

THE HICKMAN COURIER.

HICKMAN, KY.,

FRIDAY, FEB. 7, 1890.

FOR CLERK COURT OF APPEALS.

We are authorized to announce Mr. JAS. H. MARTIN, of Barren county, as a candidate for Clerk of the Court of Appeals, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce THOMAS G. POORE, of Hickman county, as a candidate for Clerk of the Court of Appeals, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Mr. GEO. H. MADDEN as a candidate for Clerk of the Court of Appeals, subject to the action of the Democratic State Convention.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce J. N. OUTTEN as a candidate for Judge of the Fulton County Court, Election next August.

We are authorized to announce JOSHUA NAYLOR as a candidate for reelection to the office of County Judge, Election in August.

FOR COUNTY CLERK.

We are authorized to announce W. P. TAYLOR as a candidate for reelection to the office of County Clerk, Election in August.

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce T. H. JOHNSON as a candidate for reelection to the office of Sheriff of Fulton county, Election in August.

It is settled now, says a Frankfort correspondent, that the Legislature will not adjourn at the expiration of the constitutional term—60 days.

It begins to look a little as if the congressional fight over the location of the World's Fair will not be ended before the latter part of 1892, and that the project is likely to die.

The state treasurer's bond has been submitted by the governor to the house of representatives, and proves to be good for half a million dollars, the sureties thereon being some of the most solid men in the solid city of Lexington.

The Kentucky Legislature is likely to do one good thing, and that is to wipe out the two lottery swindlers which are now licensed by the State. Gov. Buckner recommended this course, and the Legislature has ample power to revoke these charters.

It is not believed the present Legislature will do anything toward removing the State capital or erecting new capital buildings, but will remit the question to the Constitutional Convention, which will assemble in October next, if the Convention is called.

The Immigration bill now before the Legislature, if passed, will do more for the development of the State than all other agencies in the State. If supplemented by local aid, Kentucky's resources would be made known and manufacturing would spring up all over the State.

TERRIBLE news comes from the Dakotas in regard to the suffering from a snow blockade. People are slowly starving to death in some places because there is no means by which help can reach them, the railroads all being covered to such a depth with snow that trains cannot run.

The terrible calamity which swept away a portion of Secretary Tracy's family arouses the sympathy of the entire nation. It was one of the most horrible and deplorable disasters that has happened for years, and the narration of the scenes of the tragedy is heart rending.

CONGRESS has now been in session two months and no resolutions reported or adopted. A condition of affairs never before known in the history of this country—not even in war times when almost anything was done and tolerated because of the exigencies of the situation. And all this because the Republicans want to nuzzle some Democratic members! It is a confession of wrong before the people.

THE Louisville Times suggests that the convicts in the penitentiary be distributed among the counties of Western Kentucky and put to work macadamizing the public roads and let the counties furnish the guards and clothes and feed the convicts. This would be far preferable to the present plan by which the convicts are hired out for a pittance and the profits of his labor goes not to the state, but a corporation.

THE investigation of the penitentiary is bringing out some very ugly facts against the lessees. The testimony, so far, goes to show that many of them are brutally beaten in the railroad camps, and that those that are kept in the building at Frankfort are fed on spelt meal. These charges, if fully sustained, will be sufficient ground for the State to break its contract with the lessees, and in that event, the convicts should be put to work on the public road.

HON. RICH A. FIKER is making his mark during the present session of Congress. He has introduced two very important bills within the last few days. One against trusts and combines; the other requiring the superintendent of the census to compile certain statistics showing the proportion of indebtedness on farms and farm property and the value of lands compared with the indebtedness thereon. This latter bill will show the booming West to be hopelessly in debt, and will have a tendency to turn the tide of immigration southward where it should come.

THE SHERMAN ELECTION LAW.

What it Aims to Do.

It aims the same day throughout the United States for holding Congressional elections. To this there can be no objections.

The election for Presidential electors to be held on the same day in Presidential years.

It gives the appointed U. S. officers full authority, as heretofore State election officers had, to conduct the elections, and to make arrests when and where necessary; where a voter is unlawfully interfered with, or any show of violence, fraud, or wrong doing sought to be accomplished.

Of course, the Federal election laws would all be appointed by and in sympathy with the political party from which they received their appointments; and they would be all force, or the military necessary in all strong Democratic voting places.

The law would bring about a uniformity at most precincts where the military took part in the proceedings, because the opposition to the "soldiers" would be conspicuous by their absence.

Unseating Democrats.

The Republican work of unseating democratic members of Congress has commenced, and Jackson, (democrat) of West Virginia has been turned out, and Smith (Republican) of that State, given his seat. The same work will go on until the Republicans have a safe majority. The history of the proceedings of Congress by which this has been done surpasses anything in the history of this country. The Republican speaker has overruled all precedents of all former speakers, Republican or democrat. It is said that the election committee refused to hear any evidence whatever. They needed more Republican members than the people elected, and they simply seat them right or wrong. This is the long and short of the whole matter.

Show Bill Frauds.

The "show bills," usually plastered over the country is the great leverage to humbug the fan-loving and curiosity hunting elements of a community, and the money making machinery of town, county and State governments, countenance such devices to the extent of licensing such exhibitions, conditioned only on the payment of a certain money pittance into the public treasury. Since municipal, or State government, assumes to a certain degree, control of those affairs, by giving, or withholding permission from them, privilege to exhibit, why not go a step further, and require them to exhibit what they advertise. A traveling show can advertise what they please, pay their money and obtain a license, and then exhibit scarcely any part of that which has been displayed on their advertising bills. The Legislature would do well to impose a penalty on such concerns for this manner of humbugging the people.

Gen. Hardin Loaded.

Mr. Langley, a Republican member of the Kentucky Legislature, has exhibited a great anxiety for notoriety by offering resolutions to "investigate." He wants a committee to investigate any and everything, and any and everything. Among other things, he wanted the Attorney General's office investigated, and demanded, by resolution, to know how many assistants, at what cost to the State, &c. Gen. Hardin's reply came back loaded. He stated that he had never employed an assistant, that the state had never paid out a cent on any such employment; that he devoted his exclusive time to the duties of his office, and that he had never varied from this except in one instance, and then to prosecute Mr. Langley (the author of the resolution), for a great wrong to a poor, innocent and defenceless young school mistress, and that he hopes that he (Langley) will spare time from indulging his mania for investigating to pay the \$2,500 judgment against him in that case. The Attorney-General's reply was withering and crushing, so much so that it excites sympathy for Langley. Langley is young, and has some talent, and has over-shot himself by trying to do too much; but then he has the right to offer all these investigating resolutions, and it is the duty of the State officers to whom they are addressed to answer and give the necessary information respectfully. The House adopted Langley's resolution, and, therefore, stood responsible for it, and, therefore, rejected Gen. Hardin's reply.

ANOTHER great sorrow has come into the household of Mr. Blaine, by the death of his daughter, Mrs. Coppinger. Following so closely upon the death of his eldest son makes this blow doubly hard to this already greatly bereaved family.

PACKING JURIES.

THAT IS THE OCCUPATION OF ONE OF PRESIDENT HARRISON'S MARSHALS.

[From New York World.]

The Jacksonville dispatches of the World during the last 10 days have briefly told the outrageous story of the packing of a Federal court with jurymen of one political faith in order to secure convictions in cases wherein the Republican managers of that State were interested. And they have told, too, how the Federal judge for that district aided this conspiracy and by his rulings on the bench placed himself on the same level with the judicial savior of Dudley in Indiana. This Florida outrage on justice is, however, so bold and unblushing, so defiant and so monumental, that it demands to be told with greater detail in order that the people of the whole country may understand it in all its enormity. The root of the crime in Indiana was a letter—the letter of Dudley, advising the purchase of all the purchasable votes in a State and the crime that has been perpetrated in Florida is rooted in another letter—letter from one of its United States marshals, ordering the packing of a Federal jury. Here it is in cold fac-simile reproduction:

"MAKE OUT A LIST OF TRUE AND TRULY REPUBLICANS."

OFFICE OF J. B. MIZELL, U. S. MARSHAL, JACKSONVILLE, FLA., July 5, 1889.

Sir: You will at once confer with Mr. Brilly and make out a list of 50 or 60 names of true and loyal Republicans from your county for insertion in the Federal United States court and forward same to Hon. F. Walker, clerk United States court, and it is necessary that you do so as you can see. Please acknowledge this. I am, yours truly,

JOHN R. MIZELL, U. S. Marshal.

Please get the names of the parties as near steamboat and railroad stations as possible.

This letter bears the far-away date of last July but the plot therein laid has taken all these months to mature, and ripened only a few days ago.

Judge Pardee returned to New Orleans, and in his absence the trial was begun before Judge Swayne, January 12, 1890. Issue was joined on the defendants' plea, which set up that the names of the jurors, from which the Grand Jury which found the indictment were drawn, were not selected without regard to their party affiliations, as required by law, but were selected with regard to their party affiliations.

To sustain this plea, the defendant's counsel offered in proof the letter of United States Marshal Mizell, which is above reproduced. Charles E. Kirk, to whom it was written, was the first witness called. He had the original letter and was willing to produce it. Judge Swayne ruled that it was inadmissible. In fact, it was a bitter fight. A verbatim report of the efforts made to get that letter in evidence would make nearly two pages of the World. It would be idle to reproduce it. The fact that it was ruled out by this Harrison judge is all that the public at large care to know. The two United States Florida Senators at Washington have protested to the Administration, but their protests are as the idle wind.

When the Harrison Administration wants to shield a briber in Indiana, it has a United States judge at its command who knows a lively pack a jury in Florida; it can lay its hand on another judge equally docile and compliant. And all this in the one hundred and first year of the Republic.

What is the Duty of a Democrat?

In a manner, the Republicans have served notice on the whole country to the effect that, so far as the South is concerned, it is only necessary for a Republican to contest the seat of a Democratic Congressman. He need have no supporting evidence whatever. All that is necessary is to file a notice of contest, and the Republicans will hasten to give him the seat. Under these circumstances we do not see how the Democrats can afford to hesitate. Their duty is plain. Having right and justice on their side, they can certainly afford to be bold and as fearless as the Republican rascals who are preparing to perpetrate the most extraordinary frauds. The Democrats can at least block the wheels of the legislation by refusing to vote, and this they should not hesitate to do. The party can well afford to go before the country on such an issue, and Democratic Congressmen ought to gladly welcome the consequences of an attempt to render powerless the hands of the Republican rascals.—Atlanta Constitution.

MANUAL TRAINING.

Public schools are firmly established. They are a part of our system of civilization, but do they do all the good they ought to do? Are they practical, are they up to the demands of the times in the training they give to the youth of the state. The government has taken the question of education into its own hands; it says that all shall pay for the education of the children, and all do pay. But is the return commensurate with the price paid? This is the question and many hold that the present system of public education is a false one. As a remedy to the ills that may result from educating children out of their nature in life, the association of manual training with the public school system has been tried with success in many cities, and it is encouraging to note the general interest that this discussion of manual training in the school has aroused. Manual training is practical; it aims to turn out not merely educated persons able to join the great body of workers, the body that adds something visible to the world's progress. This is the chief end and aim of manual training, to equate the youth of the land so that they can become positive factors in the community's growth, and not merely book-learned, educated beyond their sphere. The benefits of manual training are recognized by all, and the benefits of such a system were well pointed out in a recent address by one of the able advocates of the system.

THE LATEST ATTACK.

Senator Hoar has introduced a bill providing that whenever three persons under oath present to a United States circuit judge that any person had been killed or injured or threatened on account of his race or color or political opinions the judge shall open a special session of the circuit court and investigate the matter and report the evidence to the United States grand jury and to the President to be transmitted to Congress. If this bill were a law it would prove extremely useful in the North. Last Sunday night, in the city where the Postmaster general resides, a bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church, who had opposed ediprotibitory liquor legislation, was fired at in the house of God while performing the sacred rite of confirmation, by a young man who is a violent prohibitionist. Under Mr. Hoar's proposition it would be possible for any three persons who set forth these facts to have the case of some Alexander taken out of the Pennsylvania authorities, and to have a special term of the United States Circuit Court convened to investigate the matter, and the finding of the court would be transmitted to the Federal grand jury and to the President of the United States. In the State of Indiana, during the last Presidential campaign, there were a number of outrages committed on prohibition speakers by Republicans, and under the Hoar bill Judge Gresham would supersede the judicial authorities of Indiana and would proceed to investigate and weigh the amount of intimidation involved in the application of opprobrious epithets, and try Benjamin Harrison's friends for throwing rotten eggs and some harder substances at prohibition stump speakers. In the State of Illinois the United States of America would set aside the judicial machinery of the State, as if it were untrustworthy, and swoop down in its majesty on the young toughs who wrote threatening letters to a venerable clergyman who was also an alderman and as such had opposed the granting of liquor licenses. In Iowa the State authorities having proved themselves entirely unscrupulous of punishing the murderers of Mr. Hadlock, the Federal court would on the application of three persons take possession of the case.

General News Items.

The Grand Encampment of the Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias, will be held at Milwaukee next July, and 3,000 tents will be required to accommodate the lodges in attendance.

A GENTLEMAN who arrived in Charleston the other day, says the Charleston Post, Democrat, while traveling last week with Sam Jones on the train. In conversation with the Rev. Sam the talk naturally drifted into politics and upon Senator Ingalls' "negro speech," which had just been delivered in the Senate. Said Mr. Jones: Mr. Ingalls is just like a skunk's tail; all he is fit for is to scatter stench. Mr. Jones, we may remark, often expresses the right thing at a very opportune time.

A VERY important treaty was negotiated last week between Secretary Blaine and the British Minister in regard to the extradition of criminals between this country and Canada. Under its provisions all classes of crimes are included except those of a political nature, and in the future the defaulting official or banker will have no security in Canada. The treaty will most assuredly be ratified by the Senate. Mr. Blaine is entitled to much credit for so important a treaty and one which the people have long since felt the need of.

The Montana supreme court has virtually decided in the Thompson mandamus case, that the republican legislature of that state is the legal one. Thompson is one of the republicans who were declared elected by the throwing out of the fraudulent vote of the Home-Stock Tunnel precinct. To make a test case, he brought a mandamus suit for his per diem. The court decides he is entitled to it, and in so deciding, virtually decides that Mr. Sanders and Mr. Power, republicans, are the legal United States senators from Montana.

WHILE there may be no positive cases of destitution in Dakota as is denied by the members of the state government, it is an admitted fact that the people are poverty stricken and in need of help. To those who live in this favored section it appears strange that any one should voluntarily go to that cold inhospitable region to seek homes when there is so much good land lying idle in Western Kentucky, West Tennessee, or South-east Missouri, that will grow anything; and can be bought for less than that on the bleak prairies of Dakota. And then there is no danger of one ever freezing or going hungry.

THE SHOT IT THROUGH.

[Political Standard.]

Of course everybody in the Purchase knows "Tom" Corbett, at present serving the State as liquor agent. In fact, Corbett held about all the offices in Ballard county, then moved up to McCracken and was elected to the legislature. From this point a few steps landed him into his present lucrative position and took him from our view.

One day during the close of the session the late Jacob Corbett, father of Tom, sent his son a claim against the state which had to be allowed by the legislature. He gave instructions to "shoot her through." Tom engaged the assistance of his friend Silvertooth, and together made such a lively fight that the claim was allowed in a jiffy, and the two cronies proceeded to have a good time with the money until, so far as the son Mr. Corbett was concerned, it might as well never have been drawn out of the state treasury.

When Tom returned to the purchase he was met by a writing paper, but it saved her life. She was in the last stages of consumption, told by physicians that she was incurable and could live only a short time, she weighed less than seventy pounds. On a piece of wrapping paper she read of Dr. King's New Discovery, and got a sample bottle. It helped her, she bought a large bottle, it helped her more, bought another and grew better. Just continued its use and is now strong, healthy, rosy plump, weighs 140 pounds. For full particulars send stamp to W. H. Cole, Druggist, Fort Smith. Trial Bottles of this wonderful Discovery Free at J. W. Cowgill's Drug Store.

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A MISTAKE OF PROVIDENCE.

[Philadelphia Record.]

One class of statesmen in this country wants to drive the negroes out, and another class wants to keep whites from coming in. The former proposes laws to assist negro emigration, and the other laws to prohibit white immigration. Providence made a mistake in not creating a small planet especially adapted to the notions of these two classes; but it would not have been fit for anybody else to live in.

MR. BLAINE has lost five members of his immediate family, including a son and a daughter, within a very short time, and on the heels of this comes the terrible calamity to Secretary TRACY. The great personal misfortune of these members of Mr. Harrison's cabinet command the sympathy of the country.

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

\$200 REWARD!

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, It has been made known to me by Joshua Taylor, Judge of the Fulton County Court, that John Jones shot and killed J. S. Glenn, without provocation, in said county, on the 27th day of January, 1889, and is now a fugitive from justice going at large; and the said Judge having recommended that a reward be offered for the apprehension of said fugitive, now, therefore, I, E. R. Blackburn, Governor of the Commonwealth, do hereby offer a reward of Two Hundred Dollars for the apprehension of said John Jones and his delivery in the Jail of Fulton county.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, the 1st day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety, and in the sixty eighth year of the Commonwealth.

S. B. BUCKNER, Secy of State.

By the Governor, GEO. M. ADAMS, Secy of State. By WILLIAM L. BURGESS, Asst Secy of State.

DESCRIPTION: Said fugitive, John Jones, is white about five feet six inches high, weight about 125 pounds, smooth face with wavy features, and is about 17 years old. Feb 7 90

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THE ANGELUS.

Costliest Picture in the World.

This masterpiece by the great French painter, Jean Francois Millet, was purchased at auction in Paris last summer by the American Art Association of New York. The cost, \$15,000 and the same amounting in all, to about \$100,000, was nearly \$200 a square inch, and the picture only 12x16 inches in size. This is the highest price ever paid for a single picture.

A beautiful Photo Etching, as represented above, the full size of the original, in which the great quality has been multiplied to reproduce all the beauties of the painting, has been prepared especially to be sent as a free premium to every annual subscriber of the weekly edition of

THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC.

A copy of this etching on fine plate paper, 16x20 inches in size, will be sent free postage prepaid, to every annual subscriber after November 1, 1890.

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