

THREATS TO BLAST RECEIVED IN NOTE

Cabin Owner Told to Lower the Rents or Have His Cabins Razed.

"Lower your rents or we'll raze your cabins," was the threat contained in a letter received last night by John Paul, the owner of several cabins in the Assyrian colony on the east side of the city.

BUTTE IN BRIEF

Ensign H. R. B. Smith of the Salvation Army, his son Clifford, his father-in-law, T. C. Pritchard of California, and John and Albert James came Monday by automobile for California.

AMERICAN BOYS WORLD BEATERS

Our Red Cross Greater Than All Others, Says Man Home From the Front.

An indication of what may be expected from American troops in the present war and their marked superiority over the regular soldiers of other countries is found in the experience of Carl Haerle, a young Seattle military school graduate, who served with the Imperial Mechanical transport in France for seven months and who was discharged invalided from the service with the rank of first class warrant officer.

UNDERTAKERS.

ERICKSON—Funeral services for Matt, beloved husband of Hella, will take place from Sherman & Reed's chapel tomorrow (Sunday) at 2 p. m.

ADAMS—At Williamsburg, funeral services for Francis J. Adams will take place from the residence tomorrow (Sunday) at 2:30 p. m.

CREASEY—In this city June 23, 1917, the remains of Arthur Creasey are at Sherman & Reed's undertaking parlors.

REGAN—In this city June 23, 1917, the remains of Elizabeth Regan are at Sherman & Reed's undertaking parlors.

SHERMAN & REED Undertakers and Embalmers Automobile and Carriage Equipment

KUUSIMA—The funeral of the late Mrs. Mary Kuusima, wife of August Kuusima, will take place tomorrow (Sunday) afternoon at 2 o'clock from the family residence, 85 Locust street.

SLATER—The funeral of the late John Slater will take place tomorrow (Sunday) morning at 10 o'clock from Richards' funeral chapel.

THOMAS—The funeral of the late W. C. Thomas took place this morning at 10 o'clock from Mountain View cemetery.

JOYCE—The funeral of the late Thomas Joyce, aged 23 years, took place this afternoon at 3 o'clock from Duggan's undertaking parlors.

STOBS—The funeral of the late Mrs. J. H. Stobs, aged 29 years, will take place tomorrow (Sunday) afternoon at 2 o'clock at the family residence, 516 1/2 Shields avenue.

BOYD—The arrangements for the funeral of the late Bert W. Boyd have not been completed.

BOYD—The arrangements for the funeral of the late Bert W. Boyd have not been completed.

BOYD—The arrangements for the funeral of the late Bert W. Boyd have not been completed.

BOYD—The arrangements for the funeral of the late Bert W. Boyd have not been completed.

BOYD—The arrangements for the funeral of the late Bert W. Boyd have not been completed.

BOYD—The arrangements for the funeral of the late Bert W. Boyd have not been completed.

BOYD—The arrangements for the funeral of the late Bert W. Boyd have not been completed.

BOYD—The arrangements for the funeral of the late Bert W. Boyd have not been completed.

BOYD—The arrangements for the funeral of the late Bert W. Boyd have not been completed.

BOYD—The arrangements for the funeral of the late Bert W. Boyd have not been completed.

military schools in this country, however.

"I went from England to Le Havre, France, with the largest ammunition column that had ever been sent to the continent, Company 691, Fifth Brigade, R. G. A. The guns were manned by the South African heavy artillery. From there I went with the Second Army corps to Arras, where I was wounded in the knee with a piece of shrapnel, which I am still carrying around with me. I was taken to the Queen Alexandra hospital in London and at the same time in that hospital were three nurses of the Harvard unit, No. 22, General Hospital, France, who had contracted disease and been wounded in the service. One of the ladies suffered from a shell wound in the foot.

Back to Front Again.

"After an operation for acute appendicitis at the London hospital, in addition to my other troubles, I was again sent to the front, with the Fifth Army corps. Forty-seventh division supply column, attached to that part of France along the River Somme, afterwards famous in the history of the war as the Somme country. We were located at Albert. I was wounded there again in the calf of the leg. I was riding a motorcycle, going about 45 miles an hour, finding a right way for lorries loaded with ammunition, when a shell burst beside me. I was thrown from my cycle against a hedge. Had it been a stone wall instead I would have been instantly killed. I fell on the other side of the hedge from the roadway and lay there unconscious for 48 hours, until picked up by a crew of the Royal Army Medical corps. I was discharged for wounds at Caterick, Yorkshire, England, on July 14, 1916, sent back to Victoria, B. C., and after much trouble, red tape and difficulties of all kinds, was able to get back to my home in Seattle. And I'm not going back there again, except with the American army.

"On my return and as soon as I was ready for active service I tried to persuade the officers at the officers' training camp at Pasadena to allow me to enlist with them. I was refused. My brother is on the U. S. battleship "South Dakota" in Pacific waters. For a time I was drill master at Rouse, in France."

Mr. Haerle is not very enthusiastic about the service with the British army. He says there is no comparison between the work of the American Red Cross and the British Red Cross, the former is so much the superior of the latter in every way. Mr. Haerle will probably return to Butte in a short time and remain here for a few months.

MURDERER OF RUTH CRUGER ADMITS CRIME

Prior to this examination Cocchi had coolly and insistently maintained he had known Miss Cruger only two days before her disappearance in February, when she went to his shop to have her skates sharpened, and has declared his conduct toward her was entirely correct.

Under Judge Zaccaroni's searching questions today, however, Cocchi finally burst into tears. He became so agitated as to confess he had hitingly from his lips that the persons surrounding him believed he was about to have an epileptic fit.

He was granted time to recover and then resumed the story of how the 18-year-old, Wadleigh high school graduate met death at his hands in the building where her body was recently unearthed from the cellar.

Signs Confession. After making up his mind to tell the truth Cocchi talked freely and, without reserve, gave full details of his crime, including the burial of Miss Cruger's body. After the confession had been completed the judge directed the clerk to read to Cocchi the written report of his deposition. The prisoner said it was correct and later signed it.

On returning to his cell Cocchi said to the prison attendants: "At last I feel relieved. I have freed myself from a nightmare which tortured my conscience. Now I have told everything and I am ready to suffer any penalty."

Alfredo Cocchi went to Bologna from New York in February after the disappearance of Ruth Cruger, a girl 18 years old. When the girl's body was discovered in the basement of Cocchi's motorcycle shop in New York, the American authorities called to Italy asking for the man's arrest on a charge of murder. Cocchi was caught on June 20, but at first protested his innocence. Later he broke down after being placed in solitary confinement.

EFFORTS TO HAVE THE MURDERER RETURNED

New York, June 23.—With the announcement from Italy that Alfredo Cocchi had confessed to the murder of Ruth Cruger, police efforts here turned today to the problem of having the motorcycle dealer brought back to New York to face trial.

District Attorney Swann announced that he had conferred here last night with Frank L. Polk, counselor of the state department, and was assured the United States would exert every energy to have Cocchi returned to this country.

The authorities are working on the theory that Cocchi had accomplices, both in the commission of the Cruger crime and in connection with his escape from the country in eluding investigators.

BERT BOYD DEAD. Bert W. Boyd died at Feely yesterday as the result of injuries sustained when he was thrown from a horse. Boyd was hurt while breaking a colt. The body was brought to light and will be held at the Daniels & Bilboa undertaking parlors awaiting arrangements for the funeral.

DANIELS & BILBOA Undertakers and Embalmers Automobile and Carriage Equipment

SAM R. WHITE Funeral Director and Embalmer

M. J. WALSH CO. Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

THE BUTTE DAILY POST POSTS YOU ON THE NEWS

VAST SUMS MUST GO TO GOVERNMENT

Noted Banker Says There is But One Method by Which Victory is Sure.

(Continued from Page One.)

eight million subscribers. What was it caused this tremendous increase in national interest, this wonderful financial support from every part of the nation in the prosecution of the war? It was thrift, the habit of saving and investing; a habit formed by a whole people working with one definite end in view.

"Now we are in the war and now we in America must determine whether, during the coming months and years of the conflict, our government is determined to have the whole-hearted and enthusiastic support of the nation. This question I regard as the most pressing one before us today. And because it is so I esteem it a special privilege to speak to you at this time, for you here represent the thrift and prosperity of the great Empire State of New York. You here are in a position to take the initiative in a movement to establish thrift and saving upon a scientific basis in New York state just as it has been established in Great Britain. And the whole nation must follow suit if we are to render real support to the government in its prosecution of the war.

"Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, recently announced in the house of commons that the British government's average daily expenditure during April and May was approximately 39 1/2 millions of dollars. This is an increase of more than three-fold as compared with the daily average of about 12 million dollars in the first year of the war.

"As you know, the expenditures of Great Britain and her allies for the purchase of all kinds of supplies in the United States are enormous. America's exports to the allied countries during the nine months ending March 31, 1917, amounting to \$2,576,000,000, or an increase of \$1,439,000,000 over the corresponding period of the previous year. This is a daily average of over \$13,000,000 for the nine months of course credit has had to be extended in large measure for these purchases.

Huge Expenditures to Face.

"America's financial resources are now called upon to provide not only for the expenditures of the allies in this country but also for funds to be expended by our own government probably at the rate of \$10,000,000 per day, in raising, equipping and maintaining our military forces. It is easier for us to appreciate the plain fact that the United States government is going to require great sums of money than it is for us to comprehend those sums expressed in billions of dollars.

"The subscription books of the \$2,000,000,000 Liberty loan were closed a week ago. The figures indicating the total number of subscribers are not yet available, but we know that they have been nothing like as numerous as they must be in the future. We are well aware that the Liberty loan is only the first of the issues which the government must bring out in order to meet the increasing war expenditures. And if we are to float successfully these successive issues all the people must invest on a heavy scale just as they have in Great Britain and France. The people of England subscribed to the Victory loan last January about 40 per cent of their combined annual income. If the American people were lending to their government in the same proportion of the national income that England lent this year the total for America would be not a two-billion dollar but a fourteen-billion-dollar Liberty loan.

How to Reach Wage Earners.

"The great problem, then, is how to reach the great army of wage earners and with them create an army of savers and investors? The carrying on of a war necessarily involves enormous expenditures by the government. A large portion of these (estimated by some as high as 80 per cent) goes directly back into the wage fund. It therefore becomes a matter of great public importance that all the people should save and should provide him with facilities for saving and for investing the proceeds of his thrift.

Effective Organization Adopted

"The recommendations of this committee were adopted by the chancellor of the exchequer and resulted in the appointment of the national war savings committee to carry on educational work; to establish, on a large scale, voluntary war savings associations for co-operative saving; and to devise, approve and supervise various plans to promote and to safeguard the financial soundness of investment agencies and societies.

Country-Wide Membership.

"There are now in England and Wales between 2,000,000 and 3,000,000 members upon the books of the war savings associations. Although this great army of small investors in government loans has been created during the last year, savings bank deposits increased almost \$50,000,000 in 1916. Such an increase, in the face of heavy investment in government loans, shows the wonderful results to which this system of thrift has led in Great Britain.

Backing Up Men in Trenches.

"In other words, after two and one-half years of war for every five men at the front there were eight people at home ready to back them up with their money. To put in another way what I have already said, if in proportion to population we had had as many subscribers as there were to the last British war loan, we should have had 20,000,000 subscribers to the Liberty loan.

"Our problem today is the problem that England faced two years ago: How shall we teach every man, woman and child in the country to save

AMERICAN

SUNDAY ONLY Continuous 11 to 11 p. m.



LAST TIMES TONIGHT "IN AGAIN, OUT AGAIN"

and to become an investor in the government's obligations?

"A committee appointed by the chancellor of the exchequer to study the question reported in January, 1916, that two important objects were to be attained by the successful solution of the problem: First, the reduction of general consumption which would tend to check the rise in prices; and, second, the raising of a certain sum of money for the prosecution of the war.

"The committee pointed out that the would-be investor should not be left to seek an investment, but agencies in close touch with him should induce him to save and should provide him with facilities for saving and for investing the proceeds of his thrift.

"The recommendations of this committee were adopted by the chancellor of the exchequer and resulted in the appointment of the national war savings committee to carry on educational work; to establish, on a large scale, voluntary war savings associations for co-operative saving; and to devise, approve and supervise various plans to promote and to safeguard the financial soundness of investment agencies and societies.

"The local committee organizes the war savings associations which, in turn, receive money and collect subscriptions for government securities.

"If I were asked to sum up the advantage in our adopting some such plan as found necessary in England, I should mention three points: First, by concerted saving, those things we have to buy will cost us less than they otherwise would, in competition with the government, which has first call on all products it needs; second, an enormous reservoir of collected savings will be put at the disposal of the government, which has to have the money and should get it from each one

of us in proportion to his means; third, at the end of the war those who have saved and invested, each according to his efforts, will have laid by a share in the best security the world offers, an asset bound to serve the holder for many years to come."

B. SALMINEU DEAD. Bernhard Salmineu, aged 37 years, died this morning at the family residence, 416 East Granite street. He is survived by his wife Minnie and a son George. The body is at Sherman and Reed's parlors awaiting arrangements for the funeral.

ARTHUR CREASEY DEAD. Arthur Creasey, aged 51 years, of 27 South Ohio street, died this morning at the Murray hospital. The remains are at Sherman and Reed's undertaking parlors awaiting funeral arrangements.

HUDSON FUNERAL. The funeral of Mrs. Priscilla H. Hudson, aged 45 years, who died at the family residence, 4 West Front street, Thursday, was held this afternoon from the home. Rev. J. H. Mitchell of the Grace Methodist Episcopal church officiated.

BARBER FUNERAL. The funeral of Annie Barber, wife of Isaac Barber, was held this afternoon from the Sherman & Reed funeral parlors. Rev. D. N. Anderson officiated and interment was made in the Mount Moriah cemetery.

BUTTE IN BRIEF. Mrs. Clara Paull of 211 North Montana street, who was operated on a week ago Tuesday at Murray's hospital, is now getting along very nicely. to the pleasure of her many friends. Erma Lisk of Twodot is spending the day in Butte.

E. Vanderlip of Great Falls is in the city today.

THE BUTTE DAILY POST POSTS YOU ON THE NEWS

SUNDAY, MONDAY AND TUESDAY AT THE EMPRESS New York's Inimitable Comedienne DAISY HARCOURT In Her Own Songs and Sayings

EVERY WOMAN

likes to read the Ladies' Home Journal and everyone in the family will enjoy the July number. Besides the usual splendid articles there are three wonderful pictures of historic interest and a war time story that will thrill you. The new Munsey is extra good also and these two great magazines will furnish you delightful hours. On sale now at the P. O. News Stand, news and distributors. 25 West Park street—Adv.

Pretty Curls and Waves Acquired Over Night!

Here's a hair curling secret that is decidedly "worth while." At bedtime apply a little liquid silmerine with a clean tooth brush, drawing this down the hair from root to tip. In the morning when you look in your mirror you will be astonished and delighted to find your hair has dried in as beautiful curls as you've ever worn. The waveness will look so natural no one will guess it was artificially acquired.

You can obtain liquid silmerine at any drug store and a few ounces will last a long time. It is neither sticky nor greasy and is pleasant to use. It is doubly useful because of also serving as a beneficial dressing, keeping the hair soft, silky and lustrous. After one trial you will never go back to the barbarous curling iron.