

If You Live in Central  
Iowa You Can't Afford  
to Be Without the T.-R.

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## NEW EVIDENCE PREPARED IN BALL SCANDAL

### Wives of Some of Players to Be Summoned Be- fore Grand Jury.

### HOYNE HAS TWO OUTSIDE WITNESSES

### Men Neither Players Nor Gamblers to Furnish Some Inside Information —Harry Felsch, One of Indicted Players, Reported to Have Tripled His Stakes by Betting on Cincinnati Team in 1919 World Series.

By Associated Press.  
Chicago, Oct. 1.—New evidence, which may warrant criminal prosecution of the baseball players involved in the "fixing" of the 1919 world series, was expected by the grand jury today when State Attorney Harry Felsch arrives from New York.

August Hermann, president of the Cincinnati Reds, was expected to testify today, and Alfred Austrian, attorney for the White Sox, said he believed four players were ready to tell what they know. The grand jury will complete its regular session today, but Chief Justice McDonald, who ordered the investigation, said it would be retained as a special grand jury, devoting its entire time to the baseball situation. Judge McDonald said indictments and prosecutions could be returned on the evidence already submitted, but that no deal would be overlooked in the investigation.

### Wives of Players to Be Called.

The nature of the new evidence which Hoyne says he obtained, is not known. He would only say that he obtained the information from two players who were neither baseball men nor gamblers, and who have not yet been mentioned in the inquiry. He also asserted that he had no evidence to show that the coming 1920 world series had been fixed.

### Felsch Was Big Bet.

Reports said to emanate from members of the White Sox team credit Harry Felsch with having placed \$5,000 bets on the White Sox to win the series, and a bet of two to one on Cincinnati in the second game of the series, thus accumulating \$15,000.

### It Is Claimed He Wired His Wife in Michigan to Come to Chicago for the First Time Here and that when she did not him his greeting was to toss the \$15,000 on the table.

There are various accounts as to what followed. The players said the couple had a disagreement over the affair. Felsch made up an amount of money to give his wife. The money was said to have been wired to her on Monday. Mrs. Felsch was expected to be asked by the grand jury what she knows of the transaction.

### Hermann Brings Evidence.

August Hermann, president of the Cincinnati Reds, and former chairman of the national commission, appeared at State Attorney Felsch's office this morning with a portfolio of documents and papers relative to the case of Hal Chase and Lee McGee, who were driven from organized baseball last year. Hermann had been subpoenaed by the grand jury to bring the papers. He said he had affidavits of Ophelia Mathewson, former manager of the Cincinnati team; "Gassy" Neale, outfielder; John Bradley and Jimmie Fox, who were driven from the game last year. Hermann did not expect to appear before the grand jury until this afternoon.

### Comiskey Long Suspicious.

Charles Comiskey, owner of the Chicago White Sox, asked State Attorney Felsch to investigate the last year's world series immediately after the conclusion of the games. Hoyne said he today after his return from New York. Hoyne's office conducted the investigation. For three or four days he found enough evidence to satisfy him that the series was crooked, he said. Not enough evidence was found, however, to prove the fact, he said.

### Immediately after the world series Comiskey asked me to investigate and said he would pay the expenses of the investigation. I told him we would be glad to help him and that if we obtained sufficient evidence to prosecute. We worked for three or four days on the investigation and obtained enough evidence to satisfy us that the series was crooked, but we did not obtain sufficient evidence to act.

### Mr. Hoyne said that he would give out another statement later in the day.

Hoyne was called before the grand jury soon after making his statement. He stated his position in the case to the jurors and the grand jury recessed until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

### Hoyne Predicts More Indictments.

State Attorney Felsch today said that he believed the present investigation here of alleged baseball fixing would be widespread and that he expected more indictments to be voted. Sufficient evidence to warrant prosecution of several players has already been disclosed, he said.

Mr. Hoyne said that he and a well-

known New York detective had gathered evidence in New York which he believed was valuable to the grand jury. He expects the evidence, which consists of documents and typewritten reports, to arrive here in time to be presented to the grand jury Monday.

### Coming Series Not "Fixed," By Associated Press.

New York, Oct. 1.—District Attorney Harry E. Lewis, of Brooklyn, expected to complete his examination of Brooklyn National League players on reports that gamblers had approached some of them with proposals to "throw" the approaching world series.

After three players had been questioned by Mr. Lewis, yesterday, he said he was convinced that they "were on the level." Those questioned were Zack Wheat, captain of the Yankees, and James W. Taylor, fielder.

Because of the press of other business, District Attorney Lewis, of Brooklyn, today announced he would not be able to complete his examination today of Brooklyn National League baseball players in connection with reports that an attempt had been made to "fix" the approaching world series.

### HERZOG KNIFED IN FIGHT.

Encounter Due to Charge of Crookedness by Fan.

Chicago, Oct. 1.—Charles "Buck" Herzog, star infielder of the Chicago National baseball team, involved in the baseball scandal, was stabbed in an encounter with a crowd of fans at Joliet yesterday afternoon as the Cubs were leaving a baseball park where they had an exhibition game. A crowd of fans had gathered outside of the park and were "milling" about the entrance, waiting for the appearance of the team.

The automobile in which the players were riding was making its way slowly thru the crowd when one of the fans jumped on the running board.

Herzog, seated in the tonneau of the car, arose and knocked the man from the running board. He then opened the door and leaped out into the prostrate fan, pummeling him with his fists.

The crowd surged about the men. A companion of Herzog's opponent charged thru the crowd with an open knife in his hand and slashed at him three times.

Herzog leaped to his feet and struck at him. By this time cooler heads intervened and they were separated.

It was learned that Herzog had been out on the palm of the right hand on the left arm and on the left leg. His hurts were dressed by the club's trainer and he returned to Chicago with the team. He was injured so slightly that he went to a performance at the Garrick Theater last night.

Herzog was named by "Rube" Benton of the New York National League team, at the start of the inquiry, as one of the two ball players who had attempted to bribe him to "throw" a baseball game. He was later exonerated of the charge by President Heydler of the National League. Ever since the accusation, however, he has felt the scandal keenly.

### NEW YORKERS HAVE TROUBLES

#### New Housing Laws, Moving Van Strikes and on Moving Day.

By Associated Press.  
New York, Oct. 1.—Lack of understanding of New York's brand new housing laws, the strike of hundreds of moving van drivers and forecasts of rain today gave the 75,000 families of the city's migratory population plenty to worry about.

### CARMELLO RUSSO CONVICTED BY JURY

Centerville Girl Found Guilty of Man-  
slaughter For Shooting Tony Mat-  
to, Whose Attention She Resented  
Claimed She Was Insane at Time  
of Tragedy.

Centerville, Oct. 1.—Carmello Russo was found guilty of manslaughter today by a jury before which she was tried for shooting Tony Matto. Her defense was that the man's attention had driven her temporarily insane. The defense's attorneys were given until Oct. 9 to move for a new trial.

### CHARLES PONZI INDICTED.

Now U. S. Prisoner With Eighty-Six  
Counts Against Him.

By Associated Press.  
Boston, Oct. 1.—The federal grand jury today indicted Charles Ponzi, promoter of the scheme by which millions were obtained from investors on promises to pay 50 per cent profit, on a charge of using the mails in a scheme to defraud. The indictment, which was returned by two of forty-three counts each, were the longest returned here in years.

### MARNE STONE IN LEGION HOME

American Legion Memorial Corner-  
stone from Chateau Thierry.

By Associated Press.  
Indianapolis, Oct. 1.—A stone from the bridge over the Marne at Chateau Thierry, where American troops baited the German drive in the summer of 1918, will be used as the cornerstone of the war memorial building which will house the national headquarters of the American Legion. It was announced here today.

## HARDING GOES BEYOND PARTY DECLARATIONS

### Takes Advance Step by Proposing Department of Public Welfare.

### TALKS TO WOMEN OF SOCIAL JUSTICE

### Welfare of Women and Children of Nation Should Dominate New De- partment—Public Health of Next Importance—Strikes Vigorous Warning Against Paternalism in Industry.

Marion, O., Oct. 1.—Declaring that American motherhood is the most precious of all American possessions and setting forth high ideals of social justice, Senator Warren G. Harding, republican nominee for president, delivered the most remarkable address he has made since his nomination.

He spoke to a large audience of women, prominent thruout the country in the great cause of social justice, and advancement of the cause of human rights. His utterances were given profound attention. Not only did he set forth exalted ideals of social justice but at the same time he declared for plans of legislative and administrative procedure calculated to put these ideals into effect.

The address today was non-political. It dealt with problems of a higher realm than politics. Many of the women in the audience were of the "motherhood" faith.

In the picture he drew of his views of social justice, Senator Harding kept ever in the foreground the protection of American womanhood. He declared that the great army of "potential maternity demands" from America careful and adequate protection in the conditions which surround their labors.

### Protection For Motherhood.

"The protection of the motherhood of America," said Senator Harding, "cannot be accomplished until the state and the nation have enacted, and by their example have enforced, customs which protect womanhood itself."

"I pledge myself today," said Senator Harding, "to support with all that is in me whatever practical policy of social welfare and social justice can be brought forward by the combined wisdom of all Americans. Nothing can concern America, nothing can concern the American people, more deeply than the health, the happiness and enlightenment of every fellow-American."

Senator Harding addressed his audience as Americans and declared in his opening statement that the new extension of women's activities had been taken and will be taken "without peril to that most precious of all American possessions—American motherhood."

He declared citizenship is based on obligation and that he would not even consider a policy of social justice unless founded on the American doctrine and the duties of everyone to all and that the best social welfare worker in the world is the man or woman who lives righteously and does his or her work right.

### Favors Department of Public Welfare

Senator Harding declared for a government department of public welfare as the most efficient way of advancing a humanitarian program. "That this points to a new department to deal with the public welfare, headed by a cabinet officer, when Senator Harding becomes president, is generally accepted here. It means a most important departure from present administrative plans with respect to problems touching social welfare and social justice.

"Great danger existed, Senator Harding said, in any tendency to take the burden of social conscience from the local communities, from the individual man and woman, and put it into the hands of a centralized power.

"Twelve million women in the United States," said Senator Harding, "40 per cent of them between 15 and 20 years of age, are engaged in paid occupations or professions. Such an army of potential maternity demands from America careful and adequate protection in the conditions which surround their labors. For such an army there must be an increasing enlightenment in industry and business which will tend to break down the distinctions of sex in matters of remuneration, and establish equal pay for equal work. The needs of such an army, engaging in the tasks of America, probably can not be understood by men alone. In the administration of federal and state laws, and in the educational services which will assist industry and the public, and the women themselves, to understand the needs of women, we will require the services of the most capable women we can get upon federal and state boards of education, labor adjustment and health, wherever the welfare of American childhood, directly or remotely, are involved."

The eight-hour day and a living wage for women were favored by the speaker. He raised his voice, too, in behalf of the women on the farms of the United States, and paid them women a tribute.

Senator Harding spoke out, too, for the children of the bureau and said it was a grim fact that the government was spending twice as

much for suppression of hog cholera as for the welfare of the American child.

He spoke for prevention of abuses of child labor, for protection of health of American maternity and childhood, for a national campaign in behalf of health and higher standards of physical well-being, for industrial peace thru adjustment and conciliation.

### For Eight-Hour Day.

"There is a growing and a probably wise sentiment in America," he said, "in favor of an eight-hour day for women. The federal government has set the example in a policy which looks toward the protection of our best human resources. Justice and American standards demand that women, who are employed, should be paid a living wage, and it is equally vital to the state which fulfills its obligations to humanity in any piece of humanitarian legislation affecting industry, that other states, by failing to perform their obligation, gain a temporary advantage in production."

That one of the principal functions of the department of public welfare will be to enlighten and have local action, so that we may have thruout our states an increasing sense of obligation to meet a national standard of social justice.

"I desire particularly to emphasize the need of safeguarding the prosperity of the American farmer, so that he may compete with industry evened out by a leveling of the playing field. I desire to raise the women in industry. I desire to raise mine now in behalf of the women on the farms of the United States, who in the labor shortage of this year have gone into the fields—young girls and old women—to do a service which, if it had not been given, would have deprived us this year of an adequate food supply. There must be labor, normal labor, available to farm as well as factory."

He touched on law enforcement in connection with better health. Senator Harding urged the groupings of all the federal health agencies under the proposed department of public welfare.

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### FINANCIERS WANT PEACE.

#### Says There Should be No Trade Conflict Between Nations.

By Associated Press.  
Brussels, Sept. 30.—Distinct and multiplying signs of economic improvement are seen in countries most shaken by the great war, and optimism over their future is felt, according to speakers at the international financial conference here today.

Some of those who spoke today declared that within a few years the world will return to active competition between sellers and that the present contest between buyers will pass.

Charles Wauters, Belgian minister of commerce, asserted the temporary advantages enjoyed by countries allowed to export freely will turn to their disadvantage as a result of prohibitive rates of exchange.

"It is a great error," he declared, "to consider the success of one nation in trade a detriment to others. Commerce is not a form of competition, but a form of cooperation, which should bind nations together."

### GERMANY NEEDN'T FEAR REDS.

Socialist German Leader Says Only  
Dreadful Threat Is Possible.

By Associated Press.  
Berlin, Oct. 1.—Only romancers and dreamers believe that the Russian red army will eventually strike at Germany and seek to establish a soviet here with the aid of which it will make war on France, declared Wilhelm Dittman, the independent socialist member of the reichstag.

Dittman, who was one of the German delegates to the Moscow communist congress, in an article in the Freiheit turns upon bolshevism, which he declares, is an impossible system which can exist only in Russia because of the "crass ignorance of the Russian peasants."

"German workers," he goes on, "who are not too long-headed but understand human beings, would never submit to the dictatorship of a few." He says they have nothing in common with men who "are neither socialists nor communists and generally have only a vague understanding of the politics, government and society."

"They are mostly unable to read and write," Dittman continues, "and their horizon hardly extends beyond their own thresholds, as might have been the case of the German peasants in the middle ages. And these men constitute 75 per cent of the entire population of the country."

"Blind passion and high ardor have idealized soviet Russia as a land where all the wrongs of the present century have an end. Hitherto, the exclusion of soviet Russia from west-

## Senator Borah Suddenly Quits G. O. P. Campaign

By Associated Press.  
Washington, Oct. 1.—Senator Borah, republican, of Idaho, has written republican headquarters at New York and Chicago asking that no more speaking dates be made for him in the republican presidential campaign.

Senator Borah also has telegraphed to Senator Johnson, republican, California, irrefragable, and is awaiting a reply. Mr. Borah declined to discuss the message, but there were reports that it had to do with the league of nations issue.

### TALKS ON WATERWAYS.

Goethals Principal Speaker at American Port Authorities Meeting.

By Associated Press.  
Chicago, Oct. 1.—An address by Major General Goethals, builder of the Panama canal, was the chief event of the program of the Ninth annual convention of the American Association of Port Authorities. Particular stress has been placed by the delegates on waterways from the Great Lakes to the Gulf of Mexico. The speakers predicted that Great Lake harbors "would soon become great world ports."

John M. Glenn, secretary of the Illinois manufacturers, said: "Men of vision can see the time when deep drought ocean liners will pass hawasers as a daily matter of course over the mooring posts at Great Lakes harbors."

### SAY COAL WILL BE PLENTIFUL.

Officers of National Association Tell  
Iowans Not to Be Alarmed.

By Associated Press.  
Des Moines, Oct. 1.—Prospects are good for plenty of coal for all purposes during the coming winter, in the opinion of D. G. Wentz and J. B. A. Morrow, president and vice president of the National Coal Association, expressed here today.

"There is no occasion for alarm they said."

### SINN FEINER ALLEGES PLOT.

Accuses Government of Policy of  
Assassination.

By Associated Press.  
Dublin, Sept. 30.—Charges that the republicans in Ireland were a calculated policy of the government, that the occasion for them was often afforded by the provocation of agents, and that a plot exists for the assassination of the Irish republican leaders, were made today by Arthur Griffith, founder of the Sinn Fein organization.

### GRAFTER PLEADS GUILTY.

Pfeizer, Head of Consumers Packing  
Company, Admits Crookedness.

By Associated Press.  
Chicago, Oct. 1.—Eli Pfeizer, president of the Consumers Packing Company, entered a plea of guilty before Judge Evan A. Evans, in the United States district court here today, where he and seven other officials of the firm are on trial for fraud.

### FLOUR GOES TO LOW LEVEL.

Drops to Lower Price Than Any  
Time Since September 1919.

By Associated Press.  
Minneapolis, Oct. 1.—For the first time since September 1919, family flour sold under the \$12 per barrel mark at some of the mills here today. The state motor sales flour dropped 50 cents, to \$11.90 a barrel, while at another large flour concern, a reduction from \$12.50 to \$12.15 was made.

### Two Constables Killed.

Limerick, Ireland, Sept. 30.—Two constables were shot and killed near O'Brien's Bridge last night when a police patrol was fired upon.

### WHAT GOOD ROADS MEAN.

Non-Resident Motorists Spend \$74,000,000 in California This Year.

By Associated Press.  
San Francisco, Sept. 27.—California's good roads system and ideal motoring conditions will reap a motor tourist crop estimated by the California State Automobile Association to be worth in excess of \$74,000,000. The state motor sales department recently issued a statement to the effect that during the first six months of this year 62,000 non-resident license permits were issued. At this time Superintendent Chenu estimated the total number for the year would be double this figure, or 124,000 motorists from other states touring in California in the twelve months.

### WHITE DISPUTES TAFT.

Says Associated Press Not Attacked  
by Governor Cox.

By Associated Press.  
New York, Oct. 1.—Denial of the published charges of former President W. H. Taft that Governor Cox "attacks the Associated Press for failing to give to the public a fair account of his speeches, the crowds and other phases of his long tour," was made here today by George White, chairman of the democratic national committee.

Persian horses, the handsomer than those of Arabia, are less fleet.

## PLAN TO MAKE CLEANING IN BALL WORLD

### Magnates Propose to Place National Pastime Be- yond Reproach.

### MAY DISPLACE OLD COMMISSION PLAN

### Governing Board Which Would Have Jurisdiction Over Minor as Well as Major Leagues Proposed by Presi- dent Heydler, of National League— Punishment For Every Crooked or Undesirable Player.

By Associated Press.  
Chicago, Oct. 1.—Plans for a new governing body to replace the national commission now in control of the major baseball leagues were outlined today by President John H. Heydler, of the National League.

"The new body must be nationwide in scope, limitless in power and composed of men so prominent and reputable that their names will be a guarantee to the fans that there will be no place for a dishonest player or promoter in the national pastime," Heydler declared.

"The movement to form a new body is already under way, he said, and will take form as soon as the world series is completed.

### Control Miners Too.

"The national commission has done wonders for baseball," he said, "but the present investigation proves that baseball needs a nation-wide but centralized power to control not only the major leagues, but the minors, down to the smallest circuits."

"There must be no cases in the future like that of Seaton and Smith, who were released by the Pacific Coast League for cause, only to find a haven in the Southern Association for a time. The new body must be able to reach into the furthest corner of baseball and punish any guilty or undesirable player."

"I believe every one, who wants to see the game put back on its pedestal, will agree with me, and I expect the hearty co-operation of all."

### Reprisals to Be Stopped.

Dublin, Sept. 30.—Warning against reprisals, no matter what the provocation, was given the royal Irish constabulary today by Sir Hamner Greenwood, the chief secretary for Ireland, in a speech on the occasion of a distribution of medals. He dwelt upon the provocation which had been given the police with 103 of their number murdered and 170 wounded, but declared no reprisals could be contemplated by the authorities. He congratulated the men upon their general maintenance of discipline.

### Continue to Murder Policemen.

By Associated Press.  
Belfast, Oct. 1.—Police patrol was ambushed yesterday near Tubbercurry, County Sligo, by a large party of armed civilians. District Inspector Brady was shot dead, and another constable less seriously wounded.

Unconfirmed reports say several houses have been burned in reprisal for the attack.

While searching a house in Limerick, County Cork, on Tuesday, a party of the military was fired on by civilians. The soldiers returned the fire, killing one of their assailants.

### Crippled Sox at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Oct. 1.—The Chicago White Sox and St. Louis prepared to open the series that may prove the deciding factor in the American League pennant race. Three games will be played, the final contest Sunday bringing the 1920 campaign to a close.

Trailing Cleveland, the league leaders, by a game and a half, the Sox still have yesterday's game on account of cold weather.

In order to cinch the pennant the Indians must win three out of their four games with the Tigers.

Malls and Elmire were chosen to do the hurling in the opening game. A crowd of less than 1,000 saw the game because of the cold weather. The score at the end of the 6th inning was: Cleveland 4, Detroit, 0.

## DRIFT IS CITYWARD.

### Country Loses Population While Larger Towns Gain.

Washington, Oct. 1.—Cities are increasing in population seven and a half times as fast as the rural districts, the census bureau disclosed tonight in a compilation of figures covering approximately 85 per cent of the new census. The figures indicated that the completed census would show the majority of the population to be city dwellers.

"For the last ten years rural growth was but one-third as great as it was in the previous decade, but the cities almost maintained their rate of growth, getting five new inhabitants from 1910 to 1920 for each six added during the preceding ten years. All population centers over 10,000 in small country towns and villages, showed a proportionate increase than the rural districts. The greatest increases, however, were by cities of 100,000 or more inhabitants."

While the bureau attempts no explanation of the reasons for the increasing migration to the cities each year during the last decade, presumably higher wages, shorter working days, and home conveniences attracted the rural population especially during the war, when wages in big industrial centers went up rapidly.

Although showing a check in the rate of population growth for the country as a whole, the bureau's figures indicated that the complete census would place the total number of inhabitants of the continental United States at approximately 105,768,100, a gain of 13,795,840, or 15 per cent, since 1910. It is estimated that 12,172,800 would reside in towns of 2,500 or more inhabitants, while 1,628,040 would be added to the farms, and the small hamlets. For the country as a whole, the increase would be approximately one million and a quarter.

Such a movement of the people will place the urban population at approximately 54,786,160 and the rural population at 50,981,940. In 1910 the rural population outnumbered that of the cities by almost 7,000,000 people, there being 49,348,883 in the country and 42,353,333 in the cities.

### SMITH OFFERED CLEMENCY.

War Department Explains Release of  
Army Officer.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 1.—Lieut. Frank H. (Hard Boiled) Smith, whose release from prison following conviction by court martial of brutal treatment of American soldiers in France, has just become known, objected to any clemency. Secretary of War Baker said today.

Smith's commanding officer, the secretary said, and appealed for a reduction of the eight-year sentence. Smith objected to any change in his term, saying he wished to serve out his sentence to avoid further publicity.

### Sentence Has Expired.

The department's explanation of Smith's release because his sentence had expired. His imprisonment began at Fort Jay, N. Y., on July 21, 1919, and continued until March 20, 1920, when because of good conduct he was granted parole. He was released from parole on July 28, when the reduced sentence expired.

"There is nothing unusual in the granting of parole in this case," the war department says. "Paroles are recommended after proper investigation by the commanding officer of the disciplinary barracks and formal approval of such recommendations is given by the war department."

### TEAMS LINE UP FOR CRUCIAL GAMES

Cleveland Meets Detroit in Closing  
Series and Takes Lead in First  
Game of Doubleheader—White Sox,  
With Reorganized Infield and Out-  
field, Battle St. Louis at St. Louis.

By Associated Press.  
Detroit, Oct. 1.—Cleveland and Detroit met in the opening contest of a four-game series which may decide the American League championship here this afternoon.

Football weather prevailed and the playing field was staked thru drizzling rains which lasted thru the morning. Two games were scheduled for today because of the postponement of yesterday's game on account of cold weather.

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Today's game will be the first in which the Sox have participated since the gambling exposé which resulted in the suspension of seven members of the club.

## POLES SMASH NORTH ARMY OF SOVIETS

### Defeat of Russians on Northern Front Virtu- ally Complete.

### BLOCK REDS' PLANS FOR FALL OFFENSIVE

### One Entire Russian Division Surrenders After Murdering Its Offi- cers—Poles Claim Bolsheviks Were Whipped Unmercifully—Now Near- ing Vilna, Lithuanian Capital, and Continuing Advance.

By Associated Press.  
Warsaw, Sept. 30.—The defeat of the Russians on the Polish front seems virtually complete. The soviet troops are reported fleeing eastward in disorder in an effort to avoid being surrounded by the Poles, who are in close pursuit.

The result of the Polish victory is declared by the military experts as eliminating any chance for the bolshevik launching the fall offensive, which War Minister Trotsky was credited with planning to drive back the Poles from the territory they occupied after the failure of the soviet attempt to capture Warsaw.

The soviet division surrendered after murdering its officers. Poles claim bolsheviks were whipped unmercifully, much to the discouragement of their troops. The commander of the soviet division, who was killed, realized that his command had been completely smashed.

This afternoon's reports show that the Poles are less than thirty miles from Vilna, the Lithuanian capital, and their advance is continuing.

### FROSTS WIDESPREAD.

South, North and Central States  
to Experience Frost.

By Associated Press.  
Washington, Oct. 1.—A widespread killing frost was reported by the weather bureau this morning in the upper and middle Mississippi valley, and light frosts were reported in Arkansas, North Carolina and North Alabama.

The bureau also announced that the lowest temperatures for October were registered this morning at Atlanta, Tallahassee, Ga.; Mobile, Ala.; and Jacksonville and Tampa, Fla., 26 degrees being registered at Tampa.

### 'MSWINEY LIVES ON.

Reported to Have Passed Very Bad  
Night—in Severe Pain.

By Associated Press.  
London, Oct. 1.—Terrence MacSwiney, lord mayor of Cork passed another very bad night at Brixton prison, where he has been since the fifth day of his hunger strike. He slept a little before midnight but not after that hour, said a bulletin issued by the Irish Self-Determination League this forenoon, and during the morning was suffering severe pains in his arms and back.

### FAVORS HEALTHY WORKERS.

A. A. Dureau Urges Physical Exam-  
ination of Industrial Employees.

By Associated Press.  
Milwaukee, Oct. 1.—Rigid physical examination of workmen in industrial plants, conducted along the lines of army and navy examinations, were advocated by A. A. Dureau, safety engineer for Morris & Co., Chicago, before the National Safety Council Congress today.

"The physical condition of employ-ees is an important factor in the reduction of accidents and in the cost of production," he said.

### BIG DROP IN HIGH PRICED CARS

Locomotive Reduced in Price \$1,350  
and Mercer Models \$1,000.

By Associated Press.  
New York, Oct. 1.—The Hares Motors, Incorporated, operating company for the Locomobile and Mercer concerns, announced today the price of standard Locomobile cars had been reduced \$1,350, and Mercer models \$1,000.

### U. S. DESTROYER HITS MINE.

Ship Reported Damaged While En-  
tering Riga Harbor.

By Associated Press.  
Riga, Oct. 1.—The United States destroyer, USS Ruler, was reported to have struck a mine as she was entering Riga harbor this afternoon, according to a wireless message. No details were given.

### The Weather.