

The Paducah Daily Sun

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PADUCAH, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 11, 1902.

10 CENTS PER WEEK.

TORNADO HITS HARD

Many Towns in Illinois Wrecked by Last Night's Destructive Storm.

Louisvillians Badly Frightened But No Damage—Governor Beckham Visiting.

PA. REPUBLICANS MEET.

DESTRUCTIVE TORNADO.

Chicago, Ill., June 11—Mearge reports have been received here relative to a destructive tornado which last night swept from the southern boundary of Wisconsin through Central Illinois as far south as Bloomington, with ramifications west of the Mississippi.

At Merna, Ill., 30 lives were lost.

Laurel, a little town in Marshall county, Iowa, has been wiped out by the fury of the storm.

Bloomington, Ill., was severely hit and many buildings were wrecked and traffic suspended, but no lives were lost.

The wires have all been down, and it is with difficulty that any information whatever has been secured. Crews from the telegraph and telephone companies' offices left Chicago early to begin restoring the lines shattered by the storm.

The tornado swept through the state about midnight, accompanied by electric discharges of a severe nature. For seven hours Chicago could obtain no communication with cities in the path of the storm.

GOV. BECKHAM IN DANVILLE.

Frankfort, June 11—Governor Beckham this morning left for Danville, Ky., to attend the university commencement exercises. He will return tomorrow.

LOUISVILLE HIT BY STORM.

Louisville, June 11—Louisville was hit by a lively thunder storm this morning early. The wind blew at the rate of 50 miles an hour. People were badly frightened, but no damage was done. The rainfall was nearly half an inch.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

Harrisburg, Pa., June 11—The nomination of Judge Samuel Pennypacker of Philadelphia, for governor, was practically assured when the state convention met here today. The followers of Attorney General Elkin were full of fight and declare they would not concede defeat until the nominations are made.

THE COW QUESTION.

All persons interested in the cow ordinance are respectfully invited to meet at Tammany hall on corner of Third and Court streets at 7 o'clock p. m., June 12, 1902. It is expected there will be an all night discussion at this meeting. By order of Debating club.

THE MARKETS.

(Furnished by Arens & Gilbert, of the Paducah Commission Co.)

	OPEN	CLOSE
WHEAT—		
July.....	71 1/2	71 1/2
September.....	70 1/2	70 1/2
December.....	71 1/2	71 1/2
CORN—		
July.....	63	63 1/2
September.....	64 1/2	64 1/2
December.....	44 1/2	44 1/2
OATS—		
July.....	36 1/2	37
September.....	29 1/2	29 1/2
PORE—		
July.....	17 7/8	17 7/8
September.....	17 7/8	17 7/8
LARD—		
July.....	10 3/4	10 3/4
September.....	10 1/2	10 1/2
December.....	10 1/2	10 1/2
RIBS—		
July.....	10 3/4	10 3/4
September.....	10 1/2	10 1/2

STILL ON A STRIKE

Caulkers Refuse to Return to Work, and Say They Will Stand Firm.

They Object to Common Laborers Doing Work They Claim Belongs to Them.

WAYS TEMPORARILY CLOSED

THE STRIKE OF CAULKERS.

The strike of fifteen caulkers is still on at the marine ways, and there is no definite prospect of an early settlement. The published report that the differences had been adjusted and they would return to work today was without foundation.

The caulkers claim that their rules and by-laws require them to do their own "reaming" and "horsing," which has reference to the manner of caulking a boat, or placing the oakum in the seams of the hull.

Yesterday they received information that Superintendent Mike Williams was going to put on laborers to do the horsing and reaming, in order to rush work, they and all quit before he had a chance to put on the laborers.

There was a meeting yesterday afternoon, and another this morning, and the result was simply that the caulkers decided that they could make no concessions, but would adhere to their laws.

Captain Williams says he has shut down the ways temporarily on account of the shortage in timber, and will not operate them again until he receives plenty of it.

It is understood that an agreement has been drawn up for presentation to Superintendent Williams, agreeing to put on no laborers for the work mentioned above, and if it is signed the men will return to work.

The caulkers this morning could have gone to work on the Halpin, but declined. They claim that during the dull season they were given to understand that they could make it up in the busy season, and now when there is plenty to do, the management is trying to put on common laborers to do the work of skilled laborers, thus taking that much work from the latter and reducing the amount of work they will have to do on every job, at the same time cutting short the job.

HOTTEST OF YEAR

THE MERCURY TODAY WENT TO 99 IN THE SHADE.

There has been another sudden change in the weather. Yesterday many people were still wearing hastily donned winter suits as a result of the cool spell of the night before, and this afternoon Observer Bornemann's government thermometer at 2 o'clock showed that the temperature was 99 in the shade, the highest of the year, with prospects of its going to 100 before night.

LARGE CROWDS ATTENDED

IMPRESSIVE SERVICES AT TEMPLE ISRAEL THIS MORNING.

The confirmation services at Temple Israel this forenoon were largely attended and were most impressive. The program, both musical and otherwise, was one that was prepared with great care, and Rabbi David Alexander preached an eloquent sermon.

The confirmants were Jennie and Abram Sloan.

MORGAN GOES TO LONDON.

Dover, England, June 11.—J. Pierpont Morgan of New York arrived here this afternoon from the continent and proceeded to London.

THE FIGHT GETS HOT

Now a Question of Canal or No Canal.

The Spooner Bill, It Is Claimed, Means Delay—Mr. Turner Speaks in Favor of Nicaragua.

WHAT CONGRESS IS DOING

Washington, June 11.—That the adoption of the Spooner substitute instructing the President to negotiate for the Panama canal would mean no canal legislation is made plain by statements of prominent members of the house that the lower branch would stick to its own canal bill, and the subject would die in conference.

Representative Hepburn, by whose name the bill is known, is now out of the city, but those familiar with his views say he would never yield to the Spooner substitute. Representative Mann of Illinois, an able lieutenant of Mr. Hepburn, said:

"It is a question of canal or no canal. If the senate should adopt the Spooner substitute the house, which passed the Hepburn bill with only two dissenting votes would not yield. It is a desperate fight between legislation and no legislation, and I do not think that the senate appreciates the situation. Nicaragua means a certainty of completion. Panama means uncertainty of beginning. Nicaragua means a clear title, freedom from scandal. Panama means legal and diplomatic clouds, and the possibility of almost endless scandal."

In the senate yesterday Mr. Turner of Washington spoke in favor of the Nicaragua route. He maintained that the new Panama company could not pass a clear title to the Panama Canal company's rights, franchises and property to the United States, and that if this government purchased it, it would be with all its encumbrances.

WANTS SMITH'S RECORD.

Marshal Crow received a letter this morning from G. E. Corner, superintendent of police of the city of Cleveland, O., asking for the criminal record of Will Smith, colored, who was sent from Paducah in 1888 for robbery to serve a ten year sentence in the Eddyville penitentiary. Marshal Crow is examining the records of the court, and will furnish the Cleveland authorities all the information he can get.

IN THE POLICE COURT

Several Young Men Charged With Assaulting a Hack Driver.

The Bulger-Gainor Case Again Left Open by Judge Sanders—Other Cases.

A BEGGAR GETS THIRTY DAYS

Tony Iseman, Red Hubbard, Eldrith Kyle and Jesse Benson were presented in police court this morning on a charge of assaulting "Beau" Clark, a hack driver, last night. It seems that Clark carried some woman to a place where one of the defendants was, so she could raise a disturbance with him, and he and his friends later retaliated by attacking Clark while he was sitting in front of the Palmer House half asleep. He was badly beaten up with their fists, but not seriously hurt. They all drove off in buggies. Clark yelled so loudly when they beset him that a great many in the vicinity thought he had been cut all to pieces. The evidence was this morning partially heard and the case left open.

The warrant against John Gainor, John Bulger and Will Husbands for grand larceny was left open for further testimony.

A case against Husbands, for presenting a pistol when the officers overtook him was also continued.

The case against Mary Owen, for malicious cutting, and Florence McGanthey for malicious assault, were continued. They are the negro women who had a fight yesterday afternoon on Caldwell street, the McGanthey woman being cut.

Jim Taylor, colored, was fined \$20 and costs for being drunk and disorderly.

A case against Lottie Hamilton, colored, charged with obtaining a pair of shoes at Cochran's by claiming they were for a lady customer, was continued until tomorrow.

Fred Romaine was fined \$10 and costs for Sunday violation.

Charles Carroll, the legless man who was yesterday given hours to get out of town, was arrested again last night, and this morning given thirty days on the rock pile.

Cases against Sterling Fitzgerald and Clifton Bidwell, colored, for a breach of the peace, and against Em Bradshaw, for a similar offense, were continued.

ON HURRIED ORDERS

German War-Ships Sailing Hastily for Venezuelan Ports.

It Is Possible that a Peace Blockade Will Be Established to Collect Debt.

SHIPS FALKE AND GAZELLE

St. Thomas, D. W. I., June 11—The German cruiser Falke sailed for La Guayra, Venezuela, yesterday and the German cruiser Gazelle sailed for the same port today under hurried orders from Berlin.

A PEACE BLOCKADE.

Washington, June 11—In the absence of any official advices on the subject, the officials here are in the dark as to the reasons for the hurried departure of the German warships for Venezuela, as reported in the St. Thomas dispatch. Germany has a big claim against Venezuela, approximating 6,000,000 bolivars. One inference—there is no official information—is that Germany has sent her vessels to La Guayra to enforce the payment of the claim, as Venezuela has not attempted to meet the obligation.

The diplomatic correspondence of the state department shows that Germany has considered the question of coercion in connection with the payment of the claim. A communication from the German embassy of December 20 last, has this to say on the subject:

"In case the German government should be obliged to use coercion against Venezuela in connection with the pending claims it will have to be considered what kind of measures should be adopted. The most complete measure of coercion—that is the blockade of Venezuela harbors—would have to be carried through without a declaration of war preceding it. A blockade, therefore, would be a peace blockade. Such a blockade would touch likewise the ships of neutral powers, inasmuch as such ships, although a confiscation of them would not have to be considered, would have to be turned away and prohibited until the blockade should be raised. In the same manner European states have proceeded on such occasions, especially England and France."

It is not believed that the United States government would raise any objection should Germany undertake the blockade of Venezuelan ports, to collect the claim of the Berlin company, as the president, in his last message to congress, made the following observation in connection with the attitude of the American government on the Monroe doctrine:

"We do not guarantee any state against punishment if it misconducts itself, provided that the punishment does not take the form of the acquisition of territory by any non-American power."

WILL GIVE BOND TOMORROW.

Mr. F. E. Minter of Shawneetown, Ill., who was here yesterday to arrange for the bond of Charles Moody, the postal clerk charged with the theft of money from registered letters, returned home today at noon but will return tomorrow and give the \$1,000 bond.

NO MEETING TODAY.

The meeting of the Democratic railroad commissioners committee is to be held tomorrow at 10 a. m. at the Palmer house, and not today, as was stated in the other papers. Chairman Mott Ayers will preside.

Subscribe for The Sun.

CAPT. W. F. LAMBDIN

Veteran River Man and Confederate Soldier Succumbs to Long Illness.

Died Last Night After a Several Weeks Confinement—Was Sixty Years Old.

FUNERAL AT 2:30 TOMORROW.

Captain William F. Lambdin, the veteran river man, died about 1 o'clock this morning at his home, 321 North Twelfth street, after a long illness from a complication of diseases. He had been in failing health for the past year or more, and recently became so ill that he went to Dawson. He spent several weeks there the first time, and came back slightly improved, but was compelled to return about two weeks ago.

He came back last week, and was apparently better, but yesterday became worse, and death relieved his sufferings after midnight.

There was not a more familiar character about the river front than Captain Lambdin had been for the past twenty years. He was one of Paducah's best known citizens, and had resided here for the past fifty years.

He was born in Lebanon, Ohio, but came here with his father, Dr. McKay Lambdin, in the forties. He grew to manhood here, and spent most of his life here except what time he resided at Cairo and St. Louis and was a steamboat agent.

At one time he clerked for the hat concern of J. S. Jackson, for years a leading merchant here.

Captain Lambdin served with credit during the civil war, and was a member of the Third Kentucky Confederate Volunteers.

He was a hat drummer after the war, but about twenty years ago became a steamboat agent, and had been one ever since, up to a year or two ago.

Captain Lambdin had been intimately associated with the local press for many years. He was for years river editor of the Daily News, and had subsequently served on nearly every paper in Paducah at different times. His knowledge of steamboating was very extensive, and he was very popular with river men. He was energetic and accommodating, and will be greatly missed by the press of the city, as well as the river interests.

Captain Lambdin is the last of his family, except his aged mother, Mrs. Margaret Lambdin. His father and three brothers rest in Oak Grove, beside whom the remains will be buried. A half brother resides in Cincinnati.

The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the family residence on Twelfth street, services by Rev. G. W. Briggs, who will return to the city in time to hold them. The burial will be at Oak Grove under the auspices of the Confederate Veterans.

DOCTORS LEAVE FOR THE DAY.

Local doctors left on the Cowling this forenoon for Metropolis Landing to attend the quarterly meeting of the McCracken County Medical society. They will return this evening on the Dick Fowler. Only a few doctors from Paducah attended being as follows: Drs. Stewart, Rivers, Coyle, Elliott, Major Tom Moss and Druggist Jesse Gilbert.

FULTON'S CURFEW LAW.

Fulton has a new curfew law, which requires all citizens, to be in by midnight, unless they have a good excuse to be out. The regulation will be strictly enforced.

DE LAW ME, MISSUS

Ef dis here polish don't beat 'em all a-shinin'.
It's de shininest stuff you eber sawed glitter.
Golly! Don't she shine?

OF COURSE, HART'S FURNITURE POLISH shines. It outshines them all; it's made to shine—to clean—to make new. Old furniture takes on on new life and looks young again; smiles and blushes like a pretty maid.

A little polish—a little rag—a little rub—and all is bright and cheerful.

Folks, shine 'em up, and make "Home SWEET Home."

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