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# Evening Times-Republican

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# BULGARS FACE ATTACKS FROM TWO QUARTERS

## Entente Allies to Strike Enemy From Both North and South.

## BRITISH ATTACK ALONG STRUMA RIVER

**Movement From the South Develops When English Troops Cross River and Attack Villages of Nevolyen and Karabjades — Russians and Roumanians Continue Campaign From North—Germans Fail on Somme.**

Attacks on Bulgaria from both the north and south are apparently in preparation by the entente armies in the Balkans.

A movement from the south developed today in official news from Paris that the British had taken the offensive on the northeastern Macedonian front. They have crossed the Struma, about forty-eight miles northeast of Saloniki, after strong artillery preparations, and are attacking the villages of Nevolyen and Karabjades.

At the beginning of the Macedonian operations last month, the Bulgarians pushed down rapidly from the border and occupied positions in Greek territory on the right flank of the allied defensive lines around Saloniki, pushing their advance with little opposition.

The present British thrust, which may mean the beginning of an important offensive, with the object of placing Bulgaria between two fires, is directed along the main road to Seres, the natural avenue of advance for an army pushing from the Bulgarian border.

Meantime the effort to compass Bulgaria is proceeding on the north with the report of the arrival of strong Russian forces to attack the Bulgarians who have invaded Dobrudja, occupying large areas and capturing the fortresses of Turtukai and Silistria.

In northern France, the Germans are responding to the heavy blows which drove back their lines last week. Yesterday and last night they struck hard to both the French and British, but according to entente reports, were unable to regain any lost ground.

London, Sept. 11.—The conclusion is drawn from the French official report i regard to the operations in Macedonia that an offensive campaign has been inaugurated. In addition to the British attack along the Struma, the Serbians are advancing against the Bulgarians, who some time ago crossed the Greek frontier near Ostrovo, and made a quick advance southward. Since that time the Bulgarians have retired considerably under pressure. The French also are forcing the fight, attacking from Vardar to Lake Doiran.

Two efforts were made yesterday by the Germans to recapture Ginchy, on the Somme front, from the British, but it is announced officially the attacks were beaten off. The statement says:

"The enemy made two more counter attacks yesterday which were repulsed. Several small detachments of infantry attempted to attack our line near Mouquet farm and in the vicinity of Pozieres, but were driven off."

### Bulgarians Regain Dobrudja.

Berlin, Sept. 11.—The Budapest newspaper Az Est says that the Bulgarians who are invading eastern Roumania, have now taken possession of virtually all the Dobrudja territory which Bulgaria was compelled to surrender to Roumania at the time of the second Balkan war. All Bulgaria is celebrating the victories gained over the Russians and Roumanians.

Russian attempts to capture the town of Halicz on the Dniester, in Galicia, regarded as the key to the defenses of Lemberg, from the southeast, have been frustrated by Teutonic forces, according to today's official war announcements. Troops under General Count von Bothmer brought the Russians' efforts to nought, the statement declares.

### British Attack On Struma.

Paris, Sept. 11.—British troops on the front in Greek Macedonia took the offensive last night. They crossed the Struma river, the war office announced today, and attacked the Bulgarians, who resisted desperately.

The British crossed the Struma under fire. Having gained a footing on the eastern bank, they attacked two villages.

Five times last night the Germans attacked positions newly won by the French on the Somme front. The war office announces they were repulsed each time with heavy loss. The official report says the Germans employed burning liquid in making their attacks. The fighting occurred south of the Somme from Berny to the reign of Chaulnes.

### Accepts Entente Demands.

Athens, Sept. 11.—King Constantine personally has accepted the demands of the entente allies that the reservist league, of which he is honorary president, be dissolved. Athens is virtually under martial law. Patrols of infantry and cavalry are patrolling the streets. Fifteen hundred marines have been added to the garrison here because of the uncertainty of the attitude of the troops. The excitement caused by army disaffections at Saloniki, however, is dying out.

### Reservists' Clubs Closed.

London, Sept. 11.—An Athens dispatch says that Premier Zaimis had another long conference with King Constantine Sunday afternoon.

In regard to the shots fired in the neighborhood of the French legation the dispatch says the allies demands have been fully accepted.

The closing of the clubs of the reservist league, a step demanded by the entente, was begun Sunday evening.

### Italy to Adopt Blacklist.

Paris, Sept. 11.—The Italian government has decided to adopt a blacklist system in principle, according to a Rome dispatch to the Matin. The dispatch says the list already drawn up by France and England will be used by the addition of whatever other names the Italian government may decide upon.

### Italians Gain in Leno Valley.

Rome, Sept. 11.—The Italian troops have captured a strong Austrian position in the Leno valley, on the Trentino front, the war office announced today. Ground was gained also in the upper Posina valley.

### Churches Urged to Subscribe.

Berlin, Sept. 11.—Archbishop Dalbor, of the archdiocese of Gnesen-Posen, has instructed the clergy to invest as much as possible of the funds of their churches in the new German war loan, the Overseas News Agency says. The municipality of Wiesbaden has subscribed 30,000,000 marks to the loan.

### Veteran Fails to Get Pension.

Berlin, Sept. 11.—"A veteran of the American civil war, who resides in Darmstadt, has not received his pension for months, owing to the British censorship," says the Overseas News Agency. "The letters which the state department at Washington sent with the checks also have not arrived."

### Drops Proclamations on Brussels.

Havre, Sept. 11.—An official statement issued by the Belgian war office says that a Belgian aviator flew over Brussels Wednesday and dropped copies of a proclamation. Another aviator performed a similar mission over Antwerp Thursday.

### Eplanation Asked of France.

Washington, Sept. 11.—Inquiry will be made of the French government regarding the circumstances of the bombbardment of Sept. 4, of Alexandretta, Asiatic Turkey, during which the building occupied by W. M. Brewster, of New York, American consular agent, was riddled. Nine shells struck the building occupied by Brewster, who is employed merely to forward consular information. Only a few hundred dollars damage was done and no claim will be filed.

### French Legation Attacked.

Paris, Sept. 11.—Additional details of the disturbance at the French legation in Greece, Saturday, are forwarded from Athens. It is said a number of reservists forced an entrance, shouting "Long live the King; down with the entente!" Four shots were fired. No one was injured. The reservists fled.

### Roumania Socialists Oppose War.

Berlin, Sept. 11.—Notable anti-war demonstrations in Bucharest are reported by the Cologne Gazette. An open air meeting attended by several thousand workingmen and socialists, was held, the newspaper declares, all denouncing the attitude of Premier Bratino. A resolution was adopted, the Gazette declares, urging the government to rescind its declaration of war.

The Lokal Anzeiger reports that a serious revolution has broken out in the portions of Dobrudja province still held by the Roumanians. According to these advices peasants gathered in large numbers and raised the Bulgarian flags, the crowds firing at the Third batallion of the Roumanian gendarmes regiment which was sent to the scene.

## SCORES WILSON CHINA POLICY.

**G. O. P. Chairman Says if Jap Menace Develops President Is to Blame.**

Washington, Sept. 11.—In an attack on President Wilson's policy with regard to China, Chairman William R. Willcox, of the republican national committee says:

"If the future develops that much-feared menace, a China partitioned and dominated by Japan, with the vast potential strength of Asia awakened and organized to advance Japanese designs and ambitions, whatever of evil such fate holds in store for the United States will be justly laid at the door of the Wilson administration. The facts prove it.

"The open door in China was an achievement of the statesmanship of John Hay. Its closing against the United States is a product of the demagogy of Woodrow Wilson. China is calling to us pitifully for help in the preservation of her political integrity. Bound up in the preservation of her integrity, we have vast commercial and vital political interests.

"The opportunity to give service to China and to protect and advance vital American interests is ripe; it is insistent. No proper guardians of our national interests can ignore it. No sincere, honest passion for humanity could fail to heed that call to service.

"The republican party has candidly stated that it will base our foreign policy first upon American right and interests. 'America first and America efficient' is our slogan. But the Wilson administration, professing a passion for wronged humanity, holding to its bosom the killing of 200 Mexican men, women and children in Vera Cruz in a war against Huerta, now turns a deaf ear to China's cry for assistance against Japanese aggression.

"And why does it remain deaf to China's appeals? Simply because, as in the case of Mexico, an original blunder made by Woodrow Wilson, the theorist, will not be admitted and corrected so near election day by Woodrow Wilson, the candidate. Mr. Wilson believes no votes are to be made in November by statesmanship, which looks only to the future and concerns itself with a distant field, so nothing is done."

Michigan is the salt-producing section of the United States, its produce being greater than that of any other state.

# G. O. P. HOPES TO WIN MAINE

## Republican Leaders Confident of Victory in Today's Election.

## DEMOCRATS ADMIT STATE IS IN DOUBT

**Hughes Backers Expect to Elect Governor, One Senator and Three Congressmen—Hale Drag on Ticket—Election to Be Barometer of What Will Happen in November Election—Local Issue Not to Be Considered.**

Portland, Maine, Sept. 11.—Now that the tumult and the shouting in the campaign have died away, Maine, on the day of casting her vote, seems determined to reassert her adherence to republican principles.

This is not merely the belief of republicans and the expectation of impartial observers, but it is the admission of democratic politicians themselves.

Both republicans and democrats realize the time has gone by to spread rosy publicity tales, and they are willing to reveal the truth. The republicans expect a majority of from 5,000 to 10,000 on the governorship and are certain of one senatorship, that for the short term, and of three of the four congressmen.

### Hale Weight on Ticket.

The democrats believe they will retain the long-term senatorship and perhaps win in one congressional district. A few of them, who admit they may be deluding themselves, say they will carry the state by from 3,000 to 6,000. One of them, and he is a leader, puts the democratic plurality on the governorship at 3,335—no more, no less. He asserts a reputation as a political mathematician.

If the republican majority on the governorship should be higher than 10,000 the republican senatorship short-term candidate, Frederick Hale, undoubtedly will be swept into office. Attractive as Hale is personally, his campaign managers admitted today he had been the weight on the ticket.

They expect his name to cut a figure in favor of the present senator, Johnson, the democratic candidate running against him. A conservative estimate is that 5,000 voters will scratch Hale in favor of Johnson, and in a close election this will have serious consequences for him.

### Election to Be Barometer.

To the people of the country the election will be important, because it will be a barometer, to some extent, to indicate what will happen in November.

It must be reiterated that local issues will not figure in the decision of the voters. These have been swamped by a campaign devoted almost entirely to national questions. Every voter in Maine knows that when he casts his ballot on the governorship he will be expressing his choice for the presidency, tho the election in connection with the latter office does not take place here any more than it does elsewhere until November.

### Think on National Lines.

And everything the democrats and republicans have done has intensified this conviction of the Maine voter.

The hundreds of processions, rallies and meetings which have been held have been significant because local questions, such as the democratic administration of the state, have been lost in the entanglements and disentanglements of the public mind with reference to national occurrences.

Under the circumstances the average Maine citizen is thinking on the broad national lines. Moreover, he is proud of the unique situation in which he is placed, and is not chary of expressing his belief that the Pine Tree State is the hub of the political universe.

If the republican majority should be less than 10,000 the republicans admit they will have little to brag about, and that they will not be able to base their confidence of a Hughes' victory in November on the result here.

## CANDIDATES ACTIVE.

**Prohibition Special in North Dakota—Hughes Home, Fairbanks in West.**

Fargo, N. D., Sept. 11. — Swinging thru North Dakota, which has been dry for a quarter of a century, J. Frank Hanly, and other speakers aboard the prohibition campaign special train, today proved experiences the prohibition law would produce. The party was awakened by a band and Mr. Landrith welcomed the crowd. Hillsboro, Grand Forks, Larimore, Lakota, Devil's Lake, Rugby, and Minot were among other cities visited. Landrith here urged the people that as they have done so well with local option it behooves them to vote for national prohibition.

### Democratic Committee Meets.

Des Moines, Sept. 11.—Plans for the closing month of the state campaign were outlined here today by a meeting of the democratic state committee. E. T. Meredith, democratic candidate for governor, spent the morning in conference with the committeemen.

Dr. J. W. Reynolds, chairman of the state central committee, said this afternoon that discussion at the meeting centered around prominent speakers to be brought into Iowa and their several itineraries. He said present plans call for visits to Iowa of Secretaries Burleson, of the postoffice department, and Daniels, of the navy department; Former Governor Glynn, of New York, and Speaker Champ Clark. The "invasion" of Iowa will begin in about two weeks, the chairman said.

Organizers who have been working among laboring men of the state have reported a great increase in membership of various non-partisan Wilson leagues, since the passage of the Adamson act. Reynolds predicted that the passage of the law would result in 25,000 votes for Wilson in Iowa alone.

### Hughes in Home State.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 11.—Charles E Hughes in Syracuse today was welcomed at the station by a large crowd. He reviewed a long parade of automobiles. His principal speech was at the state fair grounds this afternoon.

### Fairbanks in West.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Charles W. Fairbanks opened his speaking campaign today at Springfield, Mo., and will go from there to Oklahoma City, where he speaks tomorrow. He speaks at Tulsa and Kansas City later in the week.

## FORD FILES ANSWER.

**Replies to Charges of Navy League in $100,000 Libel Suit.**

Washington, Sept. 11.—Henry Ford, thru counsel, today filed in the District of Columbia supreme court, his answer to the $100,000 libel suit brought aainst him by the Navy League of the United States on account of a newspaper advertisement, impugning the motives of the league and its officers in their preparedness propaganda. Mr. Ford does not retract the statements complained of, but declares he had reason to believe they were true, as they were published often thruout the country and were repeated in congress, without denial from the league, so far as he knew. He points out that he voluntarily accepted service in the suit.

## STRIKE SITUATION ALARMS NEW YORK

**Assumes Serious Aspect as Laborers Continue to Decrease in Favor of Sympathetic Strike — Leaders Say Loyal Car Employes Are Deserting.**

New York, Sept. 11.—With the leaders of 750,000 labor men of Greater New York and vicinity threatening a sympathetic strike in connection with the street car strikes, the situation today assumed a serious aspect. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, declined to discuss the situation, but labor leaders asserted that 150,000 union men could be called out in six hours.

Union leaders claimed that the defection of heretofore loyal employes of the roads was considerable.

## SUFFRAGE CONVENTION ENDS.

**National Board to Arrange Minute Details in Fight For Federal Amendment.**

Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 11.—With a determination to pass the federal suffrage amendment with the fund of nearly a million dollars raised in the convention on Friday the suffragists closed their annual convention Saturday with a jubilation meeting. There will be a meeting of the national board in a few days in New York to arrange minute details of the nation-wide campaign.

Chairmen of committees will be appointed and auxiliary aids to the board will be selected from the suffrage camps of many states to assist in the work for the federal amendment. The question of removing the headquarters to Washington will be determined.

A place for the next convention, which is to be held shortly after inauguration in March, will be selected. It is almost certain the meeting will go to the middle west or southwest. Chicago, Detroit, St. Louis, Omaha, and Little Rock are being considered. If there is a state campaign in Arkansas, the latter city likely will get the convention.

More than $100,000 will be spent directly by the national board in the work for the federal amendment. It is believed $400,000 more will be spent in the states in furthering the cause of the amendment.

The rest of the fund is to be devoted to the state campaign and ordinary expense of state headquarters. Other funds already raised are being used in the state campaigns in West Virginia and South Dakota, where elections occur in November.

## PRESIDENT'S SISTER ILL.

**Executive Hurries to Bedside of Mrs. A. E. Howe, at New London.**

Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 11.—Cancelling all engagements, President Wilson left here early today to go to the bedside of his sister, Mrs. A. E. Howe, who is critically ill at her home in New London, Conn. The president motored to New York and will finish the trip by train.

The departure of the president today did not delay the opening of the summer White House at Asbury Park by a staff of clerks.

## AWAIT AUSTRIAN NOTE.

**Further Communication Regarding Petrolite Incident Expected.**

Washington, Sept. 11.—Secretary Lansing said today that another communication from Austria-Hungary, regarding the attack by an Austrian submarine on the American tank steamer Petrolite, was expected shortly. The state department has been informed that the new Austrian note is in preparation. The United States demanded an apology, punishment of the submarine commander and reparation.

## ADMIRAL HENDEE DEAD.

**Served For Forty Years in Paymaster's Division of Navy.**

Brookline, Mass., Sept. 11.—Rear Admiral George E. Hendee, U. S. N., retired, died at his home here last night. He was born in Boston seventy-five years ago, and was retired in 1902, after more than forty years continuous service in the paymaster's division of the navy department.

### Chicago Watching Bread Makers.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Housewives of Chicago were today urged to weigh the bread they buy and to assist the city department of weights and measures in watching local bakers for violation of the anti-trust laws against short weights.

The United States district attorney, the state's attorney and the city council have started investigations into the bakery situation

# SCOUTS FAIL TO FIND VILLA

## Mexican Bandit Leader Not Where He Was Supposed to Be.

## PERSHING REPORTS SEARCHERS' FAILURE

**First Intimation That United States Troops Are Operating Far From Base—Yaqui Indians Raid Santa Barbara and Kill Twenty Chinamen—American Peace Comissioners Are Hopeful of Solving Controversy.**

San Antonio, Tex., Sept. 11.—Scouts of the American army in Mexico have penetrated the Santa Clara canon in search of Francisco Villa's marauding band, and have not found it there. This was the substance of a message received today by General Funston from General Pershing, who said he believed Villa was near San Andres, thirty-five miles west of Chihuahua City.

This is the first indication in several weeks that General Pershing's men have been operating any distance from their base. The natives profess not to have seen nor heard of Villa.

### Yaquis Kill Chinamen.

Nogales, Ariz., Sept. 11. — Yaquis raided Santa Barbara, twenty miles southeast of here, yesterday, killing twenty Chinamen. Forty-five Indians made up the band, which recently had ridden north from the Hermosillo district, burning, killing and looting. Numbers of ranchers in the border zone have made their way into this city while Carranza troops are in pursuit of the outlaws.

### Commission Hopes For Solution.

New London, Conn., Sept. 11.—The American-Mexican joint commission today resumed its effort to find a solution of the problems along the border. Luis Cabrera, chairman of the Mexican delegation, presided.

Since their meeting three days ago the American members have devoted much time to a study of government reports on the various phases of the border problem. They entered the meeting today prepared to go into a detailed examination of various plans for border patrol that have been suggested.

They are counting also upon the personal knowledge of the situation Major General Bliss may supply on his arrival from Washington. Before the meeting began Secretary Lane expressed confidence that a constructive plan soon would be formulated.

An inquiry which has for its object the return to Mexico of Americans with property interests there was begun today by the joint commission. It developed that if the facts disclosed warrant it, the state department might withdraw its warning that Americans stay out of the neighboring republic for the present.

At the suggestion of the American delegates, the Mexican conferees began presenting detailed reports as to the progress made, since the recognition of General Carranza, toward reestablishing order.

Whether the Americans are to be invited by their own government to return depends apparently on the showing that can be made as to the ability of General Carranza to protect them from bandits.

A statement may be issued later in the day giving the substance of the reports presented.

## EVANS IS GOLF CHAMPION.

**Wins Amateur Title in Finals Against Gardner.**

Philadelphia, Sept. 11.—The greatest honors in the history of modern golf fell to Charles Evans, Jr., of the Edgewater club of Chicago, when he defeated his fellow townsman, Robert A. Gardner, of the Hinsdale club, 4 up and 3 to play in the final round of the national amateur golf championship tournament at the Merion club course.

Already the holder of the open championship, which he won at Minneapolis in June, he is the first player either in America or England to capture both national titles in the same year.

There was a gallery of fully 3,000 along the course when the player drove off and it increased all day until there was close to ten thousand present for the finish on the 33d green.

The mother of the winner followed the golfing fortunes of her son thruout the entire thirty-three hole battle. She shared in the congratulations and attention that fell to the lot of her boy when he was presented with the golf championship medal by Frank L. Woodward, president of the U. S. Golf Association, on the green where he clinched the match.

## NO DATE FOR TROOPS RECALL.

**Secretary Angered by Story That Administration Is "Playing Politics."**

Washington, Sept. 11. — Administration officials were angered by reports that the democratic campaign managers are planning to have President Wilson to withdraw the National Guard from the border just a few days before election in order to convince the country it is at peace with the world.

Secretary of War Baker, when the matter was put up to him, denied that politics would play the slightest part in the withdrawal of the guard. When told that a report was published Sunday he had promised Senator Lewis to withdraw the Illinois troops not later than Nov. 1 he said:

"I said nothing of the kind. I distinctly told Senator Lewis that I could not tell when the troops would be brought home, but that the war department hoped to bring some of these troops back and send others to the border as soon as possible."

Senator Lewis also denied he had received any definite promise from the secretary concerning the withdrawal of the Illinois soldiers.

"Inasmuch as the troops from our state went to the border in the first consignment sent there," the senator said, "the secretary assured me they would be among the first to be withdrawn. He did not fix a date when they would be withdrawn. I hope they will be home, mustered out of the federal service, and back in their civilian lines of endeavor before the first of October. I should sincerely regret to have them kept on the border until the first of November, with no need for them to be there."

## PRISON FOR BOOTLEGGERS.

**Sentenced to One Year at Anamosa For Second Offense.**

Special to Times-Republican.

Dubuque, Sept. 11.—John Kleinlein was arrested by the police yesterday and charged with conducting a "blind pig." This morning he waived preliminary hearing and was taken directly before Judge Robert Bonson, in the district court, where he entered a plea of guilty to the charge. He had been arrested before and on Aug. 10 paid a fine of $200 for the offense, Judge Bonson at that time warning that a second offense would draw a penitentiary sentence.

When the plea of guilty was offered the prisoner expected to be let off with a fine, but the court said: "John, you have run up against the buzz saw this time. You are sentenced to a term of one year in the state penitentiary at Anamosa."

## IOWA EXPLORER RETURNS.

**Dr. Rudolph M. Anderson, of Stefansson Expedition, Reaches Seattle.**

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 11.—Dr. Rudolph M. Anderson, of Des Moines, Iowa, arrived here today on board the steamship Northwestern, from Nome, Alaska, with seven members of the Vilhalmar Stefansson Canadian Arctic expedition, which left in the Karluk, June 17, 1913, for the north.

Mr. Anderson was second to Stefansson in command of the expedition. They will go to Ottawa at once to report on their expedition.

Anderson and his companion escaped the misfortunes that were experienced by that branch which went to Nome on the Karluk, which was wrecked in the Arctic ice the first winter out. Thirteen members of the expedition, including five scientists, perished in the north.

## YOUNG FATHER KILLED.

**Oelwein Trainman, Who Became Parent Sunday, Ground to Death.**

Waterloo, Sept. 11.—Less than twenty-four hours after the stork had visited his home in Oelwein, Harry L. Greene, 28 years old, was ground to death beneath the wheels of a freight train here this morning. He was head brakeman of a Chicago Great Western local between Oelwein and Waterloo. Greene had thrown a switch and started across the track when he fell directly in front of a box car which was being pushed toward a siding.

## SHOTGUN FATAL TOY.

**New Liberty Boy of 12 Years Kills Brother, Aged 6.**

Davenport, Sept. 11.—Fred Wenzel, 6 years old, of New Liberty, was shot and killed by his brother Herman, aged 12, Sunday with a shotgun, which had been loaded for a supposed marauder, who was thought to have been poisoning stock on their farm.

The family had lost a fine stallion two weeks ago by poisoning, and it was feared that the act might be repeated, and the shotgun was loaded and kept in readiness. The children were playing with it.

### Woman Dies of Poison.

Iowa City, Sept. 11.—A coroner's inquest was to be held here today over the body of Mrs. Frank Amish, 43 years old, wife of a carpenter here. Mrs. Amish's body was found Sunday in a garage at her home. Police believed she took poison while temporarily insane.

## NEWS OF THE DAY

### T.-R. BULLETIN.

**The Weather.**

Sun rises Sept. 12 at 5:40; sets at 6:14.

Iowa—Partly cloudy today and Tuesday; somewhat warmer Tuesday.

**PAGE ONE.**

**Telegraphic News:**

Twenty-Five Killed When Bridge Falls.
Second Similar Disaster at Quebec.
Bulgars Face Attack From Two Sides.
Scouts Fail to Find Villa.
G. O. P. Expects to Win in Maine.

**PAGES TWO, THREE AND FIVE.**

**Iowa News:**

War Prices and Foods.
Hardest Rap at Harding.
City Dads to Meet.
Corn Crop Improves.
Iowa Colleges Opening.
Iowa Seed Corn Week in October.

**PAGE FOUR.**

**Editorial:**

Getting Harding "Going and Coming."
Recreation and National Character.
No Check to Business.
Topics and Iowa Opinion.

**PAGE SEVEN.**

**Story:**

"1917."

**PAGES SIX, EIGHT, NINE.**

**City News:**

Ready For Big Fair,. Tho Weather Not Promising.
Many Exhibit Records to Be Broken.
Idso Store at Ferguson Burned.
Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Pegg Married Fifty Years.
General and Brief City News.

**PAGE TEN.**

**Markets and General:**

Renewed Strength in Wheat.
Corn Market Weakens.
Cattle Trade Weak.
Hogs Slow and Lower.
U. S. to Insist on Sea Policy Change.

# MANY WORKMEN DIE WHEN HUGE BRIDGE FALLS

## Repetition of Previous Disaster on St. Lawrence at Quebec.

## BIG SPAN BREAKS WHEN BEING RAISED

**Many Workmen Carried Into River and Twenty-Five Are Believed to Have Perished—Bridge Plans Called For Largest Single Span in World—Was Being Raised by Jacks From Pontoons—Warned by Officials.**

Quebec, Sept. 11.—The new central span of the Quebec bridge fell into the Quebec river at noon today. Ninety workmen were on the bridge and it is feared many were killed. Persons on shore observed numbers of workmen struggling in the water.

At noon the number of dead was estimated at twenty-five.

At noon the St. Lawrence Bridge Company estimated the number of dead at twenty-five, but this was not susceptible of confirmation, inasmuch as the nature of the accident precluded a careful check on the missing.

H. P. Borden, a member of the Quebec bridge commission, this afternoon expressed the opinion that only a few were lost. Several hours after the accident, a special train came into Quebec and brought twenty men who had been injured.

Chief Engineer McMillan was among the injured. He was rescued by a tug. Five bodies have been recovered.

Boats from hundreds of craft on which spectators gathered to watch the span swung into place rushed to the spot where the workmen had disappeared after struggling in the waters during the moments immediately following the collapse of the structure. The span sank 200 feet in the river.

The bridge was being constructed at a cost of $17,000,000 in order to shorten the railway journey from Halifax to the Canadian northwest by 200 miles. It stands on the site of the structure which collapsed on Aug. 29, 1907, with a loss of seventy lives. The central span which fell today weighs more than 5,000 tons, and is 640 feet in length.

### Being Lifted in Place.

The span had been constructed on pontoons a few miles east of the bridge site and was towed into position immediately under the gap left in the structure.

Chains with links thirty inches in diameter, together with girders, were then attached to the span, and 8,000 ton hydraulic jacks commenced the stupendous task of lifting the span into place.

This work could be accomplished only a few feet an hour, and as the distance from the river level to the floor of the bridge is 150 feet, the engineers had not counted upon completing the operation until the end of this week or later.

The bridge was to have been ready for train service next spring, marking an important milestone in Canada's engineering railway history.

### Breaks in Two Places.

Observers said that the span broke in two places—first one of the corners appeared to give wqay, this being followed almost immediately by a break in the center.

The juggling of 5,000 tons of steel under unprecedented circumstances attracted many spectators, including members of parliament and newspaper men gathered on vessels furnished by the Canadian government. Members of the dominion cabinet witnessed the collapse from the deck of a government vessel, while American tourists crowded hundreds of other boats.

Eminent American authorities on bridge building and members of the Australian parliament, returning home after visiting in Europe, also were on the scene.

The project interrupted today originated in 1853, when at the request of the Quebec city council, a New York engineer submitted plans and estimates. Courage and capital were lacking, however, and it was not until 1882 that the scheme was again considered.

### Commission in Charge.

Later engineers obtained a charter and after many years of delay the building was begun, only to terminate in the collapse of the structure in 1907.

Canada's federal railway department then decided to reconstruct it and placed the undertaking in the hands of a commission, which included several noted American bridge builders, among them Ralph Modjeski, of Chicago, and C. C. Schneider, of New York.

The plans for the bridge provided for a channel span longer than that of any existing today anywhere. Its contemplated length from shore to shore was 2,239 feet, with a distance of 1,800 feet between anchor butresses.

Provision was made for two railroad tracks, two street car tracks and two roads. It was to have been used by eight railroads.

## FIRST SNOW IN COLORADO.

**Precipitation at Leadville Amounts to Nearly One Inch.**

Denver, Colo., Sept. 11. — Colorado's first snow of the season is falling at Leadville today, according to reports to the local weather bureau. The precipitation began last night and amounts to nearly one inch.

A rat trap has been invented to catch the rodent as it endeavors to board a ship by climbing along the hawser.