The T.-R.'s State News Always Ranks Paramount in Iowa

Evening Times-Republican

Weather For Iowa: Fair; With Slowly Rising Temperature

VOLUME FORTY-TWO — MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 13, 1916. — NUMBER 11

SADGURA TAKEN BY RUSS ARMY

Czar's Forces Said to Have Taken Important Galician Junction Point.

MORE IMPORTANT THAN CZERNOWITZ

Considered by Military Men to Be Greater Prize Than City Long Object of Offensive Operations by Russians—Reports of Suspension of Operations in Galicia and Bessarabia Are Discredited.

London, Jan. 13.—The news from the eastern front of the capture of Sadgura is regarded in military circles as probably true, altho official announcement has not been received.

The town, which lies a few miles northeast of Czernowitz, and is a converging point for five good roads, is of considerable importnace and previous attempts to capture it have been stoutly resisted.

Experts say Sadgura is of more importance than Czernowitz, because of its strong neutral position.

The report from Petrograd that the offensive in Galicia and Bessarabia have been suspended is regarded as premature. The Russian offensive, it is believed, could not be suspended suddenly, as it was launched with unexpected strength. The object is threefold: to demonstrate to the Roumanians that the Russians can take the initiative when they choose; second, to divert Austro-German forces from the Balkans and western front, and finally, to improve the general position of their own left flank.

While the full effect of this Russian offensive can not yet be determined, entente military experts affirm that the second object has been attained, and that the allies have been relieved.

Protest Occupation of Corfu.

The Greek government, says a dispatch from Athens, has protested against the occupation of the island of Corfu by the entente powers. It is believed in Athens that the arrest of the Austrian and German consuls at Corfu is certain to follow.

The correspondent telegraphs that British ships have landed in Albania food supplies for 150,000 Serbs.

The fact that the French flag now waves over the palace on the island of Corfu, which belonged to the German emperor, and that the occupation of the island is considered so complete, already has evoked a protest from Greece. The protest is formal and the allies have given Greece an explanation of their intentions.

The occupation is to prevent the Serbians army from risking the danger of starvation.

The German offensive in the Champagne is said to have been undertaken on a enormous scale and with a definite military purpose. The German forces have suffered terrible losses and tho failure of the campaign has been complete.

The fall of Cettinje to the Austrians is possible in the near future.

Germany Files Protest.

The Copenhagen correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company learns that German publication of the Baralong incident is set for today.

The Baralong came long side of a submarine as she was shelling the British steamer Nicosian, off the coast of Ireland, on Aug. 19, 1915. Germany alleged that after sinking the submarine the crew of the Baralong murdered the members of the crew. Germany's protest was made thru Secretary Lansing and Ambassador Page at London.

The miners' federation of Great Brittain, meeting in London today, resolved unanimously to oppose the bill for compulsory military service.

Grave Menace For Italy.

Rome, Jan. 13.—The capture of Mount Lovcen, Montenegro, by the Austrians is regarded here as presenting a grave menace for Italy. Military experts point out that Austria has gained dominant influence on the coast.

King Nicholas of Montenegro is quoted as saying:

"Lovcen is the Olympus of our race, the cradle of the dynasty, the stronghold which resisted the invasion of the Turks even when they reached the walls of Vienna. Lovcen is more precious than if it were a colossal diamond."

Allies at Saloniki Attacked.

Rome, via Paris, Jan. 13.—The attack of the Teutonic allies on the entente forces defending Saloniki is being developed on a large scale, according to the Athens correspondent of the Giornale d'Italia, telegraphing under Tuesday's date. He reports that a bombardment of the British line to the Dorian zone proceeded all day Monday.

The German commander of the attacking forces, says the correspondent, will make use of Austrian, Bulgarian and Turkish forces. The participation of the Turks heretofore has been doubtful.

Austrians Bombard Antivari.

Paris, Jan. 13.—Austrian forces advancing from Cattaro and Budna have reached Mitchitz, five miles from Antivari, which is being bombarded by the Austrian guns, according to a dispatch to L'Oeuvre under Tuesday's date.

In view of the success of the Austrian offensive against Lovcen, measures have been taken by the Montenegrin government to evacuate Cettinje immediately, according to a Scutari dispatch, says the Petit Journal's Milan correspondent.

The correspondent, telegraphing from Scutari, says that the Montenegrins, aided by Serbians, are making a stout resistance altho outnumbered five to one.

Bridge Blown Up.

Saloniki, via London, Jan. 13.—The important railroad bridge over the Struma river at the Demir-Hassir has been blown up by French engineers as a precautionary measure.

Repulse Attacks of Allies.

Berlin, by wireless to Sayville, Jan. 13.—A strong British attack near Armentires and two French onslaughts in the Champagne were repulsed by the Germans, the war office announced today.

SEEK LIFE OF PREMIER.

Would-Be Assassin Hurls Bombs at Count Okuma.

Tokio, Jan. 13.—Count Okuma, the Japanese premier, had a narrow escape from death today at the hand of assassins. He was returning from the royal palace shortly after midnight, and was nearing his house when two bombs were thrown at his automobile. The count's chauffeur caught a glimpse of the assailant just as he was hurling a bomb and by putting on speed escaped danger.

Count Okuma made another visit to the palace at 11 o'clock this morning. One of the bombs did not explode.

KAISER'S ILLNESS SERIOUS.

Queen Sophia of Greece Called to Bedside of Brother.

London, Jan. 13.—A wireless dispatch from Rome says that Queen Sophia of Greece has been summoned to the bedside of her brother, Emperor William, whose illness is described as serious.

FOUR SOLDIERS DROWN.

Perish When Skiff Is Sunk in Galveston Channel by Tanker.

Galveston, Jan. 13.—Capt. Edward P. Jones, medical corps, U. S. A., and three privates of the artillery corps were drowned in the Galveston channel today when their boat was sunk by a tank steamer.

BRITISH MINISTER SUED FOR HUGE SUM

William Marshall, of Bisbon Falls, Alleging Conspiracy, Asks Judgment For $1,000,000,000 Against Sir Cecil Spring-Rice and Others.

Portland, Maine, Jan. 13. — Suit for $1,000,000,000 against the British ambassador to the Uniter States., for damages said to have been caused by alleged conspiracy has been filed in the federal district court by William Marshall, of Bisbon Falls, who recently was convicted of using the mails to defraud women who made silk ties on commission.

Besides Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, Lord Bryce, and John Keating, British consul here, are named in the petition.

EX-SAILOR KILLS THREE WOMEN

Murders "Affinity," Her Mother and Sister at San Francisco.

San Francisco, Jan. 13.—Floyd Peyser, a dishonorably discharged United States sailor, murdered Mrs. Marjorie Hill, with whom he was infatuated, here yesterday.

After shooting her dead he also killed her mother, Mrs. G. W. Evans and her sister, Mrs. Irene White, and then, with two bullets left in his revolver, turned the muzzle against himself and fired twice. He died almost instantly.

Mrs. Eva Ramsey, another sister of Mrs. Hill, secreted her 11-year-old daughter, Jennie, in a clothes closet and escaped injury herself.

Peyser, who had been warned away from the Hill apartments, hunted the woman down from room to room.

HUERTA NEAR DEATH.

Former Mexican Chief Gradually Growing Weaker.

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 13.—Gen. Victoriano Huerta, reported last night as dying, was still alive early today. He was said to be growing weaker.

Iowa Supreme Court.

Special to Times-Republican.

Des Moines, Jan. 13.—The supreme court today ruled in the following cases:

L. McCoy vs C. M. & St. P. Railway Company, appellant. Monroe county. Modified, affirmed and remanded. Opinion by Weaver.

F. D. Dennis, et al., vs. W. B. Mantle, et al. Marshall county. Affirmed. Opinion by Weaver.

E. L. Balz vs. A. Coquillette, appellant. Superior court of Cedar Rapids. Affirmed by Weaver.

Handian Buck Manufacturing Company, appellant, vs. Waterloo Drop Forge Company. Blackhawk county. Affirmed. Opinion by Weaver.

William Bierkamp vs. M. Beuthien, et al., appellant. Cedar county. Reversed and remanded. Opinion by Weaver.

Frank Burrell vs. W., C. F. & N. Railway Company, appellant. Benton county. Affirmed. Opinion by Evans.

James Carr vs. C., R. I & P Railway Company, appellant. Hancock county. Affirmed. Opinion by Evans.

AVIATOR'S WIFE GETS DECREE.

Decree For Mrs. Grahame-White in British Divorce Court.

London, Jan. 13.—The decree of the restitution of conjugal rights recently petitioned for by Mrs. Claude Grahame-White, wife of the aviator, was granted in the divorce court today, with the order that it be obeyed in a fortnight. The petition was not opposed. Mrs. Grahame-White was Miss Dorothy Taylor, of New York.

This Expresses It.

The visiting lady had kept her hostess at the open door fully half an hour saying goodby. Finally, in a masculine voice indoors called out: "Mary, Maria, if you're going, get! If you're staying, stay; but, for heaven's sake, don't just stand there and seem."—Harper's Weekly.

SLAUGHTER IN MEXICO GOES ON

Several More Americans Are Missing and Believed to Have Been Murdered.

REPORTED MASSACRE BY VILLA TROOPS

Ten American Men and Two English Women Said to Have Been Murdered at Madera—Bodies of Watson Train Massacre Reach El Paso—War Extermination Appears to Have Been Inaugurated.

El Paso, Jan. 13.—A report is current in Chihuahua that ten American men and two English women had been killed by Villa troops at Madera, Chihuahua, according to Americans arriving here today with the bodies of eighteen Americans killed last Monday.

One of the women reported killed was said to be the wife of Capt. Jack Deftbridge, retired British army officer, who with an English woman companion, Mrs. Berry, had been staying at Babricora ranch, the Hearst property.

Bodies Reach El Paso.

The bodies of eighteen Americans killed last Monday by Mexican bandits near Santa Ysabel, western Chihuahua, reached El Paso early today and were taken in charge by undertakers. The body of Joseph Enders, reported to have been killed, was not among those arriving today.

F. E. Stephenson, secretary of the mining and smelter company of Chihuahua, who organized the party to recover the bodies, said that the heads were almost blown off. They were stripped of clothing before being dragged from the cars and killed.

"When we arrived at the scene of the massacre, a Carranza guard remained at Santa Ysabel, where we found a number of the bandits encamped. We returned to the train for a machine gun.

Two Others Missing.

"An expedition which left Chihuahua City to recover the bodies of nineteen slain Americans were informed that Benjamin Snell and Frank Woods passed there bound west half an hour before the Watson train was reported in trouble.

"The station agent said he warned the two men to return but they said they were armed and feared no trouble. Nothing later was heard of the party and it is believed that they met the fate of the Watson train."

Report Unconfirmed.

Mexican officials at Juarez were unable to confirm the report that ten Americans and two English women had been murdered.

A rumor was circulated here today that three Amelcans had been murdered in the Cananea district of Sonora, in the vicinity of the Phelps-Dodge property. It could not be verified.

General Jose Rodriguez has been captured near Madera, Chihuahua, by Americans, according to reports received here. A message from Madera states that many of Rodriguez's force were killed.

The capture was made by Maximiano Marquez, it was said. He was an employe of the Hearst interests at Babricora and is now at Madera keeping order with 125 Americans and a few soldiers. The message states that Rodriquez was met in pitched battle.

Holmes Tells of Escape.

Holmes' statements, given out to the state department and the press after his arrival at El Paso Wednesday, is as follows:

"Our train left Chihuahua City Monday morning, Jan. 10, at about 11 o'clock. The train was stopped at or about the ranch Baeza, a point about five miles west of Santa Ysabel, between 1:30 and 2 o'clock that afternoon. While the train was standing at the station of Santa Ysabel, two armed Mexicans rode by and scrutinized the train. The Mexican passengers at Santa Ysabel told me afterwards that the riders had inquired if there were any soldiers on the train. At the point of the massacre our train was stopped in a cut so that the last car was just inside of the cut. We were stopped by another train—the front trucks of one of the coal cars of which was seen to be off the track. This was the first we knew of a train preceding us. There was nobody to be seen around the train in front. When our train was stopped, Newman and I were sitting together and Evans came up and looked out of our window.

"Evans, Newman, McHatton and I then got off the train. Watson was either getting off or about to do so, behind us, when I looked back and saw him. Just after alighting I heard a volley of rifle shots from a point on the other side of the cut and just above the train. Looking around I could see a bunch of about twelve or fifteen men standing in a solid line, shoulder to shoulder, shooting directly at us. They were fifty or seventy-five feet away. The coach cut off my view so I could not see how many bandits there were. The depth of the cut on the side near the Santa Ysabel at that point was about two feet. On the other side it was much greater. To the rear of the train was an embankment, declining towards the river. Watson, after getting off, ran toward the river. MacHatton and I followed. MacHatton fell. I do not know whether he was killed then or tripped. Watson kept running and they were still shooting at him when I turned and ran down grade, where I fell in some brush, probably 100 feet from the rear of the train.

"I lay there perfectly quiet and looked around and could see the Mexicans shooting in the direction at which Watson was running. I saw that they were not shooting at me, and thinking they believed me already dead I took a chance and crawled into some thicker bushes. I crawled thru the bushes until I reached the bank of the stream. I then made my way to a point probably 100 yards from the train. There I lay under the bank for half an hour and heard shots by ones, twos and threes. I did not hear any sort of groans or yells or cries from our Americans. Then I continued further under the bank, wading the stream part of the time until I reached a point probably 200 yards from the train. There I remained a half or three-quarters of an hour. Later, after going to several ranch houses and picking my way cautiously for several miles, I met with an unknown Mexican who directed me to Chihuahua City. I reached Chihuahua City Tuesday morning at about 7:30. The foregoing facts are of my personal knowledge."

WAR OF EXTERMINATION.

Several Additional Murders of Americans Reported.

Washington, Jan. 13.—No word of the reported killing of ten Americans and two English women by Mexican bandits near Madera had reached the state department early today.

The killing of Bert Kramer, an American, by Mexican bandits, was officially reported today by Collector Cobb at El Paso. The collector reported Kramer was killed near Guierra in Chihuahua.

The department was further informed that the band which killed the party of Americans Monday was commanded by two former Carranza colonels, Lopez and Beltran. General Reyna also was said to have commanded part of the Mexican force.

According to the dispatches eighty-five men were assigned to shoot the Americans. A force of about 500 men was reported near the scene After killing the Americans the Mexicans robbed the train.

Pursuit Undertaken.

Mr. Cobb said he had been informed that troop trains had been dispatched by Carranza authorities in pursuit of the bandits, one going from Chihuahua and another from Juarez.

It is said General Villa recently had been seen near Chihuahua.

Senator Sheppard, of Texas, today received a telegram from C. C. Young, of El Paso, stating that the dead Americans had been invited into the country by General Obregon. Senator Sheppard said he would lay the message before the state department. He was told by President Wilson that the Americans had been warned to keep out of Mexico.

Carranza Expresses Regret.

Eliseo Arredondo, General Carranza's ambassador here, delivered to Secretary Lansing today a letter saying he "deeply deplored the dastardly action of the Villa forces," and says the Carranza government will act at once.

In regard to statements that General Obregon had urged American mining companies to resume their work in Mexico, state department officials said no word to that effect had been received here.

No message had been received today from Consul Silliman and it is not regarded as probable that a reply from Carranza to Secretary Lansing's communication will be received until Friday.

Messages from Chihuahua make no mention of the shooting at San Yesabel.

The Madera telegraph operator reported there was no truth in the rumor of ten Americans and two English women being killed.

Carranza Promises Punishment.

General Carranza's ambassador here today formally assured Secretary Lansing that the Carranza government "deeply deplores the dastardly action of the Villa forces" in killing sixteen Americans near Chihuahua Monday, and added that "efficient action will be taken to bring the murderers to justice."

He also gave assurance that General Carranza would take steps to remedy the situation in the state of Durango in which depredations against foreigners have been reported. There were no new developments in the situation at the White House but in congress both houses and senate continued to give it attention.

Senator Lewis, democrat, of Illinois, introduced a resolution proposing to empower the president to use the army and navy to restore order in Mexico. He asked that it be laid over, however, without action.

Senator Lewis' resolution proposes that the American forces co-operate with any existing forces in Mexico for protection of American property and life.

Knows Snell and Woods.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—Dwight Furness, of Chicago, head of a company which has been purchasing ore from the Cusihuiriachi mines, said today he knew Benjamin Snell and Frank Woods, but that he did not know where they lived or by what company they were employed.

Snell and Woods were reported as missing and are believed to have been killed by Mexican rebels.

Employes Ordered to Leave.

Eagle Pass, Tex., Jan. 13.—All employes of the American Smelting and Refining Company were ordered to leave Mexico by the company.

DEFEAT PRIMARY BILL.

Effort to Advance Date of Preferential Election in Illinois Fails.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 13.—A measure advancing the presidential primary election in Illinois from April 11 to Feb. 9, went down to defeat in the state senate by a vote of 17 to 5 today.

Illinois would have been the first state to hold a presidential primary had the bill been passed.

Discuss International Relations.

Washington, Jan. 13.—A discussion of "international relations" to be led by the Marchioness of Aberdeen is the chief event on the program today of the national council of women, in session here.

LEYLAND LINER HURONIAN HIT

New Steamship Reported Torpedoed Off Irish Coast Dec. 29.

CARRIED CARGO OF $1,000,000 VALUE

Belated News of Vessel Says Sub-Marine Was Encountered Near Spot Where Lusitania and Arabic Were Sunk—Sailed From Galveston on Dec. 12 For Liverpool—France Has Plan to Encourage Shipping.

New York, Jan. 13.—The new Leyland liner Huronian, from Galveston, was torpedoed on Dec. 29 off the Irish coast, according to a report current in shipping circles today.

The International Mercantile Marine said they had received a cablegram stating that the Huronian had met with injury but the message did not state what had caused the damage.

The Huronian sailed from Galveston bound for Liverpool on Dec. 12. She was reported to have encountered a submarine not far from the spot where the Lusitania and Arabic were sunk. She was built in 1913 and was 475 feet long.

The Huronian had a cargo consisting chiefly of cotton, corn and wheat, valued at more than $1,000,000.

Two Ships Sunk by Mines.

Rome, Jan. 13.—Two Italian steamers, the Brindisi and the Citta di Palermo, have been sunk by mines in the Adriatic sea.

Half of the passengers on board the Brindisi were lost. The crew was saved. Nearly all on board the Citta di Palermo, which was an armed vessel, were saved.

The Brindisi was sunk Jan. 6 and the Citta di Palermo Jan. 8.

The Brindisi was a vessel of 863 tons and was owned at Bari.

The Citta di Palermo was built in 1910 and was of 3,415 tons gross. She was a turbine vessel and was owned by the Italian railway of Palermo. This vessel should not be confused with the vessel of the same name which is owned by W. F. Becker of Messina, and which sailed from Galveston Jan. 4 for Barcelona by way of Norfolk.

TO AID SHIP PURCHASES.

French Government Proposes Loans to Encourage Shipping.

Paris, Jan. 13.—To meet the transportation prices resulting from the shortage of a maratime shipping facilities the government has decided to ask parliament to authorize the advance from the treasury of 25,000,000 francs to ship owners that they may purchase ships.

The steamships will be examined by government experts before they are bought. They must be in good condition and guaranteed free from all mortgage at time of sale.

The government's bill will be presented tomorrow. The preamble says that after examining plans to provision the country, lessen the drain on national wealth occasioned by high freight rates, and assure future development of the merchant, the government has decided that the best method is to encourage private initiative to purchase allied or neutral steamers.

The bill authorizes the treasury to make advances to ship owners to the sum of 100,000,000 francs for the accusation of the steamships. These funds will be loaned at the rate of interest charged by the Bank of France for advances on securities.

AMERICAN GOODS IN GREATER DEMAND

Rise of Vladivostok as Port of World Wide Importance Accompanied by Tremendous Increase in Importation of American Wares.

Washington, Jan. 13.—The rise of Russia's Pacific coast port, Vladivostok, to word wide importance within the last year, was accompanied by a tremendous increase of imports of American goods.

Figures made public today by the department of commerce shows that ten times as much goods poured thru this narrow gateway during the first eight months of 1915, as in the same peroid of 1914. The United States furnished one-third of the entire amount.

Imports at this port for the first eight months of the past year were valued at $87,625,000. Japanese shippers got the heaviest share of this business with goods valued at $32,397,000. The United States was second with $30,620,000. Imports during the same period in 1914 amounted to only $9,311,000.

Many Chinese Rebels Killed.

London, Jan. 13.—Many Chinese revolutionaries were killed or captured in a series of bloody engagement on Jan. 6, 7 and 8, in the district of Tansui, Potong, Yentzuwo and Poklo, according to information received from the Canton government by the British authorities at Hong Kong.

The Hong Kong dispatch says that the rebels were well supplied with arms, ammunition and uniforms. They fought until their ammunition was exhausted. The government forces captured large quantities of munitions.

Various garrisons are pursuing the rebels.

Usually, when one is working, he is not worrying—about the best thing that can be said of work.

T.-R. BULLETIN.

NEWS OF THE DAY

The Weather.

Sun rises Jan. 14 at 7:22; sets at 4:57

Iowa—Fair tonight and Friday; slowly rising temperature Friday.

PAGE ONE.

Telegraphic News:
Slaughter in Mexico Continues.
Another Massacre of Twelve Reported.
Sudgara Taken by Russians.
Teutons Attacking Saloniki.
Cold Still Grips Middle States.
Leyland Liner Torpedoed.

PAGES TWO, THREE AND FOUR.

Iowa News:
Little Corn Fit For Seed.
Waterloo Bids For Baptist College.
Buried Will Appears in Court.
Phone Franchise Fight at Boone.
Prison Mutiny Ends.

PAGE FIVE.

Farm News and Story:
Extension Work in State.
Farming as a Business.
Story, It Pays to Advertise.

PAGE SIX.

Editorial:
A Million Men.
Twenty-Four Below.
As to the Ruebling Case.
Topics of the Times.
Iowa Opinion and Notes.

PAGE SEVEN.

General News:
New Co-Operative Colony in West.

PAGES EIGHT, NINE, TEN, ELEVEN

City News:
County Wins in Former Street Railway Company Case.
Supreme Court Holds $12,792 Collectible in Taxes.
Supposed Munitions Factory Site Sale Develops Lawsuit.
Trains Tied Up by Severe Cold Weather.
Justice Accomplishes Own Election.
General and Brief City News.

PAGE TWELVE.

Markets and General:
Wheat Record For 1915 Crop Broken.
Corn Also Strong.
Cattle Market Improves.
Hogs Jump to High Levels.

FIRE DESTROYS CLARION STORE

Hardware Stock Burned and Two Adjacent Business Houses Suffer Damage—Village of George Loses Three Busipess Houses by Fire.

Special to Times-Republican.

Clarion, Jan. 13.—Fire at noon today, starting in the Lockwood & Stewart hardware store, completely gutted the building and did damage to the Roblin harness store and the pool hall owned by McCaskey brothers. The intense cold made fire fighting difficult. The total damage will reach $8,000, partially covered by insurance.

Fire at George.

Special to Times-Republican.

Sheldon, Jan. 13.—Fire at George, at 3 o'clock this morning, burned Gwyter's general store, Protexter's pool hall and Lehman's harness store, all frame buildings. The fire started in the pool hall from a cause unknown. The stocks were insured but they completely burned.

PRICE TURNS ON ACCUSER.

Minneapolis Man Refutes Story of Etchison and Tells Details of Tragedy.

Minneapolis, Jan. 13.—Frederick T. Price, a local business man, on the witness stand in his own defense, made a sweeping denial of the story told by Charles D. Etchison, state's chief witness, that Price pushed his third wife from a cliff more than a year ago and then crushed her head with a rock for the purpose of inheriting her money.

The witness repeated the story of his wife's death told by him at the trial of his suit against the city in which he sought damages because the cliff had been left unprotected.

Price testified that the money paid to Etchison, his former associate, since the death of Mrs. Price was to aid Etchison in business enterprises and was not paid for silence regarding the alleged crime, as contended by the state. The state probably will complete its case late today or early tomorrow.

M. C. Brady, chief counsel for Price, declared that it would be shown that Etchison had lived on money obtained from Price, and aserted that "if Mrs. Price was murdered, it was by Etchison, who believed that his generous friend, Price, would be still more liberal when he inherited his wife's money."

Price said he had suspected Etchison of being addicted to the use of drugs.

"On the night of Mrs. Price's death," the witness said, "I had stepped from the automobile and was looking into the hood of the machine when I heard my wife scream, 'O Fred!'

"Etchison, who was standing near me, said, 'Something has happened to your wife.'

"I hurried to the edge of the cliff and saw her huddled up on the rocks below. She was moaning. Etchison and I rushed down a steep path to her side, and as I knelt down I found she was still breathing."

"When you knelt down did you hold a rock in your hand?" he was asked.

"I did not."

Price said that he sent Etchison for help and later rode in the ambulance with his wife to a hospital, where she was found to be dead.

HEAR ALLEGED CONFESSIONS.

Statements by Negroes Accused of Murder Given to Jury in Mohr Case.

Providence, R. I., Jan. 13.—Alleged confessions of Cecil Brown and Henry Spellman that they had been hired by Mrs. Elizabeth Mohr to murder her husband, Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, were introduced today at the trial of Mrs. Mohr and the two negroes.

Chief of Police O'Neil repeated the story of the crime, as he said it was told to him by the accused men.

For removing dust from furniture a paint brush is much more satisfactory than a dust rag. No crevice is too small or too deep for it to reach.

COLD HAS GRIP ON MIDDLE WEST

Lowest Temperatures in Years Reported From Several States.

ST. PAUL REPORTS BELOW ZERO

Temperature of 58 Below at Prince Albert, With Low Temperatures Extending Into Southwest—More Than Twenty Trains Stalled at Council Bluffs—Many Trains Abandoned—Iowa and Dakota In Frigid Wave.

Chicago, Jan. 12.—The storm which began yesterday over the middle west continued today, snow, high winds and low temperatures prevailing over Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, the Dakotas, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

From the Canadian northwest there also came reports of unusually low temperatures. The mercury fell to 58 below at Prince Albert.

According to meagre reports Iowa, the Dakotas and Minnesota were the worst sufferers on account of the heavy snowfall and low temperature. St. Paul reported 33 below, and Des Moines, 24 below.

Trains Stalled in Iowa.

Railroad traffic west of Chicago has been seriously delayed and in many instances trains have been abandoned. At Council Bluffs, Iowa, more than twenty trains are stalled.

Telephone and telegraphic communication with the west was cut off, all companies reporting that routes are out of commission entirely.

In Chicago the thermometer was at zero and the prediction is for much colder weather.

Coldest in Years in Southwest.

Kansas City, Jan. 13.—The southwest is experiencing its coldest weather in years. Stock men and fruit growers expressed fear of great damage.

Only one death directly due to the weather had been reported early today. John Cook died of exposure in a snow drift at St. Joseph, Mo. Dodge City recorded 14 below zero.

Cold at Peoria.

Peoria, Jan. 13.—A drop in temperature of fifty-one degrees since noon yesterday was registered at the weather bureau today. With the thermometer at 15 below, Peoria was the coldest point between St. Louis and Chicago.

Thirty-One Below at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Jan. 13.—On the anniversary of the memorable storm in 1888, St. Paul today experienced the coldest temperature of the winter. The thermometer stood at 31 below at 6 o'clock.

Low Temperatures in Iowa.

Special to Times-Republican.

Des Moines, Jan. 13. — The coldest weather in several years prevailed over Iowa last night and today, according to reports received by the Des Moines weather station. It was 30 below at Clarion, 30 below at Sheldon, 24 below at Cedar Rapids, Des Moines and Marshalltown, and 26 below at Waterloo.

COLD WAVE TONIGHT.

Weather Bureau Forecasts Temperatures of 20 Below Zero.

Des Moines, Jan. 13.—Temperatures ranging from 17 to 20 below zero prevailed in Des Moines and central Iowa today with a weather bureau forecast that 20 below would be the order again tonight.

Resumption of street car traffic marked the end of the storm disturbance.

Coldest Weather in Decade.

Davenport, Jan. 15.—The thermometer at the United States weather bureau registered 22 degrees below zero at 6 o'clock this morning, the lowest recorded in ten years. The mercury dropped fifty degrees in twenty-two hours.

IOWA HOTEL MEN MEET.

State Association in Annual Convention at Cedar Rapids.

Cedar Rapids, Jan. 13.—Methods of conducting hotels, lunch counters and grill rooms with the idea of getting a closer working organization among the hotel men in Iowa were to be discussed before the annual convention of the Iowa Hotel Men's Association here today.

President C. G. Holden, of Waterloo, opened the initial session. The election of officers will be held tomorrow night.

Price Resumes Testimony.

Minneapolis, Jan. 13. — Frederick T. Price, on trial here on a charge of murdering his wife, was prepared to resume the witness stand in his own defense today. Price, it is charged, threw his wife over a cliff after she had come into possession of $60,000.

Prussian Parliament Opened.

Berlin, Wireless to Sayville, Jan. 13.—After divine service in the protestant cathedral and in the Cathalic church of St. Hedwig, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the Prussian prime minister, opened today the new session of the Prussian parliament.

Chicago Teamsters Strike

Chicago, Jan. 13.—A strike of teamsters, members of the cement grading and asphalt teamsters' union, was called today, tieing up Louis aggregating many thousands.