

RAINS NORTHWEST MAKE WHEAT FIRM

STRENGTH ABROAD ALSO GIVES EARLY MARKET BULLISH TONE.

MANY RESTING ORDERS APPEAR ON THE BREAK

Rain Has Opposite Effect on Corn Trade, Causing Some Price Recession—Trend of Corn is Reflected in Oats Trade—Provisions Are Dull and Prices Unchanged to 2 1/2 Cents Above Yesterday's Close.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—Rains in the northwest and strength abroad caused an opening advance in the wheat market today from 1/4 to 1 1/2 cents. On heavy profit taking based largely on weakness in the northwest prices reacted only to steady and start upward again. The break found many resting orders. Crop reports continued pessimistic. December opened 1/4 to 1 1/2 cents higher, at \$1.54 to \$1.55 1/2, dropped to \$1.52 1/2, and then reacted to \$1.53 1/2.

An avalanche of profit taking sales carried prices an extreme 5 cents under the top. Toward the close this pressure ceased and nearly all of the loss was recovered. The close was strong, 1 1/2 to 2 cents under yesterday's close.

Corn. Corn weakened on rains. The Illinois Central reports said that corn, oats and pastures had been helped in Iowa and Illinois. December opened unchanged to 1/4 down, at 74 1/2 to 74 1/2, and sold to 73 1/2.

Oats. The trend of corn was reflected in oats. December opened 1/4 to 1/2 lower, at 49 1/2 to 49 1/2, and on selling by commission houses and pit longs declined to 48 1/2.

Provisions were dull with prices unchanged to 2 1/2 cents up.

Chicago Grain Close, Chicago, Aug. 22.

Wheat—No. 2 red, nominal; No. 3 red, 1.46@1.51; No. 2 hard, 1.49@1.54; No. 3 hard, 1.47@1.52; No. 2 yellow, 87 1/2@88 1/2; No. 4 white, 85 1/2; No. 4 yellow, 84@85 1/2; Oats—No. 3 white, 44 1/2@45 1/2; standard, 45 1/2@45 1/2.

Range of Chicago Grain Prices, Chicago, Aug. 22.

Wheat—September opened at 1.50 1/2; highest, 1.51 1/2; lowest, 1.49 1/2; closed, 1.49 1/2; December opened at 1.54; closed, 1.53 1/2.

Corn—September opened at 86 1/2; highest, 86 1/2; lowest, 85 1/2; closed, 85 1/2; December opened at 74 1/2; closed, 74 1/2.

Oats—September opened at 45 1/2; highest, 45 1/2; lowest, 44 1/2; closed, 45 1/2; December opened at 49 1/2; closed, 48 1/2.

Range of Prices, Chicago, Aug. 22.

Furnished by Taylor & Patton, grain merchants, over 22 East Main street, Phone 55.

Wheat—Sept. 151 1/2, 151 1/2, 146 1/2, 149 1/2, 150 1/2; Dec. 154 1/2, 155 1/2, 150 1/2, 153 1/2, 153 1/2; Day 158 1/2, 158 1/2, 153 1/2, 156 1/2, 157 1/2.

Corn—Sept. 86 1/2, 86 1/2, 85 1/2, 85 1/2, 86 1/2; Dec. 74 1/2, 74 1/2, 73 1/2, 74 1/2, 74 1/2; Day 75 1/2, 75 1/2, 75 1/2, 75 1/2, 75 1/2.

Oats—Sept. 45 1/2, 45 1/2, 44 1/2, 45 1/2, 45 1/2; Dec. 49 1/2, 49 1/2, 48 1/2, 48 1/2, 49 1/2; Day 42 1/2, 42 1/2, 41 1/2, 42 1/2, 42 1/2.

Pork—Sept. 27.07 1/2, 27.07 1/2, 27.07 1/2, 27.07 1/2, 27.07 1/2; Dec. 28.40 1/2, 28.40 1/2, 28.35 1/2, 28.35 1/2, 28.35 1/2.

Lard—Sept. 12.90 1/2, 12.90 1/2, 12.80 1/2, 12.90 1/2, 12.90 1/2; Dec. 13.90 1/2, 13.90 1/2, 13.75 1/2, 13.75 1/2, 13.75 1/2.

Ribs—Sept. 14.42 1/2, 14.42 1/2, 14.25 1/2, 14.25 1/2, 14.40 1/2; Dec. 14.12 1/2, 14.12 1/2, 14.07 1/2, 14.07 1/2, 14.10 1/2.

Chicago Produce, Chicago, Aug. 22.

Butter—Firm; receipts, 10,890 tubs. Eggs—Firm; receipts, 11,824 cases; at mark, cases included, 18 1/2 ordinary firsts, 23 1/2; firsts, 25 1/2.

Cheese—Steady; dairies 16 1/2; twins 15 1/2 @ 16; Young Americans 17 1/2 @ 18; Poultry—Alive, easy; fowls, 20 1/2; Pork—Cash 23.00; Sept., 23.50; Dec., 23.25.

Lard—Cash 12.85; Sept., 12.80; Dec., 13.75.

Ribs—Cash 14.20@14.70; Sept., 14.07 1/2; Oct., 14.07 1/2.

Rye No. 2—1.18 1/2@1.19 1/2; Barley—80@1.15; Timothy—Nominal; Clover—7.00@14.50.

Chicago Potato Market, Chicago, Aug. 22.

Potatoes—Easy; Jersey bulk cobblers, 1.18@1.20; Minnesota Onions, 1.10@1.10; receipts, 49 cars.

Kansas City Cash Grain Close.

[Furnished by Taylor & Patton, over 22 East Main street.] Kansas City, Aug. 22.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 1.43@1.56; No. 3 red, 1.41@1.52; No. 4 red, 1.48; No. 2 hard, 1.47@1.53; No. 3 hard, 1.43@1.51; No. 4 hard, 1.32@1.50.

Corn—No. 2, 82@82 1/2; No. 3, 81 1/2; No. 4, 79 1/2@81; No. 2 white, 82 1/2; No. 3 white, 81 1/2@82; No. 2 yellow, 84 1/2@85; No. 3 yellow, 82@84 1/2.

Oats—No. 2, 46@48; No. 3, 45@46; No. 4, 42@44; No. 2 white, 46 1/2; No. 3 white, 45 1/2.

Peoria Cash Grain Close, Peoria, Aug. 22.

Corn—Receipts, 32 cars; 1/4 to 1/2 cent lower; No. 2, 83 1/2; No. 3, 82 1/2; No. 4, 82 1/2; No. 2 white, 84 1/2; No. 3 white, 82 1/2; No. 2 yellow, 86 1/2; No. 3 yellow, 84 1/2; No. 4 yellow, 84 1/2@85; No. 1 yellow, 80 1/2; No. 2 yellow, 84 1/2; No. 3 yellow, 82 1/2; No. 4 yellow, 80@81; sample grade, 73@76.

Oats—Receipts, 17 cars; unchanged 1/4 to 1/2 cent higher; No. 3 white, 43 1/2@44; standard, 44 1/2.

Chicago Hay Market, Chicago, Aug. 22.—Hay—Timothy, firm. Demand good. Prairie in light offerings and steady. Old timothy, \$13 @18; new, \$12@17. Kansas, Oklahoma and Missouri prairie, choice, \$12.50@13.00; No. 1, \$11.50@12.00; No. 2, \$10.00@11.00.

Straw—Rye straw, \$8.00@9.00. Oat straw, \$7.00@7.50. Wheat straw, \$5.50@7.00.

NISSEN TO INSPECT TRAIL, Road Booster to Traverse Geranium Route, Des Moines to Waterloo.

Special to Times-Republican. Iowa City, Aug. 22.—A. E. Nissen, of Iowa City, organizer of the Geranium Trail, will make a trip during the coming fortnight by auto, from Des Moines to Waterloo and McGregor, along the Geranium Trail.

He plans to inspect personally the markings, signboards, danger signs, etc. Charles Van Vleet, of Waterloo, secretary of the commercial club, secretary of the Geranium Trail Association, and Russell De Gon, city clerk of Waterloo, is the secretary.

Mr. Nissen intends in the near future, to extend the Geranium Trail to Kansas City via "The Ayrline," thru Winterset and Mount Ayr. H. C. Beard, of Mount Ayr, a member of the state highway commission, is enthusiastic over the proposition, and will look after the extension personally. J. Sidney Johnson is another enthusiastic supporter of the proposed improvement, and he will pay heed to the work in Des Moines, Marshalltown and Waterloo. Ralph G. Grassfield, secretary of the Newton Commercial Club, is the director of the trail for Newton.

Laurel Items. The chaunticleer closed a fairly successful course here Thursday evening. Those who had guaranteed the course came out with a small amount "to the good."

Rev. F. S. Hurbert and family left Monday by auto for Robinson, Ill., for a two weeks' visit with relatives. Mrs. Della Carter, nee Matson, of St. Paul, a former resident here, visited the last of the week with old friends and relatives in Laurel.

Miss Venora Campbell, a teacher in the schools of Wichita, Kan., spent the past two weeks with her brother, Archie, and other relatives in Laurel and its vicinity. She returned home Saturday.

Mrs. Bess Bishop, of Gladbrook, visited a few days last week with the Lucy McBroom family. The threshing season is about over in this neighborhood. The yield of oats was good, the largest reported being on the E. H. Sapp farm, tenanted by F. M. Dowden, which was seventy bushels per acre.

Our Fears. For most men life is a modified reign of terror. Three fears get up with them in the morning and go to bed with them at night. They do not confess to one another that they are afraid; but their wives know. At night, after the children have been sent to bed, they sit by the fire, the average man and his wife, and face their three fears:

First—The fear of the loss of the job. Second—The fear of bad health. Third—The fear of a dependent old age.

PRICES FOR HOGS STILL SKYROCKETING

VALUES SURPASS ALL PREVIOUS RECORDS AT CHICAGO YARDS BY ADDED ADVANCE.

BEST LIGHT PRIME BUTCHERS AT \$11.25

Five Cents Higher Than Previous Record Established in 1910—All Grades Advance 15 and 20 Cents and Price Range Narrows—Cattle Trade Quiet and Prices Slightly Lower.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—Hogs were 15 and 20 cents higher and surpassed all previous records at the yards today. Some of the light prime butchers sold at \$11.25, 5 cents higher than the previous record established in 1910.

The seven leading western markets Monday received 20,000 fewer hogs than a week ago and 18,000 more than a year ago. Chicago alone had 18,900 less than a week ago and 8,900 more than a year ago. Kansas City had 1,000 less than a week ago and 4,900 more than a year ago. Omaha had 3,500 less than a week ago and 1,000 more than a year ago. St. Paul had 1,300 more than a week ago and 6,200 more than a year ago.

Cattle. Cattle trade was quiet with prices slightly lower. Dry pastures and a booming corn market were responsible in no small measure for the lull Monday, which carried a large proportion of grassers and cattle that could be consistently referred to as "short fed." Many of them were decidedly deficient in that kind of grass. The run carried a lot of 7.75@9.25 stuff and selling it was a slow proposition.

After picking over the run for what they needed, buyers showed a disposition to take a rest. The market was anywhere from 10@25 cents lower. Such cattle as were eligible to steady prices were too few to cut a serious figure in the mass. There was a fair percentage of 9.50@10.50 stuff, but few good enough to sell above the latter figure. The 7.50@9.25 grades were present in profusion and a clearance was doubtful.

Sheep. Sheep inclined to lower level.

Chicago Live Stock, Chicago, Aug. 22.

Cattle—Estimated receipts for today, 7,000; market weak to 10c lower. Native beef steers, 7.00@11.00; Western steers, 7.40@8.75; Stockers and feeders, 5.00@8.75; Cows and heifers, 3.60@8.40; Calves, 9.00@12.50; Hogs—Estimated receipts for today, 11,000; market 15c to 20c higher. Bulk of sales, 10.70@11.30; Light mixed, 10.40@11.25; Heavy, 10.25@11.20; Pigs, 7.50@9.40; Sheep—Estimated receipts for today, 20,000; market weak, 10c lower. Natives, 6.40@7.75; Western, 6.75@8.00; Native lambs, 7.25@10.70.

Representative Hog Sales. Below are quoted a few of the representative hog sales for today:

Table with 3 columns: Description, Price, and Average. Includes items like 71 mixed hogs, 76 mixed hogs, 80 mixed hogs, etc.

Representative Cattle Sales. Below are quoted a few of the representative cattle sales for today:

Table with 3 columns: Description, Price, and Average. Includes items like 19 steers, 19 steers, 18 steers, etc.

FIRST CAMPAIGN TEST FOUGHT IN MAINE

BOTH PARTIES PLAN BIG POLITICAL DRIVE IN EFFORT TO WIN FIGHT AT POLLS.

OUTCOME IN STATE HAS EFFECT ON GENERAL RESULT

Republicans Fear Democratic Victory in September Would Seriously Handicap Hughes — Two Senators to Be Voted For — Record Campaign and Hughes Victory Forecast of Managers

Portland, Maine, Aug. 22.—History would merely repeat itself if a majority of Maine's votes should be cast for the candidates of one political party in the September election and for the candidates of the opposition party in November. This very thing occurred four years ago, when Maine elected a republican governor in September and returned a plurality for Woodrow Wilson in November.

Maine is normally a republican state, and when it goes republican merely follows its natural bent. Hence the normal effect throughout the country from a republican victory here would be practically negligible.

Nor is Maine ordinarily a pivotal state in presidential elections. Democratic candidates for president get their strength elsewhere.

Watch September Election. But a democratic victory of Sept. 11, in the opinion of most people, to the republicans would be tantamount to the handwriting on the wall. It would have a disastrous effect throughout the country, especially in doubtful states essential to republican success.

It is the common judgment among the politicians here that it would be more felt beyond than within the state, for leaders on both the democratic and the republican sides are not regarding it as out of the question that a democratic victory on Sept. 11 may be followed by a Hughes victory in the state two months later.

It is on account of their uneasiness over the outcome of the September elections and with full recognition of the consequences of a republican defeat, that the republicans are preparing for a tremendous drive and planning to unlimber all their heavy guns for a final battle. It is for the same reason the democrats are preparing for such a stubborn defense of the territory so recently wrung from the republicans.

Will See Record Campaign. As a result Maine will witness a campaign such as it never witnessed before, with some of the spellbinders, great and small, in action all the time. It is a question whether in any presidential campaign the leading parties have ever put forth the effort in a doubtful important state that they are planning to put forth in Maine.

The republican desire to regain control of the United States senate is partly responsible for the magnitude of the movement in Maine. With two vacancies in the senate, Maine has come to rank in importance with Indiana, where a similar condition exists.

The uncertainty that surrounds the outcome of a final battle in the senatorial contests in the Hoosier state has made the capture of both Maine's vacant senate seats a matter of vital importance to the republicans.

The republicans will do all they can to focus attention on national issues, even throughout the state campaign. They will enter this campaign with the slogan, "One vote for Milliken (the gubernatorial nominee) and the straight republican ticket in September will mean two votes for Hughes in November."

Predicts Hughes Victory. "No matter what happens in September, and we feel pretty confident that we will win in the state elections, Hughes will get a majority of the Maine vote in the November election," says Frank J. Ham, generalissimo of republican operations in Maine.

Many of the big men in finance and business in Portland and the political clearing house of Cumberland county, where democratic sentiment has been in the ascendant since 1902, are republican in their sympathies and will vote against President Wilson in November. Of five men prominently identified with important financial institutions in this city, whom the correspondent interviewed, all declared they would vote for Mr. Hughes. All had voted for Taft in 1912. Among a similar number of men in smaller business, three were found for Hughes and two for Wilson.

TWIN SISTERS AND OTHERS WORK FOR SUCCESS OF SUFFRAGE CAUSE

here—Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, of New York, chairman of the New York State Woman's Suffrage Association (upper), and Mrs. Felix Baldrige, of Huntsville, Ala. (lower).

Twins by birth and in their activity in the suffrage cause, Mrs. Sumner T. McKnight, of Minneapolis (seated), and Mrs. T. White, of St. Paul (standing), are also residents of the "twin cities" of Minnesota. They are devoted to the cause of women's votes and devote much time to it. Two other prominent suffrage sisters are pictured here—Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, of New York, chairman of the New York State Woman's Suffrage Association (upper), and Mrs. Felix Baldrige, of Huntsville, Ala. (lower).

How He Quit Tobacco. This veteran, S. B. Lamphere, was addicted to the excessive use of tobacco for many years. He wanted to quit but needed something to help him.

He learned of a free book that tells about tobacco habit and how to conquer it quickly, easily and safely. In a recent letter he writes: "I have no desire for tobacco any more. I feel like a new man."

Any one desiring a copy of this book on tobacco habit, smoking and chewing, can get it free, postpaid, by writing to Eddy and J. Woods, 109 K. Station E. New York City. You will be surprised and pleased. Look for surer nerves, stronger heart, better digestion, improved eyesight, increased vigor, longer life and other advantages if you quit poisoning yourself.

Origin of Anatomy. The first anatomist to attempt a systematic analysis of the human body was Marie Francois Xavier Bichat, who died in Paris 114 years ago at the age of 30. Prior to Bichat's investigation there had been little systematic order in the study of anatomy and physiology and dissections were chiefly made with a view to the practical arts of surgery alone. Bichat was a pioneer in attempting to reduce the complex structures of the body to their elementary tissues and to ascertain the peculiar properties of each simple tissue. His "Anatomie Generale" and his "Anatomie Descriptive" formed a new era in the development of the science of anatomy, and while many of his generalizations were faulty, he supplied the incentive for others to carry on the work. Naturally of a weak constitution, his incessant labor wore upon him as to bring his brilliant career to an end while he was still little more than a boy.

COMMON AMERICAN BIRDS. INTERESTING INFORMATION ABOUT THEM SUPPLIED BY THE BUREAU OF BIOLOGICAL SURVEY OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

KINGBIRD (Tyrannus tyrannus)

Length, about eight and one-half inches. The white lower surface and white-tipped tail distinguish this flycatcher. Range: Breeds throughout the United States (except the southwestern part) and southern Canada; winters from Mexico to South America. Habits and economic status: The Kingbird is a pronounced enemy of hawks and crows, which it vigorously attacks at every opportunity, thereby affording efficient protection to nearby poultry yards and young chickens at large. It loves the open country and is especially fond of orchards and trees about farm buildings. No less than 85 per cent of its food consists of insects, mostly of a harmful nature. It eats the common rose chaffer or rose bug, and more remarkable still it devours blister beetles freely. The bird has been accused of eating honeybees to an injurious extent, but there is little ground for the accusation, as appears from the fact that examination of 634 stomachs showed only 61 bees in 32 stomachs. Of these 51 were useless drones. On the other hand, it devours robber flies, which catch and destroy honeybees. Grasshoppers and crickets, with a few bugs and some cutworms, with a few other insects, make up the rest of the animal food. The vegetable food consists of fruit and a few seeds. The Kingbird deserves full protection.

ORIGINAL NOTICE. To George W. McGregor: You are hereby notified, that there is now filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the state of Iowa, within and for the county of Marshall, the petition of Myrtle C. McGregor, claiming of you a divorce on the grounds of cruel and inhuman treatment so as to endanger her life and statutory desertion for two years and asking that she be awarded the care and custody of your minor son, George Joseph McGregor. During his minority and that she be permitted to remarry within the statutory period of one year and for other relief. For full particulars see petition.

defense thereto, at or before noon of the second day of the next September term of said court, to be begun and held at Marshalltown, Iowa, on the 22d day of September, 1916. Now, unless you appear and make fourth day of September, A. D. 1916, your default will be entered and a judgment and decree rendered thereon as prayed for in said petition. Dated this first day of August, A. D. 1916.

MRYLE C. MCGREGOR, Plaintiff. BRADFORD & JOHNSON, Attorneys.

MUTES HOLD ELECTION.

Fervid Oratory Seen But Not Heard at Des Moines Convention.

Des Moines, Aug. 22.—Fervid oratory and demonstrations were not absent today when the Iowa Association for the Advancement of the Deaf held its triennial election of officers and named the city to entertain the next convention. But there was no noise. Gestures were present and there was excitement in the nominating speeches, but it was all silent.

The days' program included addresses some of which were made on nimble fingers and others translated by Prof. R. E. Stewart, of the Iowa school for the deaf at Council Bluffs. Among those who spoke were Robert Henderson, state printer; Mark Rishon, Miss Florence Lewis and James Hamersley. The convention will close tomorrow with a picnic at one of the local parks.

VON KLUCK, WELL AGAIN, EXPECTED TO OPPOSE ADVANCE OF RUSSIANS

An interesting report current in Germany and brought over to America by a young American doctor who has been serving in the German army hospitals is that General von Kluck is soon to take the field again, this time on the east front in command of a new army. The story, which gains wide circulation, had it that von Kluck now entirely recovered from the wound he received in the early days of the war on the west front, was to be placed between General von Bothmer in eastern Galicia and General von Linsingen in Volhynia. German military men expected him to stiffen considerably the resistance to the Russians.

A Warning. The lady nudged her husband urgently in the ribs. "Whassit?" he replied drowsily. "There's a burglar in the house!" John roused himself at that.

"Well, what do you want me to do?" he asked indignantly. "Want me to go down stairs and risk being killed?" "Very well," replied his wife, "if you find out in the morning that some one has been thru your pockets don't blame me!"—Chicago Blade.

\$10,000 An Acre Land. Land at Marshalltown, in Nassau county, sells at \$10,000 an acre. And there are men in that section of Long Island, still young, who recall when \$1,000 per acre was regarded as a fancy price. The increase shows how popular Long Island is becoming with persons seeking country homes.—Brooklyn Eagle.

and the Worst is Yet to Come



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