

THE HICKMAN COURIER.

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Dr. James White Faris Dead.

The community was deeply shocked and pained last Monday morning by the announcement of the death of Dr. White Faris, which occurred Sunday night at the residence of Dr. A. A. Faris after an illness of about two weeks, caused from the unknown disease which for several months past has been prevalent in our midst. Just one year ago he came to Hickman, a promising young physician, and formed a partnership with Dr. Alex. Faris. He made friends fast, and no one ever called upon him professionally who did not want him again. No young man ever started out on his career with brighter, happier prospects than he, but realizing a physician's duty, he had gone unceasingly day and night, whenever called, until he fell a victim himself to the disease with which he had done all that he could to learn about and relieve. Had he lived he would have been 26 years old Wednesday. Stricken down in the flower of his youth, and the beginning of his usefulness, the community has suffered a loss it will still feel in the years to come. Expressions of love and grief on all sides show how much he was beloved, for while his stay among us was brief, yet to know him was to love him. Gentle, refined, considerate—if he had a fault we do not know it—he was a fit companion for young men and boys, and to say that they loved him speaks volumes. The hearts of his relatives and friends here are bowed in deep sorrow over his untimely death, while of his home in Caruthersville, his father and mother, sisters and brothers, of whom he was pride and idol, we cannot speak of them. Only those who have passed through a similar affliction can know the depth of their sorrow, the magnitude of their loss. May God help them to bear it, no one else can. It is a comfort to know that loving hearts and willing hands did all in their power for him during his illness. In our beautiful cemetery he lies at rest in his flower covered grave, safe from the inevitable heartache that comes sooner or later to all who linger on earth, while those who are borne down beneath its weight now can only bow in submission to the will of him who "doeth all things well" and look forward to the meeting in the Great Beyond.

Just Think of It!

Just think what would have happened to the gentleman whose team ran away at Dr. Williams' farm, near Clayton, Tenn., had he been using an out-of-date, left-hand machine. But, thanks to Dr. Williams, or some one else's good judgment, he had a right-hand McCormick, and the machine missed him about two feet, so the gentleman, himself, says, Had his machine been a left-handed one, he, probably, would have been killed, or ruined for life. In the future, if you want up-to-date machinery, call on E. E. REEVES & CO., Hickman, Ky.

The Farmers' Prosperity.

The steady rise in the price of beef and other kinds of meat bears rather hard on the city dweller, but it calls attention to the farmer and live stock breeder. The Union Stockyards Company of Omaha, which is situated in the food producing center of the United States, has gathered statistics which show that there has been an advance of \$2 per hundred pounds on live hogs and \$1 a hundred on beef.

Supper Thursday Night.

The ladies of the Episcopal Church, announce an ice cream supper at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Rogers, Thursday night next. A pleasant evening promised. Everybody cordially invited.

—The St. Louis strike is about over.

—The inquisitive enumerators are visiting the people.

—Henry, his home county, endorses Judge Pryor for Governor.

—The political mud machines are now stowing up material to be used in the campaign.

—The average politician's dread of the country's future can always be removed by electing him to an office carrying a good salary and perks.

—It is not surprising that "To Have and Hold" is a popular book. Everybody likes to have and hold things, from pretty girls to public offices.

—Col. G. A. C. Holt, now Brig. Gen. Forest's Cavalry, has issued an order designating his staff, amongst them Major S. P. Ridgeway and Maj. Polk Williamson, of Graves. All expected to attend the Re-Union at Brice's Cross-Roads.

—The glorious 4th is to be celebrated at Union City by Athletic Sports and an old time Fiddlers' Contest. J. W. Burney, chairman of old Time Fiddlers' Committee, would like to have the name of every old fiddler in the country. Go and have a good time.

—The temperance lecture of Rev. Mr. Likins, at the Methodist Church Wednesday night, was attended by a select but not large audience, and the lecture pronounced sound and sensible. The song and recitation service by Miss Thorpe was splendid. The lecture was to be repeated last night.

The Teachers' Joint Institute of Hickman and Fulton counties, meets in Fulton, July 23d, and continues 5 days John W. Withers, of Lebanon, Ohio, instructor. Every teacher of a Common School or a Graded Common School, is required to attend, under penalty of having certificates revoked.

Special June Sale!

We've too many goods on hand. The season has been late, and Summer goods have been slow to move, and although we've done the biggest business in our history—sales nearly 50 per cent more than last year—still we find too many goods in the house. Then, too, a big business makes remnants and leaves many odds and ends. To clean these out and reduce our big stocks, we shall hold a

SPECIAL JUNE SALE.

to continue through the month, and shall offer prices in every department to attract and move the goods.

Millinery.

Just a few Pattern Hats left. They were \$9.50, \$9.00 and \$7.50.
JUNE SALE PRICE, \$4.98 and 6.00

We also have a few fine Hats of our own Trimming, that were \$9.00, 7.00 and 5.00.
JUNE SALE PRICE, \$3.50 to 6.00

Sailors and Street Hats that were \$2, 1.75 to 75c, \$1.50 and \$1.25.
JUNE SALE PRICE, 50c and \$1.25

Silk Waists.

Have sold lots of Silk Waists this season and have only about a dozen left. We've made prices on these to move them. Some very fine Waists that were \$8.50 and \$7.50.
JUNE SALE PRICE, \$4.98

Beauties that were \$5.50 and \$5.00.
JUNE SALE PRICE, \$3.50

Black Silk Capes.

Here are some great values. Capes that sold at \$6.50.
JUNE SALE PRICE, \$3.50

Capes that were \$4.50, \$3.50 and \$2.00.
JUNE SALE PRICE, \$1.25, 1.98, 3.50

Silk Underskirts.

Were \$6.50 and \$5.00.
JUNE SALE PRICE, \$3.98 and \$4.98

Ladies Skirts.

We've made some heavy cuts in these. Prices were \$7.50, \$6.50 and \$5.00.
JUNE SALE PRICES, \$3.75, 4.50, 5.50

Silks—HERE ARE BARGAINS.

Remnant and Odd lots, Silks that were \$5 to 50c
JUNE SALE PRICE, 15c
70c and 50c Silks.
JUNE SALE PRICE, 25c
\$1.25 and 1.00 Silks.
JUNE SALE PRICE, 50c

All-Wool Challies.

worth 50c.
JUNE SALE PRICE, 25c

Piques.

See above a large line of Piques and have made great reductions, as we have too many.
Piques that were 20c.
JUNE SALE PRICE, 15c

Heavy reductions have been made in every Department, to which we invite your attention.

L. P. & W. S. ELLISON.

The Big Four.

The Dem. State Convention convened yesterday in Louisville, had only before it the sending of delegates to the National Convention. It no doubt instructed for Bryan. The four delegates for the State at large, we guess, are: Senator Blackburn, Governor McCree, Attorney McQuown, and John K. Hendrick.

Citizen or Subject.

On the question of expansion Mr. Bryan declares: "If the Filipino is to be under our domination he must be either citizen or subject. If he is to be a citizen it must be with a view to participating and in making of our laws. If the Filipino is to be a subject our form of government must be entirely changed. A republic can have no subject."

While in Town

Call in at E. E. Reeves & Co's, and see his nice line of Carriages and Buggies, Young Men's 17 in. Buggies are now out of sight. Both young ladies and married ladies are specially invited.

Gov. Buckner Going Abroad.

Gov. Simon Bolivar Buckner, accompanied by his wife and son, Simon Bolivar Buckner, jr., will sail shortly for a trip abroad. They will take the Mediterranean trip, going to Naples and other Italian places, and will later take in the Paris Exposition. They will be gone until the middle of October.

England Would Kick.

On its face the story that the Boers now propose to make an offer to President McKinley looking to the annexation of the Orange Free State and the Transvaal Republic by the United States is more or less absurd. It is not probable that President Kruger or his advisers believe that the United States could consider such a proposition, or that Great Britain would submit to any action looking to the annexation of the territory in South Africa which she claims is under British suzerainty. There would be no excuse for American interference along such lines.

BECKHAM'S STATUS.

He is in Reality Lieutenant Governor and Not Governor.

Many questions have been asked as to the status of Governor Beckham, since the decision of the Supreme Court. Is he Governor or Lieutenant Governor? Will there be a governor elected this fall? What is the status of the Republican Lieutenant Governor, Mr. Marshall? If Beckham should run for Governor and be re-elected, would Marshall be Lieutenant Governor or who would act in that capacity? Can Beckham succeed himself as Governor?

Notwithstanding the decision of the Supreme Court, Governor Beckham is not in reality Governor, but is Lieutenant Governor, and consequently eligible to succeed himself. There is no provision in the Kentucky law as to filling vacancies in the office of Lieutenant Governor.

The Chinese Affair.

It is impossible yet awhile to correctly estimate the significance of the boxers' movement, what it will mean to foreign residents in China, to safety and equanimity of the Chinese government itself, or how long it will take the foreign powers to put it down. At the present moment it looks serious enough. But the Chinese are not a war like race in the modern acceptation of the term. They do not possess the instruments of modern warfare nor understand their use. The combined force of foreign powers at the points where the trouble is most acute should be able, with a little show of force and a few turns of the Gatling gun to bring the "good citizens" as the edict characterized the boxers, to order.

The only interest the Americans have in the sensation, aside from a general one, is to know that American lives and property will be protected.

LAST fall I sprained my left hip while handling some heavy boxes. The doctor I called on that said it was a slight sprain and would soon be well, but it grew worse and the doctor then said I had rheumatism. It continued to get worse and I could hardly get around to work. I went to a drug store and the druggist recommended me to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I tried it and one-half of a 50-cent bottle cured me entirely. I now recommend it to all my friends.—F. A. BARCOCK, Erie, Pa. It is for sale by Cowgill & Cowgill, Hickman; and A. M. Shaw, State Line, Druggists.

CONGRESS OF BABIES AND WOMEN.

The National Congress of Mothers which recently completed its annual session in Des Moines might learn some valuable concrete lessons from another congress which has been in session in St. Louis. The congress in St. Louis has not been discussing such great topics as "The Power of Organized Motherhood to Benefit Humanity" nor passing resolutions calling for legislation of a broad or wider scope for dependent children.

Such deliberations undoubtedly redound to the benefit of the social structure, but in the St. Louis congress of mothers the members appear in their official capacity as mothers and not as social economists. The mothers in the St. Louis Congress have had a sterner duty to perform. Each individual member of the Congress has had before her the duty of demonstrating to all the world within observing distance and to a coterie of judges in particular that her child is the handsomest, most good natured, best bred, brightest and most cheerful child on earth; that it has the prettiest dimples, the merriest laugh, the sweetest eyes, and that it talks, walks, sings and dances with a proficiency truly wonderful in consideration of its age.

If the members of the other Congress of mothers could have observed the St. Louis Congress they would undoubtedly find things in need of reform in the relation of these mothers to their offspring. Their well-meant advice would, however, have fallen on unhearing ears. A mother with the token of her maternity on her arm does not yield to the mother whose token of her maternity is at home and its place on her arm occupied by a thesis on a parents duty to the child.

\$150,000,000.

The Philippine islands have cost the United States over one hundred and fifty million dollars. And this expense is increasing at the rate of more than one million dollars per week; and all this is drenched in blood. Now isn't this a pretty mess for a free republic to be engaged in?

UNINVITING OUTLOOK.

The Philadelphia Times recently interviewed members of Congress of both political parties on the effect of President McKinley's re-election.

Of the Republicans interviewed, even General Grosvenor, who is recognized as the vessel in which all the administration virtues are safeguarded and digested, could advance only glittering generalities.

In such an argument the Democrats can well content themselves with saying simply, "The effect of the re-election of President McKinley will be to keep things as they are now."

McKinley's re-election would retain the tariff on Porto Rico in defiance of the United States Constitution; would continue enslaving the Philippines in disregard of the principles of the Declaration of Independence; would preserve the protective tariff and foster the trusts of which the tariff has been the parent; would keep up the alliance with England which has already helped that country to destroy the independence of the South African Republics and which has tried to turn a Nicaragua canal built with American money and labor over to the control of Great Britain; would maintain in Cuba a government of carpetbag and corruption in violation of a pledge given to that island by the United States that it should be independent.

It is when Americans ponder on the probable effect of the re-election of President McKinley that they make up their minds firmly that such an event shall not come to pass.—Republic.

Pistols and Coffee Oil.

A report was published in the St. Louis Post Dispatch last week to the effect that Editor Jim Wilhelm, of the Paducah Register, and Congressman Chas. K. Wheeler would fight a duel with deadly weapons. The report was in the form of a telegram dated Paducah, and said the alleged trouble between the two men was due to an editorial in the Paducah Register charging Wheeler with sending his wife's clothing home in a box labeled "public documents" in order to avoid paying express charges from Washington. The report was without foundation.

A NATIONAL NEGRO PARTY.

A Presidential Ticket, With Negro Candidates, to be Placed in the Field.

The first steps looking to the organization of a National Negro Party were taken in Philadelphia last week. Prominent negroes—bishops, ministers, editors and lawyers—held a meeting and decided to place a presidential ticket in every State in the Union, and nominate candidates for State and Congressional offices.

The names mentioned for President include ex-Judge E. J. Walker, of Boston, with ex-Lieut. Governor Pinchback, of Louisiana, as running mate; Bishop Turner, of Georgia, with Booker T. Washington, of Alabama, as Vice President, together with a number of other prominent negroes.

The platform, it is said, will insist upon the observance of the constitution of the United States, the civil and political rights of every citizen without regard to race, color or condition; the Monroe doctrine, and opposition to all monopolies, trusts and rings, and the duty of the government to control all public conveyance such as railroads, etc., and all the telegraph and telephone operations, so as not to burden the people with unnecessary taxation.

It is expected that the Convention will be called to meet in Philadelphia in August.

WHEAT BISHOP TURNER THINKS OF IT.

Bishop Turner, of Atlanta, Ga., one of the bishops of the A. M. E. Church, when informed of the project to form a national negro party, expressed doubts as to any practical results from the organization if it is intended to be a political party in the ordinary sense, for the reason that the negroes compose a small minority of the voters. He added: "I am in favor of a national negro party which will enable the negroes to move to a place where they can be by themselves. I take no stock in any movement which does not contemplate the separation of the races."

A Place of Death.

Under date of May 30th, Secretary Root submitted to the Senate a report of American casualties in the Philippines, from the date of occupation to May 24, 1900. It shows that 48 officers and 608 enlisted men were killed in action or died of wounds received; 22 officers and 1,138 men died of disease, and 7 officers and 77 enlisted men committed suicide, making a total death list of 70 officers and 1,774 enlisted men. In the same period 128 officers and 1,836 enlisted men suffered wounds which did not prove fatal. The number of troops in the Philippines on April 30th last was 2,325 officers and 61,272 enlisted men.

IMPORTANT DECISIONS.

The Court of Appeals passed on five cases from Marion county, involving indictments against the L. & N. Railroad Company for discrimination in the freight rates, and decided in favor of the railroad. The Court was divided, Judges Hazelrigg, Burnam, Durelle and Hobson concurring in the majority opinion, while Judges White and Guffy concurred in Judge Paynter's dissenting opinion. The majority opinion holds that when a railroad hauls wheat to a mill and flour from it, there is no discrimination if the railroad hauls the same mill its fuel at a less rate than it charges other persons in the same town.

WAR IN ST. LOUIS.

The war in St. Louis continues. The engagement on Sunday resulted in four deaths and many wounded. Peace seems far distant and the streets of St. Louis are becoming as dangerous to peaceable citizens as portions of China are to missionaries.

How much longer is this state of affairs to continue? More than a month has elapsed since the strike began and the death list is increasing. Men who don't want to work have the right to strike and quit. But they have no right by force and violence to keep others who are willing to work from taking their places, nor have they the right to prevent people from riding in street cars. Such extremes have been reached in St. Louis, passion and animosities have grown so great that women are mobbed in the streets, their clothing torn from them and they narrowly escape death at the hands of a mob.

When the war is ended, and it will have to end, what will be the gain? The railway company will have lost immense sums, the strikers will have lost wages and in nearly all instances positions, and the other labor unions will have depleted their treasuries. Besides, sorrow, mourning and want will have been brought to many households, the results of the loss of life.