THE HICKMAN COURIER.

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THE HICKMAN COURIER

THE OLDEST NEWSPAPER IN WESTERN KENTUCKY.

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FINE JOB PRINTING
EXECUTED
WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH.
SALE BILLS,
ENVELOPES,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
INVITATIONS,
ETC., ETC.
CALL AND SEE US.

CURRENT TOPICS.

THERE are 4,500 women printers in England.

THERE are ten Indian training schools in the Union.

THE number of houses occupied by Indians is 21,232.

THE coming Florida orange crop will be below the average.

A HORSE ran away at Ocala, Fla., and dropped dead in a pond.

THE number of Indians living on and cultivating land is 9,692.

THE total Indian population of the United States is 247,673.

KING OSCAR, of Sweden, visited the Baltimore at Stockholm.

PLYMOUTH, Mich., has three factories turning out toy air-guns.

UMBRELLAS that can be made large or small are something new.

FROM nine peach trees in Orange, Cal., 5,125 pounds were picked.

THERE is in Canada a million square miles of unexplored territory.

ANDREW CARNEGIE'S mascot is a brass telegraph key. He keeps it in a glass case.

NEW YORK has discovered in its midst a practical school for training criminals.

SAMUEL SPOONER, a Boston policeman, has fallen heir to a million-dollar estate in Wales.

G. I. SENEY is about to sell his collection of pictures, which he values at $1,000,000.

MORE bananas are consumed in the United States than in any other nation in the world.

A NEGRO at Perry, Ga., is said to weigh 500 pounds and to have gained 100 pounds within a year.

A WHALE nearly seventy feet in length was washed ashore near Dublin, Ireland, recently.

WEST BRANCH, Mich., was so infested by wolves that the berry crop was left almost untouched.

A MACOMB COUNTY, Mich., farmer has harvested 604 bushels of good oats from 12 acres of ground.

A SOCIETY "for the endowment of poor marriageable girls" is being started in St. Petersburg.

CLARENCE STEPHENS, a nephew of Alexander Stephens, is a conductor of a Pullman sleeping car.

SIXTY voyages around Cape Horn is the remarkable record of Captain Holmes, of Mystic, Ct.

A CURIOUS prize at a progressive euchre party in a New York town was a fifty pound watermelon.

BOTH General Merwin and Judge Morris, the candidates for Governor of Connecticut, are baldheaded.

FLOORS of rubber—claimed to be as durable as asphalt and much cheaper—are being tried in Germany.

MRS. DEBORAH POWERS, of Kingston, N. Y., is worth $3,000,000, manages her own affairs and is 100 years old.

GENERAL BUTLER is fond of good dining, and is himself an accomplished cook. He can broil a lobster to a turn.

THE European yield of wheat this year is estimated at 1,224,707,000 bushels, which is 107,000,000 more than last year.

UTILIZING scrap steel rod by welding it and drawing it into fence wire is one of the recent successes of electric welding.

A RATTLESNAKE died in ten minutes after biting a colored man at Lumpkin, Ga. The man suffered no serious results.

GENERAL E. KIRBY SMITH, president of the Sewanee College, Tennessee, is in New Orleans undergoing treatment for cancer.

THREE doctors at work enforcing sanitary regulations in the cholera-infected sections of Spain have been killed by the peasants.

COMMANDER DENNIS W. MULLAN has been presented with an elegant watch by the Maryland Legislature for his bravery at Samoa.

MEMPHIS is the largest inland cotton market in the world, and yet they are talking about putting gasoline lamps in the only public park.

A YOUNG man walked in his sleep one night at Slaterville, Ga., and when he awoke he found himself at a grindstone sharpening his knife.

A FRENCH scientist declares that the domestic cats of the world carry at least 50 per cent. of the common contagious diseases from house to house.

THE Empress Frederick, to whom the English taxpayers have contributed $40,000 a year for the past 35 years, has at present an income of $350,000 a year.

AN inmate of the Georgia State Hospital for the Insane imagines he is a grain of corn and will not go into the yard for fear the chickens will eat him.

MISS ALICE WARD, of Coney Island, is the champion woman swimmer of the world, and at present holds the medal, which she has won for the fifth time.

A WASHINGTON paper, which had a lottery advertisement in it, has been thrown out of the mails. The postal authorities seem to be in earnest in this matter.

THERE is a negro woman who lives near Athens who prepares herself for death every night, and who is always terribly surprised to find herself alive mornings.

PRESIDENT ROBERTS, of the Pennsylvania railroad, started in life as a track hand thirty years ago. The combined salaries he receives now amount to $100,000 a year.

IT is reported that one of the nominees for the Legislature from the Philadelphia district can neither read nor write, and that in signing a check he makes his mark.

A STRANGE freak of nature in connection with the recent tornado appears in South Lawrence, Mass. In the district torn by the storm, lilac and pear trees have begun to blossom.

THE total number of passengers carried in the United States during 1889 was 472,171,348. One passenger in every 1,528,123 was killed, and one in every 220,024 was injured.

HERR GORLITZ, the oldest inhabitant of Hamburg, Germany, died there recently in his 106th year. He was with Napoleon in 1812 in the campaign to Moscow. He was a watchmaker by trade.

A WILLIAMSTON, Mich., man, whose well ran dry, found that the roots of a willow had grown a distance of 24 feet, coiled up on the bottom in a solid mass, and were carrying all the water into the foliage.

A YANKEE has invented a chicken hobbler, consisting of a spring attached to a hen's leg, which, when the hen attempts to scratch, will move her onward, and will, in fact, walk her right out of the garden.

THIS country, with only one-twentieth of the world's population, consumes more than 33 per cent. of the world's production of luxuries.

BRUTALLY CLUBBED.

Irish Nationalists Attacked by the Police at Tipperary.

Patrick O'Brien, who was arrested at Cardiff, Tuesday, was taken to Tipperary Thursday for trial. A large delegation of Nationalists accompanied him. Among these were John Morley, who has been in Ireland for some time studying the Irish question; John Dillon, Alfred Illingworth, member of Parliament for Bradford; T. M. Healey, Commoner, and Harrington and several others. On the arrival of the train at Tipperary the Nationalists started for the court house in a body. They had not gone far when they stopped at a street corner and entered into conversation. While they were standing in no way disturbing the peace there, they were ordered by the police to move on. John O'Connor, member of Parliament for South Tipperary, took very vigorous exception to this order, and showed his contempt for the police by calling upon the crowd, which, by that time, had become large, to give three cheers for John Morley. The cheers were given with hearty good-will, much to the exasperation of the police, who thereupon charged upon the group and attempted to force it to move forward. In the melee that followed the police did not hesitate to use their batons. One burly constable aimed a blow at John Morley himself, but John O'Connor, who stood near warded it off. When the hour for the sitting of the court arrived an immense crowd had collected before the court-house ready to rush in the moment the doors were thrown open. The authorities thereupon decided not to open the doors to the general public, but to admit only those who were immediately interested in the trial. The crowd did not take kindly to this treatment, but pressed forward, trying to force a way into the court-house. The police stoutly resisted, charging repeatedly upon the crowd and using their clubs freely on whoever happened to be within reach. Many of their blows took effect, but the crowd did not yield instantly. For fully five minutes there was a stand-up fight between the new excited throng and the police. At last, however, the crowd was gradually forced back, and the police succeeded in maintaining a clear space in front of the court house. During the conflict many persons were wounded with blows from the policemen's bludgeons. One of the most serious cases was that of a man, some of whose teeth were knocked out and forced into his throat. Several men were so badly hurt as to require surgical attendance. Among the wounded were Timothy Harrington, member of Parliament for Dublin, and a Mr. Halifax. Both received heavy blows on their heads, and bled profusely.

INHUMAN ACT.

A Chicago Physician Refuses to Issue a Burial Permit Until Paid His Fee.

A heartless case was brought to the attention of the Chicago health department Thursday. Henry Oberogge is a poor laboring man residing at No. 72 Kernan street. He has been terribly afflicted, for in the last ten days he has lost four children with diphtheria. The last one died some days ago. The week went to Dr. T. Saalfelt, No. 325 Larrabee street, to get a certificate, so he could go to the health office and get a permit to bury the child. Dr. Saalfelt refused to issue the certificate unless he was paid $2 for medical attendance. Oberogge pleaded with the doctor, telling him he had spent his last dollar in burying his other children, but Saalfeldt was obdurate. Finally the health office was notified, and a notice was sent to Saalfeldt, who refused to pay any attention to it. A criminal warrant was issued, and Saalfeldt, becoming alarmed, issued the necessary certificate. In the meantime the body of the child had decomposed materially, by reason of which the contagion had been more generally disseminated throughout the neighborhood. The remains were finally buried by the county Thursday night. It is the intention of the authorities to make the physician suffer for his heartlessness.

SUPPRESSING THEM.

Two Southern Newspapers Seized for Publishing Lottery Advertisements.

Under instructions from Chief Inspector Sharp, Inspector Booth Thursday seized all the issue of the Birmingham Age-Herald of that date and the issue of the Weekly Atlanta Constitution of this week and all other papers coming to Montgomery, Ala., for distribution in that section, which, upon examination, were found to contain lottery advertisements. The officers of the Advertiser Company of that city were also required to give bonds for appearance at the November term of the United States Court for publishing last Sunday lottery advertisements, although they announced in the next issue that, having learned that the law became operative at once, lottery advertisements would not again be inserted in their columns.

Killed in a Duel.

In a duel at Hatzburg, Germany, between Lieutenant Blethstasser and Lieutenant Gardner the former was killed. The duel was the result of a quarrel in a restaurant.

National Prison Congress.

National Prison Congress opened its twentieth annual session in Cincinnati on the 25th. Ex-President Hayes delivered the introductory address. There is a large attendance.

Women Vote at a School Election.

Five hundred women voted at the school election in Binghampton, N. Y.

County-Seat War.

There is a county-seat war between the towns of Boston and Springfield in Boca, Col. Winchester rifles were called into requisition to aid in settling the dispute. Two parties were killed and several seriously wounded.

Not as Bad as Reported.

Lieutenant Francis B. Fremont, son of the late General John C. Fremont, says the stories of his mother's destitution are greatly exaggerated.

The French Flood Damages.

The damage of the floods in France is estimated at 50,000,000 francs.

Kentucky Lotteries.

Attorney-General Harden Thursday gave Auditor Nodman an opinion on the standing of the Frankfort and Henry County lotteries. He holds that the license under which the lotteries claim to operate is void. It is left for Prosecuting Attorney Parsons, Louisville, to close the general offices of the lottery under the new law.

Bad Chinamen.

Two Chinamen are under arrest in St. Paul, Minn., for blowing open and robbing the safe of a bank in Dallas, Ore., of $10,000.

TIPPERARY'S FARCE.

Nationalists Being Played By the British Crown.

Protracting the Trials of the Irish Patriots Simply to Annoy and Harass Them.

When the court reopened Friday afternoon Mr. Ronan proceeded with the statement of the Crown's case against the accused men. The prosecuting officer read long extracts from speeches made at various Nationalist meetings since the inauguration of the plan of campaign, and also quoted from resolutions adopted at these meetings. It appeared to be the object of the prosecution to prolong the case as far as possible. At one point Mr. Wm. O'Brien, who, with Mr. Dillon, was to have sailed for the United States next week, chaffingly reminded Mr. Ronan that his ship was to sail for America on Thursday next, adding that there appeared to be a race against time between the Crown counsel and the ship. When the court adjourned, Mr. Ronan was still speaking. Upon the adjournment being announced, Mr. Timothy Harrington made a strong protest against the course that is being pursued by the prosecution. He said it was very evident that the design of the Government was to protract the trial to the greatest possible length, and he denounced this treatment of the case as altogether unfair to the men who were being tried. His protest, however, seemed to have no effect upon the court, and the present policy of the prosecution will, it is generally believed, be maintained to the end of the trial. Mr. John Morley, who has been personally investigating the condition of affairs in Ireland, departed from Tipperary Friday for England.

LOTTERY ARREST.

The Editor of the Birmingham, Ala., Age-Herald Held For Publishing Advertisements.

P. Pinckard, editor and president of the Birmingham Age-Herald Company, was Friday morning arrested on a warrant charging him with publishing advertisements of the Louisiana Lottery Company. The United States Commissioner held that each issue since last Friday was a separate offense, and put him under bond of $5,000 to await the action of the grand jury. Bond was promptly given. Only one copy of the law has so far reached Birmingham, that being in the hands of the Postoffice Inspector who swore out the warrant.

Well Fixed for Counterfeiting.

The quiet arrest of Joseph Keener for passing counterfeit money has resulted in securing a prize. A search of his home in Allegheny, Pa, discovered a veritable mint. There was a magnificent electric battery for silver and gold plating, besides a table worn and marked by a year's use for cooling hot dimes, quarters, nickels and dollars. The heavy dollar plates were perfect. A number of people since the arrest find they possess silver dollars nearly but not quite genuine.

Electricity Kills Two Boys.

Edward T. Ryan, aged 18, and G. Barnard, aged 20, were instantly killed at Winchendon, Mass., by an electric light guy wire coming in contact with an incandescent circuit on Pond street. The wire had been taken from the Boston and Albany depot to allow a building to be moved, and was left hanging in a coil by the side of the pole. Both had hold of the wire. Barnard's hands were badly burned, and it is supposed that Ryan attempted to assist him, and himself fell a victim.

McAuliffe Knocked Out in Two Rounds.

At London, on the 26th, Slavin knocked McAuliffe nearly senseless on the floor inside of seven minutes. Though the contest was fierce while it lasted it was scarcely worth calling a prize-fight. In the second round Slavin got in three of his powerful right-handers, which completely used up McAuliffe in this time. The police did not interfere for the date was kept a close secret.

En Route to Washington.

The married daughter of General Barrundia, who made the attempt on Minister Mizner's life, has arrived in the city of Oaxaca to see her mother and family before leaving for the United States, where she goes with a large number of documents concerning her father's murder, to lay them before President Harrison.

Free Traders in Sweden.

The Swedish elections for members of Riksdag are going against the Protectionists who have had a majority in the House for three years. Returns now in show the election of 116 Free Traders and 81 Protectionists. It is expected that Stockholm will return only Free Traders.

Frauds in the Russian Army.

Advices from St. Petersburg state serious frauds have been discovered in the Russian army near the Caspian Sea. Several regiments had received no pay for six months, and it appears that the officers had stolen the money.

Strange Equine Disease.

A peculiar distemper has broken out among the horses in Manchester, N. H., which has baffled the veterinarians. The disease begins in a slight lameness and culminates in swollen limbs and running sores.

Victorious Moors.

The Moorish army has defeated and routed the insurgents in the District of Ait Shokhman. The rebels have lost heavily in killed and wounded, and many were made prisoners. All the leaders who were captured were beheaded. The victorious troops pursued the insurgents and destroyed several of their villages.

Fatal Open Switch.

An open switch on the Western and Atlantic at Melver's Station, Ga., derailed the midnight train from Atlanta, wrecking the engine and several cars and killing Engineer McClain.

Diplomates Nominated.

The President Friday sent to the Senate the following nominations: E. Burd Grubb, New Jersey, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Spain; Edwin H. Conger, of Iowa, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Brazil.

Stage Robbers.

The Reading and Cedarville stage was held up by two masked men, about twenty-five miles from Redding, Ca. The Wells-Fargo Express box and the Government way pouch were robbed of about $800.

COLLIDED ON A CURVE.

Horrible Result of an Operator's Carelessness—Eight Persons Killed and two Terribly Mangled.

At 11:50 o'clock Saturday night the worst wreck in that vicinity for twenty-five years occurred about ten miles west of Zanesville, O. Freight train No. 23, west bound had the right of way. It left Zanesville behind time. East bound freight No. 28 should have been sidetracked at Black Hand. Orders to that effect was sent out by the train-dispatcher at Newark to the operator at Black Hand. He was reading a novel and neglected to turn the signal. In a few minutes No. 28 dashed past at the rate of twenty miles an hour. The operator too late realized his terrible mistake. Hurriedly he telegraphed to Zansville to hold No. 28. But it was too late. The train had already sped onward to its doom. No earthly power could prevent the catastrophe. The frantic operator again took hold of the key and sent word to Newark to send out the wreck train, for too well he knew there would be need of it. Then grabbing his hat, he rushed out of the office and fled across a corn-field. He has not been seen since. The two trains were now approaching near. The west-bound passes Pleasant Valley and the throttle is pulled wider and the speed increases. Through a long curve and then comes a short, sharp curve one and a half miles west of Pleasant Valley. Just as it made the short curve the three men in the cab jumped to their feet and in an instant they were dead. When the trainmen first saw each other they were only forty feet apart. They had no time to jump. There was a loud crash, followed by a low, deep grinding, and then all was still. It was not long before the people living in the vicinity began to gather, but they could do nothing. But the forethought of the guilty telegraph operator now bore fruit. The wreck train soon arrived and the work of rescuing the dead and wounded began in earnest. John Buckingham, engineer; Wm. Firestone, fireman, and B. T. Smith, brakeman, all of train 23, were found pinned to the boiler-head so tightly that it took several hours to release them. They were all frightfully roasted and mangled. John Kemp, engineer of train 28, had his right leg caught between the tender and engine, and, being unable to release himself, he took hold of the leg and wrenched it off just below the knee. He will die. His fireman, H. Wilson, had an arm broken and otherwise injured. Tom McCreary, a brakeman, who was dead-heading it to Newark on the engine, was instantly killed, and, like all the others dreadfully mangled. George Stoneburner and Glen Bash, two iron molders of Zanesville, were stealing a ride and instantly killed. Stoneburner's remains were gathered up in pieces and placed in a sack. Bash was not so badly mangled, but was nearly cut in two above the thighs. Two unrecognizable corpses were found under the wreck in the afternoon, and it is feared they are two iron molders of Zanesville, who are missing, named Ansel and Harlow.

Burned Hogs and Lard.

Fowler Brothers' packing-house, at the stock yards, Chicago, was damaged by fire Sunday morning to the amount of $600,000. In the packing-room were 5,689 hogs freezing and they burned like oil. Water was useless in fighting the fire, and it seemed that nothing could be done to stop the conflagration. The roof fell in about two hours after the fire started, and the fire became more furious. The blaze lighted up the entire heavens and rendered every thing lighter than day. Scores of firemen were directing a hundred streams of water into the burning acres of lard and meat with no effect. It will have to burn itself out.

An Alabama Duel.

Near Brock's Gap, Ala., two railroad employes, Bob Anthony and Sam Buckert, had a quarrel about a woman on whom both were "stuck." They were drinking, and agreed to settle the affair there and then. Buckert had no pistol, but Anthony loaned him one, and stepping back a few feet the men began to fire. Both men emptied their pistols and both were dead inside of five minutes. Anthony was shot three times, once through the heart. Buckert was hit in the head.

A Poisoned River.

During the past few days the fish in the Sandusky river, north of Tiffin, O., have been dying by thousands, and the shores are covered with their bodies, promising to seriously affect the public health. The local fish and game warden will institute a rigid investigation in the effort to fix the responsibility for poison that has evidently in some way found its way into the stream.

Knifed On a Dummy.

W. W. Lampkin, engineer at the Morris building, and John Mabin, a carpenter, engaged in a dispute on the East Lake dummy line train, near Birmingham, Ala. The train was crowded with people, and Mabin's wife and child were with him. The quarrel resulted in Lampkin drawing a knife and killing Mabin then and there.

A Scare in Servia.

At Belgrade, while the young King of Servia, accompanied by his father, ex-King Milan, was returning from a drive Sunday, a cartridge was exploded beneath his carriage. The authorities allege that the explosion was purely accidental. As far as can be learned no one was injured.

Woolen Manufacturers Fail.

The Jackson (Tenn.) Woolen Mills have assigned. Liabilities $100,000; assets not yet ascertained. The failure grew out of the recent failure of the Jackson Bank.

Settlers Scalped.

Two hundred settlers are reported to have been scalped in Idaho by Nez Perces Indians. Troublas are also reported with Indians in New Mexico.

Memorial to the Hanged Anarchists.

Free Thinkers are to celebrate in Chicago the hanging of the Anarchists by a memorial day, November 9.

World's Fair Lady Managers.

A board of lady managers for the World's Fair at Chicago has been appointed. The National Commissioners include Mrs. John A. Logan, Miss Winnie Davis, daughter of Jeff Davis; Miss Mildred Lee, daughter of General Lee, and many others of equal distinction.

Presbyterian Church Burned.

Grace Presbyterian Church, Peoria, Ill., burned during Sunday morning service. The fire caught from a defective furnace and caused a stampede of the congregation, but nobody seriously hurt. Loss $12,000. Insurance $770.

DEADLY RABIES.

A Young Farmer Loses His Wife and Three Children.

Timely Act of a Clerk, Who Soaks His Bitten Hand in a Barrel of Turpentine.

Mr. Jonathan Luther, a young farmer living near the Randolph Manufacturing Company, Franklinsville, N. C., had the sad fate to lose his wife and three children within two weeks. On the 19th instant they were all bitten by a mad dog. Two young men were also bitten by the same dog. The animal had a fit at Mr. Hugh Parks' store, where Mr. Henry Parks, the clerk, attempted to drive him out. The dog bit him. Parks at once thrust his hand in a barrel of turpentine, holding it there for twelve and a half hours. It is thought he will recover. Craven, the young man who killed the dog and was slightly scratched, has also died. Young Henry Parks had heard his grandfather say that turpentine was good for the bite of a mad dog, and had the presence of mind to apply it at once.

COLONEL PEPPER.

He Returns From His European Tour, and Confirms the Report of His Dealings With a London Hotel Clerk.

Colonel James Pepper, the Kentuckian, of Pepper whisky fame, who compelled a clerk in the Hotel Metropole, London, to get on his knees and apologize for insults to Americans, arrived in New York Sunday. The story is that while in London a few weeks ago on his wedding tour, the Colonel stopped at the Hotel Metropole. One night on his return from the theater he left his wife in the elevator while he went to the desk for his key. The night clerk was talking to an Englishman, and paid no attention to the Colonel until he had asked several times for the key. When Colonel Pepper got in the elevator the Englishman told him that the clerk had said that the Colonel was only an American and could wait for his key. This was too much for Colonel Pepper's blood, and, securing a rusty old pistol, which was in his room, he returned to the office. He pointed the pistol at the clerk and commanded him in thunder tones to come from behind the desk. After that he compelled him to get on his knees and apologize for his incivility to the Colonel in particular and to all Americans, past, present and future. Immediately after the incident Colonel Pepper exhibited his pistol to the astonished spectators, who were surprised to find that it was an antique, unloaded blunderbuss.

Turks and Russians Arming.

A dispatch from Erzeroum says the situation in Armenia has become serious. The Russian Government has massed 72,000 troops on the Armenian frontier. The Turks are expecting an attack, and are rapidly supplying the Kurds with arms and ammunition, and making other preparations to resist the Russian forces. Russia is also increasing the frontier guards on the boundaries of Austria, Turkey and Persia. The alleged object of this increase is to provide for the more effective suppression of smuggling.

Forgot His Orders.

An accident occurred on the Jersey Central railroad, between Lehighton and Packerton, near Mauch Chunk, Pa., Monday evening. The day operator at Lehighton, had orders to hold a coal train at that place so that passenger train No. 9 could pass it. The message was received just a few minutes before he gave place to the night operator and he forgot to tell the latter of the order. The result was a collision between the coal train and a passenger train going at a high rate of speed. Three men were killed and three injured.

Cuba Wants Reciprocity.

The Executive Board of the Spanish party in Cuba, at a meeting Monday, decided to send a telegram to Spain, pointing out the heavy damage which cigar manufacturers at Havana will suffer from the new tariff bill adopted by the United States, and asking as an immediate remedy the reform of the Spanish tariff and the negotiation of a treaty with the United States.

Named to Succeed Clarkson.

The President has appointed Colonel S. A. Whitfield to succeed Colonel Clarkson as First Assistant Postmaster-General, and J. Lowry Bell, who has been filling the office of General Superintendent of the Railway Mail Service has been appointed to succeed Colonel Whitfield as Second Assistant Postmaster-General.

Aluminum by Electricity.

The new process of making aluminum from common clay is to be put to the proof in order to settle the discussion which has arisen since the claim made by Prof. J. M. Hirsch, of Chicago, were published. The new process involves the separation of the pure metal from an aqueous solution by the use of the galvanic current.

Population of Montana.

The population of the State of Montana, as announced by the Census Bureau, is 181,769, an increase of 92,610, 236.50 per cent.

Slavin and McAuliffe Arrested.

Slavin and McAuliffe are again arrested in London and held in £3,000 each for appearance for trial for prize fighting.

New Mayor of London.

Mr. Joseph Savory has been elected Lord Mayor of London.

Bonds to Pay Arrears of Pensions.

The Treasury is directed to issue bonds of the United States to the amount of $500,000,000 to pay the arrears of pensions, bearing 2 and 2½ per cent. interest, payable in thirty years from date. Every soldier or person who may be entitled to receive arrears of pensions under this law may elect to receive such portion thereof in the bonds provided.

Undignified Death for a Count.

Count Kleiste, of Germany, who recently assaulted an inn-keeper, hanged himself with his suspenders in prison Monday.

No Attempt to Assassinate Diaz.

The reports from San Antonio, Tex., of an attempt to assassinate President Diaz are altogether incorrect. No such attempt has been made. This is on the authority of persons who were in the presence of the President at the time the attempt to assassinate him is alleged to have been made.

Victorious French.

Dispatches from Senegal say that Chief Ahmadon besieged Kamakari, but was finally repulsed by the French, who dispersed the Chief's army, and killed 880 of his men.

DELEGATES AT WORK.

Amendments to the Kentucky Constitution Suggested.

The Convention Refuses to Provide for the Infliction of Capital Punishment Only Within the Penitentiary Walls.

Following the customary opening on the 23d Nunn, of Livingston County, presented a petition from his constituents that justices of the peace may be given jurisdiction within their districts.

Field, of Bracken, proposed two high courts for the State—one of equity and the other of law—the members of the courts to hold office 12 years and be elected from three districts, one judge to be high chancellor. He would abolish circuit courts and establish district courts of common pleas, with successive service by the judges, and with power to impanel grand juries at any time.

Applegate, of Pendleton, secured the passage of a resolution calling upon the Appellate court to report the number and character of complaints made against railroads during the past three fiscal years.

Clardy, of Christian, proposed a provision prohibiting a change of school text books oftener than every eight years.

Washington, of Campbell, presented still another scheme for the organization of a Court of Appeals, consisting of a chief justice and associate justices in divisions of three justices each, all of whom shall sit together. Such judges to be elected at large for divisions, not more than two to reside in one division to hold 12 years, except during first terms severally of 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 years.

Muir, of Nelson, would have a married woman invested with the same property rights as a man, and her property registered to distinguish it from that of her husband.

Phelps, of Louisville, proposed that at a general election after the adoption of the new constitution the electors at large shall vote for capital sites, and that city receiving the largest vote shall be the site until finally determined as provided by the new constitution.

The session on the 24th opened with an effort to dispense with the reading of the journal, but the large majority were unwilling to run the risk of being misrepresented, and it failed.

The reading of resolutions indicating that the fountain of legal knowledge is not yet dry, proceeded as usual.

Allen, of Louisville, desired that the people should be permitted to change and amend the new constitution when adopted by a three-fourths vote.

Beckner, of Clark, is of the opinion that speeches and publication by newspapers of opinions should be free and that the truth without proof had motives should be a good defense to a suit for libel.

He also thinks that a board of arbitration should be authorized to settle disputes between employes and employers.

Brentz, of Clinton County, asks that a court be authorized to try immediately after an election all persons, candidates, voters or officials who are charged with bribery, perjury or any violation of a strict election law.

He is also opposed to long terms for officers and to the exclusion of officers from being candidates for a second term.

Governor Buckner thinks the new constitution should provide for a State insurance bureau.

Smith, of Hardin County, wants an assembly of 30 Senators and 90 legislators, one-half of the Senators and all the legislators to be elected biennially by voters entitled severally in districts to cast their votes, but not more than one for any one candidate.

Burnam, of Madison County, Republican, resolated that the present constitution outside of the domestic relations clause is satisfactory, and he would vote against any amendment to facilitate action by the convention should stand except where deemed best to amend it to meet the advancement of our civilization.

He asked for its adoption and thereby let loose a flood of oratory, which is stored up in unfathomable reservoirs ready for a deluge soon.

Burnam's resolution was in the nature of a remonstrance against a prevailing idea that the new constitution should be extremely radical.

At the session of the Constitutional Convention on the 25th, Mr. Burnam suggested that the way should be left open for amendment of the new constitution when the old one is made new by the convention.

Judge Bullitt, of McCracken, opposed the resolution for the reason that only by a new fundamental law can the encroachments of federal power through the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments upon the sovereign rights of the people of the States be prevented.

Mackoy and Washington, of Covington; Cox, of Carroll, and Bronston, of Lexington, opposed the resolution.

Hendricks, of Fleming; Petrie, of Todd, and Anxier, of Pike, supported it.

The convention refused to pass the resolution and referred it to the Committee on Rules.

Bourland, of Hopkins, would have all attempts to bribe or corruptly solicit any legislator distinguished as a crime known by the name of lobbying and punished as such. This exhausted the invention of the convention for the day and it adjourned.

The Constitutional Convention, on the 26th, voted for the first time upon one of the resolutions that have been piling up for consideration. It refused to provide that capital punishment shall be inflicted only within the penitentiary walls.

Adverse reports from committees are beginning to stir matters up in the Kentucky Constitutional convention, and the discussions are getting a little warm. Delegate Pugh's resolution providing for the establishment of a State reformatory for juveniles was adversely reported on the 26th and the convention was inclined to indorse the committee's action, but the author of the resolution made such a vigorous speech that the matter was finally made a special order for Thursday next. Several other adverse reports also caused a rather heated discussion.

On the 27th Chaplain Dr. Blaney called down a special blessing upon Governor Buckner.

The Committee on Municipalities—Young, of Louisville, chairman—reported favorably on the resolution of J. W. Lewis, of Washington, that no new counties shall be formed of less dimensions than 400 square miles, or whose boundary lines shall be nearer to the county-seat than 10 miles; that none be created without a majority vote of the electors in the proposed territory, and that no division or parceling of counties shall be effected except upon a petition of a majority of the voters occupying the section proposed to be served.

Hines, of Franklin, suggested by resolution the propriety of the numerous resolutions being considered by committees as merely suggestions.

Johnson, of McLean, substituted for this the suggestion that the committee formulate constitutional sections from parts of the resolutions offered. Both suggestions went to the committee on rules.

A communication was, as demanded, received from the Auditor of State regarding the penitentiary.

From this it was gathered that the penitentiary, including the cost of the new one at New Eddyville, had cost the State $140,545 and $9,630 paid the State militia for keeping the peace among convicts outside of the prisons, and that from lessees of convicts $2,60 have been received during the past fifteen years.

In addition, the State has paid $450,000, in round figures, for the new Eddyville prison, and appropriated $12,000.

The matter of convention printing is in a state of confusion. It called for a sharp communication from the public printer, E. Polk Johnson, who has not received his orders, and has been doing the best he can in the dark. The convention is making an herculean effort to straighten the matter out.

Phelps, of Casey, seriously proposed an amendment to the rules making a member out of order who uses the word honorable or distinguished. The satire on excess of complimentary qualifications was received with a roar, but voted down. The question of adjournment over Sunday to Monday, Tuesday or Wednesday, produced a wrangle. Every adjournment stops the work of the committee. There has been a too general leave of absence granted to such an extent that the printing committee has been paralyzed.

—A newspaper man, who gets to bed so late that he sleeps until two or three o'clock in the afternoon, awakened the other day and looking at the clock, saw that it was six o'clock. As he had an engagement at that hour he fairly leaped into his clothes and rushed from the house, to find that it was six o'clock, but six a. m. He had slept just one hour. He wasn't "mad," because he felt too foolish.

—Wilson—I never see you at church, Chapson. Chapson, the dude—No. Such long sittings are bad for trousers, and I have a horror of baggy trousers, you know.—Yankee Blade.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

First Session.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—SENATE.—A joint resolution was introduced by Mr. Hale for the erection in the city of a memorial building to the memory of U. S. Grant. A resolution relating to the employment of women and children in factories was discussed. At 2 p. m. an executive session was ordered. The calendar was then taken up and several bills passed. The Court bill was discussed until 5 p. m., when the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE—By reason of some delay a quorum was obtained. The contestants of Virginia, was seated in place of Venable, and Miller, of South Carolina, in place of Elliott. The general deficiency bill was considered. A resolution calling for information about the World's Fair was objected to and the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—SENATE.—Mr. Voorhees offered a resolution (which was referred to the Committee on the Library) for the purchase of the statue of Daniel D. Tompkins, a former Vice-President of the United States and Governor of New York during the war of 1812, painted by John Wesley Jarvis and now on exhibition in the Corcoran Gallery. The House bill providing for an adjustment of accounts of laborers, workmen and mechanics arising under the eight-hour law, having been reached on the calendar, was objected to its consideration under the unanimous consent rule, and it went over without action. The conference report on the manuscript of the Soldiers' Home was adopted. The U. S. Court House bill was taken up. The Land Court bill was taken up, discussed and finally passed after an executive session.

HOUSE—The resolution expunging Mr. Kennedy's speech from the Record was adopted—yeas 151, nays 85. The general deficiency bill report was then taken up and the French spoliation claims item non-concurred in. A further conference was asked. Senate bills were passed to pension Mrs. General Fremont, Mrs. General Crook and Mrs. General McClellan. After some other Senate bills had been passed the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—SENATE.—The House bill to provide for the establishment of a port of delivery at Peoria, Ill., was reported by Mr. Cullom from the Committee on Commerce and passed. The request of the House for a conference on the deficiency bill was complied with, and Messrs. Hale, Allison and Cockrell were appointed conferees. The calendar was then taken up under Rule 8, the first bill upon it being the House bill to prevent the product of convict labor from being furnished to or for the use of any department of the Government, and to prevent the product of convict labor from being used upon public buildings or other public works. After a short debate, the bill was passed over and the next bill on the calendar was taken up, being House bill to amend "an act to prohibit the importation and immigration of foreigners and aliens under contract or agreement to perform labor in the United States, its Territories and the District of Columbia." The bill was laid aside without action on objection by Mr. Gorman. Mr. Wolcott addressed the Senate on the Land Court bill, which went over and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE—A resolution was adopted directing the clerk of the House to forward to the Governor of Arkansas a copy of the resolution declaring that there was a vacancy in the Second Congressional District of that State. A Fourth of July claims bill was passed, involving about $800. The land forfeiture conference report was adopted. The conference report on the Rock Creek bill was agreed to. A resolution was adopted to investigate charges of speculation against the House Postmaster. A bill was passed appropriating $1,000,000 for the purchase of nickel steel armor, and then the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—SENATE.—The conference report on the Rock Creek Park bill was passed. The seal bills on the calendar were passed over. The House bill appropriating $1,000,000 for the purchase of nickel ore for naval purposes was considered and laid over. The bill to amend the contract labor law was discussed and amended. Also, the Land Court bill. After a brief executive session the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE—A resolution was adopted for the appointment of five members of the World's Fair Committee, to report progress at the next session. A resolution was adopted to investigate the House Postmaster. A number of calendar bills were passed, principally for bridges. The conference report was presented, and struggled until recess. A resolution was offered by Mr. McKinley for the adjournment of Congress on Tuesday, at 2 p. m.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—SENATE.—A bill was introduced to forfeit certain lands on the Northern Pacific railroad. The House million-dollar joint resolution for the purchase of nickel ore was passed. The contract-labor bill was considered and amended and laid over for the session. The U. S. Land Court bill was recommitted. The eight-hour claims bill was considered. After a short executive session the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE—The McKinley tariff bill was finally passed by the House to-day, through the adoption of the conference report, by a vote of 157 to 81, a majority of 76. This big majority was entirely Republican. The only deviation from a strict party vote was on the part of Messrs. Coleman, Culberson and Kelley, who voted with the Democrats in the negative. Mr. McKinley then reported from Committee on Ways and Means a resolution providing for final adjournment on Tuesday next, and it was adopted without division and the House adjourned. The House Committee on Accounts to-day began an investigation of the charges preferred against Postmaster Wheat of the House in the resolution introduced by Mr. Enloe.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—SENATE—After unimportant legislation, the conference report on the deficiency bill was adopted. The conference report on the tariff bill was read, and Messrs. Morgan, Sherman and Paddock spoke. A number of private pension bills were passed, and after a brief executive session the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—The bill to define and regulate the jurisdiction of U. S. Courts, with Senate amendments, was briefly discussed and laid aside. The conference report on the general deficiency bill was agreed to. The conference report on the bill to increase the efficiency of the Signal Corps of the army, and to transfer the Weather Service to the Agricultural Department was agreed to. On motion of Mr. Caldwell (O.) a bill was passed to prevent the desecration of the U. S. flag by the printing thereon of advertisements. The House then took a recess, the evening session to be for the consideration of bills reported by the Committee on Indian Affairs, after which the House adjourned.

News Items.

PATRICK O'BRIEN, M. P., has been arrested.

THE Supreme Council of the Irish National League of America, in session in Cincinnati, adopted scathing resolutions condemning the arrest of