

Slight Omission. A recruit being ordered aloft in a military balloon hesitated in obeying and complained to his captain. "Please, sir, in my oath of allegiance I swore to be true and faithful on land and sea, but there was nothing said about air."—Boston Transcript.

Good Old Home-Made Family Cough Remedy

Much Better than the Ready-Made Kind—Keeps Healthily and Cheaply Prepared.

If you combined the curative properties of every known "ready-made" cough remedy, you would hardly have in them all the curative power of this simple "home-made" cough syrup which takes only a few minutes to prepare.

Get into any drug store 2 1/2 ounces of Pinex 50 cents (with 1/2 pint of plain granulated sugar syrup). The total cost is about 54 cents and gives you a full pint of really better cough syrup than you could buy ready-made for \$2.50. Tastes pleasant and never spoils.

This Pinex and sugar syrup preparation gets right at the cause of a cough and gives almost immediate relief. It loosens the phlegm, stops the nasty throat tickle and heals the sore, irritated membrane of the throat, the chest and bronchial tubes, so gently and easily that it is really astonishing. A day's use will usually overcome the ordinary cough and for bronchitis, cough, whooping cough and bronchial asthma, there is nothing better.

Pinex is a most valuable concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, combined with guaiaecol and has been used for generations to break up severe coughs.

To avoid disappointment, be sure to ask your druggist for "2 1/2 ounces of Pinex" with full directions, and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money refunded, if returned, goes with this preparation. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Advertisement for Black Silk Stove Polish, featuring an image of the product and text describing its benefits for cleaning stoves and metal surfaces.

DARKEN YOUR GRAY HAIR

Have Beautiful, Soft Hair of an Even Dark Shade

Not even a trace of gray shows in your hair after a few applications of Q-Ban Hair Color Restorer to hair and scalp. Q-Ban is no dye, is harmless, but makes scalp and hair healthy and restores the natural color for gray hair.

ORIGINAL NOTICE

To Robert W. Sheehan: You are hereby notified, that on or before the twenty-second day of September, A. D. 1916, there will be filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the state of Iowa, within and for the county of Marshall, the petition of Helen L. Sheehan claiming of you a divorce on the grounds that you deserted her over two years ago, without cause and have willfully absented yourself ever since, asking that she be restored to her former name of Helen L. McDowell, asking that she be given the custody of your minor daughter, Martha Belle Sheehan, and for other relief.

Now, unless you appear and make defense thereto, at or before noon of the second day of the next October term of said court, to be begun and held at Marshalltown, Iowa, on the twenty-third day of October, A. D. 1916, your default will be entered and a judgment and decree rendered thereon as prayed for in said petition.

Dated this twenty-second day of September, A. D. 1916. HELEN L. SHEEHAN, Plaintiff. BRADFORD & JOHNSON, Attorneys.

ORIGINAL NOTICE

To Billy Lee Davis: You are hereby notified, that on or before the 25th day of September, A. D. 1916, there will be filed in the office of the clerk of the District court of the state of Iowa, within and for the county of Marshall, the petition of Florence Davis, claiming of you an absolute divorce from the bonds of matrimony and alleging as grounds therefor cruel and inhuman treatment on your part such as to endanger her health and life.

Now, unless you appear and make defense thereto, at or before noon of the second day of the next October term of said court, to be begun and held at Marshalltown, Iowa, on the 23d day of October, A. D. 1916, your default will be entered and a decree rendered thereon as prayed for in said petition.

Dated this 16th day of September, A. D. 1916. FLORENCE DAVIS, Plaintiff. By F. E. NORTUP, Her Attorney.

LAW MERE MAKESHIFT

CUMMINS ANALYZES ADAMSON EIGHT-HOUR LAW STATUTE FORCED BY WILSON.

LAW DOES NOT MAKE SHORTER LABOR HOURS

Merely Fixes Basis of Compensation—Senator Praises the Brotherhood Chiefs—Says They Did Not Coerce Congress—Effect of Law Will Lengthen Hours.

Des Moines, Oct. 5.—"I might say that if that piece of legislation were a drug and were branded 'Eight Hour Law' it would be a crime to carry it from state to state," said Senator A. B. Cummins in an explanation and denunciation of the Adamson law at a banquet of the manufacturers' bureau of the chamber of commerce held in the chamber rooms last night.

Senator Cummins introduced a number of new points of history on the progress of the measure through the senate committee, which he created by the writing of the bill, which it appeared before the committee and the reasons for its alteration to the form in which it went to the president for his signature.

No Coercion of Congress. In the course of his address he declared that congress was not coerced by the brotherhoods into passing the bill, that the bill makes no pretense of limiting the hours of labor of the trainmen, that its effect will be to lengthen the hours of labor and that after the period of ten months allowed for an investigation of its operation by the commission, which is created by the bill, the problem will remain unsolved and neither railroads nor railroad trainmen will be bound by its provisions.

In his prefatory remarks Senator Cummins stated that he had been a consistent advocate of organized labor, that he believed strongly in labor unions, and that he had had a personal acquaintance with the chiefs of the four railroad brotherhoods, conferences with whom had resulted to his own great personal advantage.

Praises Brotherhood Chiefs. He declared that he believed them all to be men of high integrity and that he mentioned these facts only that it might not be said of him that he had changed his views with regard to organized labor.

He then traced briefly the progress of the strike situation that led up to the passage of the Adamson law. He summarized the chief agreement which had been entered into between the railroads and the brotherhoods as establishing that "90 miles or less or ten hours or less should be regarded as a day's work."

When failure of the conference in New York was inevitable both brotherhoods and railroad managers felt constrained by good citizenship and patriotism to accept the invitation of the president to go to Washington though both did it somewhat reluctantly, Senator Cummins said.

Doesn't Shorten Hours. "This bill has no tendency whatever to shorten the hours of labor," he continued. "But instead of limiting or shortening the hours of labor this bill will lengthen them if mere greed or avarice be the motives that inspire the employers of labor. As it is we have fixed merely the basis of compensation and have made it more profitable than ever to employ men during the entire period of sixteen hours in twenty-four allowed by federal statute."

By the way of illustration of his point the speaker took the example of a train running from here to Council Bluffs. If the train crew had completed its eight-hour day when the train reached Atlantic, but was obliged to run on to Council Bluffs if the run could be made within the sixteen-hour limit, it would be paid for the last eight hours at the same rate as for the first eight. If the railroads were obliged to change crews at Atlantic it would have to have the second crew waiting there. But while it can keep a crew working at one rate of pay, it is cheaper to run the train the whole distance with one crew than with two and the roads will always adopt the cheaper method, thus lengthening the hours of labor.

Problem Unsolved. "The country will discover soon that the legislation is not bottomed on humane consideration," he said. "And the country will come to know that it will not shorten hours of labor but lengthen them. And the country will come to know that thirty days after the report of the commission the whole problem will remain unsolved."

"It is so plain that the wayfaring man, the fool, will ultimately understand that congress passed this bill and compelled the railroads to pay the increased wages, simply to avoid the strike. I do not say that these considerations ought not to have had any weight with the congress, but I am here to say that the legislation without any investigation, merely to avert a strike, is so cowardly that I was humiliated to know that congress would lend itself to such a thing."

Another Way Possible. "I do not think that this was the only way to have averted the strike. I am still insisting that it was not the men who demanded such legislation. There was a way without impairing the rights of the men and without infringing upon the rights of the railways."

Grinnell and Vicinity. Special to Times-Republican. Grinnell, Oct. 5.—President Main has gone to Los Angeles to attend a meeting of the Lower California Grinnell Alumni Association, which is being held at Grinnell, Iowa, this present week. President Main will then go to Berkeley to be present at the semi-centennial celebration of the Pacific Theological Seminary. He is scheduled there for an address on the subject "Will Jesus Survive?" He plans to be at home again by the 23d instant.

Preliminary sketches have been made and submitted to the building committee of the Masonic lodge for the new temple the order is planning to erect here in the near future. It seems now not likely that anything of importance will be done in the building line this year but it is expected that the plans so that work may begin early in the spring.

The members of the college athletic honor "G" club have just elected Amos Mathews as president, McGregor as vice president, McCleary secretary and

treasurer, and Cress Hoyt as representative on the athletic board of control.

Mrs. Ada Valleau Clark has rented her fine home, 1120 Broad street, to Mr. and Mrs. John Hall and plans to go next Sunday, with her two children, to live for a year in Chicago.

Mrs. G. W. Simmons has gone to Los Angeles, Cal. for a lengthy visit with her brothers, Wesley and Grant Platts, and her sister, Lucy Planalp. At the late meeting of the Nature Club of the college Prof. H. W. Norris was elected president for the ensuing year. Prof. H. S. Conard held that position last year. Four members are to be added to the club soon by election.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott MacEachron have had the pleasure of entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Shinstrom, of Redmond, Wash. They have gone to Des Moines to visit Krelgh Carney but will be here on Saturday to witness the Grinnell-Simpson football game. Mr. and Mrs. Shinstrom were of the class of 1911 in the college here and the Shinstroms left a record as captain and fullback on the gridiron. Mrs. Shinstrom was Miss Helen Roberts.

Ivyl Wetmore, who has been visiting her sister, Dr. Josephine Wetmore Rust, and other relatives here for some weeks, has gone to Omaha with a view to settling in that vicinity in the jewelry business. He was formerly working in that line in this city.

Mrs. Anna Rivers has gone to Minneapolis to live indefinitely with her son, Ed. of this city, who returned as soon as his mother was safely settled in her new home.

E. S. Wagoner has again been called to the bedside of his aged father in Oskaloosa by the report of his seriously ill condition. The father will be 90 years of age on the 17th of this month.

The senior soccer squad has elected Ira Leaman, 17, as captain of the class team that has twice in succession won state championship, and that proposes to repeat that record this fall and thus become entitled to the permanent possession of the soccer cup. Eight senior men are hard at work and most of them are veterans at the game.

HARDING IN DEFENSE

Replies to Newspaper Attack Calling Cowles and Kelly Wet Too—Does Not Deny Correctness of His Record as Published.

Special to Times-Republican. Waterloo, Oct. 5.—In his address here Tuesday Mr. Harding attacked Gardner Cowles, publisher of the Des Moines Register, and J. C. Kelly, publisher of the Sioux City Tribune, both of which newspapers have been opposing him saying that Cowles voted when in the legislature and that Kelly had wired the Sioux City senator to vote against the five-mile limit bill.

He made no effort, however, to deny that he had made the fight on the floor for the saloon interests against the five-mile limit bill or that he had voted wet on other temperance measures.

His reply was that he stood on the republican platform which is dry and repeatedly leaned on Havner, dry candidate for attorney general, saying that he has promised as governor to help Havner. The purpose of the Harding forces from precincts as wet as Scott county in putting the Havner nomination over was quite apparent in the address here.

Harding repeated here his assertion that Cowles in the Des Moines club of midnight offered him the support of the Register if he would secure the confirmation of Cowles on the board of education. For this statement Cowles has called Harding a liar in cold print and Cowles shows that the Register bolted Harding for lieutenant governor before the Cowles appointment was ever heard of.

Harding made a reply whatever to the charge taken from the records that he aided public utility corporations to put over a law which would have given them all a perpetual extension of their franchises or that he introduced a bill favorable to the insurance interests designed to remove the bars to combination among fire insurance companies. By his failure to deny the records as to his own wet votes he in effect admitted the correctness of the record and proceeded to call the kettle black.

Hampton News Notes. Special to Times-Republican. Hampton, Oct. 5.—S. A. Davis went to Clarksville, Wednesday, where he was a guest at the golden wedding anniversary celebration of his friend and comrade, A. W. Mitchell, and wife. The two veterans are cousins and served in Company K, Twenty-second Wisconsin infantry, and since the war have lived within a few hours' ride of one another.

James Patterson, who has spent several months here, expects soon to return to California, where he has employment in the fruit business. Mrs. Joseph Grawe, of Waverly, returned to her home Wednesday after a visit here with her sister, Mrs. C. W. Kelley.

Mrs. J. M. Stout has received much relief from hay fever since she went to northern Minnesota. Mrs. F. H. Ridgeway has been at Duquesne in attendance at the Third district meeting of the Iowa Federation of Women's Clubs.

The Second district convention of the Woman's Relief Corps will be held in Memorial hall in this city Friday, Oct. 6, beginning at 9 a. m. An afternoon and evening session will be held. Many subjects of vital interest to the work of the W. R. C. will be discussed, together with exemplification of the ritualistic work. The evening will be given over to a campfire and discussion of the reorganization of the camp of the Sons of Veterans.

New Sharon Items. Special to Times-Republican. New Sharon, Oct. 5.—Leona Whitehead submitted to an operation on her throat at the Abbott hospital at Oskaloosa, Tuesday. Mrs. Maggie Hickman, who has been sick, is improving. Miss Matilda Heinz is visiting her sister at Des Moines. Miss Opal Medley was brought home from the hospital at Oskaloosa, where she has been for the past two weeks ill of pneumonia.

Cut This Out—It Is Worth Money. Don't Miss This. Cut out this slip, enclose with 5c and mail it to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for bronchial coughs, colds and croup; Foley Kidney Pills, for lame back, weak kidneys, rheumatism, bladder troubles, and Foley Cathartic Tablets, a wholesome and thoroughly cleansing cathartic for constipation, biliousness, headache and sluggish bowels. Sold everywhere.—Advertisement.

KILLED BY STOLEN CAR

PROMINENT SIOUX CITY YOUTH DEAD UNDER MACHINE HE APPROPRIATED.

STOLEN IN MINNESOTA, PLANNED SALE IN OMAHA

Walter A. Tyler, Soon to be Married, Seeks "Easy Money"—Companion in Crime Escapes Injury When Car Overtaken—Tells Police of Plot When Taken into Custody.

Minneapolis, Oct. 5.—Walter A. Tyler and Benjamin Lyons, of Sioux City, talked over the plan and decided to come to Minneapolis, steal an automobile, take it to Omaha and make \$700 or \$800 "easy money."

This was the story of Lyons to Deputy Sheriff Archie Buck and Sam Holt on the way from St. James, Minn., to Minneapolis, the deputies said upon arrival here at noon. Tyler was killed when the car overturned near Madella, twelve miles from St. James, Monday night. Lyons, pinned under the machine, was rescued by Dr. John McCarthy, of Madella, who was passing.

Lyons was taken into the village and asked to remain as a witness in the investigation of Tyler's death. Instead, he was declared today, he hired an automobile to take him to St. James and held a pistol at the head of the driver, threatening him with death if he did not drive at top speed.

Lyons was locked up in the Hennepin county jail to await trial on the charge of stealing the automobile of J. J. Mergens, Cottagewood, Lake Minnetonka, from Fifth street and Third avenue S. Monday.

While Lyons was in the county jail, J. A. Tyler, shocked to learn that his son had been killed while apparently in possession of a stolen car, was in St. James preparing to take the body home. The young man's death also is mourned by his father, who was in St. James to have been married in Sioux City next month. The Tyler family is prominent in Sioux City, dispatches today said.

After Lyons was taken to Madella by Dr. McCarthy, who came upon the wrecked car and found Tyler dead, Walter Cowan, a chauffeur, was employed by Lyons to take him to St. James.

According to Cowan, he and Lyons had just left the village limits when Lyons whipped out a pistol and ordered speed. "He placed the pistol at my head and then talked like a madman," said Cowan today. "He said that he was bad man, that he had stolen automobiles in every big city in the country, and that he had served terms in prisons and that it would mean death if I tried to fool him. He showed me the keys which he said would unlock any automobile and kept threatening to shoot me until I drove fast to St. James."

"It was twelve miles to St. James, but I thought I would never get there. I was so nervous that I feared the car would be wrecked, but we got there somehow and he told me to go into a restaurant with him and eat. I wasn't hungry and neither was he, but we went and seemed to collapse in there and walked out to a park and sat on a bench."

Tells of "Easy Money" Plot. "I don't know where I live nor where I was born, nor what do you know about that," said Lyons when questioned by Holt and Buck. "I was raised in Duluth, but I was an orphan. I have lived all over the country, but I guess I have no regular home."

Yesterday on the way to Minneapolis Lyons broke down and told of taking the Mergens machine. "I met Tyler in Sheely's place, where we both worked for a time, and we went around some together," Tyler said, according to the sheriffs. "He thought we could go to Minneapolis, take an automobile and sell it in Omaha, making \$700 or \$800 'easy money.' We got to Minneapolis Sunday and stayed at the Atlantic Hotel on Seventh street. Monday we got the machine and started for Omaha. I drove the car until we reached Madella and then I was tired and he said he would drive. I didn't know that he couldn't drive well. The machine went over on a perfectly smooth road and Tyler was killed—that was all."

To Be Charged With Car's Theft. Lyons wouldn't say how long he had lived in Sioux City. He said he was a day laborer and "never amounted to much."

Contrasted with this statement were Lyons' smooth, soft hands, a tailored English suit, tan shoes, silk shirt and an expensive hat. He showed no evidence of hard work in recent years.

When told that his clothes didn't look like working clothes, he said: "Well, even a working man has a right to dress up once in a while, you know. Go ahead and see what you can find out about me."

Holt and Buck said they would charge Lyons with stealing the car from Mr. Mergens and would bring the witnesses from Madella and St. James to testify against him.

Late yesterday Lyons had not communicated with Sheely Tyler's wife. He said he would say nothing until he had time to confer with an attorney.

The pistol which Cowan said Lyons used to enforce speed on the trip to St. James, was taken from Tyler's clothes, according to Dr. McCarthy. It was a large weapon and was carried in a holster.

would have been justified in returning a verdict of murder in the first degree and had they done so, I would not have disturbed their verdict." Bravata was then sentenced to eight years in prison. Burdick had been sentenced to a term of ten years.

PAPER AT MEAT PRICES. Packers May Be Prosecuted for Violation of Weights Law.

Des Moines, Oct. 5.—In the campaign to protect the consumer against short weights, E. C. Lytton, chief inspector of weights and measures of the state dairy and food commission, is now undertaking to break up the practice of packing houses charging the meat dealer for the wrapping paper in which meats are delivered.

The chief inspector discovered that meat dealers have been paying meat prices for paper. He found that one Des Moines retailer paid for 48 pounds of pork loins, but after the wrapper was removed there remained only 46 pounds of meat. The wholesale price was 20 cents a pound. The apparent over charge on the sale was 40 cents.

When the matter was brought to the attention of the packer, the packer replied that it has been the custom all over the United States to weigh the meat after it is wrapped and charge for the gross weight. This is a violation of the Iowa weight and measure law.

The packers have asked for a hearing with the Iowa commission with regard to the matter. They say that they desire to obey the Iowa law and they wish to avoid prosecutions. One Chicago packing house stated it would send its general attorney to Des Moines next Monday to consult with the state officials.

Pioneer Editor Dead. Special to Times-Republican. Sheldon, Oct. 5.—F. M. ("Pomp") McCormick died at Hartley yesterday forenoon, aged seventy years. He was one of the widely known pioneer newspaper men of the state. With his brother he established the Sheldon News here in 1879. In 1885 began the publication of the O'Brien County Bell.

and in 1895 published the Journal at Hartley. He moved to Minnesota, then Wyoming, and three years ago began work on the Hartley Journal.

News of Greens. Special to Times-Republican. Greens, Oct. 5.—The Rebekah lodge will hold a convention here Oct. 7th. There will be an afternoon and evening program.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Hildebrand have moved into their new home. Mrs. Thomas Jones has sold the panatorium business to Lloyd R. Smith and Elvin Sebert, of West Liberty, who will take possession this week. Mr. and Mrs. Sam Thomas will soon leave for Florida, where they will spend the winter.

R. Palmatier and son Ed and wife left Wednesday by auto for Florida, where they will spend the winter.

Burlington Switchman Killed. Special to Times-Republican. Creston, Oct. 5.—Ray Baybourne, aged twenty-four, a switchman for the Burlington, was killed while at work in the yards in Creston and his body fearfully mangled, fourteen cars passing over it. He leaves a young widow. He had been railroading only two weeks.

FOR BRAIN FAG. Take Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Gives prompt relief to tired nerves, brain and headache, following mental strain or overwork.—Adv.

Deduction. Ezra Haskins, constable of a New England village, had an exalted opinion of his ability as a detective. He also read everything he could find on the career of Sherlock Holmes, until he imagined that he had thereby acquired wonderful deductive abilities. "Now, gentlemen," said he on one occasion to his assistants in a particular case, "we have traced these clues—the footprints of the horse and the footprints of the man, right up here to this

stump. From the stump on there's only the footprint of the horse. Now, gentlemen, the question arises: What has become of the man?"

A Food That Keeps the Bowels Regular

There has been much said and written in recent years of vegetarian diet. Especially has it been recommended to people with weak stomachs, dyspepsia and those affected with constipation. Usually, stomach and bowel trouble are closely allied and there is much to be said in favor of meat and heavy foods as a means of increasing food.

Physicians generally recommended such a diet, together with certain drugs or medical treatment, mineral waters, olive and other oil, but recently many of these have found by use in their own cases, and with their patients that Uncle Sam's Health Food, a cereal composed of wheat, flax, toasted, crushed flax seed, roasted and combined into a tasty palatable food with ground celery seed and salt, more efficient in regulating the bowels and reducing stomach troubles than drugs or mineral waters. There are well known satiators, where this cereal is prescribed to all patients twice a day. It is at once a food and a regulator. The flax seed furnishes the oil that lubricates the bowels and incites the peristaltic action, the wheat flakes furnish the nutritious base and those building food, and it is as palatable as any of the so-called breakfast foods or ready to serve cereals when eaten with sugar and milk or cream, fruit or fruit juices. Most grocers sell it at twenty-five cents per package and it contains in actual weight about twice as much food as the usual package of flaked breakfast foods. A well known Philadelphia physician, whose name we will give on request, recently wrote us: "Uncle Sam's Health Food is marvellously efficient in the results you claim for it, so remarkable that I am telling all my patients about it; and thank you for introducing it to me. I have tested it also and find it very good. If your grocer does not have it, write to Uncle Sam's Breakfast Food Co., Omaha, Neb., and they will tell you a dealer and your neighborhood who keeps it regularly in stock, crisp and fresh."

Rest Assured Our Bargains Are All Genuine, True, Straightforward and Reliable

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF. YOU WILL NOT BE DISAPPOINTED. YOU WILL FIND OUR VALUES A LITTLE BETTER THAN ADVERTISED.

Advertisement for Hart Schaffner & Marx clothing, featuring two illustrations of men in suits and text describing the quality and variety of their men's and boys' clothing.

Hart Schaffner & Marx SUITS and OVERCOATS—\$20, \$25, \$35

Clothcraft Clothes

\$10, \$12.50, \$15

Every man's suit we handle is absolutely guaranteed pure wool and fast color. People seeking well made clothing at a small price should lose no time in making our acquaintance. Keep in mind—we buy for 14 stores.

THE BEST ADVERTISEMENT WE HAVE IS THE KINDLY RECOMMENDATION OF OUR CUSTOMERS. ONE TELLS ANOTHER AND WE WITNESS EVERY DAY THE POWER OF THAT INFLUENCE.

Advertisement for work shirts, husking mitts, dress hose, and mens dress shirts, listing prices and features.

YOU WILL FIND PRACTICALLY NO ADVANCES IN MERCHANDISE AT A GILDNER STORE WHICH IS DUE TO OUR BUYING POWER FOR OUR CHAIN OF STORES

Advertisement for Gildner Bros. clothing store, featuring the store name in a large, stylized font and text describing their location and services.