THE HICKMAN COURIER.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY
—BY—
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THE HICKMAN COURIER.

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Fine Job Printing
—EXECUTED—
With Neatness and Dispatch.

SALE BILLS,
ENVELOPES,
LETTER-HEADS,
BILL-HEADS,
INVITATIONS,
ETC., ETC.

CALL AND SEE US.

CURRENT TOPICS.

SECRETARY LAMAR is a Jersey cattle fancier.

WILL CARLETON is engaged on a volume of poems.

THE session of the German Reichstag has closed.

IN the Grand Canyon of Colorado snow is still ten feet deep.

COFFEE isn't settled yet. Speculators are still stirring it up.

COTTON blooms are making their appearance in West Tennessee.

RARE manuscripts in the libraries of Paris are to be photographed.

HIAWATHA, KAN., has a young lady who watches over 15,000 silk worms.

KELLY, of motor fame, says he is getting tired. So are the stockholders.

THE Chicago lawyers are holding a coroner's inquest on the late wheat deal.

[illegible] fourth of the women [illegible]

A BULLET aimed at Miss Geary, of St. Louis, lodged in her newspaper bustle.

MR. LESS, of Cumru, Pa., sold sixteen dollars' worth of cherries off one tree.

ALL hope of getting natural gas in Cleveland, O., is practically abandoned.

AMONG the presents at a recent Adrian (Mich) wedding were eight pickle casters.

A VETERAN who fought under Blucher at Waterloo died in Brooklyn the other day.

THE making of shoes on contract in Pennsylvania prisons will cease in November next.

GENERAL MEADE'S monument in Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, will be dedicated on October 18.

EX-QUEEN ISABELLA, of Spain, now in Paris, is spending money at the rate of $600,000 annually.

THE Prussian minister of education refuses to admit women to the universities or medical schools.

THERE is a general belief that the tobacco tax will be abolished early in the coming session of Congress.

BISMARCK'S two boys put in more hours of solid labor every day than any two young men in the fatherland.

MME. CHRISTINE NILSSON, the Countess Miranda, now owns the house where Admiral Coligny was murdered.

"THE man-who-ran-so-fast-that-the-wind was-left-behind," is the name of a recently elected chief of the Sioux tribe.

A COMMISSION to inquire into the phenomenon of spiritualism has been appointed by the University of Pennsylvania.

LONDON'S latest dynamite sensation, after thorough investigation, turns out to be a water-damaged fire-cracker fright.

THE cottage of the late General Grant is being refitted and it is said will be occupied part of the sumamer by Mrs. Grant.

MOSQUITOES, according to a recent bulletin of the United States Fish Commission, are a deadly enemy to young brook trout.

THE postmaster at Scott Bar, Cal., stands seven feet high in his stockings—the tallest postmaster in the United States.

WILSON WADDINGHAM, of Connecticut, is the largest land-holder in the United States. He owns the title to two million acres.

MRS. ROSENBURG, of the Treasury Department at Washington, is the best counterfeit detector in the world. She gets $1,800 a year.

THE library of the British Museum now contains more than 2,000,000 books, which occupy three miles lineal of bookcases eight feet high.

THE pension office at Topeka, Kan., disbursed $241,990.87 during the past quarter. There are 28,072 honorably discharged soldiers on the roll.

KANSAS boasts of having the tallest man in this country, Mr. J. D. Hasden. He is seven feet, three and a half inches high. He lives at Lakin.

A SMALL train has been safely run, without annoyance in the way of smoke and cinders, on the Pennsylvania railway with petroleum as fuel.

THE largest Delaware shad caught this season is claimed to be one captured at Billingsport, N. J., which weighed nine and a quarter pounds.

A MAN in Nauvoo, Ill., claims to have a span of mules that were used in hauling stone for building the Mormon temple in that place fifty years ago.

MANUEL NOEL, an aged French Canadian, residing at Laconia, N. H., feasted on a pound of raw beefsteak, a few days ago, and died within half an hour.

A STATUE of President Arthur is to be erected in Madison Square, New York. The sum of $30,000 will be needed, of which $15,000 has been already raised.

IN a garden at Woodland, Cal., is growing a clump of wheat which is a curiosity because of the fact that 161 stalks have spread from one kernel of wheat.

IN the great Eastern institutions of learning they fully appreciate the value of gymnastics. Harvard's gymnasium cost $110,000, Yale's $125,000, and Columbia's $156,000.

THE new coins which are now to be issued in England in honor of the Queen's jubilee, bear the likeness of her Majesty, with a small crown above the widow's cap and veil.

IT behooves Boston girls to carry extra magnifying glasses when visiting in the rural districts, as one of the dear creatures mistook a bumblebee for a blackberry the other day.

ALFRED BULLY, the New York railroad magnate, presented a check of fifty thousand dollars to his niece, who graduated at the Metzgar institute at Carlisle, Pa, a few days ago.

HIS trial is said to be costing Jacob Sharp over $75,000, and it is added that the amount will be increased to nearly half a million should he have to carry the case to the court of appeals.

SITTING BULL is in mourning for the death of his eldest daughter. He is at Standing Rock Agency, D. T., and endeavored to show his great grief by slaughtering all his old enemies. A score of them were obliged to flee the camp for safety.

MISS JENNIE SULLIVAN of Fonda, N. Y., was attacked by hiccoughs three months ago and has had no relief except when placed under the influence of opiates. She is now a physical wreck.

THE experience of the New York *World* in ballooning would seem to indicate the necessity of having way stations where new supplies of gas may be obtained when setting out upon long trips.

A STUDENT at Vanderbilt University, in Tennessee, has beaten the world's record in high kicking, having reached with his big toe the unprecedented height of nine feet three and a half inches.

ABE BRADFORD, of Parkersburg, W. Va., lost the power of speech eight years ago, but found it again the other day when his mules balked, and just when he wanted it more than ever before in his life.

THE tuition rates at Yale are to be increased. Since Stagg was offered $3,000 for a few months' work as a professional pitcher the university has felt that it was offering the advantages of its curriculum to the public at too great a sacrifice.

THUS far this most plausible theory of the impure milk which poisoned Harlem families is that it came from cows with hoof rot. Milk from a cow with that disease sickened a rabbit to which it was given.

THE FISCAL YEAR.

What the Government Has Been Doing the Past Twelve Months.

The Showing with Reference to Our Commerce Better Than That of Last Year.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—A statement just issued by the Bureau of Statistics gives some interesting features of the workings of the year which ends with this month. As every body knows, the Government's year ends and begins just in the middle of the people's year. So the close of the present month will bring the close of the present year for the Government. Some weeks will pass after the close of the year before the exact figures of the year's accomplishments will be had, but from the figures already published and [illegible] of the preceding months and years, a pretty good idea of the results of the year may be had, at this distance from its ending. Indications now are that the importations of the year will amount to $620,000,000 in value, a larger sum than at any time since 1882. The exports of the year will amount to about $730,000,000, leaving a balance of $80,000,000 in our favor. Of the $620,000,000 of imports over $450,000,000 came through the port of New York. Of the balance Boston got $60,000,000, Philadelphia $40,000,000 and San Francisco $41,000,000. Of the exports $350,000,000 were sent out through the port of New York, the balance being distributed among over fifty ports. The exports of gold coin and bullion during the year will be very small, only $10,000,000 against $35,000,000 last year. Of the silver the exports will be about $25,000,000 against $33,000,000 last year. In imports of coin and bullion the tide has been in our favor, for the amount of gold imported will be about $43,000,000 against $20,000,000 the preceding year, and of silver about the same amount as last year, $18,000,000. The exports of merchandise for the year are not so large as might be wished, but that they are more than they were last year is one consolation, although they are less than in any other year since 1881. They will amount to $720,000,000, or about $12 for each individual member of the National family. The imports unhappily, are greater than since 1883, and are within $30,000,000 of the value of the exports. It seems strange that this country, which prides itself upon being able to produce and manufacture everything necessary for the comfort of the human family, should have to send $700,000,000 out of the country in a year to buy merchandise. Another interesting statement in the work of the year is that which shows the number of immigrants arriving. They will number for the year just about a round half million, against a little over 300,000 last year. The number coming in at the port of New York during the year will foot up a round 400,000. Of one half million arriving about 112,000 are Germans, 75,000 from England and Wales, 75,000 from Ireland, 60,000 from Norway and Sweden, and 50,000 Italians. In only four preceding years has the immigration run so large. In '81 it was 669,000; in '82, 788,000; in '83, 603,000, and in '84, 518,000.

Rowan County News.

MAYSVILLE, KY., June 27.—Persons who arrived in this place just from Elliott County state that the two Mannins who escaped from Morehead were arrested at Martinsburg, but escaped by breaking jail on Friday. Saturday they crossed the Ohio at Ashland. Andy Tolliver, who was wounded in the fight at Moorehead last Wednesday, was arrested at his home near Martinsburg, but died at Elliottsville on his way back under guard to Morehead. People from Morehead this morning report all quiet.

The Ravenna Robbers Captured.

DETROIT, June 27.—A *Tribune* special from Alpena says: "Sheriff Lynch and posse have just arrested three desperadoes for whom a reward of sixteen thousand dollars is said to be offered. They are from Ravenna, O. Sheriff Lynch was shot in the leg, but not dangerously wounded. One of the prisoners tried to commit suicide soon after being captured. Owing to the late hour particulars have not been received."

Doll, the Murderer, Insane.

CANTON, O., June 27.—Conrad Doll, the double murderer, went suddenly insane at the county jail this afternoon, and is now a raving maniac. He imagines the jail is about to fall on him, and he stands in his cell pushing with both hands against the wall, and yelling at the top of his voice. A special grand jury was impaneled this afternoon on his case and the cases of fourteen tramps who are to be tried under the tramp law.

An Interesting Discovery.

LONDON, June 27.—It is announced that Ovid's tomb has been discovered. The location is at Anadolkioi, near Kustendani. The stone marking the tomb represents Ovid's arrival at the Island of Tomi, when he was banished thither by Augustus, A. D. 8, on account of the poet's intrigue with the Emperor's daughter Julia and Apollo's reception of him. Ovid's Isle is a few miles from Kustendani.

Riot at Rochester.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 27.—In dispelling a mob assembled for the purpose of intimidating workingmen who refused to strike, policemen were stoned by the mob, so that recourse to pistols became necessary. Three officers were severely injured by the mob, and at least two of the latter were killed and others wounded.

Crops Refreshed.

ST. PAUL, MINN., June 27.—Specials to the *Pioneer Press* from Central Dakota and Minnesota report soaking rains, greatly benefiting the crops, which were beginning to suffer for want of moisture.

—The male wasp, the naturalist tells us, never stings. But so long as he and his sister are twins and dress exactly alike this bit of knowledge availeth nothing to the careless man who does not know it is the lady who is approaching him until it be that she smiteth him with her bustle. What humanity demands of science in the case of the wasp is the invention of some prompter method of distinguishing between Monsieur and Mardamwazzle at forty yards.—*Burdette.*

—Some Pennsylvania men have started a couple of skunk ranches, one at Little's Corner, and the other at Miller's Station. Good skunkskins sell readily at a dollar apiece, and the idea is to keep the market well supplied with the black and white pelts without breaking down the price.

—"You girls want the earth," said a Trenton father, when one of his daughters asked him for six dollars for a new jacket. "No, papa," said the ingenious child of twenty, "not the earth—only a new Jersey."—*Trenton (N. J.) Emporium*

UPROARIOUS SUNDAY.

St. Louis All Torn up Over the Sunday Law—The Attempt to Close Saloons Excite Humorous and Sensational Scenes.

ST. LOUIS, MO., June 26.—The enforcement of the Sunday law to-day was occassion for many exciting, humorous and sensational scenes. The Saloon-keepers' Association had as a body accepted the recommendation of the brewers to close their business and make a few test cases, but it was found that quite a number were unmanageable, and these made trouble for the police throughout the day. Owing to a queer order of the board of police commissioners arrests were not begun until sunrise this morning, though how Sunday came to be twelve instead of twenty-four hours long nobody seemed ready to explain. Promptly at sunrise, however, the blue-coats turned their attention to violators of the law, and the whole power of the department was necessary to enforce order and preserve the peace. In the Central District, which includes all the leading hotels and so-called first-class saloons, only a few unimportant arrests were made, the main trouble being in the Carondelet, Fifth and outlying districts, where there was a preponderance of foreigners. In the southern part of the city Max Stoehr, the Anarchist, threw open his saloon at the usual hour and proceeded to violate the law to the best of his ability. Before an hour had elapsed he was placed under arrest and conveyed to the Four Courts. Then his bar-keeper reopened the doors and resumed business, only to find himself a few moments later behind the jail bars, whereupon Mrs. Stoehr hung out the red flag and took her husband's place, dealing out drinks at a rapid rate. In the mean time Anarchists began to assemble from all portions of the city, and at one time their demonstrations were sufficiently formidable to require the strongest effort of the police department to disperse the crowd. Stoehr's saloon was, after repeated efforts, finally closed. In Carondelet a saloon-keeper was arrested and his house closed, but by prearrangement a number of his friends fell into line behind the bar, each taking his turn at dealing out drinks and getting arrested. The police made short work of this case. In the northern part of the city two men placed themselves in a closet behind a huge ice-chest, and from this convenient resort handed out beer until the police had actually reduced the ice-chest to kindling wood and secured the dealers in person. Altogether there was an unexpected number of violations and arrests. Joseph Schnaider, who was selected by brewers and saloon-keepers to keep his beer-garden open and make a test case, submitted gracefully to arrest, and was conveyed to the Four Courts in a carriage, accompanied by a retinue of wealthy brewers. The cases will be heard to-morrow morning in the Court of Criminal Correction. Blank bonds, signed by two prominent brewers, have been distributed at all police stations, and hence the violators found no difficulty in securing immediate release. At the churches to-day the Sunday law was the general topic of interest, and Dr. John Snyder, of the Unitarian Church, preached a powerful sermon against the law.

Band Music by Telephone.

NEW ORLEANS, June 26.—Once every week the musical band of the Continental Guards gives a concert in Lafayette Square, Frank T. Howard, a generous and wealthy citizen, paying the expenses. On music nights the square is crowded with women and children. Not to be outdone, the manager of the telephone company has fixed instruments over the music platform, and when the band plays, he switches on his instruments, so that the music is heard not only in hundreds of city residences, but on plantations up and down the river, and hundreds of miles in the interior.

Daring Rope-Walker Killed at Niagara.

NIAGARA FALLS, ONT., June 26.—St. Peer, a local celebrity who outdid Blondin in daring feats around Niagara, and recently crossed on a five-eighth inch cable, is dead. Ever since he did the daring act he has been drinking very hard. Last evening his mangled body was found near the bottom of the incline. The general belief is that he attempted to walk out on the cable, and lost his footing and fell to the abyss below.

Retaliation Threatened.

NIAGARA FALLS, ONT., June 26.—The action of the U. S. authorities in taking the names of Canadians employed on the American side as they pass over the bridge causes great indignation here. The citizens threaten that if any bill compelling Canadians who work in the United States to live there be put into effect, they will bring about measures to have the railways transact their business on the Canadian side of the river.

Accident in a Church.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 26.—A temporary flooring under the Concordia Church, at Brockport, gave way during the service this afternoon, precipitating a large number of people to the cellar. About twenty persons were injured, some of them seriously. Charles Shrader, whose back was injured, will probably die. The cause is ascribed to the defective support of the flooring.

Not the Man.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 26.—Detective Curtin, who went from here to Salem, Ore., to identify a man arrested there on suspicion of being Bryant B. Crandall, supposed to have committed suicide at Niagara Falls, but reported to be alive in the West, telegraphs that the man is not Crandall.

One of the Tolliver Men Arrested.

LEXINGTON, KY., June 26.—Marshal Taul, of Mt. Sterling, has arrested John Rogers, one of the Tolliver men who had such a narrow escape from death at Morehead last Monday. He is charged with murder.

The July Interest.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Secretary of Treasury Fairchild has directed Assistant Treasurers to pay July interest checks and coupons upon presentation. This is done in order to release enough money at once to prevent embarrassment in financial circles.

Yellow Fever at Key West.

KEY WEST, FLA., June 26.—There have been four new cases of fever since yesterday but no deaths. The record now stands: Total cases to date 42, total deaths 18, sick now 14, discharged cured 10.

Land Entries to be Cancelled.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Preliminary steps have been taken by the Interior Department to cancel fifty-five desert land entries in Wyoming Territory, aggregating about 35,000 acres, because the conditions of entry have not been fulfilled, and because of falsification and conspiracy therein.

Death of General Speed.

LOUISVILLE, KY., June 26.—General James Speed, Attorney-General under President Lincoln, died yesterday at his home near Crescent Hill, a few miles from this city

POSTAL MATTERS.

Changes in Presidential and Non-Presidential Offices.

Interesting Statistics for the Handlers of Our Mails.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The total number of salaries of postmasters reviewed and adjusted in accordance with the provisions of the law of 1883, which adjustments take effect at the beginning of the next fiscal year, July 1, is 2,359. Twenty-two of the present number of third class Presidential offices will, on that date, be relegated to the non-Presidential, or fourth class, and two of the present fourth class offices will be placed in the list of Presidential offices of the third class at the beginning of the fiscal year will be 2,336, as follows: Eighty-two of the first, 435 of the second, and 1,819 of the third class. Their aggregate receipts for the four quarters ended March 31 last were $35,176,161, of which sum 11 3-100 per cent., making an aggregate of $3,880,330 will be absorbed for salaries of their postmasters for the next fiscal year. The increase in the gross receipts of these offices, as compared with those of the previous year, was $2,684,610. The total of these receipts amounted to seventy-four and eighty-four one-hundredths of the total revenue of the department for the same period. Seven of the present number of second-class offices will be raised to the first-class July 1, and six will be relegated to the third-class. Fifty third-class offices will be added to the second-class. The total number of Presidential offices established or raised from the fourth-class during the present fiscal year is 118.

AT HIS WIFE'S GRAVE.

Suicide of a Widower Who Was Forced to a Second Marriage.

ERIE, PA., June 24.—Charles Williams, of Corry, this county, blew out his brains last evening on his wife's grave. In his left hand was a note saying: "I here end a worthless life." The suicide was to have been married again at the very hour he took his life, to Miss Bessie Prentiss. News of the tragedy was taken to the brilliant party met to celebrate the wedding, where the bride was anxiously awaiting his coming. All the people directly interested are wealthy. Young Williams has been dissipating for several months past. His friends say he has been coerced into a distasteful marriage.

Coal Production in 1886.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The U. S. Geological Survey furnish the following statistics of the production of coal in the United States in 1886: The total production, exclusive of that consumed at the mines, was 107,082,209 short tons, valued at $147,112,755 at the mines. This may be divided into Pennsylvania anthracite, 26,606,475 tons, and all other coals, including bituminous, brown coal, lignite and small lots of anthracite produced in Arkansas and Colorado, 70,985,734 tons. The mine consumption at the individual mines varies from nothing to eight per cent. of the total product. The total absolute production was 112,743,493 short tons, total value, $154,600,176. The total production of all kinds of coal shows a net gain of 1,785,381 short tons, compared with 1885, but a loss in spot value of $4,419,420.

Life Takers Throttled.

ST. LOUIS, June 24.—Albert Blount, the wife murderer, was hanged here at 6:35 o'clock this morning. Life was extinct six minutes and fifteen seconds after the drop.

INDEPENDENCE, MO., June 24.—Edward Sneed was hanged to-day. The crime which Sneed suffered death was committed in Kansas City, near a saloon called the "Blue Front," July 26, 1884, at which time he shot Orlans Loomis to death.

Harper's Victims.

FREDERICK, MD., June 24.—The Catoctin Iron Company to-day went into the hands of Thos. Gorsuch, who filed bond for $100,000 as receiver. The company asked for the appointment of a receiver for protection against the creditors of E. L. Harper, of the recently collapsed Fidelity National Bank of Cincinnati, who had been an extensive purchaser from the Catoctin Company, and a number of whose drafts are in the hands of the company. The suspension is only temporary.

The Earth Sinking.

SHENANDOAH, PA., June 24.—The residents of that section of the city near the junction of Gilbert and Lloyd streets were thrown into a state of excitement, between one and two o'clock this morning, by the subsidence of the ground on which their houses stood. A number of houses were damaged and the roadway wrecked. Further cracking of the surface is expected.

Enterprising Burglars.

CHICAGO, June 24.—The police are engaged on a novel burglary case, the facts of which have just come out. On Tuesday night last a boarding-house, No. 764 Clybourn avenue, was entered, and twenty boarders, principally street car employes, were chloroformed and robbed. The burglars only secured a few hundred dollars.

Dynamite Dastards.

ST. LOUIS, June 24.—The family of Dr. T. E. Buck, residing at No. 2610 Jefferson ave., was aroused shortly before midnight last night by a terrible explosion which nearly wrecked the house, tearing down plaster, breaking glass and weakening the partitions, yet causing no injury to any member of the doctor's family. A hasty examination revealed the fact that a dynamite bomb had been placed on the sill of the basement doorway and exploded, demolishing every thing in this room. Dr. Buck estimates his loss at $1,000. He is unable to account for the disaster, but considers it the work of an unknown enemy.

Monkeys as Laborers.

RIO JANEIRO, June 16.—The *Jornal de Comercio* says that on a farm in Brazil where hemp is grown seven large monkeys have been taught to cut the hemp and prepare it for sale. They work more quickly than the negroes, and the cost of feeding the animals is trifling.

McGlynn's Grace Almost Gone.

ROME, June 24.—The period of grace granted to Dr. McGlynn, of New York, is about to expire, and he has made no sign of submission. It is stated that the Pope will, without further delay, formally ex communicate him.

The Great Bank Failure.

CINCINNATI, June 24.—There are no new developments of striking interest in the Fidelity Bank failure. Vice-President Harper and Assistant Cashier Hopkins have not yet obtained bondsmen, and are still in jail. A number of suits in attachment have been filed.

Governor Hill Signs the Liquor Bill.

NEW YORK, June 24.—Governor Hill has signed the bill passed by the late Legislature extending local option throughout the State to the extent of permitting communities which have prohibited retail liquor selling to also prohibit it wholesale.

FOLLOWED THE FIDELITY.

The Firm of Whitely, Fassler & Kelly in the Hands of a Receiver—"Kiting" With the Fidelity Bank, of Cincinnati, and the Chicago Wheat Deal the Cause.

SPRINGFIELD, O., June 23.—This city is greatly excited to-night over the failure of the original Champion Reaper concern of Whitely, Fassler & Kelly. At six o'clock to-night application for appointment of a receiver for that concern was filed in the common pleas court by the Champion Bar and Knife Company. On a claim for $60,000 the application was allowed, and Wm. N. Whitely named and qualified as receiver. Later the following was telegraphed to all creditors broad: "Unexpected losses have temporarily forced us into the hands of Wm. N. Whitely, as receiver. Kindly have your representative attend a meeting here at our office on Tuesday next at ten o'clock to consider the situation." The following printed card was also prepared and sent out to-night.

SPRINGFIELD, O., June 23, 1887.

Owing to the recent financial difficulties of other parties, this corporation has been compelled to temporarily go into the hands of a receiver, for the protection of its property and all interested parties. The business will be continued as usual, and due attention given to its patrons and all of its different departments of business, employes, etc., will remain unchanged.

W. N. WHITELY,
Receiver for Whitely, Fassler & Kelly.

Mr. Whitely at a late hour to-night gave representatives of the press an interview at his office. He said the step was taken as a measure of protection for all creditors alke and thought the difficulties would be temporary only. He could not state liabilities, beyond the claim on which application for a receiver had been brought, nor whether or not the recent bank disaster in Cincinnati had any thing to do with the case. There would be further developments after the meeting next Tuesday. He would say simply that the cause of the suspension grew out of losses by parties to whom the concern had given its paper in business transactions, which had been extended along and had been swelled quite largely for their benefit only, and when they failed to protect us we determined it was best not to pay, which caused our creditors to take this present action for their protection. Mr. Whitely could give no direct information connecting his trouble with the Fidelity Bank disaster, but said there would be further developments. It is understood he was a close friend of E. L. Harper, and had dealings at times with the Fidelity. He knew of no call for him to go to Cincinnati to go upon Mr. Harper's bond. It is reported about town, however, that Harper has had great quantities of Whitely's paper, and also that of his firm, Whitely, Fassler & Kelly, and the failure is attributed to this fact. It has also leaked out that Whitely was in the late Chicago wheatdeal. There is nothing like a panic here, at some fears of excitement to-morrow, and the possibility of a run on one of the banks is discussed.

Burial of the Tollivers.

MOREHEAD, KY., June 23.—All quiet here to-day. The bodies of Craig, Bud and Jay Tolliver were taken this morning in wagons and driven to the old Tolliver cemetery, twenty miles north, in Rowan County. The bodies were buried this afternoon. At 6 o'clock last evening the body of Hiram Cooper was taken to the residence of his father, six miles north of Morehead, where it was buried to-day in the family burying ground. The bodies are badly decomposed. Fifteen determined men, under the leadership of D. B. Logan and H. M. Pigman, are patrolling the streets.

Killed His Keeper.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Moses J. Speight, aged fifteen years, an inmate of the House of Refuge, on Randall's Island, last night at nine o'clock struck his keeper, Wm. Edgar Cole, with a heavy stick, from the effects of which Cole died at the Harlem Hospital, this morning. The blow was dealt to enable Speight to gain possession of the keys and make his escape with other boys comprising a small gang, leagued together for that purpose.

White Man Lynched in Mississippi.

ABERDEEN, MISS., June 23.—At 2 o'clock this morning forty masked men rode into Kosciusko, proceeded to the jail, overpowered the jailer and took James M. Webb, a white man, to a convenient place and hanged him. On Sunday last Webb poisoned his wife, for which he was arrested and brought to the jail. The evidence was strong against him, and the indignation of the community was aroused to the lynching point.

In Prison Cells.

CINCINNATI, June 23.—E. L. Harper and Benj. Hopkins, two of the three Fidelity Bank officials under arrest, were surrendered by their bondsmen to-day, and in default of renewed bail are confined in the county jail. Joseph Wilshire, wheat speculator, was arrested for aiding and abetting in the willful misappropriation of the bank's funds.

Ireland Aroused.

LONDON, June 23.—The most intense feeling has been awakened in Ireland by the jubilee celebration. The excitement is not confined to the classes which have heretofore been the most restless, but has extended to merchants and professional men.

Most Horrible of All Deaths.

HAVERSTRAW, N. Y., June 23.—Matthew Gerst, who was bitten by a dog with which he was playing a month ago, and who was seized with symptoms of hydrophobia on Monday last, died this morning after a night of great agony. He was sixty years old, unmarried and wealthy.

Another Gift from Mr. Buchtel.

AKRON, O., June 23.—At to-day's commencement exercises at Buchtel College in this city it was announced that John R. Buchtel founder of the college, had just made a fresh gift to the institution of $175,000, making his donation in all nearly $400,000.

Collision at Sea.

BALTIMORE, June 23.—Captain Hummel, of the British steamship Lore, which arrived here this evening from Rotterdam, reports that on Tuesday last at about six o'clock in the evening, his vessel was in collision with the British brigantine Aldwyth, of Prince Edwards Island, which was carrying a cargo of sugar from St. Lucia to New York. The collision occurred off Cape Henlopen, in a dense fog. Three of the brig's crew jumped aboard the Lore, but though the steamer lay around for several hours, nothing could be seen of the brig.

Through a Bridge.

EVANSVILLE, IND., June 23.—A ninety-foot-span bridge, near Sturgis, Union County, Ky., fell to-day, while John Daniels and Matt Carter were crossing it with a double-mule team and a threshing-machine. The men, mules and machine were precipitated into a creek twenty-five feet below. Carter was instantly killed, but Daniels and the mules escaped. The machine was badly broken.

Another Yellow Jack Victim.

KEY WEST, FLA., June 23.—There has been one new case of yellow fever since yesterday noon, and two deaths have occurred.

SPECULATION DID IT.

A Sequel to the Great Chicago Wheat Deal.

The Fidelity National Bank Closes Its Doors, but the Officials say the Bank Will Pay Dollar For Dollar—Vice-President Harper Gives Up Every Thing to His Creditors.

CINCINNATI, June 21.—To-day the doors of the Fidelity National Bank are closed. When 9 o'clock arrived, the hour for opening the bank, the doors were shut and admittance was denied to all. Soon a large and angry crowd gathered and there was much excitement. All kinds of rumors were abroad. One, and it is known to be correct, was to the effect that the U. S. Bank Examiner had stepped in and that he had announced that it would be well for Mr. E. L. Harper, the Vice President and virtual manager of the concern, to resign. Meanwhile the crowd kept growing larger, and one or two men began to make threats, and talked about smashing the windows. But soon a detail of eight policemen arrived, and they kept the crowd quiet. One obstreperous individual, who claimed he would lose every thing should the Fidelity go under, attempted to force the doors of the bank open. He hammered and hammered on them and paid no attention to the commands of the police to stop. Finally they were obliged to tear him from the door and put him on the outside of the crowd where he quickly subsided.

"Have you any thing to say, Mr. Harper?" asked a newsman at ten o'clock as he approached the Vice-President of the Fidelity, who was found seated listlessly behind his big desk out of sight of those who were peering through the bank windows. "Not a word," was the answer, and then turning his eyes full on the interviewer, betraying considerable moisture about their corners, he continued: "What can I say? You see the bank is closed. Is there much of a crowd out in front?" "Yes, there are a good many people there, and more coming." "I think the excitement will be greater in other towns than it is here, don't you?" "That will be a matter to know of later. But, Mr. Harper, what is there in this statement that you were asked to resign?" "I haven't a word to say."

The newsman then went to Mr. Hopkins, the assistant cashier, and asked the question Mr. Harper had just refused to answer.

"Not a word of truth in it." "What about the depositors, Mr. Hopkins?" "Glad you mentioned that. Say to them that they will get every dollar, if not to-day or to-morrow the next day. Make it conspicuous that they will get every dollar."

Mr. Rowland Ellis, the old Bank Examiner for Ohio, said: "It looks very bad. I hear the Government agent has discharged Messrs. Harper, Baldwin and Hopkins from their positions of trust." "How could a Government agent discharge them?" "Why its a Government depository and the supposition is inevitable from to-day's developments that they have been using the Government funds. The Government has a prejudice against wheat deals, and will be likely to be very severe with these men if they are found to have been in that deal. If they have they have committed a penitentiary offense and are now, depend upon it, under Governmental surveillance."

Mr. J. R. DeCamp, of the Metropolitan, has been appointed receiver.

At noon to-day came the news of the assignment of the enormous iron business of E. L. Harper & Co. to Eugene Zimmerman. E. L. Harper & Co. controlled perhaps the greatest iron interests west of the Alleghenies. This includes the Riverside Rolling Mill, at Cullom Station, Riverside, and the extensive works in Newport, Ky., employing thousands of men. Mr. Harper also made a private assignment of his realty, personal property, etc., to a trusted man. Every thing he possesses has been turned over to his creditors.

Mr. Harper has transferred twenty-two lots to the Fidelity Bank, and a half interest in two others. However, he can not pay what he owes the bank in this way. According to all accounts that is a hopeless debt.

Joseph W. Wilshire transferred to E. L. Harper a great deal of real estate situated in different parts of the city on prominent streets.

This, no doubt, was done to secure the bank from any failure on the part of the grantor to pay $1,000,000, which he, Wilshire, is alleged to have borrowed without the Directors' consent and conveyed to Chicago.

Joseph Wilshire, it is said, has also gone up. He has transferred his property to Mr. Harper, who in turn transfers everything to his creditors.

What caused the trouble? is the universal question. It takes only one word in answer—speculation. In spite of all denials, in spite of the solemn assertions of Mr. Harper to the contrary the money of the Fidelity has been used in the great Chicago wheat deal.

There is one claim against the Fidelity by the American Exchange Bank of over $500,000, and Messrs. Swift and Lyman, two prominent Chicago attorneys, have been here for some days vainly trying to straighten out matters, and in connection with this claim it is found that there was some system of book-keeping by which the wheat deal operations were concealed. It is said that Mr. Hopkins signed Mr. Harper's name to the warehouse receipts, and that these receipts were not entered on the regular books as collaterals, but put together under some other head which did not divulge their true character. Thus the directors of the bank were kept in ignorance of what was going on.

A meeting of the Directors was held at 7:30 o'clock this morning. The Bank Examiner was present and he expounded the law to the Directors, and insisted that the bank should be closed until a complete examination of its condition should be made, and so when the hour came for opening the doors they were not opened.

It was supposed by many yesterday afternoon that the bank would have to close, and most of the other city banks kept open until 5 o'clock for the transaction of regular business, so as to give their depositors a chance to get rid of their checks on the Fidelity.

Notwithstanding the general knowledge that the Fidelity was in trouble, the Franklin allowed a balance of over $18,000 against the Fidelity to remain until to-day, whereas they could have had it put through the Clearing House yesterday afternoon.

One of the direct causes of the straits the Fidelity got into was the withdrawing of a loan of $50,000 which the Queen City had made for the purpose of helping it along. The Queen City has been friendly to the Fidelity and has at various times given needed aid, but when rumors of the condition of the Fidelity became serious it concluded to act on the principle of self-preservation, and demanded the return of its loan. A run was made on the bank, too, yesterday afternoon. It did not assume great proportions, but it was sufficient, with the withdrawal of favors such as the above mentioned, to render the Fidelity unable to meet a serious run such as would unquestionably have taken place to-day.

The liabilities of the bank are $5,500,000, and assets about $1,800,000, with but $300,000 cash on hand.

By order of the Comptroller of the Currency bank officials Harper, Baldwin and Hopkins were arrested this evening. They waived examination and were bound over to the United States Grand Jury by Commissioner Hooper.

—Mrs. S—"Johnny, where were you?" Johnny—"Behind the barn." Mrs. S—"Didn't you hear me call you?" Johnny—"Yes, ma'am." Mrs. S—"Then why didn't you mind and come to me?" Johnny—"Because you said to Aunt Maria yesterday that out of sight was out of mind. I was out of sight, ma."—*Boston Budget.*

—A gentleman who had just returned after an absence of a few months, meeting a friend, said: "I regret to hear that you and Miss Schmidt have nothing more to do with each other." "Yes, that's so," was the sorrowful reply. "What's the cause?" "We got married about two months ago."—*Texas Siftings.*

—Jensen—"Say, Smith, what kind of a man is Brown, the druggist, to have dealings with?" Smith—"I do not know. I have never done any business with him, but he can not help being a conscientious fellow." Jensen—"Why so?" Smith—"Because he's a man of scruples.—*Boston Budget.*

TUTTLE'S QUEER RECORD.

Something About the Man Who Proposes to Insult President Cleveland.

Who is "General" J. M. Tuttle, of Iowa? The circumstances that excite public interest in this question are briefly as follows: There is soon to be a large gathering of Union veterans at St. Louis. Prominent citizens, thinking the occasion a favorable one to carry out a resolution which they had formed last year, appointed a delegation to wait on the President and invite him to be present. The committee went to Washington, extended the invitation and were informed by Mr. Cleveland that if [illegible] pleasure to [illegible] of the Pa[illegible] py, with the exc[illegible] of incorrigibles, of whom "General" J. M. Tuttle seems to be the self-appointed mouth-piece. It threw them into a state of ulceration and the General on his own and their behalf immediately declared that if Mr. Cleveland attended the St. Louis encampment he and his fellows would "snub and insult" him, for the reason that they couldn't abide a "copperhead President." Furthermore he denounced and assailed with great energy of jaw both General Cox, of Ohio, and General Chamberlain, of Maine.

Who, then, is this "General" J. M. Tuttle, of Iowa, whose over-boiling loyalty takes such umbrage at the courtesy extended to Mr. Cleveland by the citizens of St. Louis? To-day he is an obstreperous member of the legion of Iowa veterans, but twenty-four years ago, when the country was at the white heat of war, he was the Democratic nominee for Governor of Iowa. Against him the Republicans had placed in nomination William M. Stone. The Iowa soldiers in the field were called upon to say which of these two candidates they preferred. Five regiments voted in obedience to the call. It must have been a trying crisis for the super-sensitive Tuttle. These men were his neighbors. They had watched his course, studied his character and knew him thoroughly. Their decision would stamp the quality of that loyalty which, after nearly a quarter of a century, he ventures to set above the loyalty of soldiers like Generals Cox and Chamberlain. When the ballots were counted it appeared that Tuttle had received just 49 votes, while his opponent obtained 1,608. Later on, during the piping days of reconstruction, when the strength of every public man's devotion to the Union cause was tested in the alembic of a fierce public opinion, Tuttle challenged a second ordeal. Then the gallant Maine soldier, whom he now denounces, had just been elected [illegible] of his native State by an unprecedented majority, and of the enthusiastic convention of soldiers and sailors assembled at Pittsburgh on the 25th of September, 1866, General Cox was chairman. That convention passed resolutions expressing joy that the great mass of those who had worn the uniform opposed the policy of Andrew Johnson. Perhaps it is the memory of this convention that gives edge to the bitterness of Tuttle's attack on General Cox, for the former was at this very time a delegate to the Philadelphia gathering of so-called Andrew Johnson "Copperheads," and also the "Copperhead" candidate for Congress from the Fifth District of Iowa.

In the face of such a record, Tuttle's threat to "snub and insult" Mr. Cleveland, and his audacity in accusing him of being a "copperhead President," are the very absurdity of malevolence. He is an example of a class of men who seek to atone for their doubtful loyalty in the days when the Nation's life was at stake by exhibiting an exaggerated spirit of devotion after the danger and conflict are over. The fraud betrays itself by the excesses to which it goes. The distrust of Tuttle which the Iowa soldiers showed