

PILOT WILL CONVEY DEUTSCHLAND DOWN THE RIVER THIS P. M.

Presidential Candidate Charles E. Hughes Telegraphs Utah Senator That He is For Equal Suffrage.

139 LIVES ARE LOST IN THE GREAT FOREST FIRES Northern Ontario Suffers Much Loss of Life as Well as Property.

New York, Aug. 1.—Charles E. Hughes telegraphed to Senator Sutherland of Utah last night declaring for the woman suffrage amendment to the federal constitution.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 1.—It is reported that a pilot will convey the Deutschland down the river this afternoon. Tugs are busy sweeping the waters between the submarine and the border for mines. A revenue cutter is standing guard today near the Deutschland to maintain neutrality.

New York, Aug. 1.—E. B. Thomas, president of the Lehigh Valley railroad, and W. G. Besler, president of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, will be arrested for the illegal handling of high explosives in connection with the explosions on Black Tom Island Sunday morning, it was announced today by Frank Hague, commissioner of public safety of Jersey city. Other arrests of high officials may follow within a few days as a result of the twenty million dollar fire which caused four thousand deaths. Nine persons are still missing.

Englehart, Ont., Aug. 1.—Definite figures regarding the loss of life in northern Ontario through the wiping out of half a dozen towns by bush fires were still lacking today. Figures on hand indicate that at least 200 persons are dead.

The known dead are: At Nushka, 57; Cochrane, 18; Matheson, 34; Iroquois Falls, 15; Rame, 15. Total, 139.

It is learned that there has been loss of life also at Porcupine Junction, where only the railroad station escaped the flames.

Outlying places are expected to swell the list materially when rescue parties return.

NEIGHBORHOOD NOTES.

Pleasant Hill Notes.

The farmers expect to begin threshing their oats Monday. Nathan and Clarence Claffin of this place are engaged to do the work.

I. C. Kemmerer and family, Carl Adams and family and Mrs. Christina Adams spent Wednesday with friends and relatives in Boone.

Mr. and Mrs. John Coles of Webster City were Sunday visitors at the Jim Hannah home.

Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Gilmore made another trip to Camp Dodge last week.

Miss Irene Lesley of Omaha, Neb., arrived here yesterday for an extended visit with relatives and friends.

The Misses Minnie and Irene Kemmerer of Boone are spending the week with their uncle, I. C. Kemmerer and family.

North Blairburg News.

A reunion of the Markwardt and Nicholson families was held at L. W. Markwardt's, near Latimer, Sunday, July 23. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Markwardt and daughter Sabra, Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Nicholson and daughters Addie and Laurabel and son Melford, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Pearce and nephew, Mr. and Mrs. Tom Markwardt, Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Nicholson, Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Coleman and son George, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Nicholson and children, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Read, Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Markwardt and children, Evert Carter and John Hardin.

Mrs. Lura Mueller and baby daughter are visiting at A. A. Pearce's.

Philip Shafer is assisting W. I. Nicholson with his harvesting.

Arthur Wall spent Sunday with friends over on the Iowa river.

The Geo. Rees family drove overland to Thornton and spent Sunday

and Miss Esther Martinson autored to Webster City Sunday evening to hear Eugene Chaffin.

There will be a meeting of the library board on Friday evening at 8 o'clock, in the city hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Cartney are the proud parents of a baby daughter born Saturday, July 29th. Miss Caroline Bossenberger is looking after the patients.

There was a meeting of the W. C. T. U. at the home of Mrs. Wm. P. Bossenberger Monday evening for the purpose of arranging the program for the county convention which will meet in an all day session at Williams, Friday, Aug. 11th.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Walterick of Ft. Dodge spent the week end at the F. R. Payne home.

F. R. Payne completed his series of interesting and instructing talks upon the dispensations at the M. E. church, Sunday morning.

Rev. L. E. Wardle will occupy the pulpit at the M. E. church next Sunday morning at the usual hour.

Miss Ina Hathway has returned from a two weeks outing at Lake Okoboji which she enjoyed with a party of friends from Rock Valley, where she taught domestic science last year.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Doolittle and children and Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Smith and baby have returned home from a week's outing at Silver Lake, Minn., where they went overland in the Doolittle car.

Mrs. T. P. Guenther and little son, who have been making an extended visit with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Bue-low, returned to their home in Orange City yesterday afternoon.

PERSONAL BRIEFS

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Womeldorf and two children left this morning on a three weeks overland trip through Illinois, visiting with friends and relatives along the way.

Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Burnett and children are home from a three weeks visit with relatives and friends in Roberts, Ill.

The Misses Mary, Sarah, Elsie and Kathryn Wickware expect to leave tomorrow for Chicago for a two weeks visit with their sisters, Mrs. Nelson Joy and Mrs. Charles Joy and their families.

Mrs. Varick C. Crosley went to Fort Dodge today to attend a luncheon given by her sister, Mrs. Max Hemingway.

Hugh Moore of Oskaloosa, formerly employed in a drug store in this city, is spending a few days with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Fairchild left this forenoon for Houston, Galveston, and other points in Texas to spend about ten days.

Mrs. E. J. Steele and daughter, Mrs. R. S. Phillips and the latter's little son, went to Omaha this forenoon to spend a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Adams of St. Ansgar are here, called by the death of their niece, Miss Zella Myers of near Dows, who was laid to

rest in the cemetery at Saratoga yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. Adams will make a short visit with the latter's brother, John Albright and family, four miles south of town, and with their daughter, Mrs. Anna Nicholson and family, near Blairsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Atkinson and son expect to leave this afternoon or tomorrow on an overland trip to Minneapolis where they will spend the week on pleasure bent.

Mrs. J. O. Thrush of Spencer is expected to arrive here this evening for a visit at the Alexander Groves home. Rev. Thrush and daughters, Misses Carol and Marian, will come the latter part of the week to spend Sunday.

Mrs. George Clark of Peterson, who has been a guest at the home of her sister, Mrs. D. J. Smith and family, on west Second street, returned to her home today.

Mrs. Minnie Bone, who is spending the summer vacation at Carroll, visited with relatives here for a few hours today, enroute to Independence for a visit with her brother, F. W. Tremaine and family. She expects to return the last of the week for a few days visit before returning to Grand View, Wash., near where she will teach during the coming school year.

Mrs. H. A. Sommermeyer and children of Elmora, Minn., who have been visiting the former's sister, Mrs. O. N. Ross and family, on east Walnut street, returned home today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. King, Mrs. W. J. Zitterler and Mrs. C. O. Barr went overland in the King car to Iowa Falls today to spend the day at the Baptist Assembly.

Miss Leota Merryman of Fort Dodge spent Sunday here with her friend, Miss Arline Kearns.

Mrs. W. E. Spinharney left Sunday night for Fairfield and Burlington where she will visit relatives a week before going to Chicago to do her fall buying for the Spinharney millinery department.

George S. Neel went to Kamrar

this morning on business.

E. H. Martin left this morning on a business trip to Des Moines.

Mrs. Sam Fredrickson and little daughter returned to their home in Roland yesterday afternoon following a visit with the Earle McCollough family.

C. L. Buxton returned to his home in Des Moines yesterday afternoon following a brief sojourn here with his brother, Dr. O. C. Buxton and family.

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FRANCE'S WONDERFUL MILITARY GENIUS

Paris, July 10.—Letter to the Freeman-Tribune from Henry Wood, United Press Correspondent: Within two years, despite the handicap of maintaining her own unequal end in the world's greatest war, France has built up a military machine that today the French contend is superior to the organization Germany was forty years in preparing.

France is not a military nation. She does not boast of her war engine, but she takes credit for genius in organization and resourcefulness which she would have preferred to employ in pursuits of peace.

That her armies today are superior to those of Germany, France feels has been demonstrated by their successful resistance to date. Germany has had to divide her organization on various fronts, but has opposed man for man on the French front, and there is reason to believe that in most combats, she has had numerical superiority.

Barring the first two months of the war, when unprepared France fell back under the impetus of this

world's Colossus, she has held her own. Before the war ends, she expects to have demonstrated that she can do more than that.

France feels Verdun is the supreme test of the present relative efficiency of the two fighting machines. Best estimates available here place the total of German troops employed there since the beginning of the battle at 1,000,000. France can give the names and numbers of German regiments to establish this figure.

France has had no more than half that number. The Germans themselves place the total of French troops at Verdun at 500,000. Some neutral military experts give the same figure while the Swiss and Argentine military attaches with the Crown Prince's army place the figure so low as 350,000. Yet the French have more than held their own at Verdun.

This intensive organization has cost France tremendous effort. Since the beginning of the war, 5,000,000 Frenchmen have worn the French uniform in actual service. With a population of fewer than 40,000,000 one person of every eight in France, regardless of age, sex or physical ability, has served.

Before the war, each class as it was called to the colors with its attainment of military age, gave France but 250,000 soldiers. Since war began, the classes of 1916, 1917 and 1918, the last not called but its number known, have yielded 300,000 men each. The explanation is that when France had to create a military machine in a hurry societies for military preparation sprang up. The youth of France began in these societies a course of rigid military training largely athletic with the result that 50,000 more soldiers in every class have attained the physical perfection necessary for the military requirements than attained it before the war. France can still call another million men without recourse to a call en masse which would seriously affect the French in-

dustrial, economical and commercial life that is running as smoothly as her military machine. She does not believe she will ever have to do it.

The French military engine has attained its present perfection without a terrible toll of human life. The class of 1916 was called out and prepared but it has never been sent to the front; the class of 1917 still is in training, while the class of 1918 is simply in the hands of private societies for military preparation.

France's new steel helmet alone has reduced the head wounds 33 1/2 per cent. France has spared her men by superior genius in organization.

Upbuilding the material side of the French machine involved greater genius. There is not one French soldier who is wearing the same uniform or using an ounce of the same material he entered the war with. All have been entirely refitted many times. Beside the munition and artillery accomplishments, the above fact is not even worthy of mention.

Not the least military accomplishment of France has been the generous help extended her allies, especially the little ones.

In November 1914, when the Serbian army retreated for three weeks before the Austrian invasion owing to lack of ammunition, it was the steamers of the Messageries Maritimes and the flagship Waldeck Rousseau that rushed to Salonika the heavy artillery and French ammunition that enabled the Serbians to turn the only decisive victory that the Allies have won to date, the destruction of an entire army.

When a few weeks later the heavy artillery on Mount Lowcen, the Gibraltar of the Adriatic proved insufficient, French artillerymen dragged heavy French guns up the all but inaccessible sides of the Montenegrin mountain and maned them.

Had all the allies extended the same timely and generous aid to Serbia and Montenegro that France did, these two countries would still be enjoying their independence and the present Salonika expedition would never have been necessary.

Berlin, Aug. 1.—The Kaiser today inaugurated a speechmaking propaganda throughout Germany to unify the empire on Germany's peace terms and to prepare the public mind for peace. Under the auspices of the German National Committee, an organization having the approval of the official censorship, fifty well known German orators will make the same speech in fifty German cities today. The speech is unofficially known to represent Chancellor von Bethmann Hollweg's peace terms views. The speech is being awaited with the keenest interest by both friends and foes of Dr. Hollweg. This propaganda may mark the beginning of re-established friendly relations between the Chancellor and those with whom he has politically disagreed on the conduct of the war. Dr. Hollweg is the man who engineered the ousting of Grand Admiral von Tirpitz and his submarine warfare campaign and kept friendly relations with the United States when a break seemed imminent. It is known that the Moderate, Conservative, National-Liberal and Catholic elements have been striving to make a reconciliation between the Chancellor and the Pan-German element.

TO UNIFY GERMANY ON PEACE TERMS

TRAINING GIRLS TO FLY FOR UNCLE SAM

Hugenot Park, S. I., N. Y., Aug. 1.—Lessons in aviation to equip 250 New York City girls to fly for Uncle Sam during war time will be the big feature of the women soldiers' camp of the American Woman's League For Self Defence which opened here today. Mrs. Ida E. Lowbar, herself a woman trooper, gave the girls 100 tents they pitched among others here today. An army officer will be at the camp daily to give the girls instructions in military tactics and setting up exercises. This officer may be Captain Lucius C. Higgins of the Ninth Regiment. Aeroplanes and wireless outfits were being installed at the camp today. The girls pay \$7 a week board.

WARRING NATIONS AT THEIR LAST STAND

New York, Aug. 1.—The warring nations of Europe are at their last stand, as they enter today upon the third year of the conflict. Two years of prodigious expenditures, of enormous losses and of indecisive victories and defeats have led up to the final phase of the great struggle which discloses neither side able as yet to dictate terms to the other. The Allies and the Central Empires have not even decided among themselves as to the details of their own terms. This must be the principal work of their statesmen during the third year of the war.

The two years of conflict have demonstrated that in a war as complex as the European struggle, other forces beside those controlled by the militarists play an increasingly important part in the final outcome. The present war map, showing the German lines extending far into enemy countries, and showing also the loss of Germany's colonial empire, is but one element that must enter into any discussion of peace. Lines on either side may hold, but once the enemy establishes a definite superiority in man-killing power, this fact will have a new bearing on peace negotiations. Three

AUSTRIANS WITHDRAWING FROM KOVEL, THREATENED BY THE RUSSIANS

other influences are at work in the final phase of the war: financial, economic and food. Financially, Europe at large is approaching a limit of impossible taxation after the war, to pay the interest on the money now being so readily borrowed under the influence of patriotic fervor. Belligerent statesmen are entering upon the third year of the war with serious financial misgivings that will probably stimulate interest in peace as new borrowings of billions become necessary. It is practically certain that in some of the warring nations, thinly disguised, socialistic seizures of property will have to be made, to pay the war bills, even if the war doesn't last a day longer. If peace continues to be evasive far into the third year of the war, there will be few countries that in the end will be able to avoid widespread confiscation. Economically, the two years of warfare have not been disastrous for any of the principal belligerents. Workingmen's wages, in general, have risen higher than the increased cost of living. The dispatch many millions of men to the front and the use of so many millions more in munitions' factories, have caused a scarcity of ordinary labor throughout Europe. The Central Empires, however, will feel a serious economic strain when the war is over, because their supply of raw materials is rapidly becoming exhausted. The Allies have been able to import raw materials continuously during the war, while Germany and Austro-Hungary have had to live on their reserves. How to

Price of Print Paper Being Discussed—Jewish Paper in Chicago Victim of Bomb Throwers.

GERMAN AIRSHIPS MAKE NEW RAID IN ENGLAND Attack Begun in Eastern Counties Last Night, Still in Progress, Official Report Says.

Washington, Aug. 1.—The increasing price of print paper is being discussed by a convention of publishers in session here today. The convention demands action by the government.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—Two bombs were dropped early today on the Jewish Daily Press office, damaging the building to some extent. The editor's family, who reside in upper rooms, were thrown from their beds by the shock of the explosion.

London, Aug. 1.—There is little change on the western front today. British flyers have dropped seven tons of bombs on the German communication lines on the Somme front. It was one of the largest raids of the war. The French report the repulse of German counter attacks on their new position north of the Somme. Wireless reports indicate that the Austrians are withdrawing their heavy artillery at Covel, which is threatened by the Russian advance. Two towns have been evacuated.

London, Aug. 1.—The eastern and southeastern counties of England had a visitation from German airships late last night, and at this hour the attack is still proceeding. An official communication just issued says: "An attack by a number of hostile airships developed before midnight. The raiders are reported as having crossed the coast line along the eastern and southeastern counties. Bombs were dropped off the Thames estuary. "The attack is proceeding."

Notice of Appointment of Administrator. In the District court of the State of Iowa, in and for Hamilton county, in probate. In the Matter of the Estate of Hindertje Jansen, deceased. To whom it may concern: Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as Administrator of the estate of Hindertje Jansen, late of Hamilton county, Iowa, deceased. All persons in any manner indebted to said deceased or his estate will make payment to the undersigned; and those having claims against said deceased or his estate will present them in manner and form as by law required, for allowance and payment. Dated this 12th day of July, A. D. 1916.

F. A. Welp, Administrator of said estate. 14F3 I. J. Sayrs, Atty.

Notice of Dissolution of the Martin Telephone Co. To whom it may concern: Notice is hereby given, that at a special stockholders meeting of the Martin Telephone company held at Webster City, Iowa, on the 1st day of July, 1916, a resolution was unanimously adopted, by a vote of more than two-thirds of all the outstanding stock of said corporation, dissolving the same and terminating its corporate existence, as by statute and its articles of incorporation provided. Dated at Webster City, Iowa, this 5th day of July, 1916.

E. H. Martin, President. M. M. Martin, Secretary. 13-F-4.



AND IN PAPERS.



Inexplicable. "Eliza!" yelled the poet, "why don't you keep that kid quiet? What ails him, anyway?" "I'm sure I don't know," replied his patient wife; "I'm singing one of your lullabies to the little darling."—Catholic Standard and Times.

The Feud Still On. Ethel—Maud says she is ready to make up to you are. Kate (snappishly)—Tell her I'd be ready to make up, too, if I had a complexion as muddy as hers.—Boston Transcript.

SOUTH DAKOTA \$10 ROUND TRIP
The Minneapolis and St. Louis R. R. will sell every Tuesday until November 28th, Special Homeseeker tickets to South Dakota points on their line at \$10.00 round trip, tickets good ten days. If interested in that wonderfully productive country please send name and address for free descriptive pamphlet.
A. B. Cutts, Gen. Pass. Agt.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN. 14-F2