in charge of Gaston Plante, of Gen. Geo. W. Dodge's condition was unchanged today. He has taken no nourishment in eight days.

## T.-R. BULLETIN NEWS OF THE DAY

The Weather. Sun rises Jan. 4 at 7:24; sets at 4:47. Iowa—Generally fair tonight; somewhat warmer in eastern portion; increasing cloudiness Tuesday, probably followed by snow in west portion.

### PAGE ONE.

Telegraphic News: Crisis Calls Wilson Home. Liner Persia Carried Gun. Situation Considered Serious. Liner Glengyle Sunk. Rumors Continue Frontal Drive. Davenport Defies New Liquor Law. PAGES TWO, THREE AND FIVE.

### Iowa News:

State Politics Reviving. Mining Company Incorporates. Iowa Family Slain. Harlan Man Engineers \$30,000,000 War Deal. Campaign For Wesleyan University. City Manager For Webster City. PAGE FOUR.

### Editorial:

Tramping as an Art. Nearly Ready to Lay Aside. The Business Roundup. Topics and Iowa Opinion. PAGES SIX, EIGHT AND NINE.

### City News:

Arney and Wilbur For President. Marshalltown Club Holds Primary. Annual Poultry Show Opens. Levin Store Again to Expand. Train Hits Drayman. Scarlet Fever Proves Fatal. General and Brief City News. PAGE TEN.

### Markets and General:

Increased Supplies Weaken Wheat. Corn Turns Down Grade. Cattle Strong. Enormous Hog Receipts. Diplomats Pooling Public.

partly left the Oscar II it was harmonious as could be desired. "The main idea of the mission," continued Mr. Ford, "was to crystallize into concrete form, if possible, the various ideas and hope for peace which prevailed all over the world. The nations doing the fighting would be glad to stop it, I believe, but they are afraid to let go."

"Those who accompanied me on the Oscar II were as fine a body of people for that particular mission as I could ask and the interested delegates that met us at Christiania were all good men. I am simply financing and carrying out as far as possible the work set under way last year at the meeting of The Hague of the Women's International Peace congress. This work ultimately will bring Europe to its senses and stop the war."

Saving of Life in One Day. "If what I have done will bring peace only one day nearer, I shall be more than repaid. Every day the war is shortened will save 30,000 lives, and 30,000 lives will mean much toward relieving order and peace conditions."

"If necessary I will again go to Europe and if it will help matters I will charter another ship. I am not doing it for personal glory, gain or advantage. I have more money now than I can use, and I feel I am simply a custodian of what I have. It was entrusted to me by the people, some of whom are today fighting in the trenches."

## MOBILIZATION OF MILITIA PLANNED

Adjutant General of Illinois Guards Would Mobilize the Full Military Strength of Illinois, Iowa, Indiana and Wisconsin—Comprise One Full Division.

Chicago, Jan. 3.—A plan to mobilize the entire military strength of Illinois, Iowa, Indiana and Wisconsin, 25,000 men, comprising one full division, has taken Frank S. Dickson, adjutant general of the Illinois National Guard, to Washington, for a conference with United States military officials.

The Illinois militia head is to confer also with Senator George E. Chamberlain, of Oregon, who is to introduce in congress a bill providing for the maintenance of not less than a full division of militia for the purpose of giving experience to army officers in handling large bodies of troops.

Iowa Ready to Send Guard. Des Moines, Jan. 3.—The Iowa National Guard, composed of 3,300 men, may soon go to Chickamauga to participate in a mobilization of militia to test the efficiency of the guards.

Adjutant General Guy E. Logan, asked if Iowa would send the guard if Senator Chamberlain's bill is passed, replied that Iowa would be ready to send any force from one company to the entire guard.

### Ball Commission in Session.

Cincinnati, O., Jan. 3.—With several matters before it pertaining to the peace treaties recently signed here, the national baseball commission began its annual session here today.

Capt. P. L. Huston, of the New York American, was the only magnate present other than the members of the commission.

It became known today that the question as to whether former Federal League players would be subject to the waiver rule had been incorporated in the peace treaty, but that in making numerous corrections it had been omitted from the agreement.

Another Advance in Oil. Lima, O., Jan. 3.—Another increase of 10 cents was recorded in all Lima and Findlay grades of crude oil here today.

Indiana's free employment agencies secured over 30,000 positions for men and women in 1915 and 1914.

Dr. Ricka Finkler is the only woman interne at the Polyclinic Hospital in Philadelphia.

It has been ascertained that the number automobiles in this country passed the 2,000,000 mark last June.

## RUSS CONTINUE FRONTAL DRIVE

Result of Operations to Have Great Influence on Roumania.

### TWO OFFENSIVE MOVEMENTS

Russian Army, Advancing as Threat Against Teutonic Their Balkan Operations, Armies of Central Powers, Move to Better Position in Anticipation of Spring Operations of General Ivanoff.

London, Jan. 3.—The latest dispatches from the southern extremity of the Russian front indicate that heavy fighting continues with the Russian army of General Ivanoff gaining ground.

One correspondent reports that these operations began with an offensive movement on the part of the Austrians, designed to straighten their lines. It is evident that the Russian advance has now extended a considerable distance beyond the Stripa river.

In other dispatches it is asserted that two great offensive actions clashed, the Russians having advanced as a threat against the Teutons in their Balkan operations, while the Austrians and Germans felt the necessity of improving their positions against the attack expected from General Ivanoff in the spring.

Operations Are Important. There is no doubt the result of these operations will have an important effect upon the Balkan campaign, especially upon the future plans of Roumania.

It is again reported that the general powers are planning an attack on Saloniki, but they are said to be experiencing difficulties with Bulgaria which, according to these reports, does not wish to participate in such a campaign, unless it promises something more than the expulsion of the allies from Saloniki.

England awaits with interest details regarding the bill for compulsory military service which Premier Asquith will introduce in the house of commons Wednesday. It is announced that Ireland will come within the scope of the bill.

Japanese Fleet to Suez. Tokyo, Jan. 3.—Announcement is made by the Jiji Shimbun that a squadron of Japanese warships will sail for the Suez canal, presumably to protect Japanese shipping. It is said the armored cruisers Kasuma, Tokiwa and Thetis have been assigned for this service.

Germans Attack Near La Bassee. Berlin, Jan. 3.—German troops made an attack on a wide front north of the road between Labasse and Bethune yesterday, after conducting mining operations on a large scale. The war office announced today that the occupants of one trench were buried by an explosion or shot down.

U. S. CONSUL IN CHARGE. Takes Over German and Turkish Interests at Saloniki.

Saloniki, Jan. 3.—At the request of General Sarrail, commander of the French forces here, John E. Keel, American consul at Saloniki, has taken charge of the German and Turkish interests. The consulate will be delivered to him tomorrow.

[The German, Austro-Hungarian and Turkish consuls at Saloniki were arrested last Thursday as a reply to the bombardment by Teutonic aeroplanes. A dispatch Saturday said the American consul had taken over the Austro-Hungarian interests.]

### FILE ROOSEVELT'S NAME.

Colonel's Name to Go on Republican Primary Ballot of Michigan. Lansing, Mich., Jan. 3.—A sufficient number of petitions to place the name of Colonel Roosevelt as republican candidate on the Michigan primary ballot were filed with the secretary of state today. Several days ago petitions were filed to place Mr. Roosevelt's name on the progressive primary ballot.