

## BRITISH AND FRENCH MAKE FRESH GAINS

### English Troops Capture Strongly Defended Farm Near Lesars.

## FRENCH ADVANCE TOWARD PERONNE

Gains Are Effected Between Fregcourt and Merval, on Peronne-Bapaume Road North of Rancourt. Bulgarians Again Take Offensive at Kaimakalan—Serbians Claim to Have Repulsed Four Attacks.

New drives made by the French last night and the British this morning resulted in the capture of additional ground on the Somme front by the allies.

The French gain was effected between Fregcourt and Merval, in the direction of Sully, on the Peronne-Bapaume road north of Rancourt, where the wedge being driven into the German lines between Bapaume and Peronne is almost at its sharpest point.

This new ground won by the British, as reported by London, lies something more than a quarter of a mile southwest of Lesars, on the Pottiers-Bapaume road, northeast of Courcelles. Lesars is about three and one-half miles from Bapaume, toward which the British are determinedly pressing. The captured territory is comprised of a strongly defended farm.

On the Macedonian front the Bulgarians have resumed their efforts to drive the Romanians from their Kaimakalan position, near the Serbian border, in the region north of Lake Ostrovo, but according to Paris, this latest attempt, during which four attacks were made, failed.

London, Sept. 29.—An attack by British troops on the Somme front early today resulted in the capture of a strongly defended farm, 500 yards southwest of Lesars, the war office announced today.

The official statement says: "The night was quiet on the greater part of our front. The positions we have won north of Thiepval were heavily shelled. Our bombing parties were active in the neighborhood of the Schwaben redoubt and the Russian trench, parts of which are still held by the enemy.

"A strongly defended farm, 500 yards southwest of Lesars, was captured by our troops early this morning.

"North of Ypres and southeast of Bapaume our aeroplanes observed a huge explosion as if a large ammunition dump had blown up."

French Make Further Progress. Paris, Sept. 29.—Further progress was made by the French last night between Fregcourt and Merval, on the Somme front, according to a statement issued by the war office today.

On the Salonik front the Serbians repulsed four Bulgarian attacks on Kaimakalan.

DARING AERIAL EXPLOIT. French Pilot Destroys Three German Machines in Less Than Three Minutes. Paris, Sept. 29.—Three German aeroplanes brought down in two minutes and thirty seconds by a spot watch is the latest exploit of Second Lieut. Georges Guynemer. Incidentally Lieutenant Guynemer, who is known as the "king of the air," fell 10,000 feet, but escaped unhurt.

Guynemer went to the assistance of a comrade who was hard pressed by five German machines. He brought down two of them within thirty seconds and then, rising, overtook a third, which he shot down two minutes later. He was looking for the two remaining German machines when a shell burst beneath him and stripped the left wing to his aeroplane of all its covering. He immediately plunged earthward.

"I gave myself up for lost," he said, "but after falling 5,000 feet I decided to struggle all the same. The wind blew over my head. The commander wouldn't budge. I made a last desperate effort all to no purpose and then I saw the field toward which I was dashing. Suddenly something happened and there was a resounding crash. When I recovered my wits I was in the midst of the debris of my machine and practically uninjured. I believe the straps which held me to my seat saved me."

On Sept. 16, Lieutenant Guynemer was credited with his sixteenth enemy aeroplane. Later he took care of two others. Last March he was injured in a descent.

Rebels Take Greek Warships. Pigeaus, Sept. 27, via London, Sept. 29.—The defection to the revolutionists of the Greek warship Hydra in the small hours of the morning has caused great excitement in this Greek port.

The Hydra, anchored under the guns of the arsenal last night, was silently boarded at 3 o'clock this morning by a party of men in civilian dress. The royalist officer, second in command, was aroused, and with pistols at his head, was forced with other officers to retreat in a row boat. The commander, being a Venizelos supporter, readily surrendered. Two tugs were attached to the ship and as noiselessly as possible slipped her anchor chains and departed.

The minister of marine stated today

to the Associated Press representative that he regretted the incident and that, as while the perpetrators are unknown, it is impossible to believe all of them are Greeks.

"It is to be regretted," he said, "as it tends to lessen the prestige of the government at a time when it needs all its support."

Another Naval Desertion Reported. Athens, Sept. 29.—A report that the battleship Kilkis, formerly the United States battleship Idaho, has deserted to the revolutionists, has been received here, but is denied by the Greek ministry of marine.

Greeks Flock to Venizelos. London, Sept. 29.—That the armies of Greece soon will be hurled against the invaders in Macedonia is agreed in both military and diplomatic circles here tonight, but who will lead them is a question. It may be Venizelos and not the king.

According to the dispatches from Greece, Venizelos continues to gather an army, while the king prepares to declare war on Bulgaria. But in the face of wholesale desertions of army and navy officers and troops to Venizelos' standard, doubt is expressed that the king will be able to gather sufficient military forces to execute his plans.

In this connection it may be emphasized that the king determined upon military co-operation with the entente with his council—not his cabinet.

Admit Loss of Combes. London, Sept. 29.—A Reuter dispatch from Amsterdam quotes German war correspondents as admitting the loss of Combes. The Frankfurter Zeitung says that the defenders, a regiment strong, escaped to the German lines during the night, despite the fact that they were surrounded by the enemy.

Herr Wegener, in the Cologne Gazette, says that Thiepval, was voluntarily evacuated.

## HENKEL AGREES TO MARRY MISS KUHNEL

### Defendant in \$50,000 Breach of Promise Suit Makes Formal Offer of Marriage to Former Housekeeper, Who Will Decide Sunday.

New York, Sept. 29.—A formal offer by Jacob Henkel to marry Miss Anna Kuhnle, who has brought a \$50,000 breach of promise suit against him, is believed to be the first document of its kind ever recorded in New York county. Henkel is a consulting engineer and is a widower. Miss Kuhnle formerly was his housekeeper.

Miss Kuhnle has promised to give her decision by Sunday, whether she will wed Henkel or withdraw the suit.

Woman Found in Burned House Was Strangled to Death. Mountain View, N. H., Sept. 29.—Mrs. Frederick L. Small, wife of a Boston real estate broker, who was burned to death in a fire which destroyed the small summer home at Ossipee, last night, was murdered, it was discovered today when the body was taken from the ruins. She had been beaten over the head and strangled by a rope tied about her neck. By a chance the effort to cover the crime by firing the house failed.

The rope, which had been drawn twice around the neck, was preserved. Mr. Small, who had left the house six hours before it was discovered to be on fire, to make a business trip to Boston, returned today to assist the officers. Later Small was arrested.

In 1905, Small sued A. H. Soden, widely known as one of three owners of the Boston National League baseball club, for \$200,000 for alienations of Mrs. Small's affections. He was awarded \$10,000.

IOWANS REMAIN ON BORDER. Hawkeye Guard Regiments Not Included Among Those to Be Relieved. Des Moines, Sept. 29.—Adjutant General Logan, of the Iowa National Guard, announced today that seventy-five recruits who had enlisted for service on the Mexican border would be sent to Brownsville, Tex., probably Oct. 2. General Logan today abandoned plans for the return of the troops following the announcement that the Iowa contingent would not be returned with the 16,000 troops to be sent home.

SIXTEEN AUTO FATALITIES. More Than Half the Fatal Accidents in Iowa Occur in Des Moines. Des Moines, Sept. 29.—More than half the auto accidents reported in Iowa the past year, and which resulted fatally, occurred in Des Moines. Sixteen deaths were reported from the city of Des Moines alone. Only five persons were killed at Kansas City, Milwaukee killed only two, and St. Paul and Minneapolis eleven each.

Steel Rates Suspended. Washington, Sept. 29.—Tariffs of railroads in the middle west and east, proposing increases of 7 and 8 cents per 100-pounds on iron and steel articles from Chicago, Pittsburg and other points to the Atlantic seaboard and to Gulf ports for exports, were suspended today by the interstate commerce commission until Jan. 29, pending investigation.

Divorced in Eight Minutes. Des Moines, Sept. 29.—A new speed record was established in a local divorce court today. Just eight minutes after the filing of her petition, Mrs. Bartlett Dawes was granted a divorce. She charged cruelty.

Governor Clarke at Roland. Des Moines, Sept. 29.—Governor George W. Clarke today went to Roland, Story county, to dedicate the new consolidated rural school building.

What He Left Mother. "Your father was pretty rich when he died, wasn't he?" asked the young man in search of an heirloom.

"Oh, yes!" replied the world-wise maiden.

"Did he leave your mother much?"

"About twice a week."—London Answers.

## GERMANY WILL CONTINUE WAR

### Chancellor Tells Reichstag Empire Will Fight Until Victorious.

## AMPLE HARVEST ASSURES POSITION

### Von Bethmann-Hollweg Attacks British in Address—President of Reichstag Less Optimistic and Says War Is Now at Climax—Chancellor Declares Allies Will Be Unable to Break Thru German Lines.

Berlin, Sept. 29.—Germany will persevere until victory is hers, the reichstag was told yesterday by Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, according to the text of his speech, which was published today. The chancellor declared that this year's harvest has made Germany's position much more secure. He declared Great Britain was breaking one international law after another, and declared that country to be Germany's most egotistical, fiercest and most obstinate enemy.

The chancellor declared his contempt for those circulating the reports that all Germany's means of fighting were not being employed to the fullest possible extent. He added that to disappoint the enemy, "who is on watch for every breach of our inner determination," he would not give details.

"Today, after two years of fighting, struggling, suffering and dying," he continued, "we know more than ever before that there is only one watchword, namely, persevere and win. We will win. Last winter there was fear as to whether our foodstuffs would suffice. This year's harvest makes us much more secure than was the case last year."

Admits War at Climax. The following account of today's session of the reichstag was given out by the Overseas News Agency:

"The reichstag opened this afternoon. President Kaempff, in his introductory speech, stated that the war, in its economic and political as well as military aspects, had now reached a climax. On all fronts there was now a violent struggle for supremacy.

"He mentioned the arrival of the merchant submarines Deutschland and Bremen in the United States. [A news dispatch to Berlin that a German ship had been sighted in the Atlantic, and that the Bremen had reached America.]

"The president read telegrams from the emperors exchanged on the beginning of the second year of the war and as military aspects of the Hungarian declaration of the time of the fall of the Roumania fortress Turtukai. The speech was applauded."

General von Wandel, deputy minister for war, has been dismissed from his war ministry, according to an official statement given out by the German government today.

The chancellor began by outlining the events which led up to the Italian and Roumanian declarations of war. He recalled that the German ambassador had left home after Italy's declaration of war against Austria-Hungary and that Germany would find German troops fighting with their Austro-Hungarian comrades on the Italian frontier.

State of War Long Existed. "Thus a state of war practically existed," he continued, "but a formal declaration of war did not come till later. Italy apparently was to meet the usual consequences which it would suffer after the war in regard to her economic relations with us.

"On the other hand, Rome preferred to lay the blame for the declaration at our door. But for us there was no reason to play Italy's game. Our tactics were just interrupted by the efforts of the entente powers to cause Italy to declare war.

"For more than a year the Italian government resisted. Finally the measures which England employs with equal ruthlessness against neutrals and belligerents depends upon English coal and English money. Finally she had to give in.

Charges Britain Coerced Italy. "The decision certainly was brought about by British coercion, although Italian hopes in regard to the Balkan wars were too strong. Italy, as is known, desires Balkan territories which are within the natural sphere of Greek interests.

"In order not to be abandoned Italy found it necessary to partake in the expedition of General Sarrahl (the alias commander at Saloniki) and this led to an encounter between Italian and German troops in Macedonia."

Says Allies Can't Get Thru. London, Sept. 29.—The allies can not break thru the German lines on the Somme, Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg told the reichstag, according to reports of a speech yesterday.

"The English and French, it is true," he said, "have achieved advantages. Our first lines have been pressed back and we have also to deplore heavy losses in men and material. That was inevitable in an offensive on such a mighty scale. But what our enemies hoped to accomplish, that is, to break thru and roll up our line, has not been attained. Still another trench and another village may be lost, but they will not get thru."

Study Far Eastern Relations. New York, Sept. 29.—The appointment by the president or congress of a commission to study the relations of America with Japan and China is advocated by a group of forty missionaries from China and Japan. The meeting was arranged by the World's

Alliance for Promoting International Friendship Thru Churches. It was voted also, according to an announcement today, to ask the United States government to ask the governments of China and Japan to appoint commissions to confer with the American commission.

CLUB DIRECTORS MEET. Executive Board and Standing Committee of State Federation in Session. Des Moines, Sept. 29.—The annual joint meeting of the board of directors and standing committees of the Iowa Federation of Women's Clubs was held here today. Speakers included Mrs. George W. Darling, Marshalltown; Mrs. A. J. Barkley, of Boone, and Mrs. F. S. Burberry, of Indianola.

Miss Call, of Cedar Falls, told the directors that the Iowa's consolidated school system is the best in the United States.

GRASSHOPPERS A DELICACY? Sandusky Educator Recommends Them For Sandwiches. Sandusky, O., Sept. 29.—Chester Bliss of the state normal school and curator of a museum recommends grasshoppers as a delicacy.

He declared today that if only a woman of social prominence would start the fad the entire country would take to the bill of fare of every hostelry, and the grasshopper industry would spring into prominence.

Professor Bliss enthusiastically declared that as a sandwich the grasshopper is par excellence.

## CARRANZA TROOPS CROSS BORDER

### Band of Thirty Mexican Regulars Surprised on This Side of Rio Grande—Commander Promises Incident Will Not Again Be Permitted.

Washington, Sept. 29.—General Funston advised the war department today that a band of thirty armed Mexicans crossed into American territory yesterday near Yaleta, Tex., but retreated across the Rio Grande as soon as their presence was discovered. The Mexicans belonged to the command of Colonel Revel, a Carranza officer, who, with other de facto officials, has assured General Bell that the incident will not be repeated. The report says:

"Yesterday at about noon a small patrol of the Eighth cavalry discovered about twenty armed Mexicans about two miles west of Yaleta, toward El Paso. All the Mexicans were dismounted and concealed in the brush except one, the Mexican retreated across the river and the mounted man left so hurriedly that he left his Mauser carbine. The gun had a gun sling marked 'K. Tenth cavalry.' No shots were fired by either side. These men belonged to the command of Colonel Revel, a Carranza commander. It has been promised there shall be no repetition of this affair."

Troop K Tenth cavalry, was the command attacked by Carranza troops at Carrizal.

Hundred Villistas Killed. Chihuahua City, Sept. 29.—Over a hundred Villistas were killed, the bandit leader Baudello Uribe was taken prisoner, and heavy casualties suffered by Carranza forces in a terrific fight at Cusahuirachi, an important mining center about fifty miles southwest of Chihuahua City, according to a message received here from General Trevino from General Matias Ramos, who was himself slightly wounded.

Details of the fight were few and were appended to the request of General Ramos for surgeons and medical supplies. A hospital corps detachment was accordingly rushed to the scene by train.

Baudello Uribe was the originator of the idea of cutting off the ears of captured government soldiers. "Many others of his command are reported to have been made prisoners."

News of the fight on the Carranza side of the Rio Grande was received here from the telegraph operator at Santa Ysabel, who added nothing to the report of General Ramos.

Troops continue to pour into Chihuahua City from the south to participate in the Villa hunt. Gen. Apolinario Trevino's command arrived at Torreon today. The horses of this command were in good condition and the troops will be sent into the field in pursuit of Villa at once. Gen. Fortunato Maycotte is expected to arrive here soon with his command from the Laguna district near Torreon.

Over a hundred Carranza men were sent from Saltillo to reinforce the garrison here, and a command from Monterey under Colonel Muzquiz is also on the road.

Villa Kills Thirty in Fight. El Paso, Sept. 29.—Details of the last stand of Col. Carlos Zuazua and his guard of thirty men who fought to the death against Villa at Santa Ysabel, about thirty-three miles west of Chihuahua City, on the night of Sept. 29 are given in copies of El Paso Herald-Examiner from Chihuahua, reaching here today.

Villa led his men in person in the attack which was a surprise. Every one of Zuazua's men was killed.

Interned Ships Moved. Norfolk, Sept. 29.—The interned German auxiliary cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm and Prinz Eitel Friedrich left the Norfolk navy yard early today for Philadelphia, where they are to be laid up for the remainder of the war. A squadron of American battleships laid off the capes to escort the cruisers up the coast.

The Prinz Eitel Friedrich went out under her own steam while five tugs towed the Kronprinz Wilhelm.

Machine Records Heart Beats. Chicago, Sept. 29.—A machine which recorded every motion of the heart was exhibited today before the convention of the American X-ray society. It is called an electrocardiograph and by its use it was explained physicians may obtain records which are exact and which may be compared later with other records in preparing a diagnosis of certain heart diseases.

## REVENUE ONLY TARIFF DEAD

### Hughes Says Law For Protection of Industries is Live Issue.

## FOR EIGHT HOURS AS DAY'S WORK

### Insists on Investigation For Legislation and Would Not Yield to Either Labor or Capital on That Principle—President Wilson to Resume Conference With Newspaper Men—Why Hanly Is For Prohibition.

Binghamton, N. Y., Sept. 29.—Charles E. Hughes trotted over muddy streets, through the first rain storm he has experienced since he began his campaign, to address an audience at the opera house here today.

It had been arranged to have him speak at railway stations but at the last moment it was decided to have local speakers say, but that he stood squarely for investigation before legislation, and "would not yield an inch to labor or capital on that principle."

In his speech here he said: "It is no time to be talking of a tariff for revenue only. We need protection for our industries, and there is no man who can tell you where the danger is so much as the protection of American interests."

"It takes all of us, too, to make the United States and make it prosperous, and we will never do it unless labor and capital agree."

He declared he would like to see an eight-hour work day, but that he stood squarely for investigation before legislation, and "would not yield an inch to labor or capital on that principle."

Wilson Seeks Newspaper Ear. Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 29.—President Wilson today arranged to resume details with newspaper men, which was a feature of his first two years as president. He will discuss issues with the correspondents.

Soon after entering the White House the president inaugurated the policy of seeing the Washington correspondents twice a week and submitting to cross fire of questions from them.

When the foreign affairs of the government became delicate Mr. Wilson stopped the conferences. He now plans to see the newspaper men twice a week.

Why Hanly Is Dry. Rawlins, Wyo., Sept. 29.—Wrong that liquor has done children is the primal reason for Frank J. Hanly making a fight for the presidency this year on the prohibition ticket, he told a coming crowd of candidates here today. "About the extent and character of that wrong, I do not guess," he said. "For four years as executive of a great commonwealth I made it my business to know. For four years I walked the streets, I visited the reformatories and prisons and witnessed tragedies due to drink."

"In my state there are today more than a thousand children under 16 years of age in state homes. They never had a chance. They didn't get a square deal. Most of them had drunk fathers or mothers or both."

HARDING WILL NOT WITHDRAW Makes Answer to Demands of Ex-Speaker Stillman. Des Moines, Sept. 29.—In reply to the demand of Ex-Speaker Stillman that he withdraw from the gubernatorial race Mr. Harding over the long distance telephone from Stanwood dictated this statement to The Capital:

"The only answer to that sort of an editorial is that in a regular primary in which all of the candidates are present their cause to all of the republicans of the state with four candidates in the field, I received almost as many votes as the other three candidates. The three candidates were all good men. We had a fair primary. The weaknesses and strong points of the various candidates were presented."

"My answer to Mr. Stillman is that I will win in November from 75,000 to 100,000 majority. I am a poor man. I have not been able to conduct a personal campaign. The republican state central committee is just now beginning to campaign. That is due to the fact that they believed in the intelligence of the Iowa voter.

"The state candidates and congressional candidates on the republican ticket will have their first meeting Saturday. Up to this time a campaign of misleading and vilification has been carried on by my personal enemies. They have not made a single dent in the republican line-up of the state. What Mr. Stillman ought to do is to join with the republican state central committee and the whole republican ticket for victory in November."

"I will not withdraw, and Mr. Stillman's opposition will cut very little figure in the result in November."

PHILLIES TIGHTEN RACE. Narrow Margin Separates Leaders in Championship Battle. Chicago, Sept. 29.—Brooklyn and Philadelphia today are close to a tie in one of the most exciting finishes seen in many years for the National League championship. Brooklyn has the technical advantage of a half game.

The actual standing, carried out to six figures, gives Brooklyn a percentage of .68108, and Philadelphia .66897.

## NEWS OF THE DAY

T. R. BULLETIN.

The Weather. Sun rises Sept. 30 at 6:54; sets at 6:45. Iowa—Fair tonight and Saturday; rising temperatures.

Telegraphic News: British and French Make Fresh Gains. Germany to Persevere in War. Tariff for Revenue Dead Issue, Says Hughes.

Unions Refuse to Join Strike. Fire Fighters Injured at Waterloo. PAGES TWO, THREE, FOUR

Iowa News: Mother and Two Children Drowned. Iowa Blackmail Victim Was Easy. United Brethren Conference Condemns Harding. Towns Pleads Case. Highways Costing Less. Farm News and Notes. PAGES FIVE

Story: "1917." PAGES SIX

Editorial: Hog Cholera is Coming. Turn of the Harding Tide. This "Degenerate Age." A County Fair School. Topics of the Times. Iowa Opinion and Notes. PAGES SEVEN, EIGHT, NINE, TEN, ELEVEN

City News: Harris New County "Y" Secretary. New York Man to Succeed Siebens. Big Estates Must Pay New Tax. Many Boys Examined For "Gym" Classes. No Local Interest in Red Cross. C. A. Averages For Season. General and Brief City News. PAGES TWELVE

Masks and General: Wheat Soars to Season's Record. Corn Sold on Bulges. Cattle Trade Steadies. Hog Market Unsettled. Hughes Questions Wilson's Veracity.

of the five remaining games to win, if Chicago would take all four games from Cleveland. Boston's remaining games, two with New York and three with Philadelphia, all are at home. The standing follows: Boston, 59; Chicago, 57; Detroit, 56.

Because of the tightening up of the pennant race in the National League no official information on the world's series will be given out until next week. The meeting of the national commission, expected to be this week to arrange for the schedule, has been postponed until next week, when the men will assemble in New York to await the outcome.

## WATERLOO FIREMAN SERIOUSLY BURNED

### Nine Injured, One Probably Fatally, When Gasoline Vat Explodes in Blazing Cleaning Establishment—Assistant Chief May Die.

Waterloo, Sept. 29.—Nine firemen were burned and Martin Burke, assistant chief, was perhaps fatally injured in a fire in the Bon Ton cleaning establishment here today. The fireman went into the basement to fight the fire and while there a gasoline vat exploded covering them with the burning fluid. They ran from the building living torches and the flames were extinguished by chemicals thrown on them by their companions. The property loss was estimated at about \$500.

BOARD OVERRULES HARRISON. Reinstates Students Who Cut Classes on Circus Day. Special to Times-Republican. Clarinda, Sept. 29.—The action of Superintendent F. A. Harrison in suspending ninety-nine Clarinda high school students because they played hockey on circus day after they had been denied a half holiday granted grade pupils, nearly ended serious trouble between the superintendent and the school board. The superintendent acted without authority, the school board members stated, and although the superintendent's order in the cases of some of the more active students was one of complete expulsion, he was not upheld and all of the students have been now reinstated.

BOY DRAGGED TO DEATH. Harry Kilgore, of Creston, Thrown From Horse and Killed. Special to Times-Republican. Creston, Sept. 29.—Harry Kilgore, aged 10, was thrown from a horse yesterday, his foot caught in the stirrup, and the lad was dragged a quarter of a mile and killed. His face and head were battered into an unrecognizable mass.

Iowa Supreme Court. Special to Times-Republican. Des Moines, Sept. 29.—The supreme court today handed down the following opinions: Fricke vs. Hartford Life Insurance Company, appellant, Linn county. Affirmed. Youker, appellant, vs. McCutcheon, et al. Polk county. Affirmed. Narey vs. M. & St. L. Railroad Company, appellant, Marshall county. Affirmed. Rutherford, appellant, vs. Knights and Ladies of Security, Lucas county. Reversed.

Great appellant, vs. Hobbs. Plymouth county. Affirmed. Wagner vs. Glick, et al., appellants, Polk county. Affirmed. Lamkin vs. Lamkin, appellant, Woodbury county. Affirmed. McMillan, administrator, vs. Jager Manufacturing Company, Polk county. Reversed and remanded. Sutton, appellant, vs. Horner, Jefferson county. Affirmed. Cable Company vs. Israel, et al., appellants, Jefferson county. Affirmed.

Electric Company Increases Capital. Des Moines, Sept. 29.—In an amendment filed today the Iowa Electric Company of Cedar Rapids increased its capital from \$400,000 to \$500,000.

## UNIONS REFUSE TO JOIN STRIKE

### Building Trades and Teamsters Vote to Continue at Work

## SYMPATHY STRIKE NOT SUCCESSFUL

### Union Leaders Refuse to Admit Defeat—Say Action Has Only Been Delayed—Longshoremen Fail to Take Action—Traction Service Improved and Cars Being Operated Without Guards—Elevated Motormen to Stay.

New York, Sept. 29.—Labor union officials who attempted to organize a general strike in sympathy with the striking street car men refused today to admit defeat and still claimed nearly 200,000 workers had quit. They announced, however, that efforts to call out others would be postponed until Monday next.

Hugh Frazer, chairman of the joint labor conference committee which has directed the attempt to call out the unions, explained the postponement of further action by saying that many unions had not had sufficient time to consider the strike call.

The strikers included about 10,000 brewery workers and machinists. Other unions held off. The most serious disappointment suffered by the labor chiefs was the action yesterday of the allied building trades of 100,000 and the teamsters' union, of 20,000 members, in postponing action.

The longshoremen and tidewater boatmen, numbering about \$4,000, also failed to take any definite action. A resolution passed by forty-one longshoremen's unions said the men stood ready to quit in sympathy with the strikers "whenever, in their judgment, a strike is necessary" and they are ordered out by their international president, T. V. O'Connor. Members asserted that the prospect of O'Connor calling a strike was remote because of existing contracts.

The possibility of a strike of motormen on a subway and elevated lines between put in jeopardy. Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers was said by union men to be remote, inasmuch as the motormen are now earning from \$8 to \$10 a day. Interborough Rapid Transit officials asserted they did not anticipate any trouble from the brotherhood.

Traction Service Improved. For the first time since the car strike began Sept. 8, many surface cars were operated today without police guards. Numerous cars without wire netting to protect motormen and conductors also were put in operation and they are generally, it was announced, improved, cars being operated even in suburban towns affected by the strike.

Officials of the transit companies asserted that the attempt to tie up the industries of the greater city by a sympathy strike of union workers in the various trades had been a failure.

## SLANG PREVENTS FIGHT.

Arapahoe Chief Quits Apache by Resigning to Write Man's Speech. Cedar Rapids, Sept. 29.—At the second day's session of the Society of American Indians here an Apache challenged an Arapahoe to combat during a clash over a resolution proposing the abolition of the federal Indian bureau.

Dr. Charles L. Montezuma, an Apache, in the course of an impassioned speech attacking the Indian bureau as inefficient, directed his remarks at Dr. Sherman Coolidge, of Colorado, an Arapahoe Indian, president of the society and a former member of the federal bureau.

"I am an Apache," he shouted, "and you are an Arapahoe. I can lick you, My tribe has licked your tribe before."

"I'm from Missouri," shouted Dr. Coolidge and the laughter that followed broke the tension.

Both sessions of the conference were heated. The treatment accorded the Chippewa Indians by the government, presented an opportunity for severe criticism and heated defense of the work of the Indian bureau.

Internal dissension also threatened to disrupt the organization and passionate appeals for harmony to continue the society's existence were made by many speakers and by federal officials connected with the Indian department. The sessions last five days.

SUES A. O. U. W. LODGE. Action Begun at Sioux City by Representative of